

## 3,3'-Di-*tert*-butyl-1,1'-[1,3-phenylenebis-(methylene)]diurea

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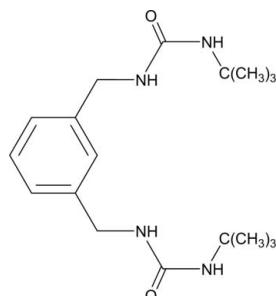
Received 10 February 2010; accepted 12 February 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 90\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.081;  $wR$  factor = 0.235; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.1.

The title compound,  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$ , contains two *tert*-butyl urea groups, each connected to a benzene ring through a methylene group. One of the groups occupies a position almost normal to the aromatic plane with a  $\text{C}-\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}$  torsion angle of  $-94.4(4)^\circ$ , while the other is considerably twisted from the ring with a  $\text{C}-\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{C}$  torsion angle of  $-136.1(4)^\circ$ . In the crystal, pairs of molecules are connected to each other, forming centrosymmetric dimers in which two NH groups of one molecule act as hydrogen-bond donors to one carbonyl O atom of the other molecule. The dimers are linked into sheets parallel to (100) by  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds involving the remaining N–H and C=O groups.

### Related literature

For general background to urea-based compounds, see: Brooks *et al.* (2008); Carr *et al.* (1998); Chauhan *et al.* (2008); Gomez *et al.* (2005); Hiscock *et al.* (2009); Hossain (2008); Kyne *et al.* (2001); Lorenzo *et al.* (2009); Pérez-Casas & Yatsimirsky (2008); Tejeda *et al.* (2000); Ghosh *et al.* (2007). For related structures, see: Jose *et al.* (2007); Lo & Ng (2008).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$	$V = 3872.0(15)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 334.46$	$Z = 8$
Orthorhombic, $Pbca$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 18.070(4)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.08\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 11.760(3)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 90\text{ K}$
$c = 18.221(3)\text{ \AA}$	$0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.07\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer with an Oxford Cryosystems Cryostream cooler 43147 measured reflections	3781 independent reflections 2158 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.081$
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#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.081$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.235$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.86\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.03$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.31\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3781 reflections	
235 parameters	
4 restraints	

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1–H1N $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.82 (2)	2.12 (2)	2.909 (4)	162 (4)
N2–H2N $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.81 (2)	2.28 (2)	3.034 (4)	153 (4)
N3–H3N $\cdots$ O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86 (2)	2.15 (2)	2.941 (4)	154 (4)
N4–H4N $\cdots$ O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.81 (2)	2.12 (2)	2.889 (4)	160 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 2000); cell refinement: *DENZO/SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor 1997); data reduction: *DENZO/SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR97* (Altomare *et al.*, 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

This work was supported by the National Institutes of Health, Division of National Center for Research Resources, under grant No. G12RR013459. The purchase of the diffractometer was made possible by grant No. LEQSF (1999–2000)-ENH-TR-13, administered by the Louisiana Board of Regents. This research was also sponsored by the Division of Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences, Office of Basic Energy Sciences, US Department of Energy, under contract with Oak Ridge National Laboratory (MAH), and National Science Foundation under grant No. CHE-0821357.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI5033).

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## **supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, o656-o657 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536810005866 ]

### **3,3'-Di-*tert*-butyl-1,1'-[1,3-phenylenebis(methylene)]diurea**

**M. A. Saeed, F. R. Fronczek and M. A. Hossain**

#### **Comment**

Because of the ability of urea functional groups to form hydrogen bonds with an anion, urea-based compounds are known as effective hosts for a variety of anions (Brooks *et al.*, 2008; Carr *et al.*, 1998; Chauhan *et al.*, 2008; Hiscock *et al.*, 2009; Lorenzo *et al.*, 2009; Tejeda *et al.*, 2000) as well as neutral species (Kyne *et al.*, 2001) and are often used for colorimetric detection for a specific anion in solution (Ghosh *et al.*, 2007; Pérez-Casas *et al.*, 2008). For example, simple acyclic ligands with mono-functional urea or thiourea groups are known to form 1:1 complexes with carboxylates, halides and phosphate in DMSO (Gomez *et al.*, 2005). Encapsulation of sulfate anion was also structurally identified within the cavity formed by two tren-based urea ligands (Jose *et al.*, 2007). In an effort to design multifunctional anion receptors (Hossain, 2008), we synthesized a urea-based compound containing two urea units, that can be useful in anion binding.

