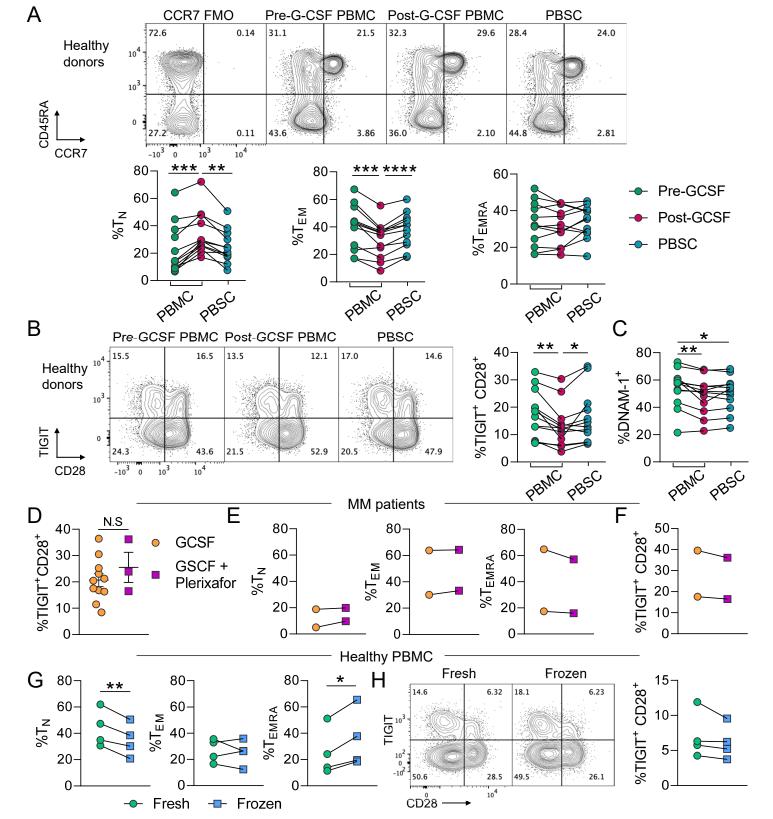
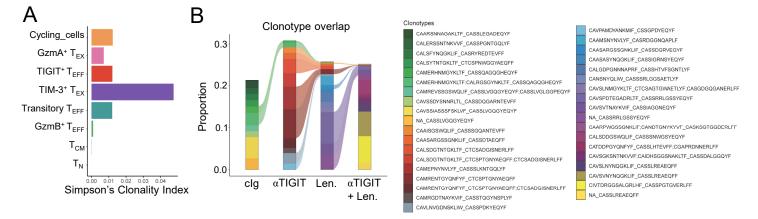


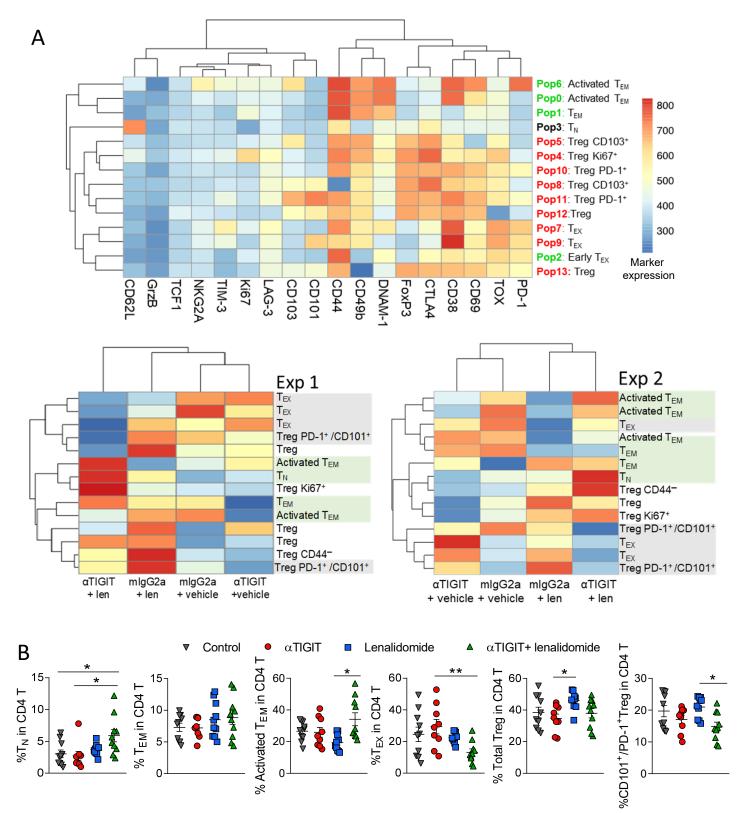
Supplementary Figure 1: CD8 T cell clustering in healthy peripheral blood stem cell grafts. Mobilized peripheral blood stem cell (PBSC) grafts from patients undergoing ASCT for myeloma (MM) were thawed and stained for analysis via flow cytometry alongside healthy PBSC grafts (total n=14 myeloma; n=15 for Healthy PBSC). (A) TSNE plots from all myeloma samples and three healthy controls colored by expression of markers of interest in cohort 1. (B) TSNE plot of CD8 T cells, colored by FlowSOM populations, in healthy PBSC grafts in cohort 2 (from Brisbane; n=12) and heatmap of maker expression (MFI) across FlowSOM CD8 T cells populations. TIGIT+ populations are colored blue (CD28-) or purple (CD28+) to indicate putative senescence vs activation respectively. (C) TSNE plots from samples in (B) colored by expression of markers of interest.



