

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

High molecular / low acetylated chitosans reduce adhesion of *Campylobacter jejuni* to host cells by blocking JlpA

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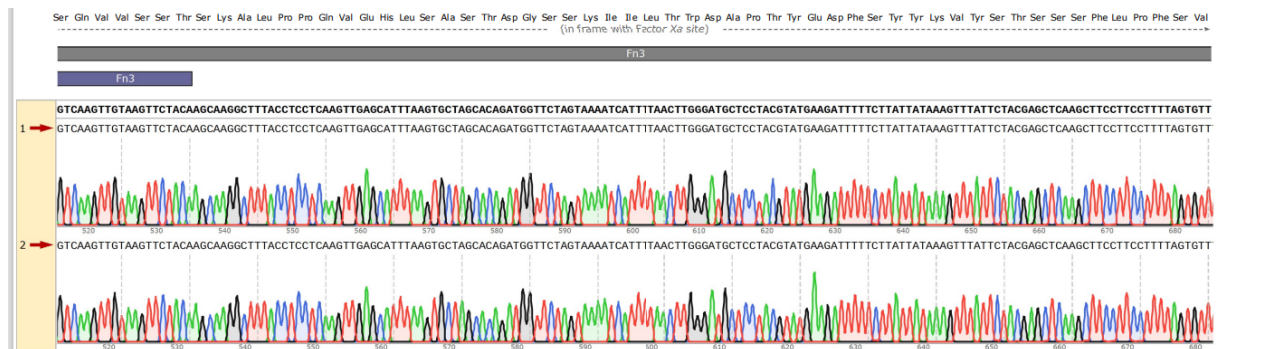
Table S1: Primers for amplification of the *C. jejuni* genes *flpA* and *jlpA*, for the cold shock expression plasmid pCOLD I, and for multiplex PCR for identification of *Campylobacter*.

Table 2: Primers for amplification of the *C. jejuni* genes *flpA* and *jlpA*, for the cold shock expression plasmid pCOLD I, and for multiplex PCR for identification of *Campylobacter*.

Sequence (5' - 3')	
Amplicon: <i>flpA</i> in pCOLD I	
<i>flpA_NdeI-FOR</i>	TATATCATATGAGCTTGCCAAAGGTTGAAAG
<i>flpA_XbaI-Rev</i>	ATATATCTAGAGACTGAGCCGCCTTAACCTTG
Amplicon: pCOLD I (sequencing primers)	
<i>pCOLDI FOR</i>	ACGCCATATCGCCGAAAGG
<i>pCOLDI REV</i>	GGCAGGGATCTTAGATTCTG
Amplicon: <i>jlpA</i> in pCOLD I	
<i>jlpA_NdeI-FOR</i>	CCCGGGCATATGTGCGGAAATTCCATAG
<i>jlpA_PstI-REV</i>	ATATATCTGCAGAAATGACGCTCCGCCCA
<i>16S rDNA</i>	GGGAGGCAGCAGTRRGGAAT
	TGACGGGCGGTGRGTACAAG
<i>asp</i> Aspartokinase	GGTATGATTTCTACAAGCGAG
	ATAAAAGACTATCGTCGCGTG
<i>hipO</i> Hippuricase	GACTTCGTGCAGATATGGATGCTT
	GCTATAACTATCCGAAGAAGCCATCA

Table S2: Relative proliferation [%] of *C. jejuni* after 48 h ($t_{1/48h}$) under chitosan influence and 48 h ($t_{2/96h}$) after changing to test compound-free, unsupplemented media relative to the untreated control UC ($t_{1/48h}$ value = 100 %). The UC after 96 h ($t_{2/96h}$ value) had a relative proliferation of 181 ± 17 % (related to the ($t_{1/48h}$ value = 100 %). Relative values represent the mean \pm SD from n = 3 independent experiments with n = 4 technical replicates.