Single crystal X-ray analysis reveals that the bis-urea cleft crystallized in an orthorhombic space group without the involvement of solvent molecules. As illustrated in Fig. 1, the carbonyl groups of the two urea fragments are oriented in opposite directions. The methylene groups connected to the aromatic units are almost co-planar with the NH groups, as indicated by C13—N3—C14—N4 and C7—N1—C8—N2 torsion angles of -164.8 (3) and 177.6 (3) $^{\circ}$ , respectively. The NH groups are oriented almost perpendicular to the aromatic plane.

There are no intramolecular hydrogen bonding in the molecule, however, each C=O group forms two hydrogen bonds with two adjacent NH fragments resulting in the formation of centrosymmetric dimers with N···O distances of 2.889 (4) Å and 2.941 (4) Å (Fig. 2 and Table 1). Each dimer is then connected with four adjacent dimers forming a sheet parallel to the (100) (Fig. 3). Similar intermolecular bonding was previously reported for a mono-functional urea-based compound (Lo & Ng, 2008).

#### **Experimental**

To a solution of *m*-xylylenediamine (0.10 g, 1.0 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (20 ml) was added two equivalents of *tert*-butyl isocyanate (0.20 g, 2.0 mmol) and the mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The white precipitate formed was separated by filtration, washed by diethyl ether, and dried under vacuum. Yield 40%. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, TMS):  $\delta$  7.25–7.12 (ArH, m, 4H), 4.84(CH<sub>2</sub>NH, t, J = 5 Hz, 2H), 4.64 (CNH, s, 2H), 4.21 (ArCH<sub>2</sub>, d, J = 5 Hz, 4H), 1.30 (CCH<sub>3</sub>, s, 18H). A small portion of the sample was re-dissolved in CHCl<sub>3</sub>, and crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were grown by slow evaporation of the solvent at room temperature.

#### **Refinement**

N-bound H atoms were located in a difference map and their coordinates were refined with a N–H distance restraint of 0.81 (1) Å. C-bound H atoms were placed in idealized positions [C–H = 0.95–0.99 Å] and thereafter treated as riding.

## supplementary materials

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$U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$  values were assigned as 1.2 times  $U_{\text{eq}}$  of the attached atom (1.5 for methyl). A torsional parameter was refined for each methyl group. The highest residual peak is located 1.50 Å from O2.

### Figures

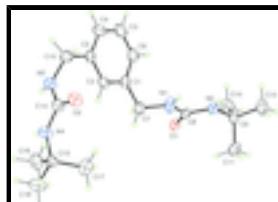


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

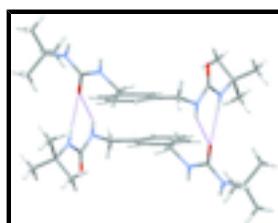


Fig. 2. A view of the centrosymmetric dimer. Colour code: O, red; N, blue; C, deep gray; and H, light gray.

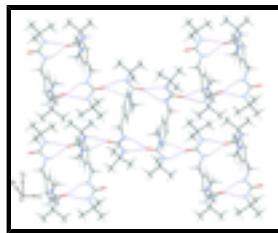


Fig. 3. Packing diagram of the title compound viewed along  $a$  axis.

### 3,3'-Di-*tert*-butyl-1,1'-[1,3-phenylenebis(methylene)]diurea

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$	$F(000) = 1456$
$M_r = 334.46$	$D_x = 1.147 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, $Pbca$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab	Cell parameters from 4187 reflections
$a = 18.070 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.5\text{--}26.0^\circ$
$b = 11.760 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 18.221 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 90 \text{ K}$
$V = 3872.0 (15) \text{ \AA}^3$	Plate, colourless
$Z = 8$	$0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.07 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD	
diffractometer with an Oxford Cryosystems Cryo-stream cooler	2158 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.081$
graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.8^\circ$
$\omega$ and $\varphi$ scans	$h = -22 \rightarrow 22$

