

Corrigendum

Corrigendum to “The Alliance of Mesenchymal Stem Cells, Bone, and Diabetes”

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In the article titled “The Alliance of Mesenchymal Stem Cells, Bone, and Diabetes” [1], there was an error regarding the FRAX® tool, which should be clarified as follows:

The article notes: “Even the FRAX (fractures risk assessment tool), an algorithm adopted by the WHO to assess the risk of fractures, does not seem useful in T2D patients [186].” However, the World Health Organization (WHO) did not develop, test, or endorse the FRAX tool or its recommendations [2]. The metabolic bone disease unit at the University of Sheffield that developed FRAX was a WHO Collaborating Centre from 1991 to 2010, but treatment guidelines must undergo a formal process before they can be endorsed by the WHO.

References

- [1] N. Napoli, R. Strollo, A. Paladini, S. I. Briganti, P. Pozzilli, and S. Epstein, “The alliance of mesenchymal stem cells, bone, and diabetes,” *International Journal of Endocrinology*, vol. 2014, Article ID 690783, p. 26, 2014.
- [2] N. Ford, S. L. Norris, and S. R. Hill, “Clarifying WHO’s position on the FRAX® tool for fracture prediction,” *Bulletin of the World Health Organization*, vol. 94, no. 12, p. 862, 2016.