Supplementary Materials for

Type-II kinase inhibitors that target Parkinson's Disease-associated LRRK2

Nicolai D. Raig et al.

 $* Corresponding \ authors. \ Email: \ \underline{sreckpeterson@health.ucsd.edu} \ and \ \underline{knapp@pharmchem.uni-frankfurt.de}$

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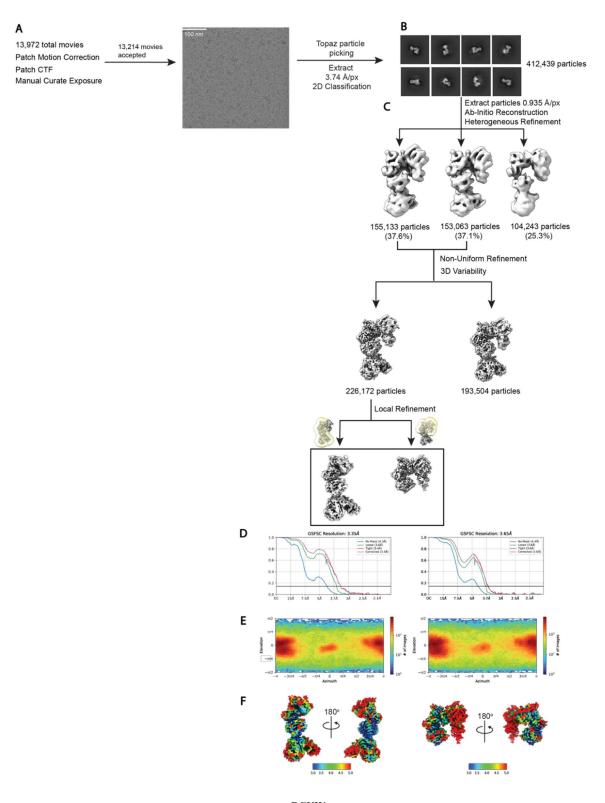


Fig. S1. Cryo-EM workflow for LRRK2^{RCKW}:RN277:E11 DARPin complex dataset. A. Representative micrograph. B. 2D averages for monomer particles dataset. C. Data processing strategy for the dataset. D-E. FSC plots and Euler angle respectively. F. Local resolution maps.

Table S1. 31 Type-II inhibitors screened against LRRK2 $^{\mathrm{KW}}$ via DSF assay.

JI	
Inhibitor	dTm LRRK2(KW)
ALW-II-41-27	-0.5
AMG 900	4.5
Apatinib	-1
AST-487	10
Axitinib	7.5
AZ 628	-0.5
BIRB-796	0
BMS 777607	6.8
Cabozantinib	7.5
Foretinib	11.5
Golvatinib	0.5
GSK2850163A	0.5
Imatinib	0
KI20227	3
Linifanib	5.8
Masitinib	0
MCP-007	-0.5
Motesanib	-0.5
Nilotinib	-2.5
Nintedanib	5
NVP-BHG712	-0.5
OSI-930	0
Pexidartinib	6.8
PF-4618433	11
Quizartinib	3.5
Rabusertinib	4
Regorafinib	5.5
Sorafinib	7.5
Tivozanib (AV-	
951)	11.5
ZM336372	-1
ZM447439	6.5

Table S2. Compound structures, thermal shift data and IC₅₀ values of MLi-2 inspired type II hybrid compounds. The selectivity was calculated as the number of kinases showing a thermal shift greater than 5 K divided by the number of kinases screened.

Comp	pound	H R ¹	ΔTm [K]	IC50 [nM]	S (5K)
47	R ¹ = H	$R^2 = $	3.0	> 15 µM	n.a.
48	R ¹ = H	$R^2 = \bigcap_{i \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{i \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{j \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{j \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{i \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{j \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{i \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{j \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{i \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{j \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{j \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{i \in \mathcal{C}} \bigcap_{j \in C$	1.0	> 15 µM	n.a.
49	R ¹ = H	$R^2 = $	2.0	> 15 µM	n.a.
50	R ¹ = H	$R^2 = \bigcap_{F_3} \bigcap_{F_3$	1.5	> 15 µM	n.a.
51	R ¹ =	$R^2 = F$	1.0	> 15 µM	n.a.
52	R ¹ =	$\frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{H} \int_{0}^{CF_{3}} N R^{2} = H$	10.0	897 ± 120	0.27
53	R ¹ =	$R^2 = H$	d 2.0	> 15 μM	n.a.
54	R ¹ =	$R^2 = H$	d 2.0	> 15 μM	n.a.

Table S3. Cryo-EM data collection, refinement, and validation statistics.

LRRK2 ^{RCKW} :RN277:E1 DARPin Consensus refinement (EMDB-47006) (PDB 9DMI)		LRRK2 ^{RCKW} :RN277:E11 DARPin Focused refinement COR-B-Kinase-WD40 (EMDB-47025)	1LRRK2 ^{RCKW} :RN277:E11 DARPin Focused refinement ROC-COR-A (EMDB-47004)	
Data collection and	l			
processing				
Magnification	130000	130000	130000	
Voltage (kV)	300	300	300	
Electron exposure (e-/Å ²)	e 55	55	55	
Defocus range (µm)	-1.0 to -3.0	-1.0 to -3.0	-1.0 to -3.0	
Pixel size (Å)	0.935	0.935	0.935	
Symmetry imposed	C1	C1	C1	
Initial particle images (no.)	412,439	412,439	412,439	
Final particle images	s 226,172	226,172	226,172	
(no.)	,-,-	,	,-,_	
Map resolution (Å)	3.4	3.35	3.65	
FSC threshold	0.143			
Map resolution	n 3-5	3-5	3-5	
range (Å)				
Refinement				
Initial model used	d 6VP7			
(PDB code) Model resolution	1			
(Å)	ı			
FSC threshold				
Model composition				
Non-hydroger	n 7954			
atoms	1047			
Protein residues	0			
Nucleotide	1			
Ligands				
B factors ($Å^2$)				
Protein	103.35			
Nucleotide				
Ligand	47.77			
R.m.s. deviations				
Bond lengths (Å)	0.007			
Bond angles (°)	0.938			
Validation				
MolProbity score	2.24			

Clashscore	19.70	
Ramachandran plot		
Favored (%)	92.92	
Allowed (%)	6.98	
Disallowed (%)	0.10	

Table S4. Expression constructs used in this study.

Construct	Description	Source/Identifier
pET-28a(+)-Rab8A	Rab8A D6 to K176	RRID: Addgene_228880
pFastBac1- LRRK2 ^{RCKW}	LRRK2 R1327 to E2527	RRID: Addgene_226784
pFastBac1- LRRK2 ^{KW}	LRRK2 R1847 to E2527	RRID: Addgene_228879
pET17b-K560	Human Kinesin residues 1-560 with	Gift from the Vale lab.
	C-terminal GFP	RRID:Addgene 15219
pcDNA5-LRRK2 LRRK2 full-length, untagged		RRID:Addgene_229019
EGFP-Rab8a		RRID: Addgene_49543
pQE30- DARPin E11	N-terminal 8× His tag and a C-terminal 3x-FLAG tag	RRID: Addgene_226784
pNIC28-Bsa4-CLK3 N-terminal 6x His tag and TEV cutting site		RRID: Addgene_38831

Table S5. Data collection and Refinement Statistics CLK3 co-crystal structure.

Data collection	CLK3-RN129
Beamline	X06SA/PXI SLS
Wavelength (Å)	1.00000
Space group	P4 ₁
Cell dimensions	
a, b, c (Å)	74.59, 74.59, 97.04
α, β, γ (°)	90.00, 90.00, 90.00
Resolution (Å)*	48.52-2.70 (2.83-2.70)
unique observations*	14673 (1937)
$R_{meas}*$	0.10 (1.47)
Completeness (%)*	100.0 (100.0)
Multiplicity*	14.0 (14.7)
mean I/σI*	17.4 (2.3)
CC1/2*	0.99 (0.76)
Refinement	
R_{work} / R_{free}	20.4 /26.3
No. of atoms	2643
Rms deviations	
Bond lengths (Å)	0.006
Bond angles (°)	1.355
Ramachandran outlier (%)	0.0
Protein Data Bank entry 9EZ3	

Table S6. NanoBRET constructs listed with corresponding tracer and recommended tracer concentration.

Target	Tracer (tracerD B ID)	Tracer concentration [nM]	PROMEG A plasmid catalog no.	URL
JNK2	K10 (T000008)	130	NV1711	https://www.promega.com/products/cel l-signaling/kinase-target- engagement/nanoluc-mapk9-fusion- vector/?catNum=NV1711
CDKL1	K10 (T000008)	250	NV2881	https://www.promega.com/products/cel l-signaling/kinase-target- engagement/nanoluc-cdkl1-fusion- vector/?catNum=NV2881
STK10	K10 (T000008)	500	NV4261	https://www.promega.com/products/cel l-signaling/kinase-target- engagement/nanoluc-stk10-fusion- vector/?catNum=NV4261
TTK	K9 (T000017	660	NV2191	https://www.promega.com/products/cel l-signaling/kinase-target- engagement/ttk-nanoluc-fusion- vector/?catNum=NV2191
DYRK2	K10 (T000008)	1000	NV3041	https://www.promega.com/products/cel l-signaling/kinase-target- engagement/dyrk2-nanoluc-fusion- vector/?catNum=NV3041
STK17B	K10 (T000008)	1000	NV4271	https://www.promega.com/products/cel l-signaling/kinase-target- engagement/stk17b-nanoluc-fusion- vector/?catNum=NV4271
CLK1	K10 (T000008)	250	NV1131	https://www.promega.com/products/cel l-signaling/kinase-target- engagement/nanoluc-clk1-fusion- vector/?catNum=NV1131
SLK	K10 (T000008)	1000	NV2051	https://www.promega.com/products/cel l-signaling/kinase-target- engagement/nanoluc-slk-fusion- vector/?catNum=NV2051
MAPK1 4	K10 (T000008)	500	NV1661	https://www.promega.com/products/cel l-signaling/kinase-target- engagement/mapk14-nanoluc-fusion- vector/?catNum=NV1661
JNK3	K10 (T000008	250	NV1481	https://www.promega.com/products/cel l-signaling/kinase-target-

				engagement/jnk3-nanoluc-fusion-
				vector/?catNum=NV1481
DDR2	K4	63		https://www.promega.com/products/cel
	(T000037			1-signaling/kinase-target-
)			engagement/ddr2-nanoluc-fusion-
			NV1201	vector/?catNum=NV1201

Data S1. (separate file)

The tabular data of all figures and tables can be found in the excel file $\bf Data~S1$ and at doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.13765594.

Scheme S1: Synthesis of PF-360 and GZD-824 inspired hybrid type II inhibitor 1.^a

^aReagents and conditions: (i) CPh3Cl, NaH, THF, RT, ON; (ii) tBuOK, THF, -20 °C – RT, ON; (iii) [PdCl2(PPh3)2], CuI, DIPEA, DMF, 80 °C, ON; (iv)(a) morpholine, DIPEA, DMF, 120 °C, ON (b) TFA, RT, ON.

Scheme S2: Synthesis of PF-360 and Foretinib inspired hybrid type II inhibitors 2-8.^a

^aReagents and conditions: (i) morpholine, K2CO3, DMF, RT, ON; (ii) SOCl2, TEA, THF, 0 °C - RT, ON; (iii) HATU, DIPEA, DMF, RT, ON; (iv)(a) XPhos Pd Gen. 2, XPhos, K3PO4, dioxane/H2O, 80 °C, 4 h (b) TFA, RT, ON; (v) XPhos Pd Gen. 2, XPhos, K3PO4, dioxane/H2O, 80 °C, 4 h; (vi)(a) PyAOP or HATU, DIPEA, DMF, RT, ON (b) TFA, RT, ON; (vii)(a) n-BuLi, THF, -78 °C, 2 h (b) Fe, NH4Cl, MeOH/H2O, 60 °C, ON.

Synthesis of 2 derived hybrid type II inhibitors 9-27.^a Scheme S3:

Scheme S4: Synthesis of Rebastinib inspired hybrid type II inhibitors 28,29 and 31.^a

^aReagents and conditions: (i) HCl, EtOH/H₂O, reflux, ON; (ii) pyridine, DMAP, DCM, -10 °C, 2 h; (iii) morpholine or 1-boc piperazine, K_2CO_3 , DMF, RT, ON; (iv)(a) XPhos Pd Gen. 2, XPhos, K_3PO_4 , dioxane/water, 80 °C, 4 h (b) TFA, RT, ON (c) acetyl chloride, TEA, DCM/THF, RT, 3 h; (v)(a) DIPEA, DMF or DMSO, 60 °C, ON (b) TFA, RT, ON.

Scheme S5: Synthesis of the type I inhibitors 33 and 34 and the hybrid type II inhibitors 35-37.^a

^aReagents and conditions: (i)(a) NCS, ACN, 70 °C, ON (b) SEM-Cl and NaH, DMF, 0 °C – RT, 2 h; (ii) SEM-Cl and NaH, DMF, 0 °C – RT, 2 h; (iii) dimethyl amine and DIPEA, EtOH, RT, ON; (iv)[(a) NIS, DCM, RT, 5 h] (b) XPhos Pd Gen. 2, Xphos, K3PO4, dioxane, 60 °C, 1 h; (v)(a) TFA, RT, 1 h (b) aq. NH3 25 %, 60 °C, 2 h; (vi) (a) XPhos Pd Gen. 2, XPhos, K3PO4, dioxane/water, 80 °C, 4 h; (vii) DIPEA, DMSO, 60 -70 °C, ON.

Scheme S6: Synthesis of MLi-2 inspired hybrid type II inhibitors 47-54.^a

^aReagents and Conditions: (i) EDC or HATU, DIPEA, DMF, RT, ON; (ii) T3P, pyridine, ACN, RT, 2 h; (iii) XPhos Pd Gen. 2, XPhos, K3PO4, dioxane/H2O 4:1, 80 °C, 4 h; (iv) tBuBrettPhos Pd Gen.3, tBuBrettPhos, K3PO4, toluene/DME, 100 °C, ON; (v) BrettPhos Pd Gen. 4, BrettPhos, Cs2CO3, toluene/tBuOH, 110 °C, ON; (vi)(a) PyAOP, DIPEA, DMF, RT, ON (b) Pd/C, MeOH, RT, ON; (vii) [Pd(PPh3), CuI, DIPEA, DMF, 80 °C, ON (viii) DIPEA, DMSO, 70 °C, 2-16 h.

Synthesis Instructions

Analytic of small molecules

All synthesized compounds were characterized by mass spectrometry (MS) with electron spray ionization (ESI) and ¹H NMR. All inhibitors, which were biologically tested, have been additionally characterized by ¹³C NMR, high resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) and the purity was measured by high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC). The MS spectrograms were recorded with a ThermoFisher Surveyor MSQ or with an Agilent LC/MSD (G6125B). The NMR spectra were measured with a DPX250, an AV400, an AV400HD and an AV500HD from Bruker. The experiments were processed with the deuterated solvents DMSO- d_6 or CDCl₃ and the resulting spectra were referenced on the solvent signals (DMSO-d₆: ¹H-NMR 2.50 ppm, ¹³C NMR 39.52 ppm; CDCl₃: ¹H-NMR 7.26 ppm, ¹³C NMR 77.16 ppm). HRMS was measured on a ThermoScientific MALDI LTQ Orbitrap XL or a Bruker micOTOF QII. The HPLC analysis was performed with an Agilent 1260 Infinity II setup containing a flexible pump (G7104C), a multisampler (G7167A), a column compartment (G7116A), a DAD HS detector (G7117C; 254 nm, 280 nm, 310 nm) and the LC/MSD (G6125B, ESI pos. 100-1000). The Poroshell 120 EC-C18 (Agilent, 3 x 150 mm, 2.7 µm) reversed phase column was used with the eluents 0.1 % formic acid in water (A) and 0.1 % formic acid in acetonitrile (B). Two different gradient methods were used with a flowrate of 0.6 mL/min: Method 1: 0 min, 5 % B - 2 min, 80 % B - 5 min, 95 % B -7 min, 95 % B. Method 2: 0 min, 5 % B - 0.4 min 5 % B - 8 min, 100 % B - 10 min, 100 % B. The UV-detection was performed at 320 nm (150 nm bandwidth).

General synthesis and purification methods

The starting materials, reagents and solvents were purchased from common vendors and have been used without further purification. In all procedures with anhydrous solvents the synthesis was carried out under argon atmosphere. The microwave reactions were performed in a CEM Explorer SP48 microwave. Liquid-liquid extractions were always repeated three times, before the organic layers were combined, dried over MgSO₄, filtrated and concentrated in vacuo. The flash chromatography was conducted with a puriFlash XS420 device with an UV-VIS detector (200-400 nm) from Interchim. The pre-packed columns from Interchim PF-SIHP for normal phase (NP) flash chromatography and the PF-C18HP for reversed phase (RP) flash chromatography, both with a particle size of 30 µm, were used. The NP flash chromatography was performed either with nhexane and ethyl acetate (EA) and a gradient from 100 % n-hexane to 100 % EA or with dichloromethane (DCM) and methanol (MeOH) and a gradient from 100 % DCM to 10 % MeOH. The RP flash chromatography was conducted with acetonitrile (ACN) and water as eluent and a gradient from 95 % water to 100 % acetonitrile. The preparative HPLC was performed with an Agilent 1260 Infinity II setup containing a preparative binary pump (G7161A), an auto sampler (G7157A), a multi wavelength detector (G7165A; 254 nm, 280 nm) and a preparative scale fraction collector (G1364E). The Eclipse XDB-C18 column 120 EC-C18 (Agilent, 21.2 x 250 mm, 7 μm) was used with the eluents 0.1 % trifluoroacetic acid in water (A) and 0.1 % trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile (B). A gradient method was used with a flow-rate of 21.0 mL/min: 0 min, 5 % B - 3 min, 5 % B - 28 min, 98 % B - 30 min, 98 % B.

