Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-(morpholin-4-yl)urea

Yu-Feng Li* and Jin-He Jiang

Microscale Science Institute, Department of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Weifang University, Weifang 261061, People's Republic of China Correspondence e-mail: liyufeng8111@163.com

Received 20 March 2012; accepted 23 March 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; *R* factor = 0.045; *wR* factor = 0.180; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.6.

In the title molecule, $C_{11}H_{14}ClN_3O_2$, the morpholine ring has a chair conformation. In the crystal, pairs of molecules are linked into inversion dimers by $N-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For the medicinal properties of related compounds, see: Yang *et al.* (1997). For a related structure, see: Li (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data $C_{11}H_{14}CIN_{3}O_{2}$ $M_{r} = 255.70$ Monoclinic, $P2_{1}/c$ a = 13.684 (3) A

b = 9.3612 (19) Å c = 9.758 (2) Å $\beta = 94.03 (3)^{\circ}$ $V = 1246.8 (4) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 4Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.30 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer 11894 measured reflections

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$ 154 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.180$ H-atom parameters constrainedS = 1.17 $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 2857 reflections $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$N2-H2A\cdots O2^{i}$	0.86	2.03	2.865 (3)	162
Symmetry code: (i) -	x+3, -y, -z.			

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors would like to thank the Natural Science Foundation of Shandong Province (No. ZR2010BL025).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5438).

References

Bruker (1997). SMART and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.

Li, Y.-F. (2011). Acta Cryst. E67, 01792.

Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

Yang, D., Soulier, J. L., Sicsic, S., Mathe-Allainmat, M., Bremont, B., Croci, T., Cardamone, R., Aureggi, G. & Langlois, M. (1997). J. Med. Chem. 40, 608– 621.

2857 independent reflections

1502 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.19 \text{ mm}$

T = 293 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.043$

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o1219 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812012615]

1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-(morpholin-4-yl)urea

Yu-Feng Li and Jin-He Jiang

Comment

Some compounds which are related to the title compound have been shown to have medicinal properties (Yang *et al.*, 1997). The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig .1. The morpholine ring (C1-C4/O1/N1) has a chair conformation. The bond lengths and angles can be compared to those within a related structure (Li, 2011). In the crystal, pairs of molecules are linked into inversion dimers by N—H···O hydrogen bonds.

Experimental

A mixture of 4-aminomorpholine (0.08 mol), and (4-chlorophenyl)carbamic chloride (0.08 mol) was stirred in refluxing ethanol (18 ml) for 4 h to afford the title compound (0.064 mol, yield 80%). Colourless blocks of the title compound were obtained by recrystallization from ethanol at room temperature.

Refinement

H atoms were fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on their attached atoms, with C—H distances = 0.93–0.97 Å; N— H = 0.86 Å and with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C,N)$.

Computing details

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker 1997); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).



Figure 1

The structure of the title compound showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-(morpholin-4-yl)urea

Crystal data

C₁₁H₁₄ClN₃O₂ $M_r = 255.70$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 13.684 (3) Å b = 9.3612 (19) Å c = 9.758 (2) Å $\beta = 94.03$ (3)° V = 1246.8 (4) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD	1502 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
diffractometer	$R_{\rm int} = 0.043$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^{\circ}$
Graphite monochromator	$h = -17 \rightarrow 17$
φ and ω scans	$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
11894 measured reflections	$l = -12 \rightarrow 12$
2857 independent reflections	

F(000) = 536

 $\theta = 3.0 - 27.5^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 0.30 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Block, colorless

 $0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.19 \text{ mm}$

T = 293 K

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.362 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1502 reflections

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.180$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.17	H-atom parameters constrained
2857 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.085P)^2 + 0.0207P]$
154 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.20 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.29$ e Å ⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Cl1	0.92775 (5)	0.08842 (12)	0.30739 (8)	0.0988 (4)	
O2	1.39233 (12)	0.0438 (2)	0.09026 (16)	0.0612 (5)	
C6	1.18312 (16)	0.0784 (3)	0.0412 (2)	0.0493 (6)	
N3	1.25450 (14)	0.0646 (2)	-0.0549 (2)	0.0561 (5)	
H3A	1.2345	0.0708	-0.1403	0.067*	

