

Reinvestigation of trilithium divanadium(III) tris(orthophosphate), $\text{Li}_3\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$, based on single-crystal X-ray data

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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 290$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{V}-\text{O}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.024; wR factor = 0.062; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.2.

The structure of $\text{Li}_3\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$ has been reinvestigated from single-crystal X-ray data. Although the results of the previous studies (all based on powder diffraction data) are comparable with our redetermination, all atoms were refined with anisotropic displacement parameters in the current study, and the resulting bond lengths are more accurate than those determined from powder diffraction data. The title compound adopts the $\text{Li}_3\text{Fe}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$ structure type. The structure is composed of VO_6 octahedra and PO_4 tetrahedra by sharing O atoms to form the three-dimensional anionic framework $\infty^3[\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3]^{3-}$. The positions of the Li^+ ions in the empty channels can vary depending on the synthetic conditions. Bond-valence-sum calculations showed structures that are similar to the results of the present study seem to be more stable compared with others. The classical charge balance of the title compound can be represented as $[\text{Li}^+]_3[\text{V}^{3+}]_2[\text{P}^{5+}]_3[\text{O}^{2-}]_{12}$.

Related literature

For the isotypic $\text{Li}_3\text{Fe}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$ structure, see: Patoux *et al.* (2003). Structural studies of $\text{Li}_3\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$ based on powder diffraction data have been reported previously by Yin *et al.* (2003); Patoux *et al.* (2003); Kuo *et al.* (2008); Yang *et al.* (2010); Fu *et al.* (2010). For ionic radii, see: Shannon (1976). For bond-valence calculations, see: Adams (2001). For the Inorganic Crystal Structure Database, see: ICSD (2012).

Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{Li}_3\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$	$c = 14.7465$ (7) Å
$M_r = 407.61$	$\beta = 125.204$ (3)°
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	$V = 893.39$ (7) Å ³
$a = 8.6201$ (4) Å	$Z = 4$
$b = 8.6013$ (4) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 2.70$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 290$ K

 $0.08 \times 0.04 \times 0.04$ mm

Data collection

 Rigaku R-Axis RAPID
 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
 $T_{\min} = 0.741$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

 8328 measured reflections
 2031 independent reflections
 1772 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.062$
 $S = 1.08$
 2031 reflections

 181 parameters
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.58$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.49$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Li1—O4	1.930 (6)	V2—O12 ⁱⁱⁱ	1.9099 (19)
Li1—O5	1.940 (6)	V2—O6	1.9810 (18)
Li1—O3 ⁱ	2.094 (6)	V2—O4	2.0012 (18)
Li1—O10 ⁱⁱ	2.215 (6)	V2—O11	2.0316 (18)
Li2—O3	1.968 (6)	V2—O10 ⁱⁱ	2.0343 (19)
Li2—O1	1.974 (6)	V2—O9 ⁱⁱ	2.0618 (18)
Li2—O7	2.004 (6)	P1—O2 ^{iv}	1.5199 (19)
Li2—O9	2.153 (7)	P1—O4 ^v	1.5297 (19)
Li3—O6	1.944 (5)	P1—O1	1.5310 (19)
Li3—O10	1.946 (5)	P1—O6	1.5400 (18)
Li3—O11	1.994 (5)	P2—O8 ^{vi}	1.492 (2)
Li3—O9	2.014 (6)	P2—O9	1.5419 (19)
V1—O2	1.9040 (19)	P2—O7	1.5458 (18)
V1—O8	1.954 (2)	P2—O10 ⁱⁱ	1.5497 (19)
V1—O1 ⁱ	2.0163 (19)	P3—O12	1.5101 (19)
V1—O7	2.0168 (18)	P3—O11	1.5343 (19)
V1—O5	2.0450 (18)	P3—O5 ^{vii}	1.5454 (19)
V1—O3 ⁱ	2.1172 (18)	P3—O3 ⁱⁱ	1.5506 (18)