General Procedures

When a general procedure was applied, the amount of all reagents was recalculated according to the quantity of starting material used.

General Procedure A – Suzuki coupling

The boronic acid or pinacol ester (1 eq.), the aryl halide (1 eq), potassium phosphate (3 eq.), XPhos (0.05 eq.) and XPhos Pd G2 (0.05 eq.) were suspended in dioxane and water (4:1). The reaction was heated to 80 °C and stirred for 4 h.

General procedure B – aromatic nucleophilic substitution

The aryl chloride (1 eq.), the amine (1.2 eq.) and potassium carbonate (3 eq.) were solved in anhydrous DMF. The reaction stirred at room temperature overnight. Water was added and the precipitated solid was filtered and washed with water and little amounts of cold ethanol.

General procedure C – trityl deprotection

The starting material was solved in TFA and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was poured in 4 M potassium carbonate solution and extracted with EA.

General procedure D - amide coupling

The carboxylic acid (1 eq.), the amine (1 eq.) and PyAOP (1.2 eq.) were solved in anhydrous DMF, before DIPEA (3 eq.) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight.

General procedure E – SEM deprotection

The starting material was solved in 2 mL TFA and stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The solvent was removed in vacuo, before 10 mL aq. NH₃ (25 %) was added. The reaction was heated to 60 °C and stirred for 2 h. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA.

$\label{eq:continuous} 4-methyl-N-(4-((4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)methyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-3-((4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)ethynyl)benzamide (1)$

200 mg **59** (247 μ mol) was solved in 20 mL anhydrous DMF. 129 μ L DIPEA (741 μ mol) and 32 μ L morpholine (371 μ mol) was added. The reaction was heated to 120 °C and stirred overnight. The solvent was removed and the crude intermediate was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH). The resulting light brown solid was treated according to **general procedure C**. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH). 67 mg **1** (108 μ mol, 43 % yield) was obtained as a yellow solid.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 618.25 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.43 (s, 1H), 10.56 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.23 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.12 – 8.08 (m, 2H), 7.91 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.82 – 3.76 (m, 5H), 3.75 – 3.70 (m, 4H), 3.66 (s, 2H), 3.41 – 3.24 (m, 4H), 3.22 – 2.99 (m, 4H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 2.54 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 164.81, 158.83, 157.93 (d, TFA), 152.25, 151.22, 143.41, 138.52, 132.08, 131.47, 131.02, 130.32, 129.92, 129.79, 127.54 (t), 125.35, 123.51, 123.17, 122.93, 117.36 (q, TFA), 103.67, 94.36, 89.92, 88.26, 66.02, 56.63, 53.00, 49.75, 48.93, 42.53, 20.46, 13.47 ppm.

¹⁹**F NMR** (470 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = -57.94 (CF₃, 3 F), -73.50 (TFA, 3 F) ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{33}H_{34}F_3N_7O_2+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 618.27988, found: m/z = 618.27967

HPLC: $t_R = 5.812 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (2)

The **general procedure A** was conducted with the boronic acid **63** (50 mg, 146 μmol) and the aryl halide **60a** (85 mg, 161 μmol). The solvent was removed and the intermediate product was treated according to the **general procedure C**. The obtained crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography. 15 mg of **2** (30.0 μmol, 20 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 501.20 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 12.11 (s, 1H), 10.21 (s, 1H), 10.01 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.80 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.66 – 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.60 – 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.18 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 3.47 – 3.40 (m, 4H), 3.18 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 4H), 1.54 – 1.46 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.49, 168.14, 159.69, 153.09, 150.21, 138.84, 135.70, 135.06, 128.67, 123.11, 122.53, 122.46, 122.33, 120.12, 118.11, 115.81, 115.12, 114.90, 102.33, 65.40, 49.32, 31.33, 15.56 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{27}H_{25}FN_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 501.20449, found: m/z = 501.20350

HPLC: $t_R = 6.533 \text{ min (Method 2)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-fluorophenyl)-*N*-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopentane-1,1-dicarboxamide (3)

The **general procedure D** was conducted with the carboxylic acid **65** (77 mg, 307 μmol) and the amine **64** (150 mg, 279 μmol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and was treated according to the **general procedure C**. The obtained crude product was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH). The resulting solid was washed with ACN. 10 mg of **3** (67.8 μmol, 7 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 529.20 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.09 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 9.53 (s, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 9.52 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.70 – 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.15 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 3.43 – 3.35 (m, 4H), 3.19 – 3.10 (m, 4H), 2.39 – 2.25 (m, 4H), 1.68 – 1.62 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 170.55, 170.52, 159.67, 159.34, 156.96, 153.06, 150.18, 139.23, 135.59, 135.48, 128.58, 122.74, 122.34, 122.26, 120.40, 118.05, 115.89, 115.00, 114.78, 102.28, 65.35, 63.78, 49.31, 34.05, 24.48 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{29}H_{29}FN_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 529.23579, found: m/z = 529.23717

HPLC: $t_R = 6.844 \text{ min (Method 2)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

1-(4-fluorophenyl)-*N*-(3-(4-morpholino-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridine-3-carboxamide (4)

The **general procedure D** was conducted with the carboxylic acid **66** (72 mg, 307 μ mol) and the amine **64** (150 mg, 279 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and was treated according to the **general procedure C**. The obtained crude product was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH). 91 mg of **4** (178 μ mol, 64 % yield) was obtained as a white solid. **MS (ESI+)**: m/z = 511.15 [M+H]⁺

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.22 (s, 1H), 12.07 (s, 1H), 8.59 (dd, J = 7.3, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.11 (dd, J = 6.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.64 – 7.58 (m, 3H), 7.53 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.46 – 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.28 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 3.49 – 3.40 (m, 4H), 3.22 – 3.16 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 163.07, 161.89, 161.21, 160.63, 159.38, 152.72, 149.67, 144.72, 143.92, 138.43, 136.33, 136.30, 136.04, 129.33, 129.24, 123.31, 122.82, 120.52, 119.35, 117.35, 116.17, 115.94, 115.78, 106.99, 102.30, 65.32, 49.44 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{28}H_{23}FN_6O_3 + Na]^+$ calculated: m/z = 533.17079, found: m/z = 533.17312

HPLC: $t_R = 6.401 \text{ min (Method 2)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-fluorophenyl)-*N*-(4-methyl-3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (5)

The **general procedure D** was conducted with the carboxylic acid **62** (41 mg, 185 μ mol) and the amine **68a** (85 mg, 154 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and was treated according to the **general procedure C**. The obtained crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography. 10 mg of **5** (19 μ mol, 12 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 515.20 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.04 (s, 1H), 10.04 (s, 1H), 10.03 (s, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.66 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.53 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 3.25 (s, 4H), 3.10 (s, 4H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.37, 168.07, 159.42, 152.45, 150.19, 136.52, 135.43, 135.07, 131.54, 130.00, 122.64, 122.38, 122.32, 122.18, 115.08, 114.90, 114.15, 103.86, 65.49, 49.11, 31.22, 19.51, 15.49 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{28}H_{27}FN_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 515.22014, found: m/z = 515.21943

HPLC: $t_R = 3.706 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-fluorophenyl)-*N*-(3-methyl-5-(4-morpholino-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (6)

The **general procedure D** was conducted with the carboxylic acid **62** (136 mg, 609 μ mol) and the amine **68b** (280 mg, 508 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and was treated according to the **general procedure C**. The obtained crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography. 18 mg of **6** (35.0 μ mol, 7 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 515.20 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.09 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 10.16 (s, 1H), 10.00 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.68 – 7.57 (m, 3H), 7.42 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 3.49 – 3.41 (m, 4H), 3.18 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 4H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.54 – 1.44 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.64, 168.12, 159.75, 159.54, 157.15, 153.07, 150.18, 138.77, 137.66, 135.50, 135.04, 135.01, 124.06, 122.61, 122.53, 122.28, 118.74, 117.21, 115.92, 115.14, 114.92, 102.39, 65.49, 49.36, 31.21, 21.29, 15.67 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{28}H_{27}FN_6O_3 + H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 515.22014, found: m/z = 515.21960

HPLC: $t_R = 3.817 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-fluorophenyl)-*N*-(2-methyl-5-(4-morpholino-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (7)

The **general procedure D** was conducted with the carboxylic acid **62** (194 mg, 870 μ mol) and the amine **68c** (400 mg, 725 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and was treated according to the **general procedure C**. The obtained crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography. 62 mg of **7** (120 μ mol, 16 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 515.20 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.08 (s, 1H), 10.19 (s, 1H), 10.11 (s, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.66 – 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.30 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.16 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 3.48 – 3.41 (m, 6H), 3.24 – 3.14 (m, 4H), 2.26 (s, 4H), 1.61 – 1.53 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 169.41, 168.31, 159.72, 157.50, 153.04, 150.15, 136.24, 134.71, 134.69, 133.33, 130.28, 128.60, 124.30, 123.96, 122.83, 122.77, 122.12, 115.63, 115.20, 115.03, 102.40, 65.41, 49.31, 29.79, 17.41, 16.47 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{28}H_{27}FN_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 515.22014, found: m/z = 515.21933

HPLC: $t_R = 3.781 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (8)

The **general procedure D** was conducted with the carboxylic acid **11** (35.5 mg, 159 μ mol) and the amine **69** (60 mg, 106 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and was treated according to the **general procedure C**. The obtained crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography. 12 mg of **8** (22.7 μ mol, 21 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 529.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.62 (s, 1H), 10.24 (s, 1H), 10.04 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.19 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (ddd, J = 8.1, 1.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.66 – 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.59 – 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.18 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 3.56 – 3.48 (m, 4H), 3.42 – 3.37 (m, 4H), 1.45 (s, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 188.36, 168.34, 167.95, 158.77, 154.05, 151.64, 139.00, 138.48, 135.23, 135.21, 132.34, 128.69, 124.60, 124.19, 122.32, 122.24, 121.55, 116.10, 115.12, 114.90, 101.49, 65.77, 48.09, 31.70, 15.33 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{28}H_{25}FN_6O_4+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 529.19941, found: m/z = 529.19875

HPLC: $t_R = 6.579 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (9)

9 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 46 mg **70** (113 μ mol) and 13 mg 1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-4-amine (135 μ mol). The solvent was removed and the crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography. 41 mg of **9** (84 μ mol, 74 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 487.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.12 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 10.55 (s, 1H), 9.88 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.58 (dd, J = 8.1, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.48 – 3.41 (m, 4H), 3.21 – 3.14 (m, 6H), 1.54 – 1.38 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 167.97, 167.57, 159.74, 153.11, 150.22, 138.80, 135.76, 130.28, 128.77, 123.03, 122.41, 121.83, 121.31, 119.82, 117.78, 115.79, 102.37, 65.42, 49.37, 48.61, 38.65, 30.24, 15.89 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{25}H_{26}N_8O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 487.22006, found: m/z = 487.21978

HPLC: $t_R = 3.167 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-6-yl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (10)

10 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 100 mg 70 (245 μ mol) and 48 mg 2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-6-amine (295 μ mol). The solvent was removed, and the residue was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH). 8 mg of 10 (14.5 μ mol, 6 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 552.25 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.12 (s, 1H), 10.21 (s, 1H), 9.90 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 – 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 6H), 3.19 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 4H), 2.78 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.55 – 1.45 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.42, 159.69, 153.09, 150.20, 138.75, 136.52, 135.70, 133.70, 130.12, 128.67, 126.19, 123.14, 122.35, 120.36, 120.18, 118.23, 118.16, 115.78, 102.33, 65.41, 56.95, 52.24, 49.33, 45.60, 31.07, 28.74, 15.71 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{31}H_{33}N_7O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 552.27176, found: m/z = 552.27080

HPLC: $t_R = 3.028 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-4-yl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (11)

11 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 60 mg 70 (147 μ mol) and 35.5 mg 2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-4-amine (177 μ mol). The solvent was removed, and the residue was purified via RP flash chromatography. 55 mg of 11 (105 μ mol, 71 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 523.15 [M+H]^+$

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.13 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 10.19 (s, 1H), 10.10 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.47 – 3.40 (m, 4H), 3.22 – 3.15 (m, 4H), 2.87 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.80 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.98 (p, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.59 (s, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 169.52, 168.29, 159.70, 153.10, 150.22, 144.66, 138.32, 135.98, 135.76, 133.96, 128.75, 126.55, 123.50, 122.42, 120.66, 120.13, 118.66, 115.70, 102.36, 65.43, 49.34, 32.68, 30.04, 29.68, 24.39, 16.64 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{30}H_{30}N_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 523.24522, found: m/z = 523.24424

HPLC: $t_R = 4.040 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)-N-phenylcyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (12)

12 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 100 mg 70 (245 μ mol) and 25 mg aniline (270 μ mol). The solvent was removed and the residue was purified via RP flash chromatography. The resulting pale yellow solid was washed with 5 mL ACN 27 mg of 12 (56 μ mol, 23 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 483.20 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.11 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 10.17 (s, 1H), 10.00 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.80 (t, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.49 – 3.38 (m, 4H), 3.22 – 3.11 (m, 4H), 1.54 – 1.46 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.46, 168.35, 159.69, 153.08, 150.20, 138.79, 138.67, 135.69, 128.66, 128.47, 123.66, 123.16, 122.34, 120.56, 120.19, 118.19, 115.80, 102.33, 65.40, 49.32, 31.32, 15.63 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{27}H_{26}N_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 483.21392, found: m/z = 483.21370

HPLC: $t_R = 3.675 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-chlorophenyl)-*N*-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (13)

13 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 100 mg 70 (245 μ mol) and 34.4 mg 4-chloroaniline (270 μ mol). The solvent was removed and the residue was purified via RP flash chromatography. The resulting pale yellow solid was washed with 5 mL ACN. 21 mg of 13 (40.6 μ mol, 17 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 517.20 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.11 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 10.13 (s, 1H), 10.12 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.69 – 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.33 (m, 3H), 7.24 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.46 – 3.38 (m, 4H), 3.22 – 3.12 (m, 4H), 1.53 – 1.44 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.95, 168.55, 160.14, 153.55, 150.67, 139.32, 138.24, 136.15, 129.12, 128.81, 127.65, 123.58, 122.78, 122.48, 120.64, 118.63, 116.27, 102.78, 65.87, 49.78, 32.09, 15.99 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{27}H_{25}ClN_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 517.17494, found: m/z = 517.17472

HPLC: $t_R = 3.923$ min (Method 1), ≥ 95 % purity

N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)-N-(p-tolyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (14)

14 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 100 mg 70 (245 μ mol) and 31.6 mg p-toluidine (295 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and washed with 5 mL DCM. 60 mg of 14 (121 μ mol, 49 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 497.30 [M+H]^+$

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 10.23 (s, 1H), 9.90 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 3.48 – 3.39 (m, 4H), 3.22 – 3.12 (m, 4H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.56 – 1.44 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.41, 159.70, 153.09, 150.21, 138.77, 136.08, 135.71, 132.67, 128.87, 128.68, 123.16, 122.36, 120.66, 120.15, 118.15, 115.80, 102.35, 65.41, 49.34, 31.10, 20.46, 15.69 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{28}H_{28}N_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 497.22957, found: m/z = 497.22931

HPLC: $t_R = 3.803 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-ethylphenyl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (15)

15 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 100 mg 70 (245 μ mol) and 31.6 mg 4-ethylaniline (295 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and washed with 5 mL ACN. 99 mg of 15 (194 μ mol, 79 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 511.25 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.18 (s, 1H), 10.30 (s, 1H), 10.01 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.43 (s, 4H), 3.17 (s, 4H), 2.59 – 2.53 (m, 2H), 1.58 – 1.42 (m, 4H), 1.14 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.46, 159.70, 153.05, 150.18, 139.11, 138.80, 136.32, 135.69, 128.65, 127.65, 123.15, 122.38, 120.72, 120.12, 118.14, 115.77, 102.35, 65.41, 49.34, 31.19, 27.61, 15.73, 15.68 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{29}H_{30}N_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 511.24522, found: m/z = 511.24492

HPLC: $t_R = 3.994 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-*N*-(3-(4-morpholino-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (16)

16 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 100 mg 70 (245 μ mol) and 36 mg 4-methoxyaniline (295 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and washed with 5 mL ACN. 92 mg of 16 (179 μ mol, 73 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 513.25 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.19 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 10.41 (s, 1H), 9.92 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.47 – 3.40 (m, 4H), 3.20 – 3.13 (m, 4H), 1.58 – 1.42 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.46, 168.38, 159.70, 155.59, 153.04, 150.17, 138.82, 135.69, 131.63, 128.67, 123.08, 122.38, 120.01, 118.02, 115.75, 113.56, 102.35, 65.40, 55.17, 49.34, 31.01, 15.68 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{28}H_{28}N_6O_4+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 513.22448, found: m/z = 513.22418

HPLC: $t_R = 3.630 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-*N*-(3-(4-morpholino-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (17)