Chitosan	Concentration [mg/mL]			
	t [h]	5	2.5	1.25
Relative proliferation [%] UC $t_{1/48h}$ = 100%; UC $t_{2/96h}$ = 181 %				
134	$t_{1/48h}$	0 ± 0	54 ± 63	74 ± 40
	$t_{2/96h}$	190 ± 75	176 ± 68	176 ± 10
114	$t_{1/48h}$	26 ± 36	10 ± 10	89 ± 55
	$t_{2/96h}$	194 ± 14	100 ± 28	161 ± 48
652	$t_{1/48h}$	24 ± 18	33 ± 25	87 ± 59
	$t_{2/96h}$	123 ± 24	137 ± 27	161 ± 18
651	$t_{1/48h}$	6 ± 5	6 ± 8	177 ± 123
	$t_{2/96h}$	157 ± 54	119 ± 27	172 ± 70
661	$t_{1/48h}$	33 ± 25	137 ± 106	156 ± 91
	$t_{2/96h}$	284 ± 242	273 ± 209	175 ± 136
90/20	$t_{1/48h}$	10 ± 13	10 ± 15	181 ± 128
	$t_{2/96h}$	174 ± 45	145 ± 40	197 ± 107
80/20	$t_{1/48h}$	10 ± 3	7 ± 5	111 ± 76
	$t_{2/96h}$	177 ± 58	129 ± 42	207 ± 112
70/20	$t_{1/48h}$	7 ± 6	1 ± 1	123 ± 92
	$t_{2/96h}$	115 ± 20	120 ± 15	141 ± 50



