

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

3-Acetyl-2,4-dimethylquinolin-1-ium chloride

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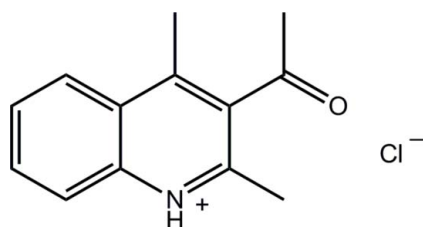
Received 17 June 2013; accepted 17 June 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.099; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.1.

In the title salt, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{14}\text{NO}^+\cdot\text{Cl}^-$, the dihedral angle between the fused ring system (r.m.s. deviation = 0.039 Å) and the attached aldehyde group is $75.27(16)^\circ$. In the crystal, the cation and anion are linked by an $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ hydrogen bond and the resulting pairs are connected into four-ion aggregates by $\pi-\pi$ interactions between the C_6 and pyridinium rings [$3.6450(9)$ Å] of inversion-related quinolinium residues.

Related literature

For background details and biological applications of quinoline and quinoline chalcones, see: Joshi *et al.* (2011); Prasath *et al.* (2013a). For a related structure, see: Prasath *et al.* (2013b).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{14}\text{NO}^+\cdot\text{Cl}^-$ $M_r = 235.70$ Orthorhombic, *Pbca* $a = 12.8221(6)$ Å $b = 10.7281(4)$ Å $c = 16.3785(6)$ Å $V = 2252.97(16)$ Å³ $Z = 8$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.32$ mm⁻¹ $T = 100$ K
 $0.50 \times 0.40 \times 0.30$ mm

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with an Atlas detector
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2013)
 $T_{\min} = 0.956$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

8404 measured reflections
2597 independent reflections
2207 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.099$
 $S = 1.04$
2597 reflections
152 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{Cl1}$	0.91 (2)	2.13 (2)	3.0374 (13)	175.4 (17)

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2013); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

PB and RP gratefully acknowledge the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR), India, for research grant 02 (0076)/12/EMR-II and Senior Research Fellowship (09/919/(0014)/2012 EMR-I), respectively. We also thank the Ministry of Higher Education (Malaysia) for funding structural studies through the High-Impact Research scheme (UM.C/HIR-MOHE/SC/12).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7097).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, o1142 [doi:10.1107/S160053681301684X]

3-Acetyl-2,4-dimethylquinolin-1-ium chloride

R. Prasath, P. Bhavana, Seik Weng Ng and Edward R. T. Tiekink

Comment

Nitrogen-containing heterocyclic analogues are found to be valuable intermediates in organic synthesis and exhibit a multitude of photophysical properties. In particular, quinoline analogues have received significant attention owing to their bio-activity such as anti-bacterial, anti-fungal, anti-malarial and anti-cancer activities (Prasath *et al.*, 2013a; Joshi *et al.*, 2011). As a continuation of structural studies in this area (Prasath *et al.*, 2013b), the title salt, (I), was investigated.

The fused-ring system of the cation in (I), Fig. 1, is almost planar with the r.m.s. deviation of the fitted atoms being 0.039 Å; maximum deviations are 0.051 (1) Å for the C3 atom and -0.044 (2) Å for the C5 atom. The aldehyde group is almost perpendicular to this plane, forming a C10—C9—C12—O1 torsion angle of 73.64 (18)°.

In the crystal, ions are linked by a N—H...Cl hydrogen bond, Table 1, and connected into four-ion aggregates by π — π interactions between the C₆ and pyridinium rings [inter-centroid distance 3.6450 (9) Å for symmetry operation 1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z] of centrosymmetrically related quinolinyl residues, Fig. 2. These pack with no specific interactions between them.