17 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 80 mg 70 (196 μ mol) and 30.4 mg 3,4-difluoroaniline (236 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and washed with 5 mL ACN. 92 mg of 17 (177 μ mol, 90 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 519.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.11 (s, 1H), 10.20 (s, 1H), 10.12 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.87 – 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 7.24 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.48 – 3.37 (m, 4H), 3.25 – 3.11 (m, 4H), 1.48 (s, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.53, 167.89, 159.67, 153.08, 150.20, 138.89, 135.68, 128.65, 123.10, 122.31, 120.17, 118.15, 117.18, 117.00, 116.71, 116.68, 116.66, 116.62, 115.80, 109.57, 109.36, 102.30, 65.39, 49.31, 31.74, 15.43 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{27}H_{24}F_2N_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 519.19507, found: m/z = 519.19475

HPLC: $t_R = 3.837 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (18)

18 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 80 mg 70 (196 μ mol) and 34.3 mg 3-chloro-4-fluoroaniline (236 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and washed with 5 mL DCM. 73 mg of 18 (136 μ mol, 69 % yield) was obtained as a pale yellow solid.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 535.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.11 (s, 1H), 10.16 (s, 1H), 10.14 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.96 (dd, J = 6.9, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.62 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.24 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.49 – 3.37 (m, 4H), 3.23 – 3.12 (m, 4H), 1.53 – 1.43 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.58, 167.83, 159.66, 154.49, 153.08, 152.08, 150.19, 138.90, 136.09, 136.06, 135.68, 128.65, 123.08, 122.32, 122.04, 120.77, 120.70, 120.15, 118.89, 118.71, 118.13, 116.70, 116.48, 115.81, 102.30, 65.39, 49.31, 31.71, 15.45 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{27}H_{24}C1FN_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 535.16552, found: m/z = 535.16501

HPLC: $t_R = 3.963 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(3-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (19)

19 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 40 mg 70 (98 μ mol) and 22.5 mg 3-bromo-4-fluorobenzenaminium chloride (118 μ mol). The solvent was removed and the residue was purified via preparative HPLC. The resulting TFA salt was solved in EA and washed with 1M aq. NaHCO₃ solution. 20 mg of 19 (34.5 μ mol, 35 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 579.10 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.39 (s, 1H), 10.16 (s, 1H), 10.14 (s, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.49 – 3.38 (m, J = 4.1 Hz, 4H), 3.30 – 3.19 (m, 4H), 1.48 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.58, 167.88, 158.41, 158.06, 155.57, 153.17, 151.52, 148.28, 138.99, 136.32, 136.29, 135.29, 128.82, 124.86, 123.12, 122.87, 121.46, 121.39, 120.23, 118.40, 116.55, 116.49, 116.26, 107.34, 107.12, 101.86, 65.34, 49.44, 31.71, 15.47 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{27}H_{24}BrFN_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 579.11501, found: m/z = 579.11507

HPLC: $t_R = 3.966 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (20)

20 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 80 mg 70 (196 μ mol) and 29.5 mg 4-fluoro-3-methylaniline (236 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and washed with 5 mL DCM. 81 mg of 20 (157 μ mol, 80 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 515.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.11 (s, 1H), 10.21 (s, 1H), 9.95 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (dd, J = 7.0, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 – 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.48 – 3.39 (m, 4H), 3.22 – 3.12 (m, 4H), 2.20 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 3H), 1.55 – 1.44 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.47, 168.25, 159.68, 158.10, 155.72, 153.09, 150.20, 138.81, 135.70, 134.66, 128.68, 124.01, 123.83, 123.77, 123.72, 123.12, 122.35, 120.16, 119.91, 119.83, 118.14, 115.81, 114.76, 114.53, 102.33, 65.41, 49.33, 31.17, 15.65, 14.31, 14.28 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{28}H_{27}FN_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 515.22014, found: m/z = 515.21878

HPLC: $t_R = 3.859 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (21)

21 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 80 mg 70 (196 μ mol) and 33.3 mg 4-fluoro-3-methoxyaniline (236 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and recrystallized from DCM. 74 mg of 21 (139 μ mol, 71 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 531.25 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.11 (s, 1H), 10.16 (s, 1H), 10.01 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.55 (dd, J = 34.4, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.03 (m, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.42 (s, 4H), 3.17 (s, 4H), 1.49 (s, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.39, 168.17, 159.68, 153.09, 150.20, 146.65, 146.54, 138.85, 135.68, 135.56, 135.53, 128.66, 123.08, 122.33, 120.18, 118.15, 115.80, 115.43, 115.24, 112.37, 112.30, 106.57, 102.32, 65.40, 55.78, 49.32, 31.48, 15.51 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{28}H_{27}FN_6O_4+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 531.21506, found: m/z = 531.21420

HPLC: $t_R = 3.716 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(3-(tert-butyl)phenyl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (22)

22 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 60 mg 70 (147 μ mol) and 24.2 mg 3-(*tert*-butyl)aniline (162 μ mol). Water was added, the formed precipitate was filtrated and washed with 5 mL ACN. 33 mg of 22 (61.3 μ mol, 41 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 539.25 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.11 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 10.19 (s, 1H), 9.92 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.79 (t, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.10 (ddd, J = 7.8, 1.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.46 – 3.40 (m, 4H), 3.20 – 3.14 (m, 4H), 1.54 – 1.45 (m, 4H), 1.26 (s, 9H) ppm. ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.44, 168.37, 159.71, 153.09, 151.03, 150.21, 138.82, 138.45, 135.70, 128.69, 128.09, 123.13, 122.35, 120.61, 120.20, 118.18, 117.83, 117.53, 115.81, 102.35, 65.41, 49.34, 34.43, 31.36, 31.11, 15.59 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{31}H_{34}N_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 539.27652, found: m/z = 539.27631

HPLC: $t_R = 4.296 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (23)

23 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 50 mg 70 (123 μ mol) and 19 mg 2,4-difluoroaniline (147 μ mol). The solvent was removed and the residue was purified via RP flash chromatography. 18 mg of 23 (34.7 μ mol, 28 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 519.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.37 (s, 1H), 10.32 (s, 1H), 10.18 (s, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.87 – 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.51 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.49 – 3.38 (m, 4H), 3.29 – 3.19 (m, 4H), 1.67 – 1.54 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 169.07, 158.54, 151.75, 148.54, 138.45, 135.40, 128.85, 126.46, 126.36, 123.47, 122.87, 122.33, 122.22, 120.57, 118.75, 116.35, 111.21, 111.18, 110.99, 110.96, 104.35, 104.11, 104.09, 103.84, 101.94, 65.33, 49.42, 29.73, 16.83 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{27}H_{24}F_2N_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 519.19507, found: m/z = 519.19471

N-(4-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (24)

24 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 38 mg 70 (93.3 μ mol) and 14.0 mg 4-fluoro-2-methylaniline (112 μ mol). The solvent was removed and the residue was purified via RP flash chromatography. The resulting pale yellow solid was washed with 5 mL ACN. 24 mg of 24 (46.6 μ mol, 50 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 515.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.12 (s, 1H), 10.45 (s, 1H), 9.76 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (s, 4H), 3.17 (s, 4H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 1.57 (s, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 169.24, 168.71, 160.73, 159.70, 158.33, 153.09, 150.21, 138.54, 135.77, 135.13, 135.05, 132.29, 132.27, 128.75, 127.27, 127.19, 123.32, 122.40, 120.17, 118.21, 116.61, 116.39, 115.74, 112.58, 112.36, 102.36, 65.41, 49.34, 29.78, 17.62, 16.44 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{28}H_{27}FN_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 515.22014, found: m/z = 515.21978

HPLC: $t_R = 3.761 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(5-bromo-2,4-difluorophenyl)-*N*-(3-(4-morpholino-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (25)

25 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 60 mg 70 (147 μ mol) and 36.8 mg 5-bromo-2,4-difluoroaniline (177 μ mol). The solvent was removed and the residue was purified via preparative HPLC. The resulting TFA salt was solved in EA and washed with 1M aq. NaHCO₃ solution. 20 mg of 25 (33.5 μ mol, 22 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 597.10 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.12 (s, 1H), 10.65 (s, 1H), 10.13 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.61 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.50 – 3.38 (m, 4H), 3.22 – 3.10 (m, 4H), 1.69 – 1.44 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 169.42, 169.24, 159.71, 154.48, 154.39, 153.10, 152.50, 152.41, 150.22, 138.55, 135.74, 128.70, 127.85, 123.30, 122.37, 120.50, 118.45, 115.78, 105.23, 102.36, 102.17, 102.00, 65.40, 49.33, 29.80, 17.12 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{27}H_{23}BrF_2N_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 597.10558, found: m/z = 597.10531

HPLC: $t_R = 4.167 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(3-bromo-2,4-difluorophenyl)-N-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (26)

26 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 60 mg **70** (147 μ mol) and 36.8 mg 3-bromo-2,4-difluoroaniline (177 μ mol). The solvent was removed and the residue was purified via RP flash chromatography. 32 mg of **26** (53.6 μ mol, 36 % yield) was obtained as a white solid. **MS** (**ESI+**): m/z = 599.05 [M+H]⁺

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.12 (s, 1H), 10.41 (s, 1H), 10.16 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.84 – 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 3.49 – 3.40 (m, 4H), 3.23 – 3.14 (m, 4H), 1.65 – 1.54 (m, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 169.22$, 168.76, 159.70, 157.21, 157.18, 154.79, 154.75, 153.31, 153.27, 153.09, 150.85, 150.81, 150.21, 138.44, 135.75, 128.74, 125.39, 125.30, 123.46,

123.36, 123.32, 123.23, 123.19, 122.42, 120.45, 118.48, 115.74, 111.74, 111.71, 111.52, 111.48, 102.35, 97.36, 97.13, 97.11, 96.88, 65.42, 49.34, 30.00, 16.79 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{27}H_{23}BrF_2N_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 597.10558, found: m/z = 597.10548

HPLC: $t_R = 4.045 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(3-bromo-5-fluorophenyl)-*N*-(3-(4-morpholino-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (27)

27 was synthesized according to the **general procedure D** from 60 mg **70** (147 μ mol) and 33.6 mg 3-bromo-5-fluoroaniline (177 μ mol). The solvent was removed and the residue was purified via RP flash chromatography. 21 mg of **27** (36.2 μ mol, 24 % yield) was obtained as a white solid. **MS** (**ESI+**): m/z = 581.05 [M+H]⁺

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.11 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 10.32 (s, 1H), 10.07 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.63 – 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 3.47 – 3.39 (m, 4H), 3.21 – 3.12 (m, 4H), 1.47 (s, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.73, 167.64, 163.20, 160.76, 159.66, 153.08, 150.20, 141.82, 141.69, 138.92, 135.67, 128.64, 123.10, 122.29, 121.55, 121.43, 120.22, 118.72, 118.69, 118.17, 115.81, 113.39, 113.14, 106.20, 105.94, 102.29, 65.39, 49.31, 32.14, 15.39 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{27}H_{24}BrFN_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 579.11501, found: m/z = 579.11442

HPLC: $t_R = 4.162 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

1-(3-(*tert*-butyl)-1-(quinolin-6-yl)-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)-3-(3-(4-morpholino-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)urea (28)

60 mg **64** (112 μ mol) and 54.2 mg **73** (123 μ mol) were solved in 4 mL anhydrous DMF, before 58 μ L DIPEA (335 μ mol) was added. The reaction was heated to 60 °C and stirred overnight. The solvent was removed and the crude intermediate was treated according to the **general procedure** C. The crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography. 20 mg of **28** (34.0 μ mol, 30 % yield) was obtained as a pale yellow solid.

MS (**ESI+**): $m/z = 588.25 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.10 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 9.10 (s, 1H), 8.95 (dd, J = 4.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.46 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.19 – 8.14 (m, 2H), 7.97 (dd, J = 9.1, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.64 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.16 – 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.46 (s, 1H), 3.47 – 3.40 (m, 4H), 3.21 – 3.11 (m, 4H), 1.32 (s, 9H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 161.40, 159.66, 153.05, 151.54, 150.99, 150.18, 146.36, 139.43, 137.77, 136.33, 136.20, 135.97, 130.16, 128.97, 127.96, 126.50, 122.31, 122.18, 122.06, 121.74, 117.91, 115.89, 115.86, 102.34, 95.50, 65.40, 49.34, 32.13, 30.17 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{33}H_{33}N_9O_2+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 588.28300, found: m/z = 588.28173

HPLC: $t_R = 6.351 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

1-(3-(tert-butyl)-1-(p-tolyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)-3-(3-(4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)urea (29)

29 was synthesized according to the procedure of **28** from 199 mg **64** (371 μ mol) and 150 mg **44** (371 μ mol). 50 mg of **29** (90.8 μ mol, 24 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 551.30 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.34 (s, 1H), 9.28 (s, 1H), 8.50 (s, 1H), 8.39 (s, 1H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.35 – 7.29 (m, 4H), 7.15 – 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 3.51 – 3.43 (m, 4H), 3.27 – 3.21 (m, 4H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 9H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 160.49, 151.83, 151.73, 139.65, 137.05, 136.69, 136.09, 135.64, 129.64, 129.05, 124.21, 122.75, 121.66, 117.85, 116.56, 116.02, 101.99, 95.44, 65.35, 49.45, 40.43, 32.00, 30.20, 20.58 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{31}H_{34}N_8O_2+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 551.28775, found: m/z = 551.28696

HPLC: $t_R = 4.004 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

1-(3-(tert-butyl)-1-(p-tolyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)-3-(3-(2-chloro-4-morpholino-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)urea (30)

30 was synthesized according to the procedure of **28** from 150 mg **45a** (262 μ mol) and 159 mg **44** (393 μ mol). 56 mg of **30** (95.7 μ mol, 36 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 585.25 [M+H]^+$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.27 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 9.11 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.58 (t, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.42 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.09 (dt, J = 7.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 3.48 – 3.41 (m, 4H), 3.24 – 3.19 (m, 4H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 9H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 160.52, 160.20, 153.87, 151.53, 151.15, 139.63, 137.08, 136.78, 136.05, 135.63, 129.67, 129.11, 124.32, 122.66, 121.63, 117.78, 116.41, 116.10, 100.72, 95.05, 65.28, 49.12, 32.00, 30.20, 20.58 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{31}H_{33}ClN_8O_2+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 585.24878, found: m/z = 585.24852

HPLC: $t_R = 4.899 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

1-(3-(4-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-chloro-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)-3-(3-(*tert*-butyl)-1-(*p*-tolyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)urea (31)

The **general procedure A** was conducted with the aryl halide 468 mg **74** (663 μmol) and the boronic acid 248 mg **75** (632 μmol). Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with DCM. The residue was treated according to **general procedure C**. The crude intermediate was purified via RP flash chromatography. The obtained white solid (50 mg, 85.6 μmol) was solved in 6 mL anhydrous THF and DCM (1:1), before 14.3 μL TEA (103 μmol) and 7.3 μL acetyl chloride (103 μmol) were added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. The solvent was removed and the crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography. 31 mg of **31** (49.5 μmol, 8 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 626.35 [M+H]^+$

¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.28 (s, 1H), 9.11 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.51 – 7.22 (m, 9H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 3.29 (s, 4H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 4H), 1.93 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 9H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.18, 160.52, 160.05, 153.90, 151.56, 151.10, 139.65, 137.09, 136.79, 136.04, 135.61, 129.66, 129.15, 124.35, 122.73, 121.78, 117.82, 116.43, 116.18, 100.83, 95.00, 48.69, 44.74, 32.00, 30.20, 21.09, 20.57 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{33}H_{36}ClN_9O_2+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 626.27533, found: m/z = 626.2729

HPLC: $t_R = 4.409 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

1-(3-(*tert*-butyl)-1-(*p*-tolyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)-3-(3-(2-(ethylthio)-4-(methylamino)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)urea (32)

32 was synthesized according to the procedure of 28 from 122 mg 46 (225 μ mol) and 146 mg 44 (360 μ mol). 25 mg of 32 (45.1 μ mol, 15 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 555.25 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 11.65 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 9.11 (s, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.50 (t, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.3 Hz, 3H), 7.25 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.09 – 7.05 (m, 2H), 6.38 (s, 1H), 5.78 (q, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.10 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.92 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.27 (s, 9H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 162.19, 160.51, 156.25, 151.85, 151.65, 139.64, 137.14, 136.81, 136.07, 135.65, 129.67, 129.56, 124.41, 122.12, 118.72, 118.54, 116.66, 115.82, 97.25, 94.88, 31.99, 30.21, 27.59, 24.20, 20.57, 15.20 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{30}H_{34}N_8OS+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 555.26491, found: m/z = 555.2635

HPLC: $t_R = 5.146 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

(4-((5-chloro-4-(dimethylamino)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-2-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)(morpholino)methanone (33)

33 was synthesized according to the **general procedure E** from 60 mg 79a (104 μ mol). The crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography and preparative HPLC. 18 mg of 33 (26.6 μ mol, 25 % yield) was obtained as a light green twofold TFA salt.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 449.10 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 11.91 (s, 1H), 8.52 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.64 (s, 4H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 3.31 (s, 2H), 3.24 (s, 6H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 164.22, 158.24 (q, TFA), 152.67, 150.80, 143.58, 131.71, 131.62, 118.85, 116.63, 114.32, 113.87, 113.71, 109.82, 109.77, 104.49, 104.25, 102.29, 96.38, 66.30, 66.01, 56.54, 47.21, 42.06, 41.41 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{20}H_{22}ClFN_6O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 449.14987, found: m/z = 449.14936