43147 measured reflections  
3781 independent reflections

$k = -14 \rightarrow 14$   
 $l = -22 \rightarrow 22$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.081$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.235$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.03$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1146P)^2 + 3.4665P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3781 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
235 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.86 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
4 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.34787 (13)	0.2316 (2)	0.50086 (12)	0.0278 (6)
O2	0.60321 (15)	0.6965 (2)	0.74637 (13)	0.0341 (7)
N1	0.41055 (18)	0.2793 (3)	0.60384 (16)	0.0374 (9)
H1N	0.414 (2)	0.267 (4)	0.6479 (11)	0.045*
N2	0.32387 (16)	0.1387 (3)	0.60835 (15)	0.0252 (7)
H2N	0.333 (2)	0.138 (3)	0.6520 (11)	0.030*
N3	0.66516 (18)	0.6521 (3)	0.64143 (16)	0.0302 (8)
H3N	0.664 (2)	0.664 (3)	0.5948 (11)	0.036*
N4	0.58391 (18)	0.8006 (3)	0.64105 (15)	0.0306 (8)
H4N	0.593 (2)	0.798 (3)	0.5976 (11)	0.037*
C1	0.5353 (2)	0.3564 (3)	0.59313 (18)	0.0265 (8)
C2	0.5746 (2)	0.4512 (3)	0.61638 (18)	0.0284 (9)
H2	0.5515	0.5237	0.6160	0.034*
C3	0.6492 (2)	0.4409 (3)	0.64085 (18)	0.0260 (8)
C4	0.6807 (2)	0.3341 (3)	0.6401 (2)	0.0359 (10)

## supplementary materials

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H4	0.7304	0.3254	0.6562	0.043*
C5	0.6429 (3)	0.2405 (4)	0.6169 (2)	0.0472 (12)
H5	0.6661	0.1680	0.6165	0.057*
C6	0.5719 (2)	0.2520 (4)	0.5945 (2)	0.0399 (10)
H6	0.5459	0.1860	0.5790	0.048*
C7	0.4566 (2)	0.3648 (3)	0.5684 (2)	0.0362 (10)
H7A	0.4372	0.4414	0.5801	0.043*
H7B	0.4542	0.3545	0.5146	0.043*
C8	0.35958 (18)	0.2172 (3)	0.56722 (17)	0.0221 (8)
C9	0.2612 (2)	0.0693 (3)	0.58226 (18)	0.0303 (9)
C10	0.2850 (2)	-0.0051 (4)	0.5169 (2)	0.0393 (10)
H10A	0.2983	0.0437	0.4753	0.059*
H10B	0.2440	-0.0551	0.5027	0.059*
H10C	0.3278	-0.0513	0.5310	0.059*
C11	0.1961 (2)	0.1455 (4)	0.5611 (2)	0.0376 (10)
H11A	0.1792	0.1876	0.6044	0.056*
H11B	0.1556	0.0986	0.5423	0.056*
H11C	0.2119	0.1993	0.5231	0.056*
C12	0.2391 (3)	-0.0088 (4)	0.6458 (2)	0.0457 (12)
H12A	0.2818	-0.0548	0.6606	0.069*
H12B	0.1988	-0.0590	0.6300	0.069*
H12C	0.2225	0.0374	0.6875	0.069*
C13	0.6909 (2)	0.5427 (3)	0.6683 (2)	0.0333 (10)
H13A	0.6883	0.5433	0.7225	0.040*
H13B	0.7435	0.5339	0.6545	0.040*
C14	0.6158 (2)	0.7160 (3)	0.68049 (18)	0.0272 (8)
C15	0.5256 (2)	0.8778 (3)	0.66675 (18)	0.0259 (8)
C16	0.5559 (2)	0.9634 (3)	0.7207 (2)	0.0362 (10)
H16A	0.5762	0.9234	0.7634	0.054*
H16B	0.5161	1.0143	0.7366	0.054*
H16C	0.5951	1.0079	0.6972	0.054*
C17	0.4608 (2)	0.8133 (4)	0.6996 (2)	0.0417 (11)
H17A	0.4416	0.7590	0.6635	0.063*
H17B	0.4216	0.8671	0.7131	0.063*
H17C	0.4773	0.7723	0.7435	0.063*
C18	0.4988 (3)	0.9395 (4)	0.5971 (2)	0.0434 (11)
H18A	0.5408	0.9771	0.5733	0.065*
H18B	0.4616	0.9966	0.6105	0.065*
H18C	0.4768	0.8843	0.5632	0.065*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0263 (14)	0.0416 (16)	0.0156 (13)	-0.0042 (12)	0.0019 (10)	0.0011 (10)
O2	0.0435 (17)	0.0359 (16)	0.0228 (14)	0.0026 (13)	-0.0013 (11)	0.0004 (11)
N1	0.038 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.0201 (16)	-0.0192 (18)	-0.0036 (14)	0.0074 (15)
N2	0.0255 (17)	0.0353 (18)	0.0147 (14)	-0.0036 (14)	-0.0021 (12)	0.0024 (13)
N3	0.0365 (19)	0.0284 (18)	0.0256 (16)	0.0014 (16)	0.0007 (14)	0.0007 (13)