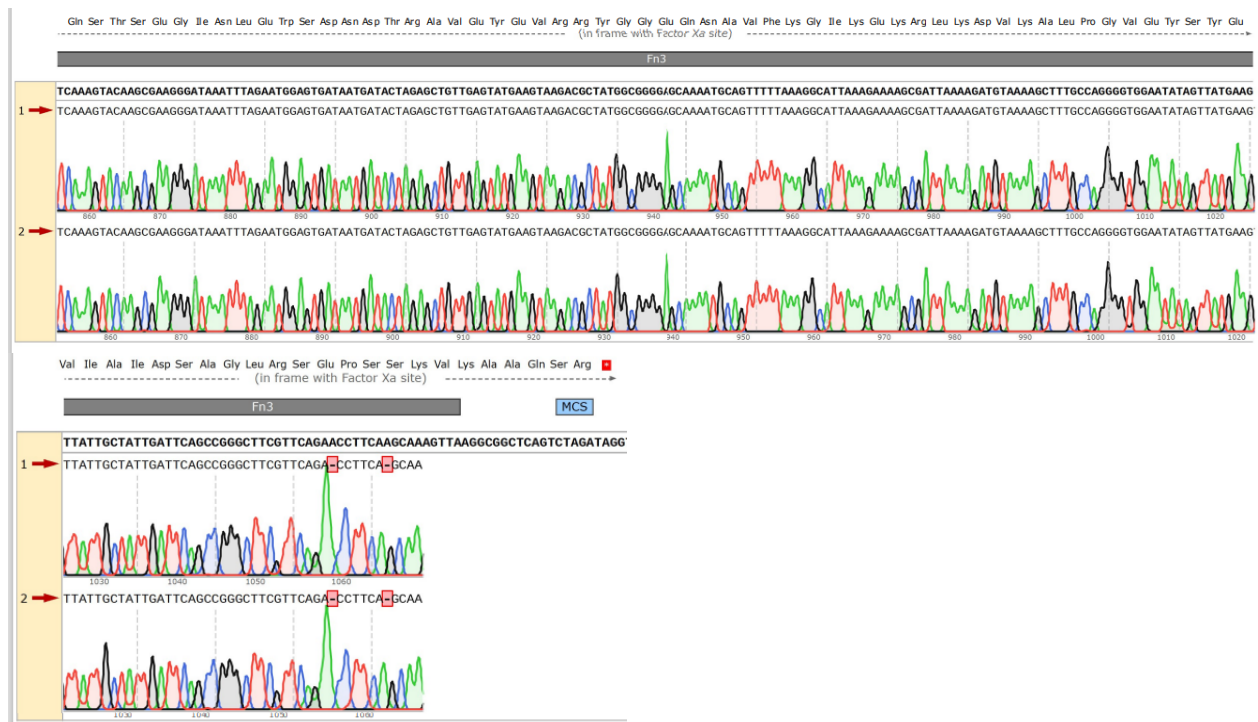
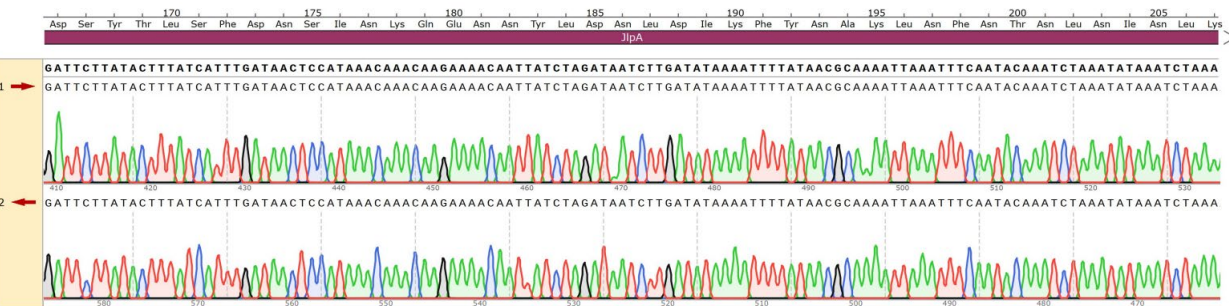
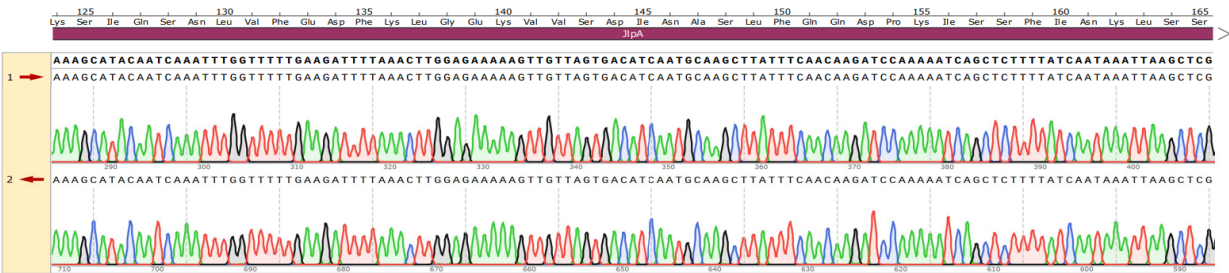
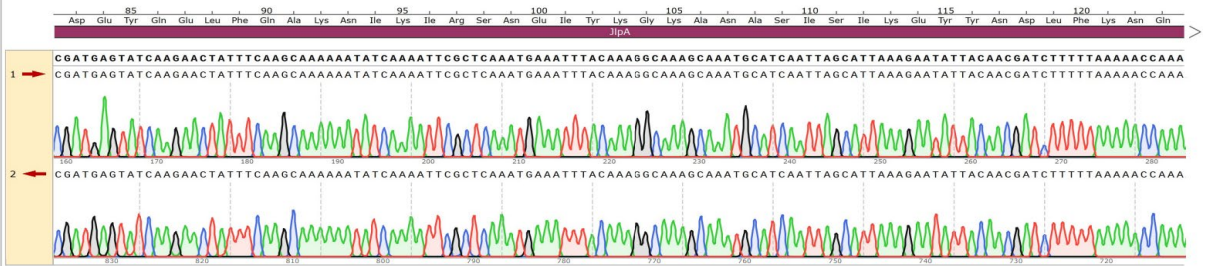
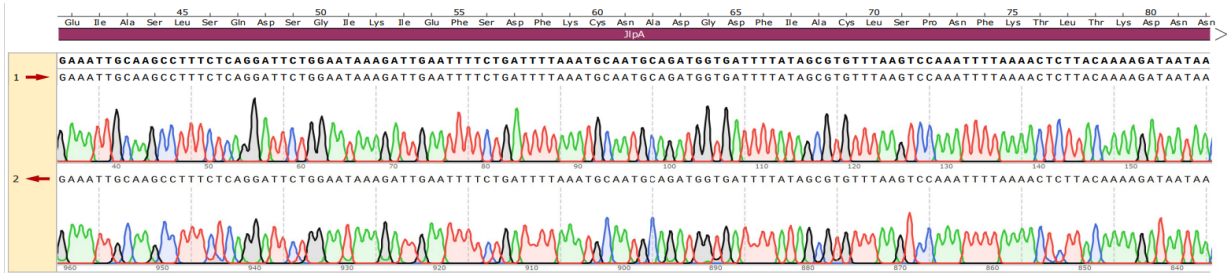