HPLC: $t_R = 4.252 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

5-chloro-N2-(2-methoxy-4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-N4,N4-dimethyl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-2,4-diamine (34)

34 was synthesized according to the **general procedure E** from 100 mg **79b** (190 μ mol). The crude product was recrystallized from ACN. 55 mg of **34** (124 μ mol, 65 % yield) was obtained as a grey solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 396.10 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 11.74 (s, 1H), 8.80 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.50 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 3.21 (s, 6H), 3.19 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 158.90$, 153.30, 151.97, 146.56, 134.54, 131.34, 120.31, 118.58, 115.87, 108.28, 101.92, 96.78, 56.36, 43.99, 41.22 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{16}H_{18}ClN_5O_3S+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 396.08916, found: m/z = 396.08899

HPLC: $t_R = 4.260 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

1-(3-(*tert*-butyl)-1-(*p*-tolyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)-3-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-2-((2-methoxy-4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)amino)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)urea (35)

The **general procedure A** was conducted with the aryl halide 79c (75 mg, 121 μ mol) and the boronic acid 75 (50 mg, 128 μ mol). The solvent was removed and the residue was treated according to the **general procedure E**. The crude product was purified via RP flash

chromatography and preparative HPLC. 21 mg of 35 (22.4 μ mol, 18 % yield) was obtained as a yellow twofold TFA salt.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 708.30 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.35 (s, 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 8.80 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.49 (s, 2H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.54 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48 – 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.43 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.04 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (s, 1H), 4.03 (s, 3H), 3.42 (s, 6H), 3.21 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 9H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 160.53, 158.24 (q, TFA), 151.64, 147.32, 139.88, 137.10, 136.80, 136.05, 133.34, 132.74, 132.62, 131.83, 129.68, 129.30, 124.36, 120.16, 118.76, 117.43, 117.21, 117.12, 114.79, 114.43, 108.67, 100.51, 98.60, 95.22, 56.47, 43.90, 32.02, 30.23, 20.60 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{37}H_{41}N9O_4S+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 708.30750, found: m/z = 708.30706

HPLC: $t_R = 4.501 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

1-(3-(*tert*-butyl)-1-(*p*-tolyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)-3-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-2-((5-fluoro-2-methoxy-4-(morpholine-4-carbonyl)phenyl)amino)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)urea (36)

The **general procedure** E was conducted with **80a** (62.5 mg, 98.3 μ mol). The crude intermediate was recrystallized from ACN and water. The obtained grey solid was resolved in 5 mL anhydrous DMSO, before 64 mg **44** (158 μ mol) and 51.7 μ L DIPEA (297 μ mol) were added. The reaction was heated to 60 °C and stirred overnight. The solvent was removed and the crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography. 43 mg of **36** (56.5 μ mol, 57 % yield) was obtained as an off-white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 761.35 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 11.71 (s, 1H), 9.09 (s, 1H), 8.63 (d, J = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 7.51 (t, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.37 – 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.10 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dt, J = 7.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.65 (s, 4H), 3.57 (s, 4H), 2.80 (s, 6H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 9H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 164.34, 160.50, 152.82, 151.52, 150.95, 143.23, 139.47, 137.19, 137.07, 136.78, 136.49, 136.27, 136.05, 129.68, 129.34, 128.79, 124.40, 123.44, 121.92, 119.30, 117.66, 117.12, 115.80, 109.66, 109.62, 96.92, 94.83, 73.69, 66.31, 66.03, 56.51, 47.24, 42.08, 40.69, 31.99, 30.20, 30.13, 20.58 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{41}H_{45}FN_{10}O_4+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 761.3682, found: m/z = 761.3660

HPLC: $t_R = 4.412 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

1-(3-(*tert*-butyl)-1-(quinolin-6-yl)-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)-3-(3-(4-(dimethylamino)-2-((2-methoxy-4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)amino)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)urea (37)

120 mg of **80b** (206 μ mol) and 182 mg **73** (412 μ mol) were solved in 10 mL anhydrous DMSO, before 108 μ L DIPEA (618 μ mol) was added. The reaction was heated to 70 °C and stirred overnight. The solvent was removed and the residue was treated according to **general procedure E**. The crude product was purified via preparative HPLC. 27 mg of **37** (27.8 μ mol, 13 % yield) was obtained as a green twofold TFA salt.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 745.35 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.34 (s, 1H), 9.12 (s, 1H), 9.01 (dd, J = 4.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.79 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.75 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (dd, J = 9.0, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.68 (dd, J = 8.3, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 7.55

(dd, J = 8.6, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.35 - 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 6.48 (s, 1H), 4.04 (s, 3H), 3.42 (s, 6H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 9H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 161.69, 158.36 (q, TFA), 151.83, 150.56, 147.51, 145.39, 139.96, 137.94, 137.63, 136.67, 131.96, 129.79, 129.48, 129.45, 128.24, 127.12, 122.43, 122.19, 120.31, 119.03, 117.70, 117.09, 114.77, 114.67, 108.88, 100.74, 98.71, 96.07, 56.65, 44.05, 32.32, 30.33 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{39}H_{40}N_{10}O_4S+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 745.30275, found: m/z = 745.30151

HPLC: $t_R = 4.031 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

2,4-dichloro-5-iodo-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine (40)

10.0 g 2,4-dichloro-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine (53.2 mmol) was solved in 50 mL anhydrous DCM and 15.6 g NIS (69.1 mmol) was added in portions. The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The precipitate was filtrated and washed with 20 mL DCM. The white intermediate product (**39**) was resolved in 50 mL chloroform. 10.7 mL TEA (76.5 mmol) was added, before 11.7 g (chloromethanetriyl)tribenzene (42.1 mmol) was added in portions. The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The solvent was removed and the residue was suspended in MeOH. The solid was filtrated and washed with 20 mL MeOH. 20.8 g of **40** (37.4 mmol, 98 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 243.05 [C_{25}H_{16}Cl_2IN_3-C_6HCl_2IN_3^-]^+$

¹H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.43$ (s, 1H), 7.34 - 7.27 (m, 9H), 7.19 - 7.10 (m, 6H) ppm.

4-(2-chloro-5-iodo-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-4-yl)morpholine (41a)

41a synthesized according to the **general procedure B** from 5.00 g **40** (8.99 mmol) and 1.55 mL morpholine (18.0 mmol). 5.38 g of **41a** (8.86 mmol, 98 % yield) was obtained as a white solid. **MS** (**ESI+**): m/z = 243.05 [CPh₃-M⁻]⁺

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.25 – 7.16 (m, 9H), 7.14 (d, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.13 – 7.04 (m, 6H), 3.90 – 3.77 (m, 4H), 3.58 – 3.45 (m, 4H) ppm.

2-chloro-5-iodo-N-methyl-7-trityl-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-amine (41b)

41b synthesized according to the **general procedure B** from 5.00 g **40** (8.99 mmol) and 8.99 mL methylamine (2 M inTHF, 18.0 mmol). 4.89 g of **41b** (8.88 mmol, 99 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 308.9 [M-CPh_3^++2H^+]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.22 – 7.13 (m, 9H), 7.10 – 7.02 (m, 6H), 6.88 (s, 1H), 6.05 (q, J = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 3H) ppm.

3-(tert-butyl)-1-(p-tolyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-amine (43)

5.00 g p-tolylhydrazine (40.9 mmol) and 5.12 g 4,4-dimethyl-3-oxopentanenitrile (40.9 mmol) were solved in 50 mL anhydrous methanol. The reaction was heated to 80 °C and stirred overnight. After quant. conversion, the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product 43 was obtained as a pale yellow solid and was used for the synthesis of 44 without further purification.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 230.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 7.55 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 5.71 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 1H), 1.32 (s, 2H), 1.09 (s, 1H) ppm.

2,2,2-trichloroethyl (3-(tert-butyl)-1-(p-tolyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)carbamate (44)

A solution of 9.39 g **43** (41 mmol) in 100 mL EA and water (2:1), was cooled to 0 °C and 4.09 g sodium hydroxide (102 mmol) was added, followed by 6.76 mL trichloroethylchloroformate (49.1 mmol). The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 1 hour. The layers were separated and the organic layer was washed with brine. 16.5 g of **44** (40.8 mmol,99 % yield) was obtained as a pale brown solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 404.05 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 9.90 (s, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.27 (s, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 9H) ppm.

3-(2-chloro-4-morpholino-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)aniline (45a)

45a was synthesized according to the **general procedure A** from 5.50 g **41a** (9.06 mmol) and 1.37 g (3-aminophenyl)boronic acid (9.97 mmol). Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with DCM. The crude orange product was recrystallized from EtOH. 5.02 g of **45a** (8.77 mmol, 97 % yield) was obtained as a white solid

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 572.20 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.25 – 7.02 (m, 16H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 6.69 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (s, 1H), 6.52 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.50 – 3.40 (m, 4H), 3.28 – 3.19 (m, 4H) ppm.

5-(3-aminophenyl)-2-chloro-N-methyl-7-trityl-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4-amine (45b)

45b was synthesized according to the **general procedure A** from 3.80 g **41b** (6.90 mmol) and 1.13 g (3-aminophenyl)boronic acid (8.28 mmol). Water was added and the precipitate was filtrated and recrystallized from EtOH. 3.51 g of **45b** (6.80 mmol, 99 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 516.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 7.39 – 7.03 (m, 15H), 6.84 – 6.64 (m, 2H), 6.63 – 6.45 (m, 3H), 5.88 (q, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H), 2.86 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 3H) ppm.

5-(3-aminophenyl)-2-(ethylthio)-*N*-methyl-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-4-amine (46)

300 mg **45b** (581 μ mol) and 489 mg sodium ethyl thiolate (5.81 mmol) were suspended in 3 mL anhydrous DMF. The reaction was heated to 90 °C in the microwave and stirred for 1 h. Water was added and the precipitate was filtrated and washed with 20 mL EtOH. 250 mg of **46** (461 μ mol, 79 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 542.20 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 9.35 – 9.06 (m, 16H), 8.78 – 8.49 (m, 4H), 7.10 (q, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (s, 2H), 4.86 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 3H), 4.30 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.78 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H) ppm.

N-(3-(2H-indazol-5-yl)phenyl)-N-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (47)

The **general procedure A** was conducted with the boronic acid **63** (80 mg, 234 μ mol) and the aryl halide **83** (84.2 mg, 257 μ mol). The solvent was removed and the residue was solved in 8 mL anhydrous THF, before 2.34 mL tetrabutylammoniumfluorid (1 M in THF, 2.34 mmol) was added. The mixture was heated to 80 °C and stirred overnight. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH). 60 mg of **47** (145 μ mol, 62 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 415.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 13.12 (s, 1H), 10.14 (s, 1H), 10.05 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.69 – 7.56 (m, 5H), 7.45 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.19 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 1.49 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.24, 168.20, 159.45, 157.07, 141.11, 139.36, 135.17, 135.14, 133.99, 132.61, 129.06, 125.49, 123.51, 122.46, 122.39, 122.01, 121.93, 118.91, 118.74, 118.13, 115.12, 114.90, 110.56, 31.50, 15.47 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{24}H_{19}FN_4O_2+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 415.15648, found: m/z = 415.15641

HPLC: $t_R = 7.692 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-((2H-indazol-5-yl)oxy)phenyl)-N-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (48)

80 mg **83** (244 µmol), 92 mg **81a** (293 µmol), 156 mg potassium phosphate (733 µmol), 6 mg tBuBrettPhos (12 µmol) and 10 mg tBuBrettPhos Pd G3 (12 µmol) were suspended in toluene and dimethoxyethane (4:1). The reaction was heated to 100 °C and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was filtrated through Celite[®], the solvent was removed and the residue was solved in 8 mL anhydrous THF, before 2.44 mL tetrabutylammoniumfluorid (1 M in THF, 2.44 mmol) was added. The mixture was heated to 80 °C and stirred overnight. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH) and RP flash chromatography. 21 mg of **48** (48.8 µmol, 20 % yield) was obtained as a white solid. **MS** (**ESI+**): m/z = 431.05 [M+H]⁺

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 13.08 (s, 1H), 10.07 (s, 1H), 10.00 (s, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.66 – 7.53 (m, J = 22.7, 12.3, 6.9 Hz, 5H), 7.29 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.18 – 7.07 (m, 3H), 6.97 – 6.90 (m, 2H), 1.45 (s, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.24, 168.01, 159.45, 157.06, 153.78, 150.57, 136.94, 135.14, 133.95, 133.33, 123.18, 122.40, 122.32, 122.27, 119.77, 117.99, 115.14, 114.92, 111.53, 108.46, 31.27, 15.44 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{24}H_{19}FN_4O_3+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 431.15140, found: m/z = 431.15118

HPLC: $t_R = 4.313 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-((2H-indazol-5-yl)amino)phenyl)-N-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (49)

100 mg **83** (306 μmol), 115 mg **81a** (367 μmol), 299 mg caesium carbonate (917 μmol), 8 mg BrettPhos (15 μmol) and 14 mg BrettPhos Pd G4 (15 μmol) were suspended in toluene and *tert*-butanol (4:1). The reaction was heated to 110 °C and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was filtrated through Celite[®], the solvent was removed and the residue was solved in 8 mL anhydrous THF, before 1.83 mL tetrabutylammoniumfluorid (1 M in THF, 1.83 mmol) was added. The mixture was heated to 80 °C and stirred overnight. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH) and RP flash chromatography. 42 mg of **49** (97.8 μmol, 32 % yield) was obtained as a white solid. **MS (ESI+):** m/z = 430.15 [M+H]⁺

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.84 (s, 1H), 10.16 (s, 1H), 9.79 (s, 1H), 7.89 (s, 2H), 7.68 – 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.43 (dd, J = 13.7, 8.8 Hz, 3H), 7.35 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.19 – 7.08 (m, 3H), 6.96 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 1.45 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 168.45, 167.85, 159.45, 157.07, 141.35, 136.85, 136.08, 135.13, 132.57, 130.27, 123.48, 122.37, 122.30, 122.25, 121.06, 115.58, 115.17, 114.95, 110.79, 106.14, 30.88, 15.55 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{24}H_{20}FN_5O_2+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 430.16738, found: m/z = 430.16542 **HPLC**: $t_R = 7.161$ min (Method 2), ≥ 95 % purity

3-((2*H*-indazol-5-yl)amino)-4-methyl-*N*-(3-(4-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide (50)

50 was synthesized according to the procedure of **49** from 80 mg **86** (214 μ mol). 17 mg of **50** (34.7 μ mol, 18 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 491.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.94 (s, 1H), 10.49 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.95 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.35 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.20 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.16 (d, J = 0.4 Hz, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 166.15, 144.33, 141.40, 138.87, 137.85, 136.66, 136.49, 134.93, 132.70, 132.38, 130.92, 130.76, 130.60, 130.54, 124.99, 123.48, 122.28, 118.34, 114.82, 114.46, 114.18, 111.36, 110.86, 109.24, 18.12, 13.54 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{26}H_{21}F_3N_6O+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 491.18017, found: m/z = 491.18039

HPLC: $t_R = 6.360 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1H-indazol-6-yl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (51)

80 mg **62** (358 μ mol), 434 μ L pyridine (5.38 mmol), 426 μ L propanephosphonic acid anhydride (T3P, 50 wt. % in EA, 717 μ mol) and 53 mg 1*H*-indazol-6-amine (394 μ mol) were solved in 3 mL ACN and stirred for 2 h at room temperature. Water was added and the resulting solid was filtrated and purified via RP flash chromatography. 61 mg of **51** (179 μ mol, 50 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 339.05 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.91 (s, 1H), 10.21 (s, 1H), 9.99 (s, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.71 – 7.55 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.07 (m, 3H), 1.49 (s, 4H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 168.37$, 168.15, 159.24, 157.33, 140.21, 136.97, 135.13, 135.11, 133.25, 122.53, 122.47, 120.27, 119.32, 115.09, 114.91, 100.27, 31.58, 15.48 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{18}H_{15}FN_4O_2+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 339.12518, found: m/z = 339.1244

HPLC: $t_R = 3.927 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

3-((1*H*-indazol-6-yl)ethynyl)-4-methyl-*N*-(4-((4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)methyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide (52)

100 mg **58** (241 μ mol) and 65 mg 6-iodo-1*H*-indazole (265 μ mol) was solved in 3 mL anhydrous DMF. 16.9 mg bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II)-chloride (24 μ mol), 4.6 mg copper(I) iodide (24 μ mol) and 69 μ L DIPEA (722 mmol) were added. The reaction was heated to 80 °C and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was filtrated through Celite[®], the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified via RP flash chromatography. 64 mg **52** (120 mmol, 50 % yield) was obtained as a light yellow solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 532.20 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 13.26 (s, 1H), 10.55 (s, 1H), 9.35 (s, 1H), 8.25 – 8.14 (m, 3H), 8.12 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (s, 2H), 3.46 – 2.99 (m, 8H), 2.78 (s, 3H), 2.59 (s, 3H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 164.71, 143.77, 138.49, 134.56, 134.48, 132.05, 131.44, 130.93, 130.50, 129.93, 128.07, 127.62, 127.39, 125.32, 123.44, 123.30, 123.14, 122.30, 121.20, 119.31, 117.31 (q, CF₃), 113.29, 94.78, 87.12, 56.56, 52.97, 49.64, 42.43, 20.39 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{30}H_{28}F_3N_5O+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 532.23187, found: m/z = 532.2311

HPLC: $t_R = 3.546 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

1-(3-(tert-butyl)-1-(quinolin-6-yl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)-3-(1H-indazol-6-yl)urea (53)

40 mg 1*H*-indazol-6-amine (300 μ mol) and 146 mg **73** (330 μ mol) were solved in DMSO, before 86 μ L DIPEA (901 μ mol) was added. The reaction was heated to 70 °C and stirred overnight. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography. 70 mg of **53** (165 μ mol, 55 % yield) was obtained as a white solid. **MS (ESI+):** m/z = 426.20 [M+H]⁺

¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.96 (dd, J = 4.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.61 (s, 1H), 8.48 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 8.20 – 8.16 (m, 2H), 7.98 (dd, J = 9.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (s, 2H), 7.63 – 7.59 (m, 2H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (s, 1H), 1.33 (s, 9H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 161.43, 151.61, 150.99, 146.37, 140.59, 137.78, 137.53, 136.36, 136.22, 133.26, 130.18, 127.97, 126.55, 122.18, 122.08, 120.74, 118.58, 113.58, 97.42, 95.39, 32.14, 30.19 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{24}H_{23}N_7O+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 426.20368, found: m/z = 426.2032

HPLC: $t_R = 3.607 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

1-(3-(*tert*-butyl)-1-(*p*-tolyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)-3-(1*H*-indazol-6-yl)urea (54)

54 was synthesized according to the procedure of **53** from 100 mg 1*H*-indazol-6-amine (751 μ mol) and 334 mg **44** (826 μ mol). 144 mg of **54** (371 μ mol, 49 % yield) was obtained as a white solid. **MS** (**ESI+**): m/z = 389.05 [M+H]⁺

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 12.81 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 1H), 7.93 (s, 2H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (dd, J = 8.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.39 (s, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 9H) ppm.