Experimental

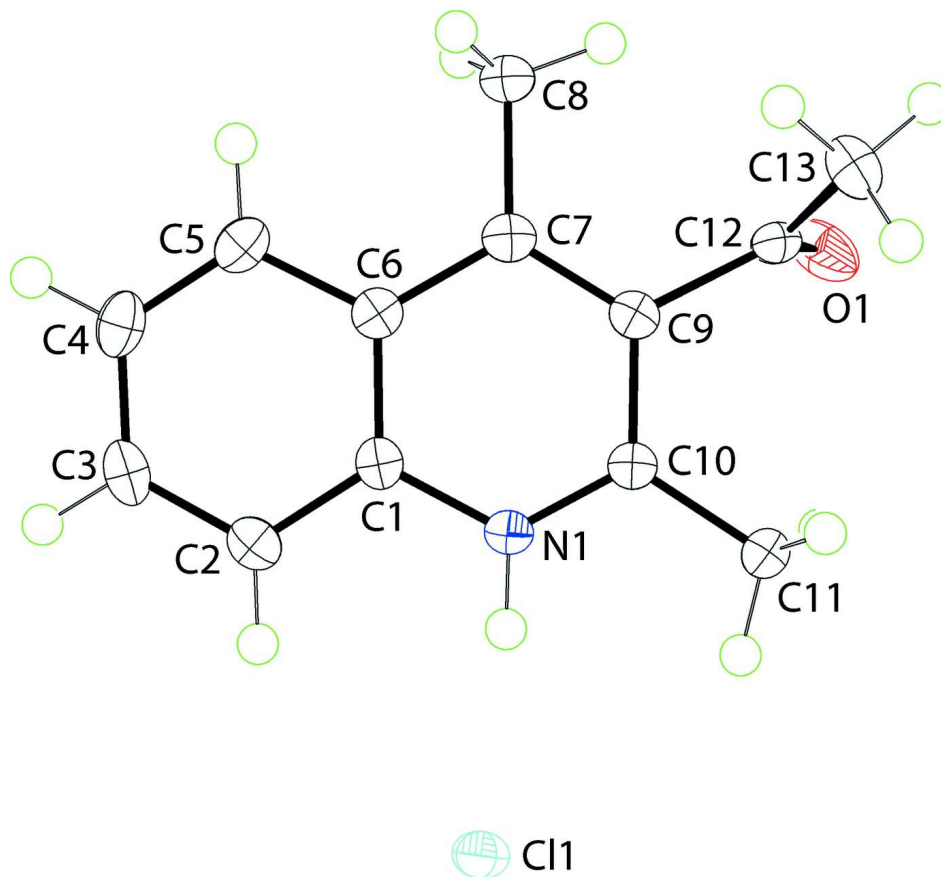
A mixture of 2-aminoacetophenone (0.68 g, 0.005 M), acetylacetone (0.5 g, 0.005 M) and 1 N HCl (20 ml) was stirred at 363 K for 45 minutes. To the resulting mixture, chloroform (20 ml) was added and the organic layer was passed through anhydrous Na₂SO₄. Re-crystallization was by slow evaporation of chloroform solution of (I) which yielded yellow blocks. *M.pt.* 393–395 K. Yield: 90%.

Refinement

The C-bound H atoms were geometrically placed (C—H = 0.95–0.98 Å) and refined as riding with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2–1.5U_{eq}(C)$. The N-bound H atom was refined freely.

Computing details

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2013); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2013); data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2013); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

**Figure 1**

The molecular structures of the ions in (I) showing displacement ellipsoids at the 70% probability level.

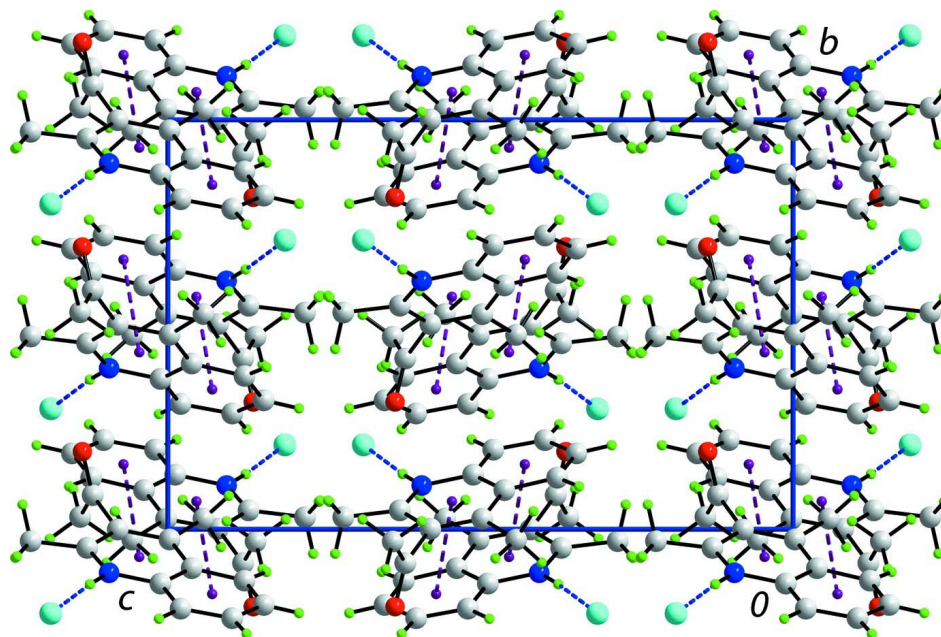


Figure 2

A view in projection down the a axis of the unit-cell contents of (I). The N—H...Cl and π — π interactions are shown as blue and purple dashed lines, respectively.