N4	0.042 (2)	0.0358 (19)	0.0139 (14)	0.0110 (16)	0.0045 (14)	0.0045 (13)
C1	0.028 (2)	0.030 (2)	0.0214 (18)	-0.0013 (18)	0.0065 (15)	-0.0001 (15)
C2	0.035 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.0223 (18)	0.0022 (18)	0.0057 (16)	0.0035 (15)
C3	0.028 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.0221 (18)	-0.0024 (17)	0.0082 (15)	0.0018 (15)
C4	0.039 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.011 (2)	0.0043 (18)	0.0051 (17)
C5	0.054 (3)	0.028 (2)	0.059 (3)	0.009 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.008 (2)
C6	0.044 (3)	0.034 (2)	0.042 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.0023 (19)
C7	0.034 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.036 (2)	-0.012 (2)	-0.0053 (18)	0.0105 (18)
C8	0.0182 (18)	0.030 (2)	0.0179 (18)	0.0015 (16)	0.0030 (14)	-0.0008 (14)
C9	0.028 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.0263 (19)	-0.0075 (18)	-0.0020 (16)	0.0036 (16)
C10	0.043 (3)	0.034 (2)	0.040 (2)	-0.005 (2)	-0.0047 (19)	-0.0060 (19)
C11	0.026 (2)	0.050 (3)	0.037 (2)	-0.005 (2)	-0.0007 (17)	-0.0004 (19)
C12	0.046 (3)	0.054 (3)	0.037 (2)	-0.021 (2)	-0.004 (2)	0.010 (2)
C13	0.032 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.030 (2)	0.0033 (19)	-0.0038 (17)	0.0035 (17)
C14	0.031 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.0233 (19)	0.0032 (18)	0.0027 (16)	-0.0022 (16)
C15	0.029 (2)	0.026 (2)	0.0231 (18)	0.0052 (17)	0.0016 (15)	0.0005 (15)
C16	0.046 (3)	0.031 (2)	0.032 (2)	-0.004 (2)	0.0063 (18)	-0.0001 (16)
C17	0.040 (3)	0.047 (3)	0.038 (2)	-0.008 (2)	0.0044 (19)	-0.0069 (19)
C18	0.055 (3)	0.043 (3)	0.033 (2)	0.018 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.0009 (18)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O1—C8	1.239 (4)	C7—H7B	0.99
O2—C14	1.243 (4)	C9—C11	1.527 (5)
N1—C8	1.352 (5)	C9—C12	1.530 (5)
N1—C7	1.455 (5)	C9—C10	1.539 (5)
N1—H1N	0.819 (18)	C10—H10A	0.98
N2—C8	1.353 (4)	C10—H10B	0.98
N2—C9	1.475 (5)	C10—H10C	0.98
N2—H2N	0.813 (18)	C11—H11A	0.98
N3—C14	1.367 (5)	C11—H11B	0.98
N3—C13	1.452 (5)	C11—H11C	0.98
N3—H3N	0.860 (18)	C12—H12A	0.98
N4—C14	1.355 (5)	C12—H12B	0.98
N4—C15	1.468 (5)	C12—H12C	0.98
N4—H4N	0.809 (18)	C13—H13A	0.99
C1—C2	1.388 (5)	C13—H13B	0.99
C1—C6	1.395 (5)	C15—C16	1.510 (5)
C1—C7	1.495 (5)	C15—C17	1.518 (5)
C2—C3	1.426 (5)	C15—C18	1.540 (5)
C2—H2	0.95	C16—H16A	0.98
C3—C4	1.380 (5)	C16—H16B	0.98
C3—C13	1.499 (5)	C16—H16C	0.98
C4—C5	1.362 (6)	C17—H17A	0.98
C4—H4	0.95	C17—H17B	0.98
C5—C6	1.352 (6)	C17—H17C	0.98
C5—H5	0.95	C18—H18A	0.98
C6—H6	0.95	C18—H18B	0.98
C7—H7A	0.99	C18—H18C	0.98