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO- d_6): $\delta = 160.52$, 151.58, 140.60, 137.62, 137.12, 136.80, 136.05, 133.25, 129.69, 124.38, 120.72, 118.51, 113.51, 97.28, 94.92, 32.01, 30.22, 20.59 ppm.

HRMS: $[C_{22}H_{24}N_6O+H]^+$ calculated: m/z = 389.20844, found: m/z = 389.2075

HPLC: $t_R = 4.258 \text{ min (Method 1)}, \ge 95 \% \text{ purity}$

5-bromo-4-chloro-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine (56a)

5.0 g 5-bromo-4-chloro-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine (21.5 mmol) was solved in 50 mL anhydrous chloroform and 6.0 mL triethylamine (43.0 mmol) was added. The solution was cooled to 0 °C, before 7.20 g tritylchloride (25.8 mmol) was added in portions and the reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The solvent was removed, the crude product was washed with ethanol and dried in vacuo. 9.48 g **56a** (20.0 mmol, 93 % yield) was obtained as a white solid. **MS** (**ESI+**): $m/z = 485.05 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.29 (s, 1H), 7.34 – 7.26 (m, 10H), 7.19 – 7.10 (m, 6H) ppm.

4-chloro-5-iodo-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine (56b)

56b was synthesized according to the procedure of **56a** from 10 g 4-chloro-5-iodo-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine (35.8 mmol). 17.9 g of **56b** (34.3 mmol, 96 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 544.16 [M+Na]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.39 – 7.27 (m, 9H), 7.19 – 7.09 (m, 6H) ppm.

methyl 3-ethynyl-4-methylbenzoate (57)

1.0 g Methyl-3-Iodo-4-methyl-benzoate (3.62 mmol) was solved in 5 mL anhydrous ACN. 51 mg bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II)-chloride (73 μmol), 14 mg copper(I) iodide (73 μmol) and 1.51 mL TEA (10.9 mmol) were added. 0.62 mL ethinyltrimethylsilane (4.35 mmol) was added dropwise. The reaction was heated to 60 °C and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was filtrated through Celite® and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was solved in 10 mL methanol and 1.5 g potassium carbonate (10.9 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature and filtrated through Celite®. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified via flash chromatography (*n*-hexane/EA). 473 mg of **57** (2.72 mmol, 75 % yield) was obtained as an orange solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 175.25 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 7.94 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (s, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H) ppm.

3-ethynyl-4-methyl-*N*-(4-((4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)methyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide (58)

355 mg 57 (2.04 mmol) and 557 mg 4-((4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)methyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)aniline (2,04 mmol) were solved in 10 mL anhydrous THF. The solution was cooled to -20 °C, before 343 mg potassium-*tert*-butanolate (3.06 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred for 1.5 h while warming slowly to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was poured on water and extracted with EA. The residue was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH). 683 mg 58 (1.64 mmol, 80 % yield) was obtained as a red solid. MS (ESI+): $m/z = 416.34 \text{ [M+H]}^+$

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 10.48 (s, 1H), 8.19 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (s, 1H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.43 – 2.25 (m, 8H), 2.16 (s, 3H) ppm.

3-((4-chloro-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)ethynyl)-4-methyl-*N*-(4-((4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)methyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)benzamide (59)

1.00 g **58** (2.41 mmol) and 1.38 g **56b** (2.65 mmol) was solved in 3 mL anhydrous DMF. 16.9 mg bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II)-chloride (24 μ mol), 4.6 mg copper(I) iodide (24 μ mol) and 69 μ L DIPEA (722 mmol) were added. The reaction was heated to 80 °C and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was filtrated through Celite[®], the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH). 664 mg **59** (820 μ mol, 34 % yield) was obtained as an orange solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 809.30 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ = 10.49 (s, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 8.16 (dd, J = 16.3, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 8.04 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41 – 7.27 (m, 9H), 7.25 – 7.15 (m, 6H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 2.45 – 2.29 (m, 8H), 2.29 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 2.16 (s, 3H) ppm.

4-(5-bromo-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*|pyrimidin-4-yl)morpholine (60a)

60a was synthesized according to the **general procedure B** from 5.0 g **56a** (10.5 mmol) and 1.09 mL morpholine (12.6 mmol). 5.38 g of **60a** (10.2 mmol, 97 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 525.10 \text{ [M+H]}^+$

¹H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 9H), 7.20 – 7.12 (m, 6H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 3.98 – 3.88 (m, 4H), 3.73 – 3.61 (m, 4H) ppm.

4-(5-iodo-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-4-yl)morpholine (60b)

60b was synthesized according to the **general procedure B** from 2.8 g **56b** (5.37 mmol) and 0.56 mL morpholine (5.44 mmol). 2.97 g of **60b** (5.18 mmol, 97 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 573.10 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 13H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 7.19 – 7.11 (m, 8H), 4.06 – 3.87 (m, 5H), 3.68 – 3.54 (m, 4H) ppm.

1-((4-fluorophenyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid (62)

2 g cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylic acid (15.4 mmol) and 2.25 mL triethyl amine (16.1 mmol) were solved in 40 mL of anhydrous THF. After the solution was cooled to 0 °C 1.92 g thionyl chloride (16.1 mmol) were added dropwise. 4.44 g 4-fluoro aniline (16.9 mmol) solved in 10 mL anhydrous THF was added dropwise to the solution, which was allowed to warm to room temperature (rt) and stirred overnight (on). The pH was adjusted to 9 with 1 M NaOH solution and afterwards the solution was brought to pH 4 with 4 M HCl (aq). The mixture was filtrated, and the filtrate was extracted with ethyl acetate (EA). The organic phase was washed with 1 M NaOH (aq). The watery phase was adjusted to pH 4 with 4 M HCl (aq) and was extracted with EA. 2.39 g of 62 (10.7 mmol, 70 % yield) was obtained as an off-white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 224.0 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 10.57 (s, 1H), 7.67-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.07 (m, 2H), 1.42 (s, 4H) ppm.

(3-(1-((4-fluorophenyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropane-1-carboxamido)phenyl)boronic acid (63)

348 mg of **62** (1.56 mmol) and 711 mg HATU (1.87 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous 5 mL DMF, before 543 μ L DIPEA (3.12 mmol) and 235 mg (3-aminophenyl)-boronic acid (1.72 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred over night at room temperature. Water was added and the mixture was extracted with EA. The obtained solid was purified via RP flash chromatography. 391 g of **63** (1.14 mmol, 73 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 343.05 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 10.05 (s, 2H), 8.00 (s, 2H), 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.77 – 7.68 (m, 1H), 7.67 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.51 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.20 – 7.07 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 4H) ppm.

3-(4-morpholino-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)aniline (64)

64 was synthesized according to the **general procedure A** from the aryl halide **60a** (3.0 g, 5.71 mmol) and (3-aminophenyl)boronic acid (938 mg, 6.85 mmol). Water was added, the precipitated solid was filtrated and washed with water and ethanol. 2.63 g of **64** (4.89 mmol, 86 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 538.20 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.37 – 7.24 (m, 9H), 7.20 – 7.11 (m, 6H), 7.04 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 6.57 – 6.45 (m, 2H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 3.52 – 3.44 (m, 4H), 3.23 – 3.14 (m, 4H) ppm.

1-((4-fluorophenyl)carbamoyl)cyclopentane-1-carboxylic acid (65)

65 was synthesized according to the procedure of **62** from 1 g cyclopentane-1,1-dicarboxylic acid (6.32 mmol). The resulting crude product was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH). 240 mg of **65** (955 μmol, 15 % yield) was obtained as an orange solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 252.05 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 12.56 (s, 1H), 9.59 (s, 1H), 7.71 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 2.37 – 1.95 (m, 4H), 1.77 – 1.47 (m, 4H) ppm.

1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridine-3-carboxylic acid (66)

1.00 g methyl 2-oxo-2H-pyran-3-carboxylate (6.49 mmol) and 4-fluoroaniline (6.81 mmol) were solved in 10 mL anhydrous DMF. The reaction was cooled to 0 °C and stirred for 5 h. 1.31 g EDC (8.43 mmol) and 198 mg DMAP (1.62 mmol) was added and the reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The solvent was removed and the intermediate product was purified via flash chromatography (*n*-hexane/EA). The obtained red solid was solved in THF and water (5:1) and 849 mg lithium hydroxide monohydrate (20.2 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. 0.5 M HCl_{aq} was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. 955 mg of **66** (4.10 mmol, 63 % yield) was obtained as a light brown solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 234.00 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 14.22 (s, 1H), 8.49 (ddd, J = 7.2, 2.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (ddd, J = 6.6, 2.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.73 – 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.52 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 6.91 – 6.70 (m, 1H) ppm.

4-methyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxoborolan-2-yl)aniline (67a)

791 mg potassium acetate (8.06 mmol), 611 mg bis(pinacolato)diboron (2.41 mmol) and 89.3 mg Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (134 µmol) were suspended in 10 mL anhydrous dioxane. A solution of 500 mg 3-bromo-4-methylaniline (2.69 mmol) in 5 mL anhydrous dioxane was added dropwise. The reaction was heated to $90 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered through Celite[®]. Water was added to the filtrate and was extracted with EA. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH). 215 mg of $67a \, (922 \, \mu\text{mol})$, $34 \, \%$ yield) was obtained as brown resin.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 234.28 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 6.92 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, J = 8.0 Hz, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (s, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 12H) ppm.

3-methyl-5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxoborolan-2-yl)aniline (67b)

1.00 g 3-bromo-5-methylaniline (5.37 mmol), 1.14 g bis(pinacolato)diboron (8.06 mmol), 2.16 g potassium ethylhexanoate (11.8 mmol) and 128 mg XPhos (269 μmol) were solved in 20 mL anhydrous dioxane and heated to 70 °C. 49.2 mg AllylPdCl (270 μmol) was added, and the reaction was stirred overnight. 1M NaHCO₃ solution was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (*n*-hexane/EA). 242 mg **67b** (1.08 mmol, 20 % yield) was obtained as pale-yellow solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 234.27 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 6.74 (d, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 6.65 (s, 1H) 6.48 (s, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 2.14 (s, 2H), 1.26 (s, 12H) ppm.

2-methyl-5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxoborolan-2-yl)aniline (67c)

67c was synthesized according to the procedure of **67a** from 1.00 g 5-bromo-2-methylaniline (5.37 mmol). The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (*n*-hexane/EA). 1.04 g of **67c** (4.46 mmol, 83 %yield) was obtained as white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 233.90 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ = 6.98 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H, H-3), 6.79 (dd, J = 7.2 Hz, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (s, 2H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.26 (s, 12H) ppm.

4-methyl-3-(4-:Horpholino-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)aniline (68a)

68a was synthesized according to the **general procedure A** from the aryl halide **60b** (202 mg, 353 μ mol) and the pinacol ester **67a** (100 mg, 429 μ mol). Water was added, the precipitated solid was filtrated and washed with water and ethanol. 145 mg of **68a** (263 μ mol, 74 % yield) was obtained as an off-white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 552.11 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ = 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.36 – 7.25 (m, 9H), 7.18 – 7.08 (m, 7H), 6.91 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 6.49 – 6.44 (m, 2H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 3.47–3.44 (m, 4H), 3.15–3.13 (m, 4H), 1.95 (s, 3H) ppm.

3-methyl-5-(4-morpholino-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)aniline (68b)

68b was synthesized according to the **general procedure A** from the aryl halide **60b** (297 mg, 519 μ mol) and the pinacol ester **67b** (145 mg, 622 μ mol). Water was added, the precipitated solid was filtrated and washed with water and ethanol. 283 mg of **68b** (513 μ mol, 99 % yield) was obtained as an off-white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 552.00 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.35 - 7.25 (m, 9H), 7.18 - 7.07 (m, 6H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 6.42 (s, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (s, 1H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 5.06 (s, 2H), 3.47–3.44 (m, 4H), 3.19–3.16 (m, 4H),2.18 (s, 3H) ppm.

2-methyl-5-(4-morpholino-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)aniline (68c)

68c was synthesized according to the **general procedure A** from the aryl halide **60b** (409 mg, 715 μ mol) and the pinacol ester **67c** (200 mg, 858 μ mol). Water was added, the precipitated solid was filtrated and washed with water and ethanol. 96.0 mg of **68c** (174 μ mol, 24 % yield) was obtained as an off-white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 552.06 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.34–7.25 (m, 9H), 7.15–7.14 (m, 6H), 6.94 – 6.92 (m, 2H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 6.50 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (s, 2H), 3.47–3.45 (m, 4H), 3.19–3.17 (m, 4H), 2.06 (s, 3H) ppm.

(3-aminophenyl)(4-morpholino-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)methanone (69)

To a cooled solution of 500 mg 60a (952 µmol) in 20 mL anhydrous THF, 455 µL nBuLi (2.5 M in n-hexane, 1.14 mmol) was added at -78 °C. The reaction was stirred for 1 h, before 212 mg 3-nitrobenzoyl chloride (1.14 mmol) was added. The reaction was slowly warmed room temperature and stirred for 1 h. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The

intermediate was purified via flash chromatography (*n*-hexane/EA). The obtained white solid was suspended in 18 mL methanol together with 136 mg iron powder (2.43 mmol) and 2 mL conc. aq. ammonium chloride solution. The reaction was heated to 70 °C and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was filtrated through Celite[®]. Water was added to the filtrate, and it was extracted with EA. 120 mg **69** (212 µmol, 22 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 566.25 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ = 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.37 – 6.89 (m, 18H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.38 (s, 2H), 3.56 – 3.46 (m, 4H), 3.45 – 3.36 (m, 4H) ppm.

1-((3-(4-morpholino-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)carbamoyl)cyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid (70)

726 mg cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylic acid (5.58 mmol) was solved in 30 mL anhydrous THF and 405 μL thionyl chloride (5.58 mmol) was added slowly. The solution was heated to 60 °C and stirred for 2 h. The raction mixture was cooled to room temperature, before a suspension of 2.50 g **64** (4.65 mmol) in 20 mL anhydrous THF was added slowly and stirred overnight. The precipitated white solid was filtrated and washed with water. A white solid was obtained. The **general procedure C** was conducted with the intermediate. The watery layer was adjusted to pH3 with 4M aq. HCl and extracted with EA. The crude product was recrystallized from ACN/MeOH. 1.02 g **70** (2.51 mmol, 54 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 408.10 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 13.76 (s, 1H), 12.15 (s, 1H), 8.34 (s, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (s, 4H), 3.17 (s, 4H), 1.24 (d, J = 14.1 Hz, 4H) ppm.

quinolin-6-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (71.0)

2.00 g quinolin-6-ol (13.8 mmol) and 2.25 mL pyridine (27.9 mmol) were solved in 50 mL anhydrous DCM. The solution was cooled to 0 °C and 16.5 mL of a 1 M solution of sulfonic anhydride (16.5 mmol) in DCM was added dropwise. The cooling bath was removed and the reaction solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction mixture was washed with water and brine. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (n-hexane/EA $80/20 \rightarrow 50/50$). 3.06 g of **71.0** (11.0 mmol, 80 % yield) was obtained as a colorless oil.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 278.08 [M+H]^+$

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_δ): δ = 9.03 (dd, J = 4.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.54 – 8.52 (m, 1H), 8.24 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (dd, J = 9.3, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (dd, J = 8.4, 4.2 Hz, 1H) ppm.

