Letter to the Editor

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Total Bilirubin Levels
as a Predictor of Suboptimal
Image Quality of the
Hepatobiliary Phase
of Gadoxetic Acid-Enhanced
MRI in Patients with
Extrahepatic Bile Duct
Cancer: Correspondence

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We would like to share ideas on the article titled "Total Bilirubin Level as a Predictor of Suboptimal Image Quality of the Hepatobiliary Phase of Gadoxetic Acid-Enhanced MRI in Patients with Extrahepatic Bile Duct Cancer" [1]. Hwang et al. [1] concluded in their study that "Serum total bilirubin before acquisition of gadoxetic acid-enhanced MRI may help predict suboptimal HBP image quality in patients with EHD cancer". Indeed, the use of gadoxeticacid-enhanced MRI for extrahepatic bile duct cancer imaging investigation is presently used in many settings. In our setting in Southeast Asia, where cholangiocarcinoma is very common, the investigation is still applicable, despite the fact that the patients have very high background bilirubin levels. However, the interpretation requires experienced

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This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution Non-Commercial License (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0) which permits unrestricted non-commercial use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited. radiologists, and it is necessary to evaluate the result based on patient clinical features [2]. We should recognize that gadoxetic acid-enhanced MRI has limitations in the diagnosis of hepatic cancer in this setting. Furthermore, the use of hepatic extracellular contrast-enhanced MR might help increase diagnostic accuracy [3].

Conflicts of Interest

The authors have no potential conflicts of interest to disclose.

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