3-Acetyl-2,4-dimethylquinolin-1-ium chloride

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{14}NO^+Cl^-$

$M_r = 235.70$

Orthorhombic, $Pbca$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2ac\ 2ab$

$a = 12.8221\ (6)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 10.7281\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 16.3785\ (6)\ \text{\AA}$

$V = 2252.97\ (16)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 992$

$D_x = 1.390\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 3252 reflections

$\theta = 3.0\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.32\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100\ \text{K}$

Block, yellow

$0.50 \times 0.40 \times 0.30\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual

diffractometer with an Atlas detector

Radiation source: SuperNova (Mo) X-ray

Source

Mirror monochromator

Detector resolution: $10.4041\ \text{pixels mm}^{-1}$

ω scan

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2013)

$T_{\min} = 0.956$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

8404 measured reflections

2597 independent reflections

2207 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.6^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.0^\circ$

$h = -11 \rightarrow 16$

$k = -13 \rightarrow 10$

$l = -19 \rightarrow 21$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.099$
 $S = 1.04$
 2597 reflections
 152 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0514P)^2 + 0.7427P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.38171 (3)	0.29410 (3)	0.31279 (2)	0.01712 (13)
O1	0.78490 (9)	0.68933 (10)	0.36335 (7)	0.0257 (3)
N1	0.56888 (10)	0.39336 (11)	0.40603 (7)	0.0127 (3)
H1	0.5145 (17)	0.3655 (19)	0.3755 (12)	0.035 (5)*
C1	0.56522 (12)	0.36700 (12)	0.48826 (8)	0.0130 (3)
C2	0.47740 (12)	0.30581 (13)	0.52035 (8)	0.0156 (3)
H2	0.4216	0.2811	0.4858	0.019*
C3	0.47406 (13)	0.28251 (13)	0.60294 (9)	0.0177 (3)
H3	0.4141	0.2441	0.6260	0.021*
C4	0.55806 (13)	0.31479 (13)	0.65333 (9)	0.0185 (3)
H4	0.5555	0.2950	0.7098	0.022*
C5	0.64371 (13)	0.37435 (14)	0.62260 (8)	0.0174 (3)
H5	0.6999	0.3956	0.6577	0.021*
C6	0.64893 (12)	0.40465 (13)	0.53813 (8)	0.0140 (3)
C7	0.73191 (11)	0.47481 (13)	0.50274 (8)	0.0139 (3)
C8	0.81628 (12)	0.52547 (14)	0.55698 (9)	0.0192 (3)
H8A	0.8670	0.5715	0.5239	0.029*
H8B	0.8515	0.4564	0.5848	0.029*
H8C	0.7855	0.5815	0.5976	0.029*
C9	0.72892 (11)	0.49922 (13)	0.41992 (8)	0.0134 (3)
C10	0.64623 (11)	0.45412 (12)	0.37091 (8)	0.0125 (3)
C11	0.64361 (12)	0.47075 (13)	0.28065 (8)	0.0159 (3)
H11A	0.5797	0.4334	0.2587	0.024*
H11B	0.7045	0.4300	0.2562	0.024*
H11C	0.6449	0.5599	0.2676	0.024*