6-(2-(diphenylmethylene)hydrazineyl)quinoline (71)

1.80 g of **71.0** (6.49 mmol), 1.66 g (diphenylmethylene)hydrazine (8.44 mmol), 4.23 g Cs₂CO₃ (13.0 mmol), 153 mg XPhos Pd G2 (195 µmol) and 93 mg XPhos (195 µmol) were suspended in 40 mL anhydrous toluene and 8mL *t*-BuOH. The reaction mixture was heated to 90 °C and stirred overnight. The cooled reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and the residue was rinsed with EA and filtered over Celite[®]. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (*n*-hexane/EA 90/10 \rightarrow 50/50). 1.60 g of **71** (4.95 mmol, 76 % yield) was obtained as a yellow solid. **MS** (**ESI+**): m/z = 324.15 [M-H]⁻

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ = 9.24 (s, 1H), 8.61 (dd, J = 4.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.19 – 8.12 (m, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H, H-6), 7.76 (dd, J = 9.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.67 – 7.51 (m, 7H), 7.40 – 7.29 (m, 6H) ppm.

3-(tert-butyl)-1-(quinolin-6-yl)-1H-pyrazol-5-amine (72)

1.53 g 71 (4.73 mmol) and 1.78 g 4,4-dimethyl-3-oxopentanenitrile (14.2 mmol) were solved with 7 mL ethanol. 4 mL concentrated HCl (12 M, 48.0 mmol) was added. The mixture was heated to reflux and stirred overnight. The cooled reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and the residue was washed with diethyl ether. The crude product was dissolved in EA and washed with saturated Na₂CO₃ solution. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (n-hexane/EA 70/30 \rightarrow 30/70). 590 mg of 72 (2.22 mmol, 69 % yield) was obtained as an orange oil.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 267.27 \text{ [M+H]}^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ = 8.88 (dd, J = 4.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.40 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.11 – 8.03 (m, 2H), 7.55 (dd, J = 8.3, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 5.46 (s, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 1.25 (s, 9H) ppm.

2,2,2-trichloroethyl (3-(tert-butyl)-1-(quinolin-6-yl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)carbamate (73)

1.30 g of **72** (4.87 mmol), 16.0 mg 4-DMAP (132 µmol) and 1.30 mL pyridine (16.1 mmol) were solved in 30 mL anhydrous DCM and cooled to -10 °C. A solution of 2,2,2-trichloroethyl carbonochloridate (950 µL, 6.91 mmol) in 3 mL DCM was added dropwise to the cooled solution over a period of 20 min. After 2 h of stirring, 20 mL H₂O were added, and the solution was stirred for 10 min. The mixture was washed with brine. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (n-hexane/EA 90/10 \rightarrow 50/50). 689 mg of **73** (1.56 mmol, 32 % yield) was obtained as a yellowish solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 441.19 \text{ [M+H]}^+$

¹H NMR (250 MHz, (DMSO-d6): δ = 10.15 (s, 1H), 8.94 (dd, J = 4.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.43 – 8.38 (m, 1H), 8.17 – 8.03 (m, 2H), 7.90 (dd, J = 9.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, J = 8.3, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (s, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 1.31 (s, 9H) ppm.

tert-butyl 4-(2-chloro-5-iodo-7-trityl-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-4-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (74)

74 synthesized according to the **general procedure B** from 5.00 g **39** (8.99 mmol) and 1.76 g *tert*-butyl piperazine-1-carboxylate (9.44 mmol). 6.35 g of **74** (8.99 mmol, 100 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 436.20 \text{ [M-CPh}_3]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 7.40 – 7.26 (m, 9H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 7.14 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 3.62 – 3.41 (m, 8H), 1.42 (s, 9H) ppm.

(3-(3-(3-(4ert-butyl)-1-(p-tolyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)ureido)phenyl)boronic acid (75)

500 mg (3-aminophenyl)boronic acid (3.65 mmol) and 1.48 g **44** (3.65 mmol) were solved in 20 mL anhydrous ACN, before 1.91 mL DIPEA (20.0 mmol) was added. The reaction was heated to 70 °C and stirred 3 h. 1 M aq. HCl was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The crude product was purified via RP flash chromatography. 888 mg of **75** (2.26 μ mol, 62 % yield) was obtained as a pale yellow solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 393.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 8.94 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 7.98 (s, 2H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.45 – 7.30 (m, 5H), 7.23 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (s, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 9H) ppm.

2,4,5-trichloro-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine (76a.0)

4.00 g 2,4-dichloro-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine (21.3 mmol) and 3.41 g NCS (25.5 mmol) were solved in 40 mL anhydrous ACN. The reaction was heated to 70 °C and stirred overnight. The precipitate was filtrated and washed with 20 mL ACN. 2.66 g of **76a.0** (12.0 mmol, 56 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 221.90 [M+H]^+$

¹H NMR (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 13.05 (s, 1H), 7.92 (dd, J = 2.5, 0.9 Hz, 1H) ppm.

2,4,5-trichloro-7-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine (76a)

2.60 g **76a.0** (11.7 mmol) was solved in anhydrous DMF and the solution was cooled to 0 °C. 701 mg sodium hydride (60 wt. % in paraffin, 17.5 mmol) was added in portions and the reaction was stirred for 0.5 h. 2.48 mL (2-(chloromethoxy)ethyl)trimethylsilane (14.0 mmol) was added dropwise. The reaction was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 h. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (*n*-hexane/EA). 4.03 g of **76a** (11.3 mmol, 97 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 352.00 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 8.14 (s, 1H), 5.56 (s, 2H), 3.61 – 3.47 (m, 2H), 0.92 – 0.78 (m, 2H), -0.08 (s, 9H) ppm.

2,4-dichloro-7-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine (76b)

76b was synthesized according to the procedure of **76a** from 2,4-dichloro-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine (1.00 g, 5.32 mmol). 1.55 g **76b** (4.87 mmol, 91 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 318.00 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.37 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.60 (s, 2H), 3.60 – 3.45 (m, 2H), 0.98 – 0.85 (m, 2H), -0.04 (s, 9H) ppm.

2,5-dichloro-*N*,*N*-dimethyl-7-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*] pyrimidin-4-amine (77a)

4.12 g **76a** (11.7 mmol) was solved in 20 mL abs. EtOH, before 8.76 mL dimethylamine (2 M in THF, 17.5 mmol) and 4.07 mL DIPEA (23.4 mmol) were added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The combined organic layers were washed with 1 M aq. HCl, with 1 M aueous NaHCO₃ and with brine. 4.20 g of **77a** (11.6 mmol, 99 % yield) was obtained as a red resin.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 361.00 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 7.63 (s, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (s, 2H), 3.57 – 3.46 (m, 2H), 3.23 (s, 6H), 0.89 – 0.78 (m, 2H), -0.08 (s, J = 3.3 Hz, 9H) ppm.

2-chloro-*N*,*N*-dimethyl-7-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*] pyrimidin-4-amine (77b)

77b was synthesized according to the procedure of 77a from 1.69 g 76b (5.31 mmol). 1.69 g of 77b (5.18 mmol, 97 % yield) was obtained as a light yellow resin.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 327.10 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 7.30 (dd, J = 3.7, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J = 3.7, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (s, 2H), 3.53 – 3.44 (m, 2H), 3.28 (s, 6H), 0.88 – 0.78 (m, 2H), -0.08 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 9H) ppm.

(4-amino-2-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)(morpholino)methanone (78a)

4.75 g 2,5-difluoro-4-nitrobenzoic acid (23.4 mmol) was solved in 75 mL methanol, before 8.30 g potassium hydroxide was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the pH was adjusted to pH1 with 1 M aq. HCl. The reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The **general procedure D** was conducted with the obtained yellow solid (carboxylic acid) and 2.41 mL morpholine (amine, 27.9 mmol). The solvent was removed, the residue was resolved in EA and washed with 1 M aq. NaHCO₃ and 1 M aq. HCl. The obtained orange resin was solved in 45 mL methanol and 5 mL conc. aq. NH₄Cl and 13.0 g iron powder was added. The reaction was heated to 80 °C and stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was filtrated through Celite[®], the solvent was removed in vacuo, water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH) and RP flash chromatography. 2.91 g of **78a** (11.4 mmol, 49 % yield) was obtained as a white foam.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 255.05 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 6.72 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.61 – 3.51 (m, 8H) ppm.

2-methoxy-4-(methylsulfonyl)aniline (78b)

5.00 g 4-fluoro-2-methoxy-1-nitrobenzene (29.2 mmol) and 3.28 g 4-fluoro-2-methoxy-1-nitrobenzene (32.1 mmol) were solved in 15 mL anhydrous DMA. The reaction was heated to 80 °C and stirred overnight. Water was added and the precipitate was filtrated and washed with water. The obtained off white solid and 7.12 g iron powder were suspended in 90 mL methanol and 10 mL aq. NH₄Cl. The reaction was heated to 60 °C and stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was filtrated through Celite[®], the solvent was removed in vacuo, water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. 4.88 g of **78b** (24.3 mmol, 83 % yield) was obtained as a pale violet solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 202.00 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.35 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.00 (s, 3H) ppm.

(4-((5-chloro-4-(dimethylamino)-7-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-2-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)(morpholino)methanone (79a)

2.00 g 77a (5.53 mmol), 1.55 g 78a (6.09 mmol), 3.52 g K_3PO_4 (16.6 mmol), 132 mg XPhos (277 µmol) and 218 mg XPhos Pd G2 (277 µmol) were suspended in 30 mL anhydrous dioxane. The reaction was heated to 60 °C and stirred for 1 h. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with DCM. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (n-hexane/EA). 1.14 g of 79a (1.97 mmol, 35 % yield) was obtained as a pale yellow solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 567.25 [M+H]^+$

5-chloro-N2-(2-methoxy-4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-N4,N4-dimethyl-7-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-2,4-diamine (79b)

79b was synthesized according to the procedure of **79a** from 1.97 g **77a** (5.44 mmol) and 1.20 g **78b** (5.98 mmol). 1.24 g **79b** (2.36 mmol, 43 % yield) was obtained as a pale orange solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 526.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ = 8.82 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.52 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 5.45 (s, 2H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 3.60 – 3.50 (m, 2H), 3.21 (s, 6H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 0.90 – 0.80 (m, 2H), -0.13 (s, 9H) ppm.

5-iodo-N2-(2-methoxy-4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-N4,N4-dimethyl-7-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-2,4-diamine (79c)

1.50 g 77b (4.59 mmol), 1.02 g 78b (5.05 mmol), 2.92 g K₃PO₄ (13.8 mmol), 109 mg XPhos (229 μmol) and 180 mg XPhos Pd G2 (229 μmol) were suspended in 30 mL *iso*-butanol. The reaction was heated to 80 °C and stirred for 1 h. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with DCM. The combined organic layers were washed with 1 M aq. HCl and with 1 M aq. NaHCO₃. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (*n*-hexane/EA). 1.14 g of 79c (1.97 mmol, 35 % yield) was obtained as a pale yellow solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 618.10 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ = 8.89 – 8.82 (m, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.52 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 5.46 (s, 2H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 3.61 – 3.51 (m, 2H), 3.28 (s, 6H), 3.17 (s, 3H), 0.92 – 0.82 (m, 3H), -0.13 (s, 9H) ppm.

(4-((5-(3-aminophenyl)-4-(dimethylamino)-7-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-2-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)(morpholino)methanone (80a)

80a was synthesized according to the **general procedure A** from the aryl halide **79a** (540 mg, 932 μ mol) and (3-aminophenyl)boronic acid (140 mg, 1.03 mmol). Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (DCM/MeOH). 556 mg of **80a** (874 μ mol, 93 % yield) was obtained as an orange resin.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 636.45 [M+H]^+$

5-(3-aminophenyl)-N2-(2-methoxy-4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-N4,N4-dimethyl-7-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-7*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine-2,4-diamine (80b)

80b was synthesized according to the **general procedure A** from the aryl halide **79c** (600 mg, 972 μ mol) and (3-aminophenyl)boronic acid (146 mg, 1.07 mmol). Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with EA. 560 mg of **80b** (961 μ mol, 99 % yield) was obtained as a light brown solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 583.25 [M+H]^+$

N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(4-hydroxyphenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (81a)

To a solution of 2.50 g **62** (11.2 mmol) and 1.47 g 4-aminophenol (13.4 mmol) in 30 mL anhydrous DMF was added 2.58 g EDC (13.4 mmol). The solution was stirred at room temperature overnight. The solution was added to 100 mL water and extracted with EA. The obtained solid was purified via flash chromatography (*c*-hexane/EA 1:1), affording 2.68 g of **81a** (8.53 mmol, 76 % yield) as a white solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 315.14 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 10.15 (s, 1H), 9.71 (s, 1H), 9.20 (s, 1H), 7.61 (dd, J = 9.0, 5.1 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 6.71 – 6.66 (m, 2H), 1.44 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 4H) ppm.

N-(4-aminophenyl)-N-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxamide (81b)

81b was synthesized according to the procedure of **63** from 1.00 g **62** (4.48 mmol) and 533 mg benzene-1,4-diamine (4.93 mmol). 1.00 g of **81b** (3.19 mmol,71 % yield) was obtained as a white solid.

MS (**ESI**+): $m/z = 314.10 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 10.23 (s, 1H), 9.55 (s, 1H), 7.61 (dd, J = 8.7, 4.9 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.02 (m, 4H), 6.49 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 1.43 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 4H) ppm.

5-bromo-2-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-2*H*-indazole (83)

1.00 g 5-bromo-1*H*-indazole (5.08 mmol) and 1.30 mL (6.09 mmol) *N*-cyclohexyl-*N*-methylcyclohexanamine were solved in 25 mL anhydrous THF. 1.08 mL (2-(chloromethoxy)ethyl)trimethylsilane (6.09 mmol) were added dropwise, before the mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. Water was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with DCM. The crude product was purified via flash chromatography (*n*-hexane/EA). 970 mg of **83** (2.97 mmol, 58 % yield) was obtained as a yellow oil.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 327.00 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 8.06 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (dd, J = 1.8, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dt, J = 9.2, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J = 9.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.71 (s, 2H), 3.70 – 3.55 (m, 2H), 1.01 – 0.85 (m, 2H), -0.03 (s, 9H) ppm.

$4-methyl- N-(3-(4-methyl-1 H-imidazol-1-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl)-3-nitrobenzamide \\ (86.0)$

826 mg 4-methyl-3-nitrobenzoic acid (4.56 mmol) and 1.89 g HATU (4.97 mmol) were solved in 20 mL anhydrous DMF and 1.08 mL DIPEA (6.22 mmol) was added. After 5 min of stirring 1.00 g 3-(4-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)aniline (4.15 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The solvent was removed and the residue was purified via RP chromatography. 1.51 g of **86.0** (3.37 mmol, 91 %) was obtained as a yellow solid. **MS (ESI+):** $m/z = 405.15 [M+H]^+$

¹**H NMR** (250 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 10.84 (s, 1H), 8.61 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.30 – 8.17 (m, 3H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.78 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 2.60 (s, 3H), 2.18 (s, 3H) ppm.

$3-amino-4-methyl-N-(3-(4-methyl-1 H-imidazol-1-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl) benzamide \\ (86)$

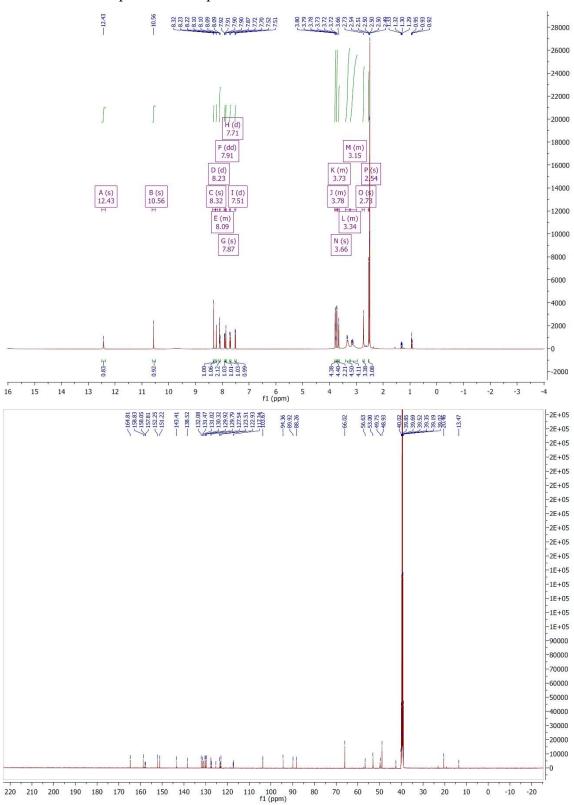
1.50 g **86.0** (3.71 mmol) was solved in 15 mL anhydrous methanol. The flask was flushed with argon, before 150 mg palladium on carbon was added. The suspension was stirred under hydrogen atmosphere at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was filtrated through Celite[®] and the solvent was removed. 1.26 g of **86** (3.73 mmol, 90 %) was obtained as a yellowish solid.

MS (ESI+): $m/z = 375.10 [M+H]^+$

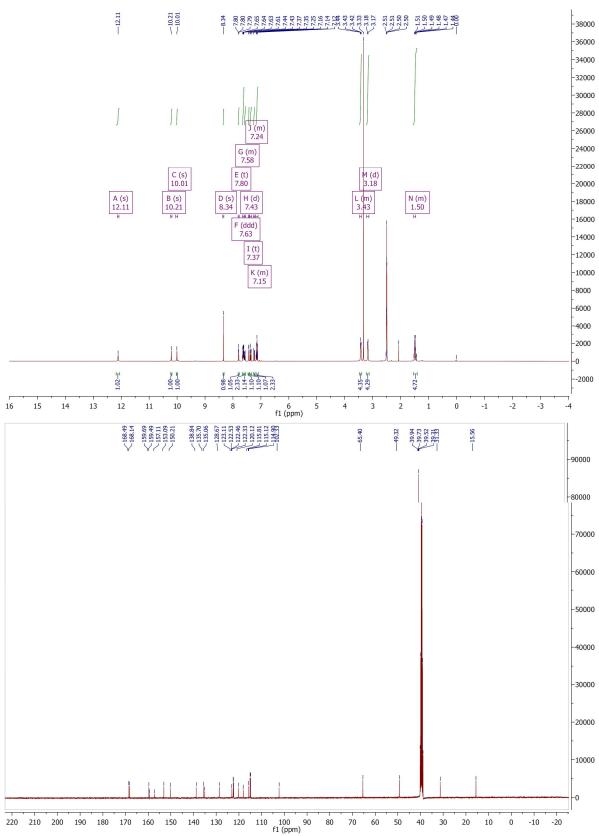
¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6): δ = 10.44 (s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.48 – 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.16 – 7.05 (m, 2H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 2.18 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 3H), 2.13 (s, 3H) ppm.

