REPLY TO LETTER

Reply to comment on: Dietary yeasts reduce inflammation in central nervous system via microflora

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doi: 10.1002/acn3.258

Dear Editor

We thank Perricone et al. for their interest in and comments on our manuscript. Diet, intestinal microflora, and metabolites produced by this microflora are important because they exert positive effects on human health through intestinal immunity. Several bacteria and their components exert positive effects against experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE); however, limited information is available on the effects of yeasts such as Saccharomyces, Candida, and Aspergillus, which are constituents of fermented foods, on EAE.2 Our study is significant because we found that Candida kefyr ameliorated EAE; in addition, our study suggested that not all yeasts exerted the same effect on immunity, as mentioned by Perricone et al. Furthermore, the effects of C. kefyr seem to be some immune-mediated diseases specifically depending on the underlying pathology.

Anti-Saccharomyces cerevisiae antibodies (ASCAs) are interesting molecules. High levels of ASCAs in patients with Crohn's disease suggest that this yeast contributes to intestinal immunity.³ ASCAs are also found in patients with some autoimmune diseases of the central nervous system (CNS). Levels of ASCAs are significantly higher in AQP4-seropositive patients with neuromyelitis optica than in healthy controls.⁴ Thus, it seems likely that *S. cerevisiae* affects the autoimmune diseases of the CNS. In our study, oral administration of *C. kefyr* reduced the proportion of *Bacteroides* and microbiome transfer from *C. kefyr*-treated mice reduced the proportion of *Bacteroides* and ameliorated EAE and dextran sulfate

sodium-induced colitis. However, oral administration of *S. cerevisiae* did not reduce the proportion of *Bacteroides* or clinical severities in both animal models.² These results suggested that modification of microbiome by *C. kefyr* reduced inflammation.

Because many kinds of yeasts reside in intestine and each yeast may exert different effects on human health, further studies should be performed to determine the exact roles of these yeast, as pointed out by Perricone et al.

Conflict of Interest

K. T., T. O., M. K., T. K., J. H., S. S., T. S., H. M., and Y. N. have nothing to declare. T. T., M. T., and K. H. are relevant persons of Kyorin Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.

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