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6-Chloro-2H-1,4-benzoxazin-3(4H)-one

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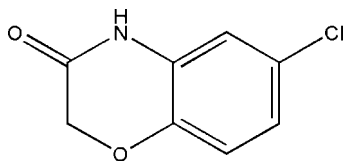
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 273$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.038; wR factor = 0.088; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.1.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_8\text{H}_6\text{ClNO}_2$, the conformation of the six-membered heterocyclic ring is close to screw boat and the molecules are linked *via* intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds along the b axis.

Related literature

For biological activities of 1,4-benzoxazin-3(4H)-one derivatives, see: Huang *et al.* (2005); Macchiarulo *et al.* (2002). For a related structure, see: Pang *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_8\text{H}_6\text{ClNO}_2$ $M_r = 183.59$ Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$ $a = 4.5359$ (6) Å $b = 7.700$ (1) Å $c = 21.281$ (3) Å $V = 743.28$ (17) Å³ $Z = 4$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.46$ mm⁻¹ $T = 273$ (2) K $0.12 \times 0.10 \times 0.06$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Bruker, 2002)

 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.878$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.973$

3857 measured reflections

1314 independent reflections

1143 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.047$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$ $wR(F^2) = 0.088$ $S = 1.07$

1314 reflections

109 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.16$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.21$ e Å⁻³

Absolute structure: Flack (1983),

500 Friedel pairs

Flack parameter: 0.06 (11)

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.86	2.00	2.844 (3)	166

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 3, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker 2002); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker 2002); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: XP in SHELXTL (Sheldrick 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WN2285).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o2369 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808035599]

6-Chloro-2*H*-1,4-benzoxazin-3(4*H*)-one

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Comment

Benzo[1,4]oxazin-3(4*H*)-one derivatives are one of the important classes of heterocyclic compounds and have been shown to exhibit a wide range of biological activities such as herbicidal (Huang *et al.*, 2005) and antifungal (Macchiarulo *et al.*, 2002). We report here the crystal structure of 6-chloro-2*H*-benzo[*b*][1,4]oxazin-3(4*H*)-one.

The molecular structure is illustrated in Fig. 1. The conformation of the six-membered heterocyclic ring is close to screw boat, with atoms C1 and C2 out of the plane of the remaining four atoms by 0.301 (5) and 0.635 (5) Å, respectively. In a related compound containing the benzo[1,4]oxazin-3(4*H*)-one system (Pang *et al.*, 2006), the heterocyclic ring also adopts a screw boat conformation. The molecules are connected *via* N - H ... O hydrogen bonding into chains along the *b* axis.

Experimental

To a 25 ml round-bottomed flask equipped with a reflux condenser were added 2-chloro-*N*-(5-chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)acetamide (2.19 g, 10 mmol), potassium carbonate (2.76 g, 20 mmol) and anhydrous DMF (20 ml). The resulting mixture was heated under reflux for 90 min. After this time, the reaction mixture was poured into 80 g of water, and stirred for 15 min. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 20 ml). The ethyl acetate extract was washed with saturated brine (10 ml). After drying over Na₂SO₄, the solvent was removed under vacuum and a colourless solid was obtained in 80% yield (1.46 g). Suitable crystals were grown by evaporation of a CH₂Cl₂ solution at room temperature for 4 d.

Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically (N - H = 0.86 Å, aromatic C - H = 0.93 Å, methylene C - H = 0.97 Å) and refined using a riding model; $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$.

Figures

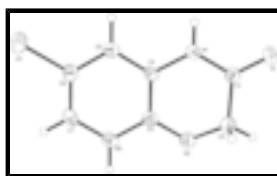


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radius.

6-Chloro-2*H*-1,4-benzoxazin-3(4*H*)-one

Crystal data

C₈H₆ClNO₂

$D_x = 1.641 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

supplementary materials

$M_r = 183.59$

Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$

$a = 4.5359$ (6) Å

$b = 7.700$ (1) Å

$c = 21.281$ (3) Å

$V = 743.28$ (17) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F_{000} = 376$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1287 reflections

$\theta = 3.3$ – 24.4°

$\mu = 0.46$ mm⁻¹

$T = 273$ (2) K

Plate, colourless

$0.12 \times 0.10 \times 0.06$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

$T = 273$ (2) K

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2002)

$T_{\min} = 0.878$, $T_{\max} = 0.973$

3857 measured reflections

1314 independent reflections

1143 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.047$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$

$\theta_{\min} = 1.9^\circ$

$h = -5 \rightarrow 4$

$k = -8 \rightarrow 9$

$l = -25 \rightarrow 23$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$

$wR(F^2) = 0.088$

$S = 1.07$

1314 reflections

109 parameters

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct
methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring
sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0401P)^2]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.16$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.20$ e Å⁻³