N1	1.35490 (13)	0.0024 (2)	-0.26930 (19)	0.0535 (5)
01	1.35069 (15)	-0.0687 (2)	-0.55127 (17)	0.0697 (5)
N2	1.40369 (14)	0.0221 (3)	-0.1380 (2)	0.0656 (6)
H2A	1.4667	0.0212	-0.1292	0.079*
C5	1.35207 (17)	0.0425 (3)	-0.0260 (2)	0.0504 (6)
C8	1.1131 (2)	0.0212 (3)	0.2519 (3)	0.0674 (7)
H8A	1.1185	-0.0217	0.3381	0.081*
C11	1.09794 (16)	0.1525 (3)	-0.0004(3)	0.0592 (6)
H11A	1.0931	0.1986	-0.0850	0.071*
C9	1.02870 (18)	0.0905 (3)	0.2072 (3)	0.0644 (7)
C10	1.02095 (18)	0.1582 (3)	0.0826 (3)	0.0672 (7)
H10A	0.9641	0.2076	0.0543	0.081*
C7	1.19009 (18)	0.0152 (3)	0.1684 (2)	0.0608 (7)
H7A	1.2474	-0.0321	0.1986	0.073*
C3	1.3409 (2)	0.0735 (3)	-0.5071 (3)	0.0734 (8)
H3B	1.2720	0.0954	-0.5020	0.088*
H3C	1.3669	0.1373	-0.5739	0.088*
C4	1.3938 (2)	0.0989 (3)	-0.3690 (3)	0.0666 (7)
H4A	1.4634	0.0822	-0.3741	0.080*
H4B	1.3847	0.1972	-0.3409	0.080*
C2	1.3146 (2)	-0.1633 (3)	-0.4542 (2)	0.0763 (8)
H2B	1.3226	-0.2609	-0.4849	0.092*
H2C	1.2451	-0.1462	-0.4478	0.092*
C1	1.3671 (2)	-0.1449 (3)	-0.3145 (3)	0.0709 (8)
H1A	1.3404	-0.2101	-0.2496	0.085*
H1B	1.4362	-0.1662	-0.3191	0.085*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0664 (5)	0.1530 (10)	0.0797 (6)	-0.0135 (5)	0.0244 (4)	-0.0336 (5)
O2	0.0541 (9)	0.0801 (13)	0.0483 (10)	0.0043 (8)	-0.0044 (8)	-0.0082 (8)
C6	0.0484 (12)	0.0545 (15)	0.0446 (12)	0.0017 (10)	0.0000 (10)	-0.0067 (10)
N3	0.0462 (10)	0.0747 (15)	0.0468 (11)	0.0059 (9)	-0.0007 (8)	-0.0015 (9)
N1	0.0532 (11)	0.0632 (14)	0.0438 (10)	0.0018 (9)	0.0020 (9)	-0.0021 (9)
01	0.0918 (13)	0.0737 (13)	0.0449 (9)	0.0106 (10)	0.0143 (9)	0.0027 (9)
N2	0.0474 (11)	0.0996 (19)	0.0493 (11)	0.0054 (11)	-0.0004 (9)	-0.0114 (11)
C5	0.0500 (12)	0.0519 (15)	0.0488 (13)	0.0021 (10)	0.0005 (10)	-0.0025 (10)
C8	0.0644 (15)	0.090 (2)	0.0474 (13)	-0.0009 (15)	0.0025 (12)	-0.0051 (13)
C11	0.0540 (13)	0.0626 (17)	0.0605 (14)	0.0053 (12)	0.0002 (11)	0.0021 (13)
C9	0.0565 (14)	0.080 (2)	0.0576 (15)	-0.0081 (13)	0.0085 (12)	-0.0203 (14)
C10	0.0518 (13)	0.073 (2)	0.0767 (18)	0.0061 (13)	0.0022 (13)	-0.0102 (15)
C7	0.0557 (13)	0.0742 (19)	0.0519 (14)	0.0092 (13)	0.0002 (11)	-0.0006 (13)