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (iv) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (v) $-x, -y + 1, -z$; (vi) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (vii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 2006); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *RAPID-AUTO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WM2716).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, i11–i12 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813001499]

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Comment

Trilithium divanadium(III) tris(orthophosphate), $\text{Li}_3\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$, has been investigated as a cathode material of secondary batteries (Yin *et al.*, 2003) and its structure has been reported based on powder diffraction data (Yin *et al.*, 2003; Patoux *et al.*, 2003; Kuo *et al.*, 2008; Yang *et al.*, 2010; Fu *et al.*, 2010). In an attempt to prepare new mixed-metal phosphates using LiCl as a flux, we were able to isolate crystals of $\text{Li}_3\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$, and report here the results of the structure analysis based on single-crystal X-ray diffraction data.

The title compound adopts the $\text{Li}_3\text{Fe}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$ structure type. The general structural features of this compound are the same as reported previously (Patoux *et al.*, 2003; Fu *et al.*, 2010). However, as would be expected, the bond lengths found here from single-crystal diffraction data are more accurate than those reported previously from powder diffraction data. For example, the V—O distances (Table 1) reported by Kuo *et al.* (2008) range from 1.846 (3) to 2.258 (4) Å compared with 1.904 (2)–2.117 (2) Å here. Figure 1 shows the local coordination environment of the V and P atoms. In the structure, VO_6 octahedra are joined to PO_4 tetrahedra forming a $[\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3]$ unit. These units share a terminal oxygen atom to construct the anionic three-dimensional framework, ${}^\infty[\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3]^{3-}$ (Fig. 2). The V—O distances are in good agreement with those calculated from their ionic radii (1.99 Å, Shannon, 1976), assuming a valence of +III for V.

The Li^+ ions in the empty channels are surrounded by four O atoms in distorted tetrahedral coordination sites. There are three crystallographically independent Li sites for this phase. It has been reported that the positions of the Li atoms can vary depending on the synthetic conditions while those of the V, P, and O atoms comprising the rigid framework remain intact (Yang *et al.*, 2010). The Li positions found from the present single-crystal study are consistent with those reported by Patoux *et al.* (2003) and of a sample treated with microwave radiation at 1123 K for 3 min by Yang *et al.* (2010). According to bond valence sum calculations (Adams, 2001) for the various structure determinations, our study gives the lowest global instability index, $G_{ii} = 0.027$. The G_{ii} values of structures with Li positions similar to ours are likewise relatively low (*i.e.* 0.079; Yang *et al.*, 2010), while those with Li positions considerably different as those from the present structures are much higher (*i.e.* 0.175; Yin *et al.*, 2003).

The classical charge balance of the title compound can be represented as $[\text{Li}^+]_3[\text{V}^{3+}]_2[\text{P}^{5+}]_3[\text{O}^{2-}]_{12}$.

Experimental

The title compound, $\text{Li}_3\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$, was prepared by the reaction of the elements with the use of the reactive halide-flux technique. A combination of the pure elements, Nb powder (Alfa Aesar 99.8%), V powder (STREM CHEMICALS 99.5%) and P powder (CERAC 99.5%) were mixed in a fused silica tube in a molar ratio of Nb:V:P = 1:1:3 and then LiCl (Sigma-Aldrich 99%) was added. The mass ratio of the reactants and the halide was 1:5. The tube was evacuated to 0.133 Pa, sealed, and heated gradually (150 K/h) to 1123 K, where it was kept for 12 h. The tube was cooled to room temperature at a rate of 3 K/h. The excess halide was removed with water and colourless block-shaped crystals were

obtained. The crystals are stable in air and water. A qualitative X-ray fluorescence analysis of selected crystal indicated the presence of V, P, and O. The composition of the compound was determined by single-crystal X-ray diffraction.