## supplementary materials

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C8—N1—C7	122.9 (3)	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
C8—N1—H1N	117 (3)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C7—N1—H1N	120 (3)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C8—N2—C9	124.4 (3)	C9—C11—H11A	109.5
C8—N2—H2N	117 (3)	C9—C11—H11B	109.5
C9—N2—H2N	118 (3)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C14—N3—C13	121.4 (3)	C9—C11—H11C	109.5
C14—N3—H3N	114 (3)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C13—N3—H3N	119 (3)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C14—N4—C15	126.2 (3)	C9—C12—H12A	109.5
C14—N4—H4N	114 (3)	C9—C12—H12B	109.5
C15—N4—H4N	119 (3)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C2—C1—C6	117.3 (4)	C9—C12—H12C	109.5
C2—C1—C7	121.7 (3)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C1—C7	121.0 (4)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C1—C2—C3	120.8 (3)	N3—C13—C3	115.7 (3)
C1—C2—H2	119.6	N3—C13—H13A	108.3
C3—C2—H2	119.6	C3—C13—H13A	108.3
C4—C3—C2	117.7 (4)	N3—C13—H13B	108.3
C4—C3—C13	121.5 (4)	C3—C13—H13B	108.3
C2—C3—C13	120.8 (3)	H13A—C13—H13B	107.4
C5—C4—C3	122.1 (4)	O2—C14—N4	124.7 (3)
C5—C4—H4	119.0	O2—C14—N3	121.4 (3)
C3—C4—H4	119.0	N4—C14—N3	113.9 (3)
C6—C5—C4	119.3 (4)	N4—C15—C16	111.0 (3)
C6—C5—H5	120.3	N4—C15—C17	111.8 (3)
C4—C5—H5	120.3	C16—C15—C17	110.9 (3)
C5—C6—C1	122.9 (4)	N4—C15—C18	104.7 (3)
C5—C6—H6	118.6	C16—C15—C18	109.7 (3)
C1—C6—H6	118.6	C17—C15—C18	108.6 (3)
N1—C7—C1	111.4 (3)	C15—C16—H16A	109.5
N1—C7—H7A	109.3	C15—C16—H16B	109.5
C1—C7—H7A	109.3	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
N1—C7—H7B	109.3	C15—C16—H16C	109.5
C1—C7—H7B	109.3	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
H7A—C7—H7B	108.0	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
O1—C8—N1	121.6 (3)	C15—C17—H17A	109.5
O1—C8—N2	123.5 (3)	C15—C17—H17B	109.5
N1—C8—N2	114.8 (3)	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
N2—C9—C11	110.3 (3)	C15—C17—H17C	109.5
N2—C9—C12	106.8 (3)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
C11—C9—C12	110.0 (3)	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
N2—C9—C10	110.4 (3)	C15—C18—H18A	109.5
C11—C9—C10	110.7 (3)	C15—C18—H18B	109.5
C12—C9—C10	108.5 (3)	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
C9—C10—H10A	109.5	C15—C18—H18C	109.5
C9—C10—H10B	109.5	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
H10A—C10—H10B	109.5	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.3 (5)	C9—N2—C8—O1	-7.1 (5)

C7—C1—C2—C3	179.0 (3)	C9—N2—C8—N1	173.7 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.4 (5)	C8—N2—C9—C11	-61.4 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C13	-178.0 (3)	C8—N2—C9—C12	179.0 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.1 (5)	C8—N2—C9—C10	61.2 (4)
C13—C3—C4—C5	178.4 (4)	C14—N3—C13—C3	94.4 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.6 (6)	C4—C3—C13—N3	157.3 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.7 (6)	C2—C3—C13—N3	-24.4 (5)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.3 (5)	C15—N4—C14—O2	-4.9 (6)
C7—C1—C6—C5	-179.5 (4)	C15—N4—C14—N3	175.7 (3)
C8—N1—C7—C1	-136.1 (4)	C13—N3—C14—O2	15.8 (6)
C2—C1—C7—N1	-131.0 (4)	C13—N3—C14—N4	-164.8 (3)
C6—C1—C7—N1	48.2 (5)	C14—N4—C15—C16	72.8 (5)
C7—N1—C8—O1	-1.7 (6)	C14—N4—C15—C17	-51.5 (5)
C7—N1—C8—N2	177.6 (3)	C14—N4—C15—C18	-168.9 (4)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N1—H1N···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.82 (2)	2.12 (2)	2.909 (4)	162 (4)
N2—H2N···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.81 (2)	2.28 (2)	3.034 (4)	153 (4)
N3—H3N···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86 (2)	2.15 (2)	2.941 (4)	154 (4)
N4—H4N···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.81 (2)	2.12 (2)	2.889 (4)	160 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ .