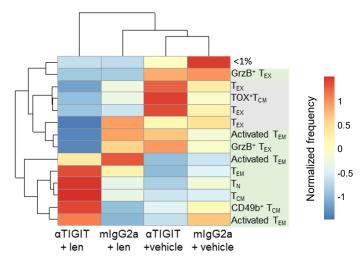
Supplementary Figure 2: CD8 T cell clustering in healthy peripheral blood stem cell grafts. (A-C) Peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PMBC) from healthy patients before and after G-CSF mobilization and peripheral blood stem cell grafts (PBSC) were thawed and CD8 T cells were analyzed using flow cytometry (FACS) (n = 12). (A) Representative FACS plots of CCR7 and CD45RA expression and frequencies of T cell subsets. (B) FACS plots of TIGIT and CD28 expression with frequency of TIGIT+CD28+ cells within CD8 T cells. (C) Frequency of DNAM-1+ cells within TIGIT+CD28+ T cells. (D-F) PBSC grafts from patients undergoing ASCT for myeloma (MM) were thawed for FACS analysis (n = 14). (D) Frequency of TIGIT+CD28+ CD8 T cells in patients mobilized with G-CSF alone (n = 11) or G-CSF with plerixafor (n = 3). (E) Frequency of CD8 T cell subsets and (F) TIGIT+CD28+ T cells in patients mobilized with G-CSF alone followed by G-CSF with plerixafor on a subsequent day. (G-H) PBMCs from healthy volunteers were freshly isolated for FACS analysis before and after cryopreservation (n = 4). (G) Frequency of CD8 T cell subsets. (H) Representative FACS plots and frequency of TIGIT+CD28+ CD8 T cells. RM one-way ANOVA with Tukey's test or paired t test. *p<0.05, **p<0.01. ***p<0.001. ****p<0.001. ****p<0.0001.



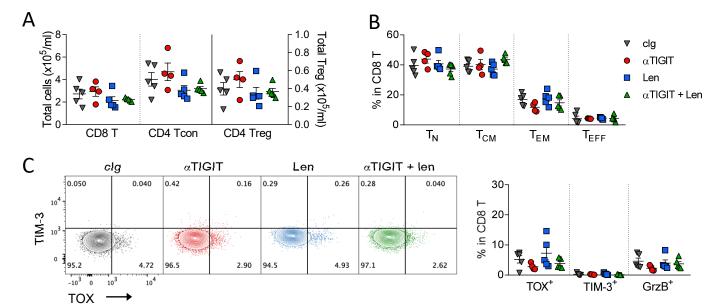
Supplementary Figure 3: T cells are clonally expanded in T_{EX} and T_{EFF} clusters with clonotype overlap between mice treated with $\alpha TIGIT$ and lenalidomide monotherapy and combination therapy. CRBN or B6 recipients were transplanted with 10 x 106 BM with 2 x 106 T cells from CRBN or B6 donors and then treated with 100 μ g of $\alpha TIGIT$ or isotype control (clg) twice a week from D0 and daily lenalidomide (50 mg/kg; Len.) or vehicle from D+14 until 4 weeks post-SCT. Mice were sacrificed at week 4 and CD8 T cells were sorted for 5' single cell RNA sequencing (n = 5/group). (A) Simpson's Clonality Index within clusters. (B) Clonotype overlap across treatment groups. Lines between groups depict clonotype overlap between treatment groups and colors indicate individual TCR clones. This is the same graph presented in Figure 3G, included here with the legend describing specific TCR clonotypes.