Figure S1: Sequence alignment of the *flpA* gene products of the forward and reverse primers with the theoretical *flpA* sequence for cloning into pCOLD using SnapGene. The reference sequence is shown above in bold letters. (1): Sequence of the PCR product with the forward primer. (2) Sequence of the PCR product with the reverse primer. In the figure, the sequenced bases are indicated by the letter code as well as by color: RED/T: thymine; BLUE/C: cytosine; GREEN/A: Adenine; GREY/G: Guanine. In addition, the coded amino acids are listed in this representation.



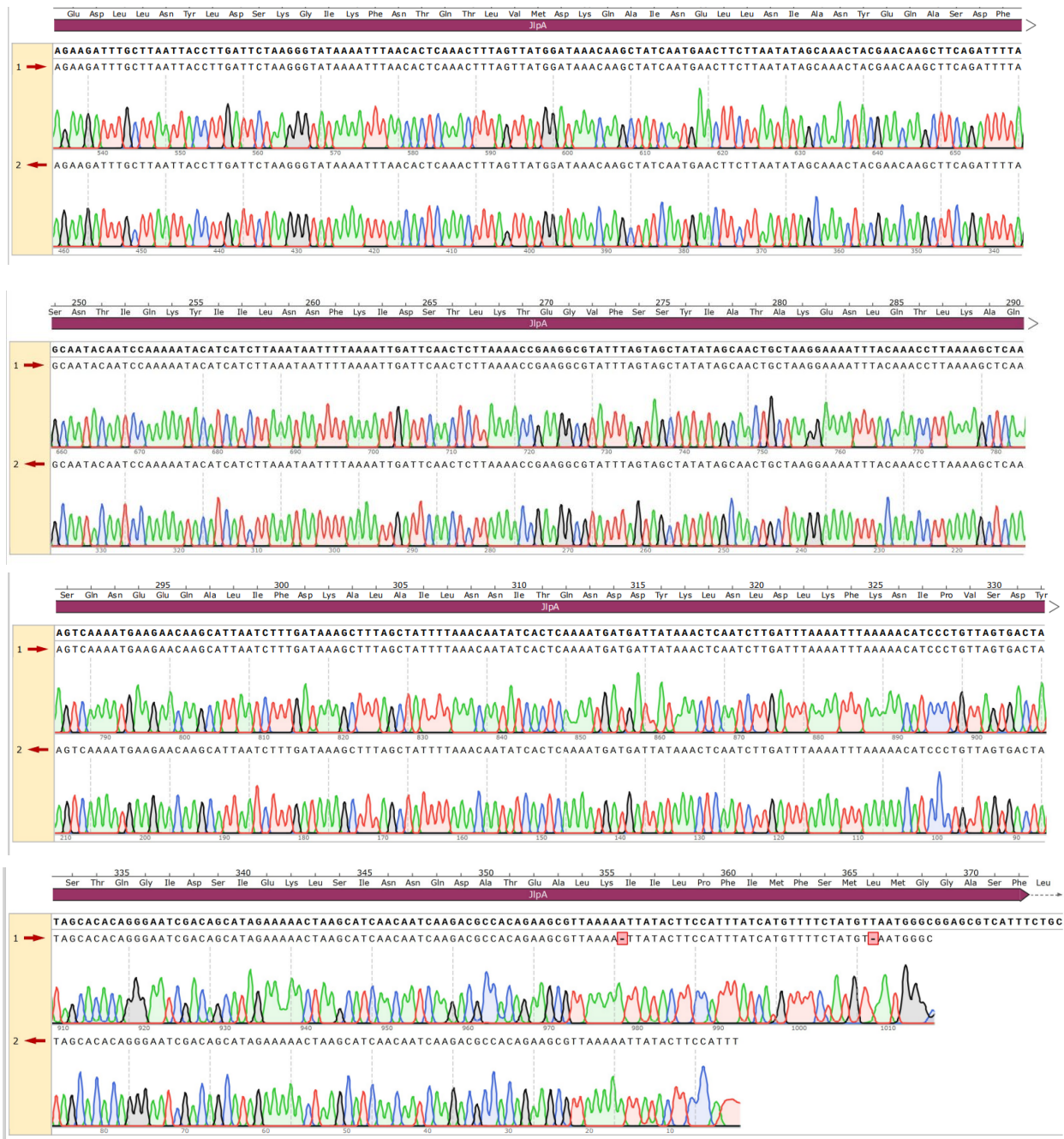