## supplementary materials

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Fig. 1

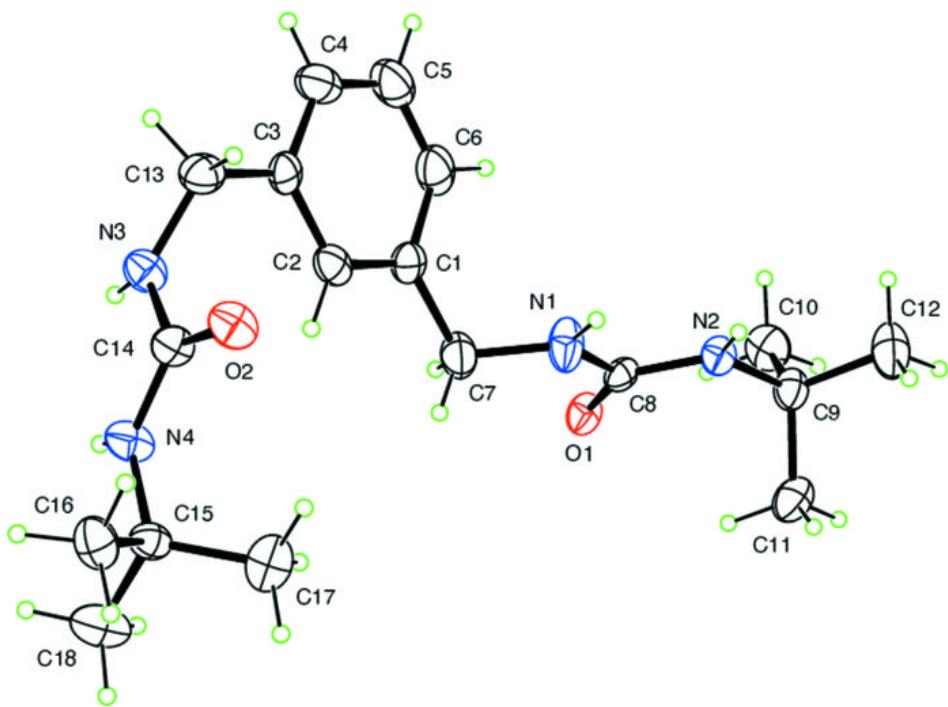
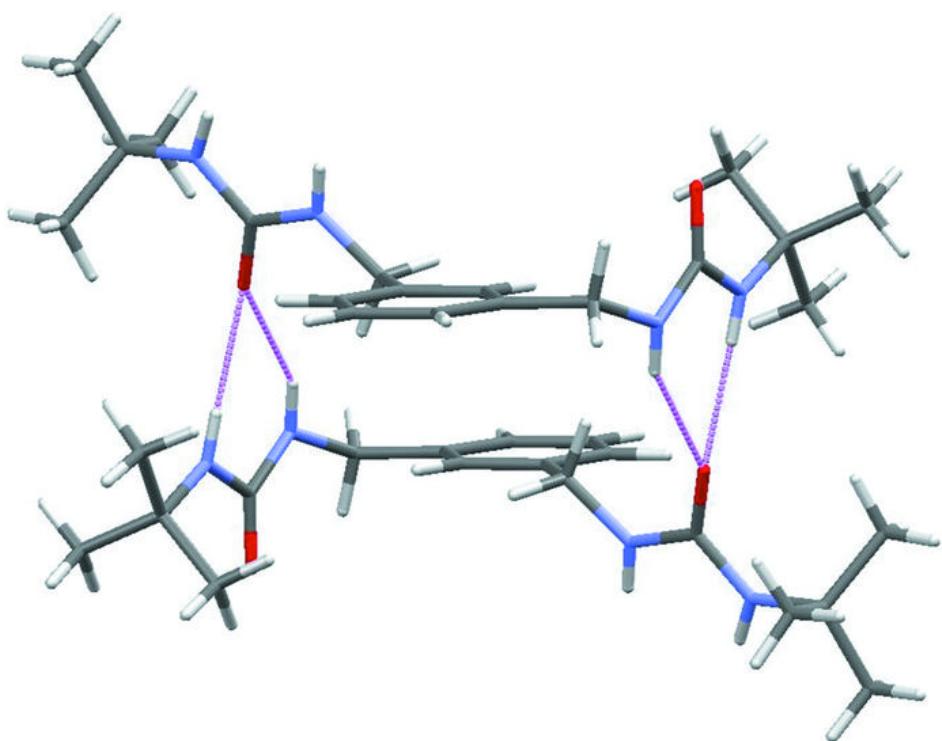


Fig. 2



## **supplementary materials**

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**Fig. 3**