Refinement

Although all the previous structural studies of $\text{Li}_3\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$ have been performed in space group settings $P\langle i \rangle 112_1/n\langle i \rangle$ or $P\langle i \rangle 12_1/n\langle i \rangle 1$ of space group no. 14, we have chosen the standard setting, $P\langle i \rangle 12_1/c\langle i \rangle 1$, for this and future studies. For the comparison between the different settings in this and the previous studies, the fractional coordinates transformed to the standard setting for the various entries in the ICSD (2012) can be used. The highest peak ($0.58 \text{ e}/\text{\AA}^{-3}$) and the deepest hole ($-0.49 \text{ e}/\text{\AA}^{-3}$) are 0.68 \AA and 0.77 \AA from the atom O12 and P1, respectively.

Computing details

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 2006); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 2006); data reduction: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 2006); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012).

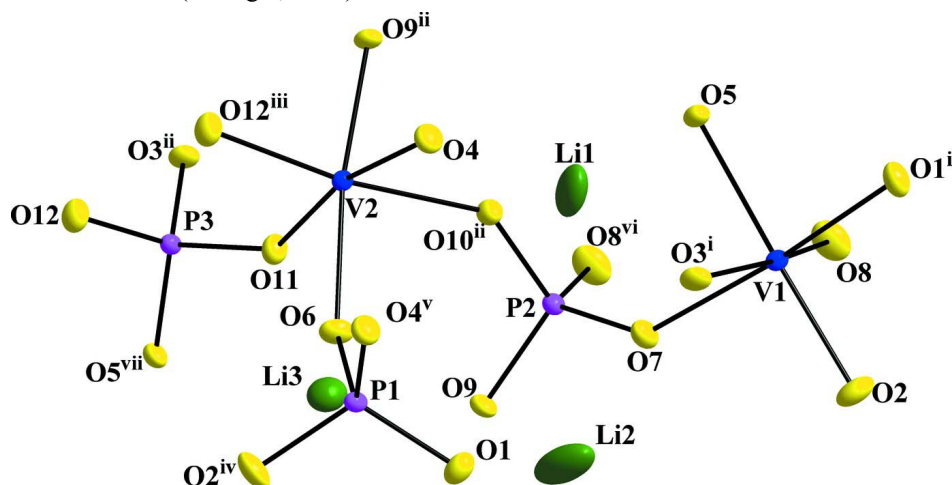
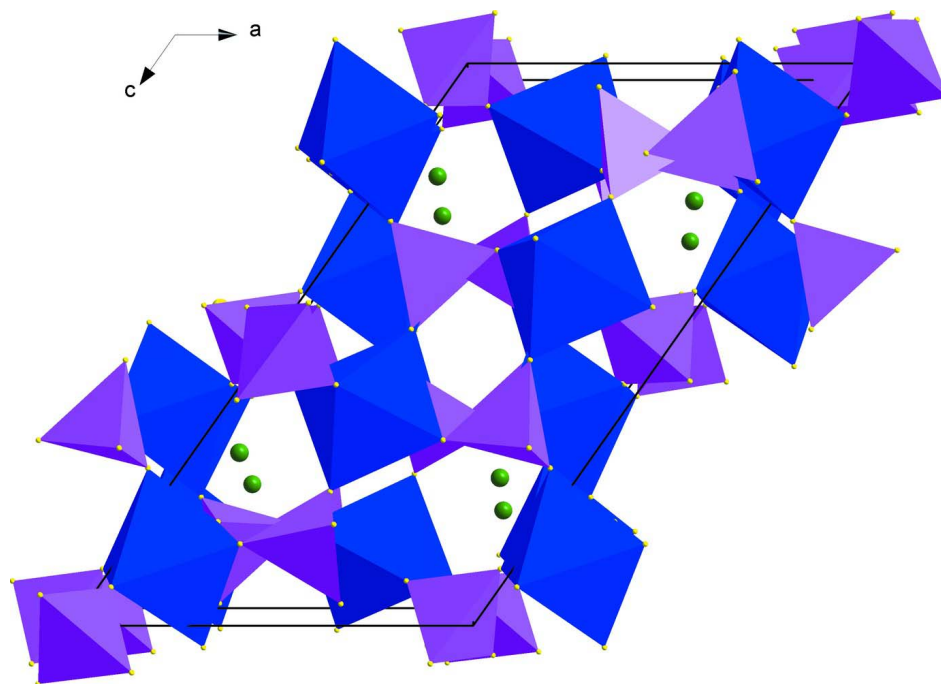