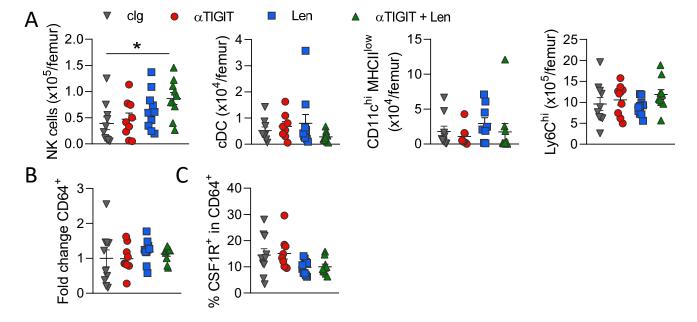
Supplementary Figure 4: The combination of αTIGIT and lenalidomide has modest effects on CD4 T cells in the BM. CRBN or B6 recipients were transplanted with 10 x 10⁶ BM with 2 x 10⁶ T cells from CRBN or B6 donors and then treated with 100 μg of αTIGIT or clg twice a week from D0 and daily lenalidomide (50 mg/kg) or vehicle from D+14 until 5 weeks post-SCT. Mice were sacrificed at week 6 and BM and blood were harvested for analysis by flow cytometry (n = 10/group from 2 independent experiments). (**A**) Representative heatmap of marker expression (MFI) in each population of CD4 T cells identified using FlowSOM (top) and heatmaps of the relative mean frequency of each population across treatment groups from two replicative experiments (bottom). $T_N = CD62L^+ CD44^-$, $T_{CM} = CD62L^+ CD44^+$, $T_{EM} = CD62L^- CD44^+$, Treg = FoxP3+ (**B**) Quantification of broader phenotypes (inc. one or more populations identified by FlowSOM) across treatment groups. Descriptions of individual populations and how they are grouped is included in Supplementary Table 2. Data represent mean ± SEM. One-way ANOVA with Tukey's test or Kruskal-Wallis test with Dunn's multiple comparisons test. *p<0.05, *p<0.01.



Supplementary Figure 5: Relative frequency of FlowSOM-generated populations in CD8 T cells across treatment groups in a replicative experiment. CRBN or B6 recipients were transplanted with 10 x 10 6 BM with 2 x 10 6 T cells from CRBN or B6 donors and then treated with 100 µg of α TIGIT or clg twice a week from D0 and daily lenalidomide (50 mg/kg) or vehicle from D+14 until 5 weeks post-SCT. Mice were sacrificed at week 6 and BM and blood were harvested for analysis by flow cytometry. Heatmap of the relative mean frequency of each population across treatment groups. $T_N = CD62L^+ CD44^-$, $T_{CM} = CD62L^+ CD44^+$, $T_{FM} = CD62L^- CD44^+$



Supplementary Figure 6: Immunological effects of α TIGIT and lenalidomide are bone marrow specific. CRBN or B6 recipients were transplanted as described in Figure 2 and blood was collected at week 6 post-SCT. (A) Quantification of T cell subsets in peripheral blood. (B) CD8 T cell differentiation in blood (as described in Figure 5 and T_{EFF} = CD62L $^-$ CD44 $^-$). (C) Representative flow cytometry plots of TIM-3 and TOX expression in CD8 T cells from peripheral blood and quantification of TOX, TIM-3 and granzyme B (GrzB) expression. n = 5/group from 1 experiment. One-way ANOVA with Tukey's test. Data represent mean \pm SEM.



Supplementary Figure 7: Natural killer and myeloid cells are unaffected by the combination of lenalidomide and TIGIT. CRBN or B6 recipients were transplanted with 10 x 10⁶ BM with 2 x 10⁶ T cells from CRBN or B6 donors and then treated with 100 μ g of α TIGIT or clg twice a week from D0 and daily lenalidomide (50 mg/kg) or vehicle from D+14 until 5 weeks post-SCT. Mice were sacrificed at week 6 and BM was harvested for analysis by flow cytometry (n = 10/group from 2 experiments). (A) Total number of natural killer (NK) cells, conventional dendritic cells (cDC), MHCII^{low} DCs, and Ly6C^{hi} monocytes per femur. (B) Fold change in total number of CD64⁺ macrophages and (C) the frequency of CSF1R expression on macrophages. Data represent mean \pm SEM. One-way ANOVA with Tukey's test. *p<0.05

Supplemental Tables:

Supplementary Table 1: Expression of flow cytometry markers within each population of mouse CD8 T cells across two independent experiments.

| Description | Experiment 1 | Experiment 2 |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| CD49b ⁺ T _{RM} | Pop 0: DNAM-1+ CD62L+ NKG2A+ CD69+ CD49b+ CD38+ CD44+ | Pop 2 : DNAM-1+ CD62L+ NKG2A+ CD69+ CD49B+ CD38+ CD44+ |
| Naïve T | Pop 13: CD62L+ DNAM-1+ | Pop 0: CD62L+ DNAM-1+ |
| T _{CM} | Pop 10: DNAM-1+ CD62L+ CD44+ | Pop 1 : DNAM-1+ CD62L+ CD44+ |
| T _{EX} | Pop 5: TOX+ PD-1+ CD101+ CD38+ CD44+ TIM3+ LAG3+ | Pop 11 : TOX+ PD-1+ CD101+ CD38+ CD44+ TIM-3+ LAG3+ Ki67+ |
| | Pop 3: TOX+ PD-1+ CD101+ CD38+ CD44+ CD49b+ DNAM-1+ | Pop 13: TOX+ PD-1+ CD101+ CD38+ CD44+ |
| | Pop 9 : TOX+ PD-1+ CD38+ CD44+ | Pop 9 : TOX+ PD-1+ CD38+ CD44+ LAG3+ |
| | Pop 6 + 4: TOX+ PD-1+ CD101+ CD38+ CD44+TIM3+ LAG3+ CD49b+ | |
| GrzB ⁺ T _{EM/EX} | Pop 2 : GrzB+ DNAM-1+ Ki67+ CD38+ CD44+ TIM3+ TOX+ PD-1+ | Pop 10 : GrzB+ TIM-3+ TOX+ PD-1+ CD38+ CD44+ LAG3+ |
| | | Pop 8 : GrzB+ DNAM-1+ Ki67+ CD38+ CD44+ CD49b+ |
| T _{EM} | Pop 12: DNAM-1+ CD44+ | Pop 5 : DNAM-1+ CD38 ^{low} CD44+ |
| Activated T _{EM} | Pop 1 : DNAM-1+ CD38+ CD44+ CD49b+ | Pop 12: DNAM-1+ CD38+ CD44+ PD-1+ |
| | Pop 8: CD69+ CD38+ CD44+ DNAM-1- | Pop 4 : DNAM-1+ CD69+ CD38+ CD44+ CD49B+ |
| | Pop 7 : DNAM-1+ NKG2A+ PD-1+ CD69+ CD49b+ CD38+ CD44+ | Pop 6: CD38+ CD44+ PD-1+ |
| Tox⁺ T _{CM} | | Pop 7: CD62L+ LY108+ CD38+ CD44+ PD-1+ TOX+ |

Supplementary Table 2: Expression of flow cytometry markers within each population of mouse CD4 T cells across two independent experiments.

| Description | Experiment 1 | Experiment 2 | |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Naïve T | Pop 3: CD62L+ | Pop 4: CD62L+ | |
| T _{EX} | Pop 7: TOX+ PD-1+ TIM-3+ LAG3+ CD44+ DNAM-1+ CD38+ | Pop 13 : TOX+ PD-1+ LAG3+ CD44+ DNAM-1+ CD38+ Ly108+ | |
| | Pop 9: TOX+ PD-1+ CD44+ CD101+ CD38+ | Pop 6: TOX+ PD-1+ CD44+ CD38+ | |
| | Pop 2: PD-1+ TOX+ CD44+ DNAM-1+ | Pop 9: TOX+ PD-1+ CD101+ CD38+ | |
| Treg: CD44 neg | Pop 8: FoxP3+ CTLA4+ CD44- | Pop 5: FoxP3+ CTLA4+ CD62L+ CD44- | |
| Treg: Ki67+ | Pop 4: FoxP3+ CTLA4+ TOX+ CD44+ Ki67+ LAG3+ | Pop 8: FoxP3+ CTLA4 high LAG3+ Ki67+ CD44+ CD62L+ | |
| Treg: PD- 1+/CD101+ | Pop 10: FoxP3+ CTLA4+ CD69+ PD-1+ CD44+ CD38+ | Pop 12: FoxP3+ CTLA4+ CD69+ LAG3+ PD-1+ TOX+ CD44+ | |
| | Pop 11: FoxP3+ CTLA4+ CD69+ CD101+ PD-1+ CD38+ CD44+ | Pop 10: FoxP3+ CTLA4+ CD69+ CD44+ CD101+ | |
| | Pop 5: FoxP3+ CTLA4+ CD44+ | Pop 7: FoxP3+ CTLA4+CD44+ | |
| Treg | Pop 12 + 13: FoxP3+ CTLA4+ CD69+ CD38+ CD44+ | | |
| T _{EM} | | Pop 3 : CD44+ Ly108+ | |
| | Pop 1: DNAM-1+ CD49b+ CD44+ | Pop 11 : CD44+ CD101+ CD49b+ | |
| Activated T _{EM} | Pop 6: PD-1+ CD69+ CD38+ DNAM-1+ CD49b+ CD44+ | Pop 0: CD69+ CD38+ DNAM-1+ CD49b+ CD44+ | |
| | Pop 0: CD38+ DNAM-1+ CD49b+ CD44+ CD103+ NKG2A+ | Pop 1: CD38+ DNAM-1+ CD49b+ CD44+ CD69+ NKG2A+ | |
| | | Pop 2: CD38+ DNAM-1+ CD44+ CD49b+ Ki67+ LAG3+ | |

