complained for a couple of days of languor and loss of appetite. On the third day a rash appeared all over her, continued for two days, and then disappeared. As her indisposition was extremely slight, it was unfortunately not mentioned to me.

To the Editors of the Medical and Physical Journal.

GENTLEMEN,

J BEG leave to present for insertion in your Journal the following case of Convulsions during Labor, which, by a prompt and decisive mode of treatment, terminated very

satisfactorily.

April 21st, I was requested to attend the wife of W. B. of C-, near this place, who had been in labor several hours. On examination, I found the os uteri very little dilated and rigid, the membranes not ruptured, and the presentation natural. The woman appeared nearly desponding, on account of the circumstances attending a former labor, she having been delivered with the forceps. I represented the state of the labor to her, and left her, promising to see her again in a few hours. On my return, I found that she had been attacked with convulsions, about an hour before my arrival: her extremities were contracted and stiff, pulse nearly gone, breathing scarcely perceptible, and a peculiar wild appearance in her countenance. I immediately procured a strong mixture of brandy and water, and, with some difficulty, succeeded in getting her to swallow two tea cupfuls: this gave her the most decided relief; she became rational, strong pains followed, and the child was expelled in less than an hour afterwards, in a natural manner. My patient has recovered very well.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

Earl's Heaton, near Leeds, May 27, 1813. H. HEMINGWAY,

To the Editors of the Medical and Physical Journal. GENTLEMEN,

INTRODUCE the following case to you for insertion in your Journal, if you think it worthy such insertion. It appears to me especially instructive in one point of view, although a perfect restoration to health has not taken place, that of the advantages to be derived from the re-introduction