Figure 1

A view showing the local coordination environments of the V and P atoms with the atom labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Symmetry codes are as given in Table 1.

**Figure 2**

View of $\text{Li}_3\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$ down the b axis. VO_6 octahedra are shown in blue and PO_4 tetrahedra are shown in pink.

Trilithium divanadium(III) tris(orthophosphate)

Crystal data

$\text{Li}_3\text{V}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3$

$M_r = 407.61$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 8.6201(4) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 8.6013(4) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 14.7465(7) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 125.204(3)^\circ$

$V = 893.39(7) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 784$

$D_x = 3.03 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 5732 reflections

$\theta = 3.4\text{--}27.6^\circ$

$\mu = 2.70 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 290 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

$0.08 \times 0.04 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku R-Axis RAPID

diffractometer

Graphite monochromator

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*ABSCOR*; Higashi, 1995)

$T_{\min} = 0.741$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

8328 measured reflections

2031 independent reflections

1772 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.4^\circ$

$h = -11 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -10 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$

$wR(F^2) = 0.062$

$S = 1.08$

2031 reflections

181 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier

map

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0223P)^2 + 1.8904P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.58 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.49 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Li1	0.1133 (8)	0.5883 (7)	0.1934 (4)	0.0266 (12)
Li2	0.1891 (9)	0.1919 (7)	0.2599 (5)	0.0356 (15)
Li3	0.4730 (7)	0.2213 (6)	0.1767 (4)	0.0186 (10)
V1	0.13814 (6)	0.52846 (5)	0.38977 (4)	0.00672 (11)
V2	0.36217 (6)	0.53898 (5)	0.11037 (3)	0.00643 (11)
P1	0.04417 (9)	0.25109 (7)	0.00782 (5)	0.00655 (14)
P2	0.45782 (9)	0.39759 (8)	0.35181 (5)	0.00672 (14)
P3	0.75192 (9)	0.38467 (7)	0.14738 (5)	0.00638 (14)
O1	0.0267 (3)	0.1788 (2)	0.09643 (16)	0.0126 (4)
O2	0.0361 (3)	0.3649 (2)	0.42742 (16)	0.0150 (4)
O3	0.0850 (2)	0.0021 (2)	0.28038 (15)	0.0102 (4)
O4	0.1152 (3)	0.6330 (2)	0.06577 (16)	0.0111 (4)
O5	0.1785 (3)	0.7151 (2)	0.31962 (15)	0.0109 (4)
O6	0.2392 (2)	0.3319 (2)	0.07040 (16)	0.0112 (4)
O7	0.2789 (3)	0.3861 (2)	0.35185 (16)	0.0125 (4)
O8	0.3675 (3)	0.5514 (2)	0.54043 (16)	0.0171 (4)
O9	0.4764 (3)	0.2357 (2)	0.31413 (15)	0.0099 (4)
O10	0.5906 (3)	0.0200 (2)	0.23807 (15)	0.0116 (4)
O11	0.5994 (3)	0.4098 (2)	0.16881 (15)	0.0110 (4)
O12	0.6748 (3)	0.4125 (2)	0.02723 (15)	0.0128 (4)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Li1	0.030 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.017 (3)	-0.008 (3)	0.017 (2)	-0.005 (2)
Li2	0.042 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.022 (3)	-0.020 (3)	0.010 (3)	-0.001 (2)
Li3	0.018 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.021 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.011 (2)	0.004 (2)
V1	0.0067 (2)	0.0061 (2)	0.0080 (2)	-0.00005 (16)	0.00464 (17)	0.00055 (15)
V2	0.0069 (2)	0.0060 (2)	0.0073 (2)	-0.00006 (15)	0.00458 (17)	0.00017 (15)
P1	0.0062 (3)	0.0055 (3)	0.0086 (3)	0.0001 (2)	0.0046 (2)	0.0000 (2)
P2	0.0066 (3)	0.0062 (3)	0.0073 (3)	0.0005 (2)	0.0040 (2)	-0.0001 (2)
P3	0.0063 (3)	0.0058 (3)	0.0078 (3)	-0.0002 (2)	0.0046 (2)	-0.0005 (2)
O1	0.0118 (9)	0.0150 (9)	0.0122 (9)	-0.0020 (7)	0.0076 (8)	0.0018 (8)