Supplementary Table 3: Flow cytometry antibodies

| Marker | Clone | Fluorochrome | Company |
|-------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|
| Mouse: | | | |
| CD226 | TX42.1 | BV650 | Biolegend |
| CD101 | Moushi101 | AF700 | eBioscience |
| CD69 | H1.2F3 | BV786 | Biolegend |
| CD62L | MEL-14 | AF700 | Biolegend |
| | | BV480 | BD Bioscience |
| CD4 | GK1.5 | BUV496 | BD Bioscience |
| CD3 | 145-2C11 | BV711 | Biolegend |
| CD38 | T10 | PE-Cy7 | Biolegend |
| CD8 | 53-6.7 | APC-Cy7 | Biolegend |
| | | BUV805 | BD Bioscience |
| PD-1 | 29F.1A12 | BV421 | Biolegend |
| | RMP1-30 | PE-Cy7 | Biolegend |
| | J43 | BUV737 | BD Bioscience |
| CD44 | IM7 | BV421, APC-Cy7 | Biolegend |
| CD90.2 | 53-2.1 | BV605 | Biolegend |
| TIM-3 | RMT3-23 | FITC | eBioscience |
| | | BV605 | Biolegend |
| TIGIT | 1G9 | BV421 | BD Bioscience |
| NKp46 | 29A1.4 | PE | Biolegend |
| Ly108 | 13G3 | BUV661 | BD Bioscience |
| TOX | TXRX10 | eFluor660 | eBioscience |
| FoxP3 | FJK-16s | PE-Cy5 | eBioscience |
| NRP-1 | 3E12 | PerCp/Cy5.5 | Biolegend |
| CD49b | ΗΜα2 | BUV563 | BD Bioscience |
| CD103 | 2E7 | BUV661 | BD Bioscience |
| Granzyme B | QA16A02 | PE-Dazzle594 | Biolegend |
| Perforin | S16009A | PE | Biolegend |
| CD122 | TM-β1 | BB700 | BD Bioscience |
| CD45 | 30-F11 | BUB395 | BD Bioscience |
| NKG2A | 20d5 | BV605 | Biolegend |
| | | | J |
| Human: | l | | |
| CD3 | SK7 | BUV395 | BD Bioscience |
| CD4 | SK3 | BUV805 | BD Bioscience |
| CD8 | RPA-T8 | BUV496 | BD Bioscience |
| CD127 | A019D5 | PE-Cy5 | Biolegend |
| CD25 | 2A3 | BV605 | BD Bioscience |
| PD-1 | EH12.2H7 | BV786 | Biolegend |
| TIGIT | A15153G | BV421 | Biolegend |
| CD69 | FN50 | BUV563 | BD Bioscience |
| CD28 | CD28.2 | BUV737 | BD Bioscience |
| Granzyme B | GB11 | BV510 | BD Bioscience |
| Ki67 | B56 | BV650 | BD Bioscience |
| CD39 | TU66 | BB515 | BD Bioscience |
| TIM-3 | 7D3 | BB700 | BD Bioscience |
| TCF-7/TCF-1 | S33-966 | PE PE | BD Bioscience |
| | | | |

| CCR7 | 2-L1-A | BUV661 | BD Bioscience |
|--------|--------|--------------|---------------|
| EOMES | WD1928 | PE-Dazzle594 | ThermoFischer |
| CXCR5 | RF8B2 | BV750 | BD Bioscience |
| DNAM-1 | DX-11 | BV711 | BD Bioscience |