

Characterization of the novel *HLA-DQA1*01:89* allele by sequencing-based typing

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*HLA-DQA1*01:89* differs from *HLA-DQA1*01:01:01:01* by one nucleotide substitution in codon –5 in exon 1.

KEYWORDS

HLA, *HLA-DQA1*01:89*, novel allele, sequencing-based typing

We report here a novel *HLA-DQA1*01* allele, now named *DQA1*01:89* that carries one nucleotide substitution in exon 1 when compared with the *DQA1*01:01:01:01* allele, identified in a patient awaiting kidney transplantation. The HLA typing was performed using Next Generation Sequencing (AllType NGS, One Lambda, Canoga Park, CA) on the Ion S5 system platform (ThermoFisher Scientific, Waltham, MA),¹ from exons 1 to 4. The reads were analyzed using the TypeStream Visual Software version 2.1 (One Lambda). This donor was found to have a new *DQA1*01* allele and was consequently typed *A*01:01, 02:01; C*02:02, 12:02; B*27:05, 52:01; DRB1*01:01, 15:02P; DRB5*01:02; DQA1*01:03, 01:89; DQB1*05:01P, 06:01; DPA1*01:03, 01:03; DPB1*04:01, 04:01*. Using the IPD-IMGT/HLA Database,² nucleotide sequence alignment with *HLA-DQA1* alleles shows that this new allele has one nucleotide change from *DQA1*01:01:01:01* in codon –5 in

exon 1, where C → A, resulting in a coding change (AGC → AGA, Serine → Arginine, Figure 1). This nucleotide change was confirmed by performing the typing twice in two different laboratories. We were confident in the phasing as the sample displayed a mean read length of 337 base pairs over all the loci, the mismatched A base was attributed 280 times to the new *HLA-DQA1*01*. The nucleotide sequence of the exons 1 to 4 of the new allele has been submitted to the GenBank database (Accession No. ON135541) and to the IPD-IMGT/HLA Database (Submission No. HWS10061018). The name *DQA1*01:89* has been officially assigned by the WHO Nomenclature Committee for Factors of the HLA System in April 2022. This follows the agreed policy that, subject to the conditions stated in the most recent Nomenclature Report,³ names will be assigned to new sequences as they are identified. Lists of such new names will be published in the following WHO Nomenclature Report.

AA Codon		-20		-15		-10		-5		1															
<i>DQA1*01:01:01:01</i>	ATG	ATC	CTA	AAC	AAA	GCT	CTG	CTG	CTG	GGG	GCC	CTC	GCT	CTG	ACC	ACC	GTG	ATG	AGC	CCC	TGT	GGA	GGT	GAA	GAC
<i>DQA1*01:89</i>	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
AA Codon																									
<i>DQA1*01:01:01:01</i>	ATT	GTG	G																						
<i>DQA1*01:89</i>	---	---	---																						

FIGURE 1 Alignment of the sequence of exon 1 of *HLA-DQA1*01:89* with the sequence of *HLA-DQA1*01:01:01:01*. Dashes indicate nucleotide identity with the *HLA-DQA1*01:01:01:01* allele. Numbers above the sequence indicate codon position

AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS

Marine Cargou and Jonathan Visentin contributed to the design of the study. Marine Cargou and Jonathan Visentin participated in the writing of the paper. Marine Cargou, Marco Andreani, Antonio Giuseppe Bianculli, Gwendaline Guidicelli, and Jonathan Visentin participated in the performance of the research. Marine Cargou, Marco Andreani, Antonio Giuseppe Bianculli, Gwendaline Guidicelli, and Jonathan Visentin participated in data analysis. Marco Andreani, Antonio Giuseppe Bianculli, and Gwendaline Guidicelli were involved in critical revision of the manuscript.

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CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The authors declare no potential conflict of interest.

DATA AVAILABILITY STATEMENT

The data that support the findings of this study are available on request from the corresponding author. The data are not publicly available due to privacy or ethical restrictions. The sequence is freely available in the IPD-IMGT/HLA Database.

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A novel *HLA-DQA1*01* allele, *HLA-DQA1*01:99*, identified by next-generation sequencing

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*DQA1*01:99* differs from *DQA1*01:01* by a missense nucleotide substitution in exon 4.

KEYWORDS

*DQA1*01:99*, HLA novel alleles, next-generation sequencing