

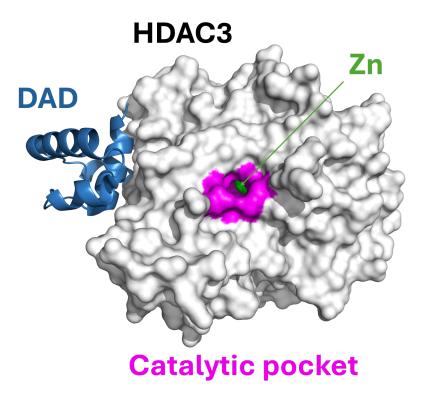
In silico characterization of the interaction of AKR1B1 with deacetylase

activation domain (DAD)

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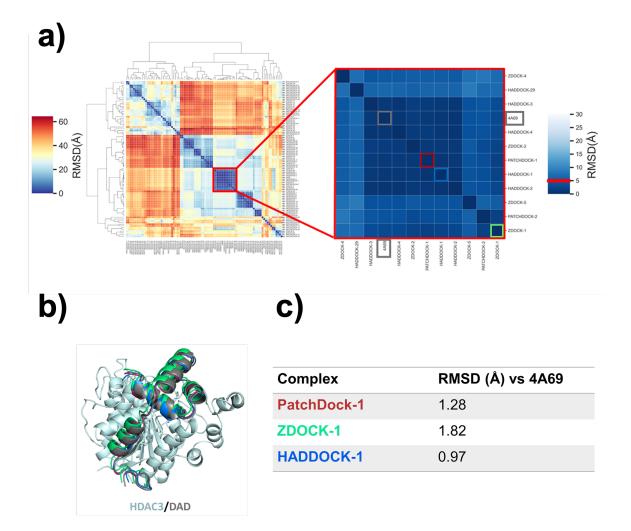
Velasco-Velázquez

Supplementary Material



Supplementary Figure 1. **HDAC3-DAD complex**. Molecular surface representation of HDAC3 bound to DAD (blue cartoon) generated using the crystallographic structure with PDB ID 4A69. The catalytic pocket of HDAC3 is highlighted in magenta, with the zinc cofactor shown as a green sphere.

Supplementary Material



Supplementary Figure 2. Docking protocol reproduces the binding mode for DAD/HDAC3 complex. (a) Hierarchical clustering of 91 conformations for DAD on HDAC3. Inset shows the largest subcluster with 12 conformations for HDAC3. DAD conformations are labeled using docking server names and a number indicating the ranked position. The crystallographic conformation of DAD on HDAC3 is labeled as PDB code 4A69 and highlighted in gray. (b) The best-scoring conformation calculated by PatchDock, ZDOCK, and HADDOCK servers are colored on red, green, and blue respectively. (c) RMSD between DAD conformations are reported.

AKR1B1 residue	∆∆G, kJ/mol	AKR1B1 residue	∆∆G, kJ/mol
T191A	1.21	L280A	0.88
E193A	0.92	S281A	0.96
K194A	0.50	S282A	2.93
I196A	0.96	Q283A	-0.29
Q197A	7.70	M285A	1.17
Y198A	0.50	T286A	1.17
Q200A	0.25	T287A	1.26
S201A	0.54	L288A	0.33
R232A	0.71	L289A	1.97
Q254A	-0.71	S290A	1.05
R25A	1.46	Y291A	2.51
N256A	0.64	N292A	1.38
E279A	2.72		

 Table S1. Alanine scanning for the newly identified binding model of AKR1B1/DAD.

Mutations analyzed by MD simulations are shown in bold.