O2	0.0147 (9)	0.0146 (10)	0.0143 (10)	-0.0023 (8)	0.0076 (8)	0.0053 (8)
O3	0.0106 (8)	0.0081 (8)	0.0093 (9)	0.0027 (7)	0.0042 (7)	0.0009 (7)
O4	0.0104 (8)	0.0107 (9)	0.0133 (9)	0.0034 (7)	0.0074 (8)	0.0015 (7)
O5	0.0163 (9)	0.0075 (9)	0.0119 (9)	-0.0022 (7)	0.0099 (8)	-0.0003 (7)
O6	0.0081 (8)	0.0088 (9)	0.0140 (10)	-0.0015 (7)	0.0048 (8)	-0.0002 (7)
O7	0.0128 (9)	0.0105 (9)	0.0191 (10)	-0.0010 (7)	0.0120 (8)	-0.0031 (8)
O8	0.0094 (9)	0.0205 (10)	0.0131 (10)	-0.0009 (8)	0.0016 (8)	-0.0051 (8)
O9	0.0133 (9)	0.0062 (8)	0.0106 (9)	0.0022 (7)	0.0071 (7)	0.0002 (7)
O10	0.0173 (9)	0.0088 (9)	0.0110 (9)	-0.0016 (7)	0.0096 (8)	-0.0016 (7)
O11	0.0109 (8)	0.0124 (9)	0.0119 (9)	0.0027 (7)	0.0078 (8)	0.0020 (7)
O12	0.0136 (9)	0.0155 (9)	0.0100 (9)	0.0013 (8)	0.0072 (8)	0.0014 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Li1—O4	1.930 (6)	V2—O12 ^{iv}	1.9099 (19)
Li1—O5	1.940 (6)	V2—O6	1.9810 (18)
Li1—O3 ⁱ	2.094 (6)	V2—O4	2.0012 (18)
Li1—O10 ⁱⁱ	2.215 (6)	V2—O11	2.0316 (18)
Li1—O7	2.584 (6)	V2—O10 ⁱⁱ	2.0343 (19)
Li2—O3	1.968 (6)	V2—O9 ⁱⁱ	2.0618 (18)
Li2—O1	1.974 (6)	V2—Li3 ⁱⁱ	3.032 (5)
Li2—O7	2.004 (6)	P1—O2 ^v	1.5199 (19)
Li2—O9	2.153 (7)	P1—O4 ^{vi}	1.5297 (19)
Li2—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.678 (7)	P1—O1	1.5310 (19)
Li3—O6	1.944 (5)	P1—O6	1.5400 (18)
Li3—O10	1.946 (5)	P2—O8 ^{vii}	1.492 (2)
Li3—O11	1.994 (5)	P2—O9	1.5419 (19)
Li3—O9	2.014 (6)	P2—O7	1.5458 (18)
V1—O2	1.9040 (19)	P2—O10 ⁱⁱ	1.5497 (19)
V1—O8	1.954 (2)	P3—O12	1.5101 (19)
V1—O1 ⁱ	2.0163 (19)	P3—O11	1.5343 (19)
V1—O7	2.0168 (18)	P3—O5 ^{viii}	1.5454 (19)
V1—O5	2.0450 (18)	P3—O3 ⁱⁱ	1.5506 (18)
V1—O3 ⁱ	2.1172 (18)		
O4—Li1—O5	131.6 (3)	O2 ^v —P1—O1	114.61 (12)
O4—Li1—O3 ⁱ	135.8 (3)	O4 ^{vi} —P1—O1	112.35 (11)
O5—Li1—O3 ⁱ	80.6 (2)	O2 ^v —P1—O6	107.88 (11)
O4—Li1—O10 ⁱⁱ	80.9 (2)	O4 ^{vi} —P1—O6	110.77 (10)
O5—Li1—O10 ⁱⁱ	95.2 (2)	O1—P1—O6	106.40 (11)
O3 ⁱ —Li1—O10 ⁱⁱ	132.1 (3)	O8 ^{vii} —P2—O9	113.49 (11)
O4—Li1—O7	134.8 (3)	O8 ^{vii} —P2—O7	114.38 (12)
O5—Li1—O7	78.88 (19)	O9—P2—O7	104.68 (10)
O3 ⁱ —Li1—O7	71.26 (18)	O8 ^{vii} —P2—O10 ⁱⁱ	108.68 (12)
O10 ⁱⁱ —Li1—O7	61.21 (16)	O9—P2—O10 ⁱⁱ	109.75 (10)
O3—Li2—O1	94.3 (3)	O7—P2—O10 ⁱⁱ	105.50 (11)
O3—Li2—O7	128.3 (4)	O12—P3—O11	111.68 (11)
O1—Li2—O7	126.8 (3)	O12—P3—O5 ^{viii}	110.34 (11)
O3—Li2—O9	128.1 (3)	O11—P3—O5 ^{viii}	106.92 (10)
O1—Li2—O9	108.5 (3)	O12—P3—O3 ⁱⁱ	108.32 (11)