C12	0.80915 (12)	0.58304 (13)	0.37971 (8)	0.0155 (3)
C13	0.91308 (13)	0.52994 (14)	0.35969 (9)	0.0205 (3)
H13A	0.9622	0.5978	0.3485	0.031*
H13B	0.9072	0.4764	0.3114	0.031*
H13C	0.9384	0.4806	0.4060	0.031*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0144 (2)	0.0191 (2)	0.01791 (19)	-0.00141 (14)	-0.00107 (14)	-0.00348 (12)
O1	0.0198 (6)	0.0158 (5)	0.0415 (6)	-0.0027 (5)	-0.0034 (5)	0.0074 (5)
N1	0.0120 (6)	0.0124 (5)	0.0138 (5)	0.0001 (5)	-0.0011 (5)	-0.0007 (4)
C1	0.0140 (7)	0.0103 (6)	0.0148 (6)	0.0020 (5)	0.0018 (6)	-0.0002 (5)
C2	0.0150 (8)	0.0120 (6)	0.0197 (7)	0.0007 (6)	0.0010 (6)	-0.0012 (5)
C3	0.0186 (8)	0.0133 (6)	0.0211 (7)	0.0005 (6)	0.0071 (6)	0.0020 (5)
C4	0.0247 (9)	0.0154 (6)	0.0153 (6)	0.0041 (6)	0.0035 (7)	0.0023 (5)
C5	0.0206 (8)	0.0171 (7)	0.0146 (6)	0.0029 (6)	-0.0016 (6)	0.0003 (5)
C6	0.0145 (7)	0.0125 (6)	0.0150 (6)	0.0022 (6)	0.0005 (6)	-0.0012 (5)
C7	0.0129 (7)	0.0127 (6)	0.0162 (6)	0.0030 (6)	-0.0006 (6)	-0.0019 (5)
C8	0.0168 (8)	0.0247 (8)	0.0162 (6)	-0.0040 (7)	-0.0024 (6)	-0.0006 (6)
C9	0.0124 (8)	0.0121 (6)	0.0157 (6)	0.0014 (5)	0.0001 (6)	-0.0006 (5)
C10	0.0122 (7)	0.0111 (6)	0.0142 (6)	0.0020 (6)	-0.0004 (5)	-0.0004 (5)
C11	0.0168 (8)	0.0177 (7)	0.0132 (6)	-0.0016 (6)	-0.0005 (6)	0.0008 (5)
C12	0.0160 (8)	0.0174 (7)	0.0131 (6)	-0.0038 (6)	-0.0033 (6)	-0.0005 (5)
C13	0.0173 (8)	0.0192 (7)	0.0249 (7)	-0.0023 (6)	0.0036 (7)	0.0023 (6)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C12	1.2119 (18)	C7—C9	1.3821 (18)
N1—C10	1.3188 (19)	C7—C8	1.502 (2)
N1—C1	1.3769 (17)	C8—H8A	0.9800
N1—H1	0.91 (2)	C8—H8B	0.9800
C1—C2	1.405 (2)	C8—H8C	0.9800
C1—C6	1.408 (2)	C9—C10	1.415 (2)
C2—C3	1.3762 (19)	C9—C12	1.517 (2)
C2—H2	0.9500	C10—C11	1.4894 (18)
C3—C4	1.400 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9800
C3—H3	0.9500	C11—H11B	0.9800
C4—C5	1.367 (2)	C11—H11C	0.9800
C4—H4	0.9500	C12—C13	1.486 (2)
C5—C6	1.4228 (18)	C13—H13A	0.9800
C5—H5	0.9500	C13—H13B	0.9800
C6—C7	1.426 (2)	C13—H13C	0.9800
C10—N1—C1	123.63 (13)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C10—N1—H1	120.0 (12)	C7—C8—H8C	109.5
C1—N1—H1	116.4 (12)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
N1—C1—C2	119.28 (13)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
N1—C1—C6	118.85 (13)	C7—C9—C10	120.84 (13)
C2—C1—C6	121.86 (12)	C7—C9—C12	121.31 (13)

C3—C2—C1	118.51 (14)	C10—C9—C12	117.68 (12)
C3—C2—H2	120.7	N1—C10—C9	119.01 (12)
C1—C2—H2	120.7	N1—C10—C11	118.37 (12)
C2—C3—C4	120.69 (14)	C9—C10—C11	122.61 (13)
C2—C3—H3	119.7	C10—C11—H11A	109.5
C4—C3—H3	119.7	C10—C11—H11B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	121.10 (13)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C5—C4—H4	119.4	C10—C11—H11C	109.5
C3—C4—H4	119.4	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C4—C5—C6	120.19 (14)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.9	O1—C12—C13	122.82 (14)
C6—C5—H5	119.9	O1—C12—C9	118.68 (14)
C1—C6—C7	118.97 (12)	C13—C12—C9	118.47 (12)
C1—C6—C5	117.56 (13)	C12—C13—H13A	109.5
C7—C6—C5	123.42 (13)	C12—C13—H13B	109.5
C9—C7—C6	118.56 (13)	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C9—C7—C8	122.14 (13)	C12—C13—H13C	109.5
C6—C7—C8	119.21 (12)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C7—C8—H8A	109.5	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C7—C8—H8B	109.5		
C10—N1—C1—C2	177.60 (13)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-3.1 (2)
C10—N1—C1—C6	-1.1 (2)	C6—C7—C9—C10	-0.9 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-178.66 (12)	C8—C7—C9—C10	-177.57 (13)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.0 (2)	C6—C7—C9—C12	174.34 (13)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-2.4 (2)	C8—C7—C9—C12	-2.3 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	2.5 (2)	C1—N1—C10—C9	-2.3 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (2)	C1—N1—C10—C11	176.77 (12)
N1—C1—C6—C7	3.45 (19)	C7—C9—C10—N1	3.3 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-175.19 (13)	C12—C9—C10—N1	-172.12 (12)
N1—C1—C6—C5	-179.02 (12)	C7—C9—C10—C11	-175.71 (13)
C2—C1—C6—C5	2.3 (2)	C12—C9—C10—C11	8.8 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-2.3 (2)	C7—C9—C12—O1	-101.78 (17)
C4—C5—C6—C7	175.13 (13)	C10—C9—C12—O1	73.64 (18)
C1—C6—C7—C9	-2.4 (2)	C7—C9—C12—C13	80.14 (17)
C5—C6—C7—C9	-179.80 (13)	C10—C9—C12—C13	-104.45 (15)
C1—C6—C7—C8	174.32 (13)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N1—H1...C11	0.91 (2)	2.13 (2)	3.0374 (13)	175.4 (17)