NMR spectra

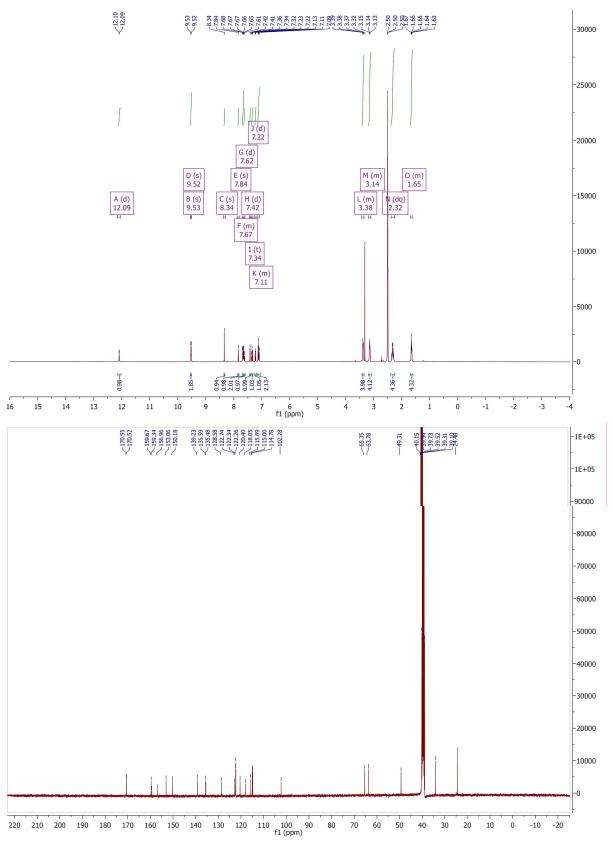
 $^{1}\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of compound 1



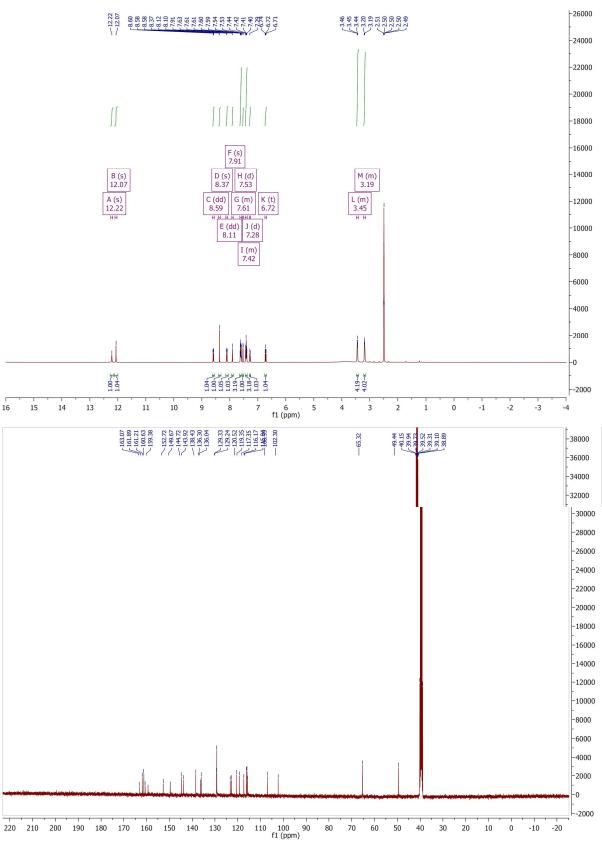
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **2**

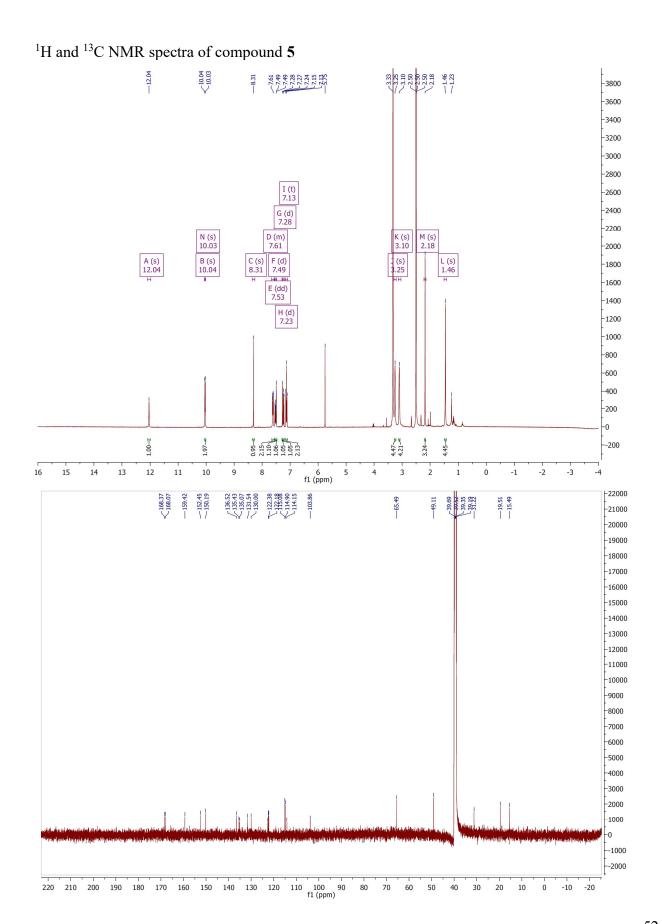


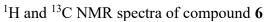
 ^{1}H and ^{13}C NMR spectra of compound 3

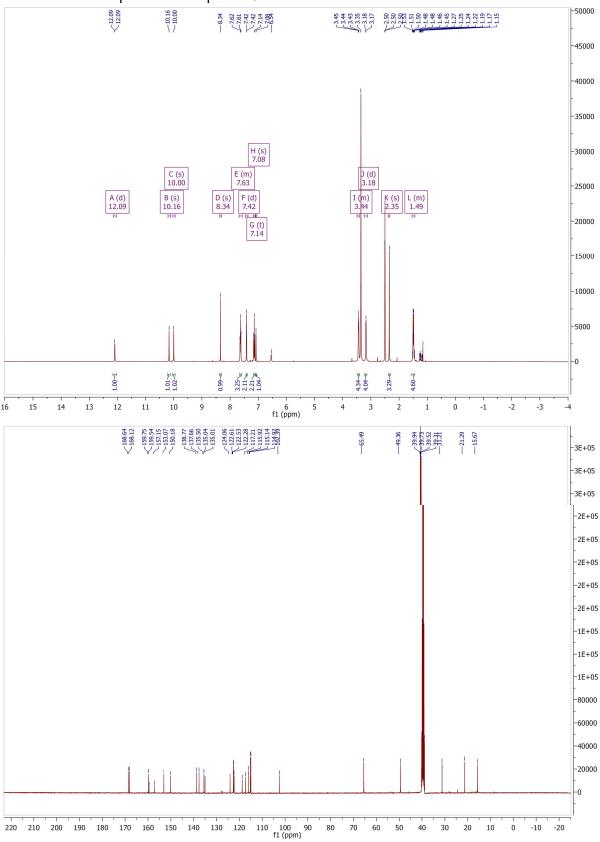


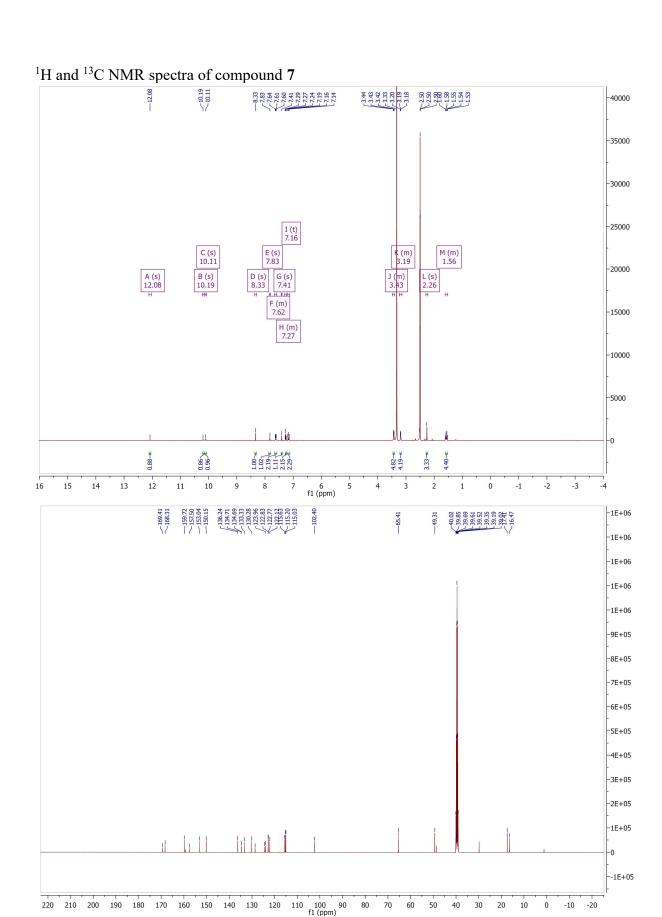
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **4**