O7—Li2—O9	71.9 (2)	O11—P3—O3 ⁱⁱ	108.17 (11)
O3—Li2—P2	146.7 (3)	O5 ^{viii} —P3—O3 ⁱⁱ	111.42 (10)
O1—Li2—P2	117.9 (3)	P1—O1—Li2	132.1 (2)
O7—Li2—P2	36.57 (11)	P1—O1—V1 ⁱⁱⁱ	140.21 (12)
O9—Li2—P2	36.48 (10)	Li2—O1—V1 ⁱⁱⁱ	87.60 (18)
O3—Li2—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	66.43 (19)	P1 ^{ix} —O2—V1	153.03 (13)
O1—Li2—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	69.03 (19)	P3 ^{viii} —O3—Li2	109.4 (2)
O7—Li2—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	97.6 (3)	P3 ^{viii} —O3—Li1 ⁱⁱⁱ	128.10 (19)
O9—Li2—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	165.3 (3)	Li2—O3—Li1 ⁱⁱⁱ	103.1 (3)
P2—Li2—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	130.8 (3)	P3 ^{viii} —O3—V1 ⁱⁱⁱ	136.75 (11)
O6—Li3—O10	146.1 (3)	Li2—O3—V1 ⁱⁱⁱ	84.99 (19)
O6—Li3—O11	84.4 (2)	Li1 ⁱⁱⁱ —O3—V1 ⁱⁱⁱ	84.27 (16)
O10—Li3—O11	126.5 (3)	P1 ^{vi} —O4—Li1	108.2 (2)
O6—Li3—O9	100.9 (2)	P1 ^{vi} —O4—V2	147.84 (12)
O10—Li3—O9	83.4 (2)	Li1—O4—V2	101.8 (2)
O11—Li3—O9	108.5 (3)	P3 ⁱⁱ —O5—Li1	132.7 (2)
O2—V1—O8	94.48 (9)	P3 ⁱⁱ —O5—V1	136.88 (11)
O2—V1—O1 ⁱ	88.48 (8)	Li1—O5—V1	90.28 (19)
O8—V1—O1 ⁱ	97.50 (8)	P3 ⁱⁱ —O5—Li2 ⁱ	110.77 (16)
O2—V1—O7	94.88 (8)	Li1—O5—Li2 ⁱ	85.6 (2)
O8—V1—O7	90.02 (8)	V1—O5—Li2 ⁱ	70.11 (15)
O1 ⁱ —V1—O7	171.50 (8)	P1—O6—Li3	121.90 (18)
O2—V1—O5	165.80 (8)	P1—O6—V2	142.76 (11)
O8—V1—O5	98.04 (8)	Li3—O6—V2	94.12 (17)
O1 ⁱ —V1—O5	83.28 (8)	P2—O7—Li2	92.9 (2)
O7—V1—O5	91.80 (8)	P2—O7—V1	136.13 (12)
O2—V1—O3 ⁱ	90.55 (8)	Li2—O7—V1	129.4 (2)