C3	0.093 (2)	0.069 (2)	0.0590 (16)	0.0070 (16)	0.0062 (14)	0.0129 (14)
C4	0.0748 (17)	0.0613 (18)	0.0641 (16)	-0.0030 (13)	0.0083 (13)	0.0052 (13)
C2	0.111 (2)	0.0663 (19)	0.0530 (15)	-0.0077 (17)	0.0139 (15)	-0.0052 (13)
C1	0.103 (2)	0.0593 (17)	0.0501 (13)	0.0035 (16)	0.0059 (14)	0.0055 (12)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C9	1.748 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9300
O2—C5	1.226 (3)	C11—C10	1.374 (3)
C6—C7	1.373 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9300
C6C11	1.392 (3)	C9—C10	1.369 (4)
C6—N3	1.407 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9300
N3—C5	1.361 (3)	C7—H7A	0.9300
N3—H3A	0.8600	C3—C4	1.503 (4)
N1—N2	1.414 (3)	С3—Н3В	0.9700
N1—C4	1.456 (3)	С3—Н3С	0.9700
N1-C1	1.461 (3)	C4—H4A	0.9700
O1—C3	1.409 (4)	C4—H4B	0.9700
O1—C2	1.411 (3)	C2—C1	1.505 (4)
N2—C5	1.356 (3)	C2—H2B	0.9700
N2—H2A	0.8600	C2—H2C	0.9700
C8—C9	1.369 (4)	C1—H1A	0.9700
C8—C7	1.377 (4)	C1—H1B	0.9700
C7—C6—C11	118.8 (2)	C6—C7—C8	120.7 (2)
C7—C6—N3	123.8 (2)	C6—C7—H7A	119.7
C11—C6—N3	117.3 (2)	C8—C7—H7A	119.7
C5—N3—C6	126.35 (19)	O1—C3—C4	112.0 (2)
C5—N3—H3A	116.8	O1—C3—H3B	109.2
C6—N3—H3A	116.8	C4—C3—H3B	109.2
N2—N1—C4	110.6 (2)	O1—C3—H3C	109.2
N2—N1—C1	109.9 (2)	C4—C3—H3C	109.2
C4—N1—C1	109.2 (2)	НЗВ—СЗ—НЗС	107.9
C3—O1—C2	110.0 (2)	N1—C4—C3	109.0 (2)
C5—N2—N1	120.60 (19)	N1—C4—H4A	109.9
C5—N2—H2A	119.7	C3—C4—H4A	109.9
N1—N2—H2A	119.7	N1—C4—H4B	109.9
O2—C5—N2	121.4 (2)	C3—C4—H4B	109.9
O2—C5—N3	124.1 (2)	H4A—C4—H4B	108.3
N2	114.4 (2)	O1—C2—C1	111.6 (2)
C9—C8—C7	119.6 (3)	O1—C2—H2B	109.3
С9—С8—Н8А	120.2	C1—C2—H2B	109.3
С7—С8—Н8А	120.2	O1—C2—H2C	109.3
C10—C11—C6	120.6 (2)	C1—C2—H2C	109.3
C10-C11-H11A	119.7	H2B—C2—H2C	108.0
C6—C11—H11A	119.7	N1—C1—C2	108.9 (2)
C8—C9—C10	120.9 (2)	N1—C1—H1A	109.9
C8—C9—C11	119.9 (2)	C2—C1—H1A	109.9
C10—C9—Cl1	119.1 (2)	N1—C1—H1B	109.9
C9-C10-C11	119.4 (2)	C2—C1—H1B	109.9
C9—C10—H10A	120.3	H1A—C1—H1B	108.3
C11—C10—H10A	120.3		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N2— $H2A$ ···O2 ⁱ	0.86	2.03	2.865 (3)	162

Symmetry code: (i) -x+3, -y, -z.