Figure S2: Sequence alignment of the *jlpA* gene product of the forward and reverse primers with the theoretical *jlpA* sequence for cloning into pCOLD using SnapGene. Reference sequence is shown above each in thick letters. (1): Sequence of the PCR product with the forward primer. (2) Sequence of the PCR product with the reverse primer. Nucleotides are indicated by the letter code and by color: **RED**/T: thymine; **BLUE**/C: cytosine; **GREEN**/A: adenine; **GREY**/G: guanine.

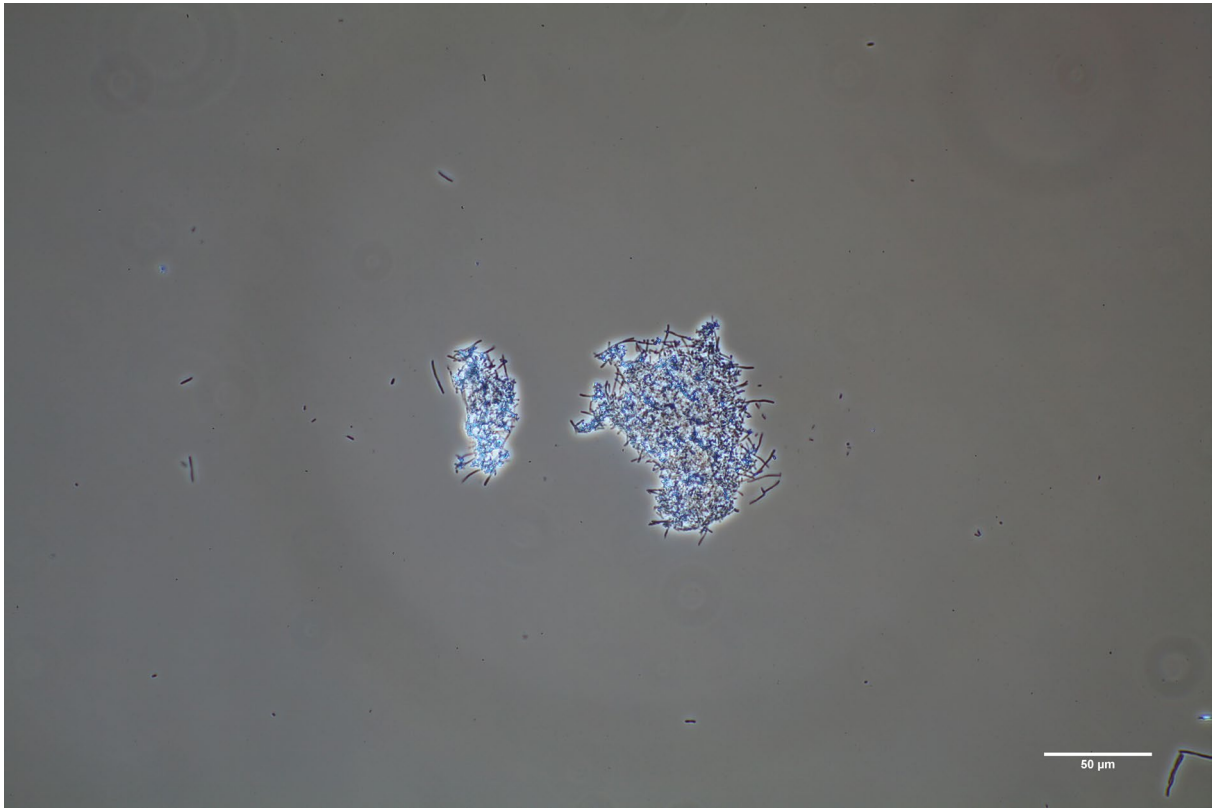


Figure S3: Chitosan 134 treated *Campylobacter jejuni* after 72 h of incubation leads to strong bacterial agglomeration and elongation of bacteria.