O8—V1—O3 ⁱ	172.14 (8)	P2—O7—Li1	89.28 (15)
O1 ⁱ —V1—O3 ⁱ	88.65 (8)	Li2—O7—Li1	98.8 (2)
O7—V1—O3 ⁱ	83.53 (8)	V1—O7—Li1	74.63 (14)
O5—V1—O3 ⁱ	77.75 (7)	P2 ^{vii} —O8—V1	168.23 (14)
O12 ^{iv} —V2—O6	98.48 (8)	P2—O9—Li3	118.30 (18)
O12 ^{iv} —V2—O4	93.92 (8)	P2—O9—V2 ^{viii}	136.43 (11)
O6—V2—O4	88.86 (8)	Li3—O9—V2 ^{viii}	96.15 (16)
O12 ^{iv} —V2—O11	94.63 (8)	P2—O9—Li2	87.4 (2)
O6—V2—O11	82.50 (8)	Li3—O9—Li2	105.6 (2)
O4—V2—O11	168.64 (8)	V2 ^{viii} —O9—Li2	109.31 (19)
O12 ^{iv} —V2—O10 ⁱⁱ	171.87 (8)	P2 ^{viii} —O10—Li3	113.29 (19)
O6—V2—O10 ⁱⁱ	89.34 (8)	P2 ^{viii} —O10—V2 ^{viii}	141.17 (12)
O4—V2—O10 ⁱⁱ	83.96 (8)	Li3—O10—V2 ^{viii}	99.23 (17)
O11—V2—O10 ⁱⁱ	88.56 (8)	P2 ^{viii} —O10—Li1 ^{viii}	103.99 (17)
O12 ^{iv} —V2—O9 ⁱⁱ	92.40 (8)	Li3—O10—Li1 ^{viii}	97.5 (2)
O6—V2—O9 ⁱⁱ	167.76 (8)	V2 ^{viii} —O10—Li1 ^{viii}	91.67 (15)
O4—V2—O9 ⁱⁱ	96.01 (8)	P3—O11—Li3	117.36 (18)
O11—V2—O9 ⁱⁱ	91.09 (7)	P3—O11—V2	139.65 (12)
O10 ⁱⁱ —V2—O9 ⁱⁱ	80.05 (7)	Li3—O11—V2	91.10 (16)
O2 ^v —P1—O4 ^{vi}	104.81 (11)	P3—O12—V2 ^{iv}	166.44 (13)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (iii) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (iv) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (v) $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$; (vi) $-x, -y+1, -z$; (vii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (viii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (ix) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.