Extinction correction: none

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 500 Friedel pairs

Flack parameter: 0.06 (11)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -

factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.59509 (18)	0.16633 (10)	0.92672 (4)	0.0538 (3)
O1	1.5486 (5)	0.7552 (2)	0.74891 (10)	0.0488 (6)
O2	1.1177 (4)	0.8424 (2)	0.88354 (9)	0.0466 (6)
N1	1.2830 (5)	0.5732 (3)	0.80882 (10)	0.0347 (6)
H1	1.3651	0.4842	0.7918	0.042*
C1	1.3640 (6)	0.7302 (3)	0.79030 (14)	0.0350 (7)
C2	1.2111 (7)	0.8777 (3)	0.82142 (15)	0.0448 (8)
H2A	1.3430	0.9768	0.8222	0.054*
H2B	1.0404	0.9094	0.7965	0.054*
C3	0.9870 (6)	0.6859 (3)	0.89160 (13)	0.0346 (7)
C4	1.0683 (6)	0.5467 (3)	0.85521 (12)	0.0295 (6)
C5	0.9496 (6)	0.3866 (3)	0.86535 (13)	0.0339 (6)
H5	1.0043	0.2924	0.8406	0.041*
C6	0.7466 (6)	0.3675 (3)	0.91299 (13)	0.0369 (7)
C7	0.6661 (6)	0.5045 (4)	0.94990 (13)	0.0408 (7)
H7	0.5317	0.4889	0.9824	0.049*
C8	0.7839 (6)	0.6642 (4)	0.93876 (13)	0.0402 (7)
H8	0.7267	0.7586	0.9631	0.048*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0588 (5)	0.0489 (4)	0.0537 (5)	-0.0086 (4)	0.0042 (4)	0.0129 (4)
O1	0.0582 (14)	0.0464 (11)	0.0420 (13)	-0.0049 (10)	0.0170 (12)	0.0038 (9)
O2	0.0600 (14)	0.0389 (10)	0.0410 (13)	-0.0064 (12)	0.0119 (11)	-0.0098 (9)
N1	0.0375 (13)	0.0348 (12)	0.0319 (14)	0.0014 (11)	0.0068 (11)	-0.0017 (10)
C1	0.0401 (17)	0.0378 (14)	0.0272 (16)	-0.0022 (13)	-0.0029 (14)	-0.0005 (12)
C2	0.0532 (19)	0.0390 (15)	0.0423 (19)	-0.0032 (14)	0.0061 (16)	0.0019 (14)
C3	0.0362 (16)	0.0372 (14)	0.0305 (16)	-0.0012 (13)	-0.0001 (12)	-0.0028 (12)
C4	0.0291 (14)	0.0372 (14)	0.0221 (14)	0.0016 (13)	0.0002 (13)	-0.0008 (11)
C5	0.0370 (15)	0.0365 (14)	0.0282 (15)	0.0021 (13)	-0.0049 (13)	-0.0006 (11)
C6	0.0357 (15)	0.0424 (15)	0.0327 (17)	-0.0011 (13)	-0.0026 (13)	0.0083 (13)
C7	0.0392 (18)	0.0534 (17)	0.0297 (17)	-0.0007 (15)	0.0057 (13)	0.0011 (15)
C8	0.0425 (16)	0.0464 (15)	0.0315 (17)	0.0058 (16)	0.0041 (13)	-0.0052 (14)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C11—C6	1.720 (3)	C3—C8	1.373 (4)
O1—C1	1.231 (3)	C3—C4	1.373 (4)
O2—C3	1.354 (3)	C4—C5	1.362 (4)
O2—C2	1.414 (4)	C5—C6	1.377 (4)
N1—C1	1.324 (3)	C5—H5	0.9300

supplementary materials

N1—C4	1.402 (3)	C6—C7	1.365 (4)
N1—H1	0.8600	C7—C8	1.362 (4)
C1—C2	1.486 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9700	C8—H8	0.9300
C2—H2B	0.9700		
C3—O2—C2	114.9 (2)	C5—C4—C3	120.7 (3)
C1—N1—C4	122.4 (2)	C5—C4—N1	121.2 (2)
C1—N1—H1	118.8	C3—C4—N1	118.0 (2)
C4—N1—H1	118.8	C4—C5—C6	118.5 (3)
O1—C1—N1	123.0 (3)	C4—C5—H5	120.7
O1—C1—C2	121.1 (2)	C6—C5—H5	120.7
N1—C1—C2	115.8 (3)	C7—C6—C5	121.3 (3)
O2—C2—C1	114.2 (2)	C7—C6—C11	119.4 (2)
O2—C2—H2A	108.7	C5—C6—C11	119.2 (2)
C1—C2—H2A	108.7	C8—C7—C6	119.5 (3)
O2—C2—H2B	108.7	C8—C7—H7	120.2
C1—C2—H2B	108.7	C6—C7—H7	120.2
H2A—C2—H2B	107.6	C7—C8—C3	120.1 (3)
O2—C3—C8	119.7 (2)	C7—C8—H8	120.0
O2—C3—C4	120.4 (2)	C3—C8—H8	120.0
C8—C3—C4	119.8 (3)		
C4—N1—C1—O1	-178.8 (2)	C1—N1—C4—C5	167.7 (3)
C4—N1—C1—C2	-0.5 (4)	C1—N1—C4—C3	-14.2 (4)
C3—O2—C2—C1	-44.4 (3)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (4)
O1—C1—C2—O2	-152.3 (3)	N1—C4—C5—C6	177.9 (2)
N1—C1—C2—O2	29.4 (4)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.5 (4)
C2—O2—C3—C8	-152.6 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C11	-179.8 (2)
C2—O2—C3—C4	31.1 (3)	C5—C6—C7—C8	1.3 (4)
O2—C3—C4—C5	176.3 (3)	C11—C6—C7—C8	-179.4 (2)
C8—C3—C4—C5	0.0 (4)	C6—C7—C8—C3	-1.4 (4)
O2—C3—C4—N1	-1.7 (4)	O2—C3—C8—C7	-175.6 (2)
C8—C3—C4—N1	-178.1 (2)	C4—C3—C8—C7	0.8 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N1—H1...O1 ⁱ	0.86	2.00	2.844 (3)	166

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3, y-1/2, -z+3/2$.

Fig. 1