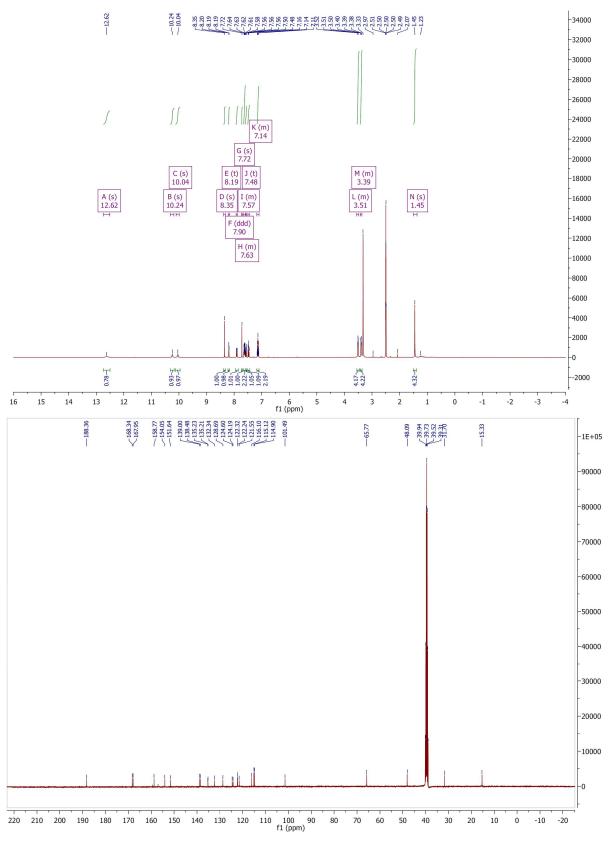


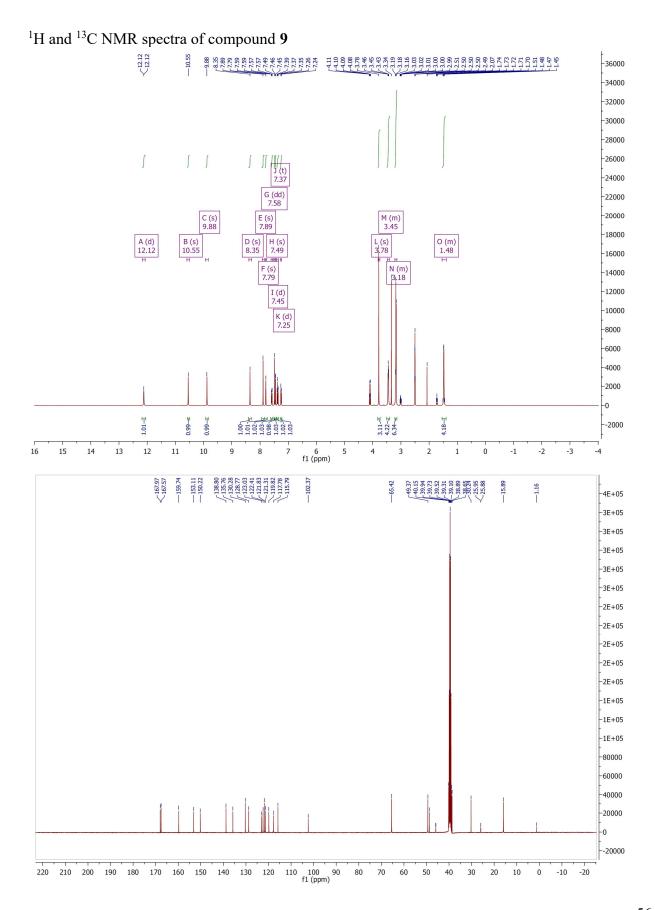


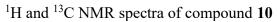


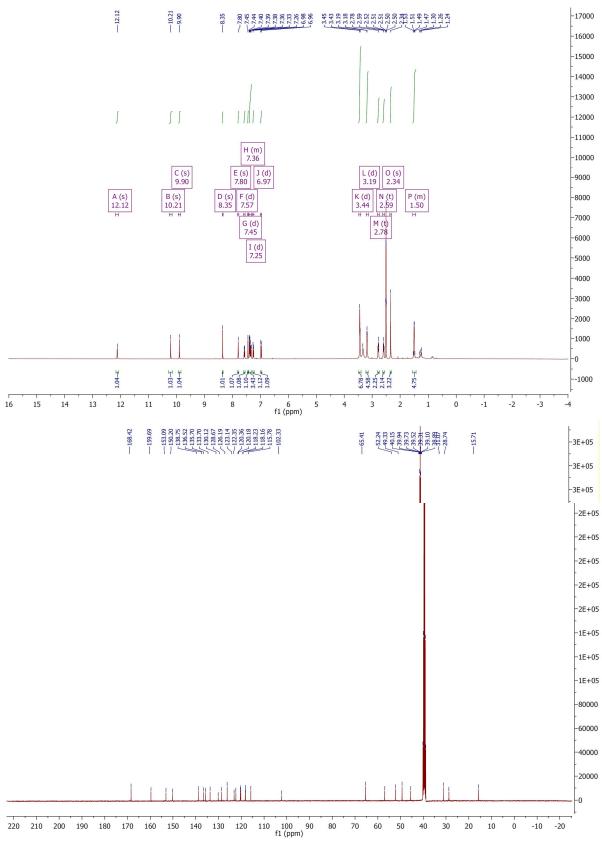


¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **8**

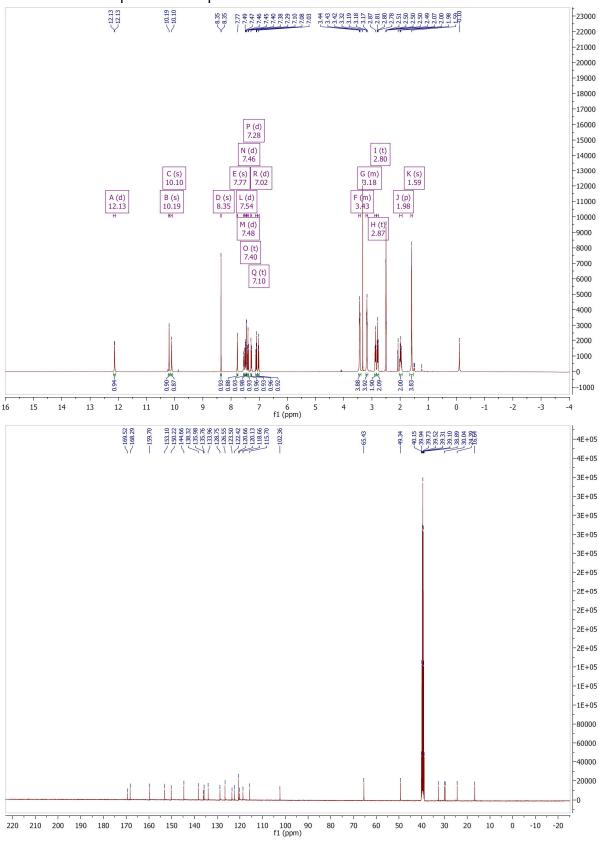




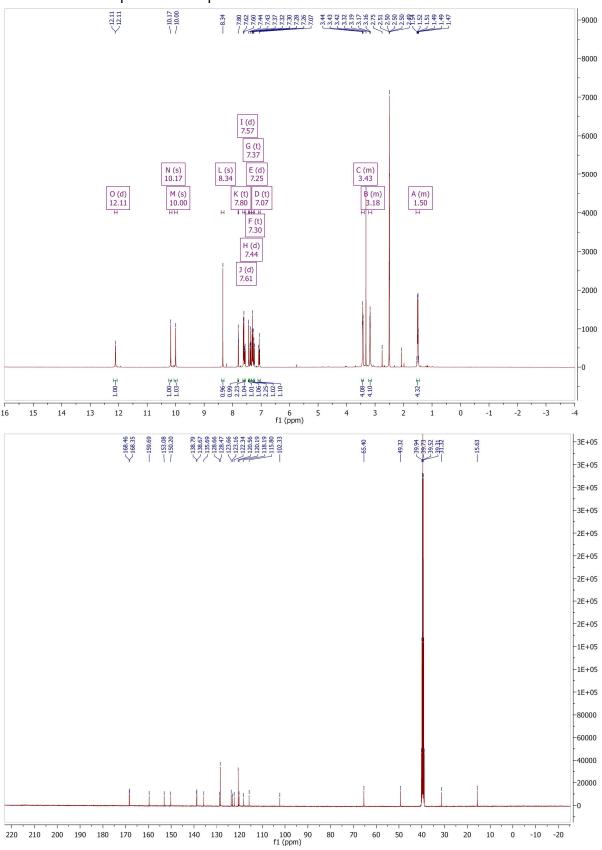


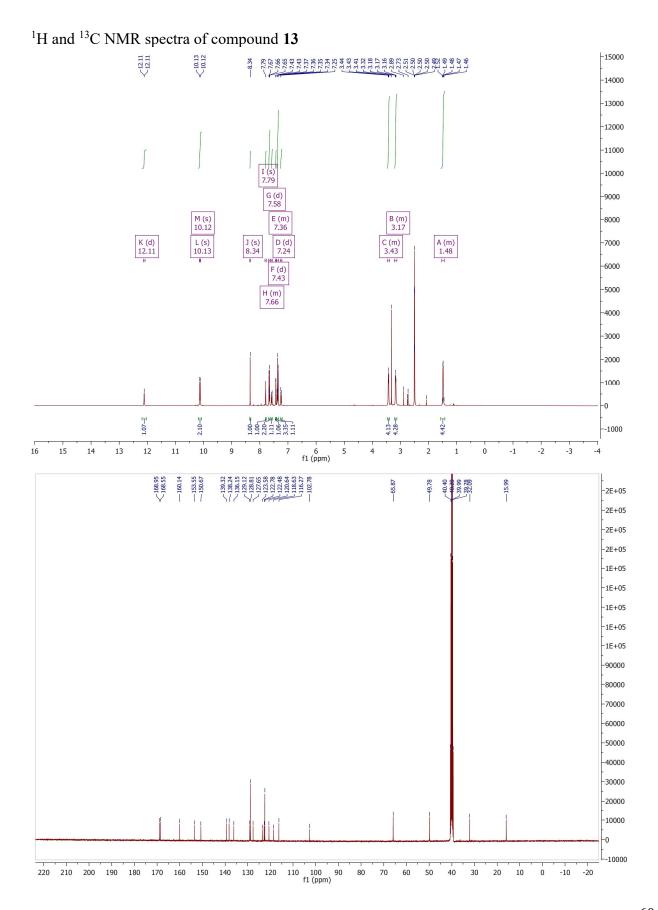


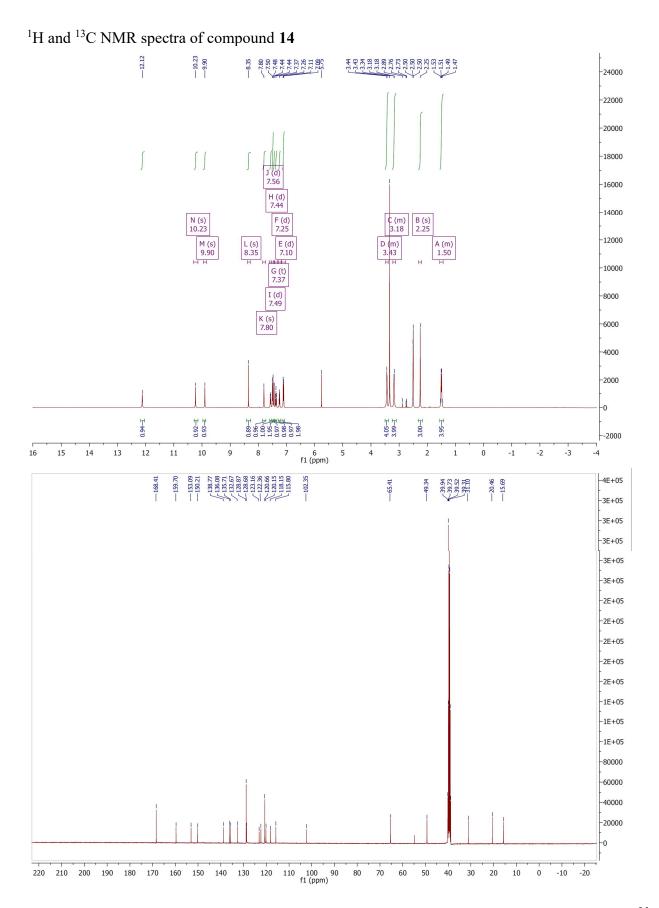
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **11**

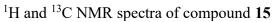


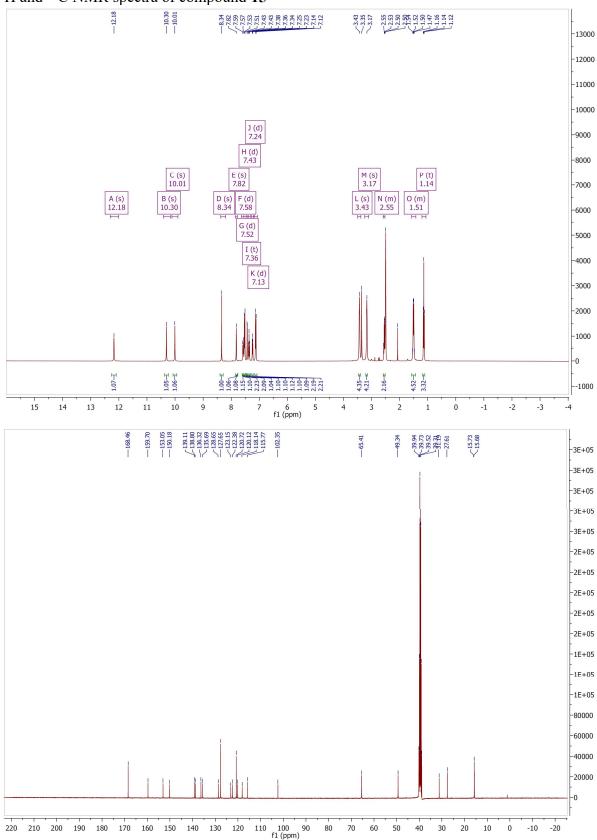
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **12**

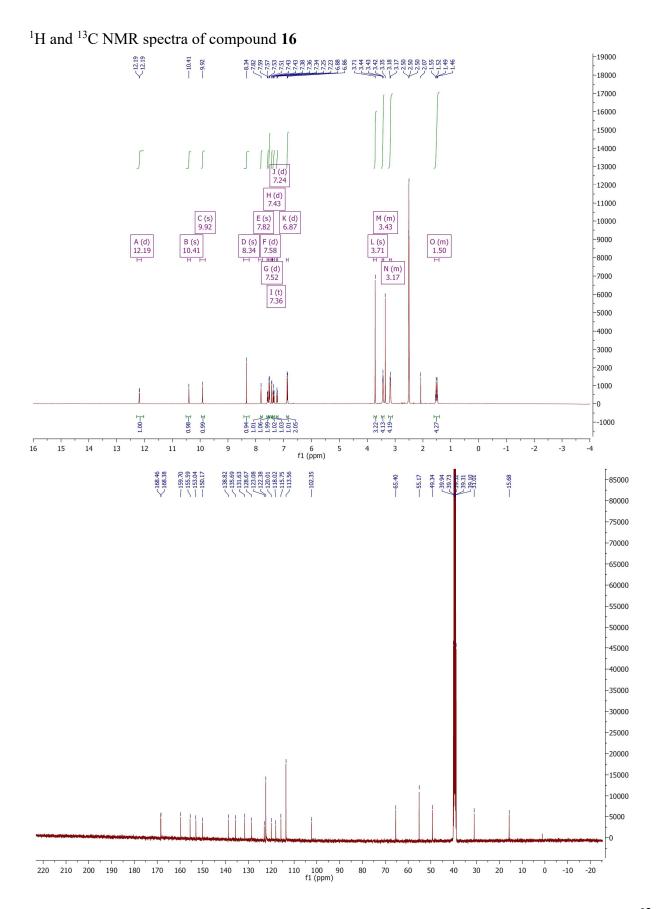


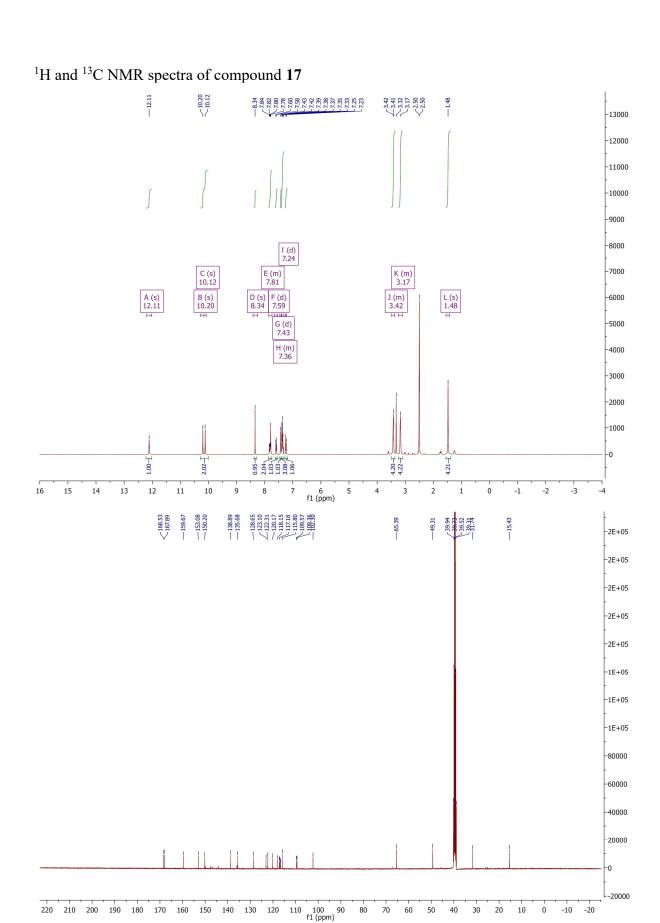


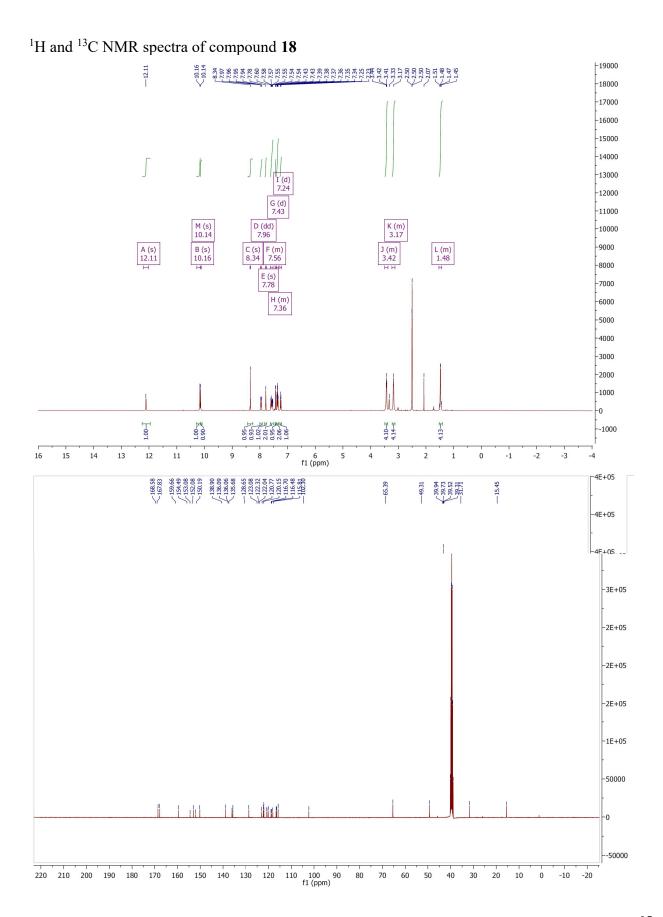


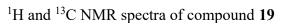


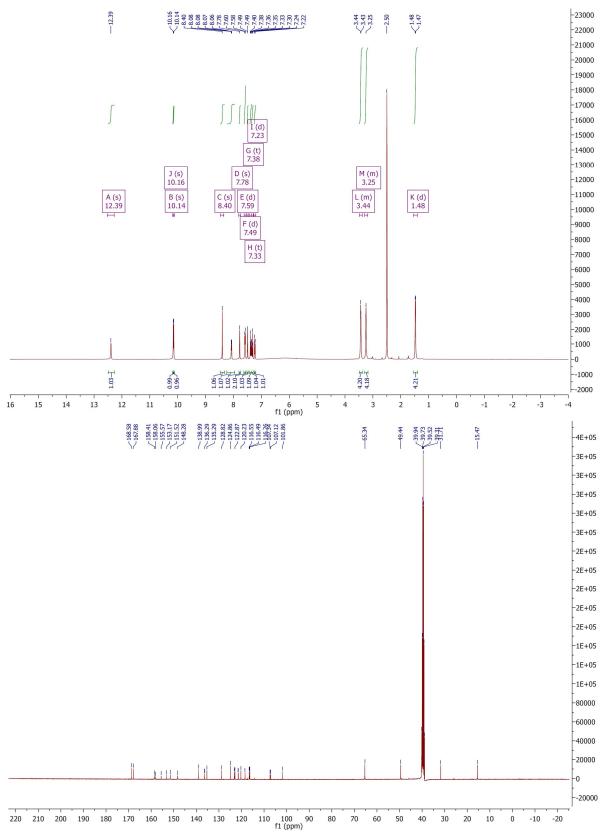




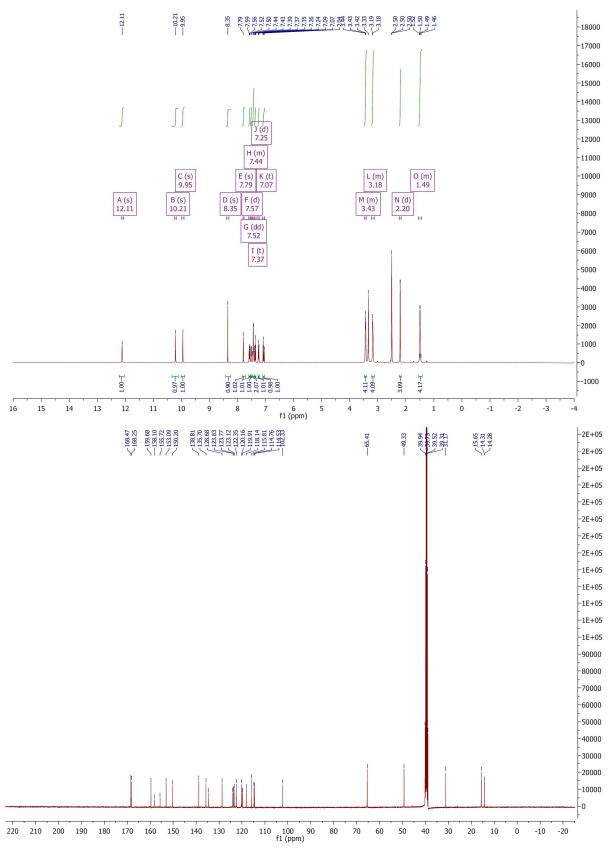




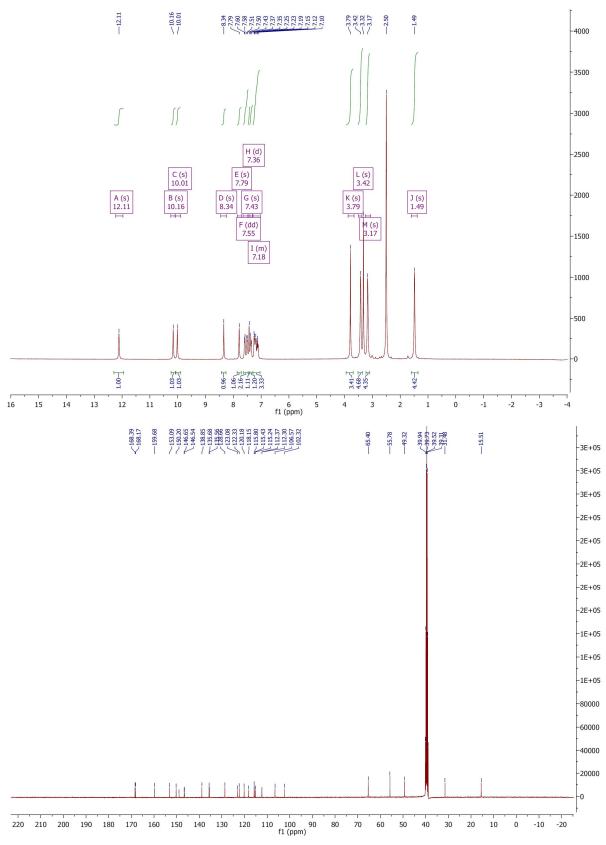




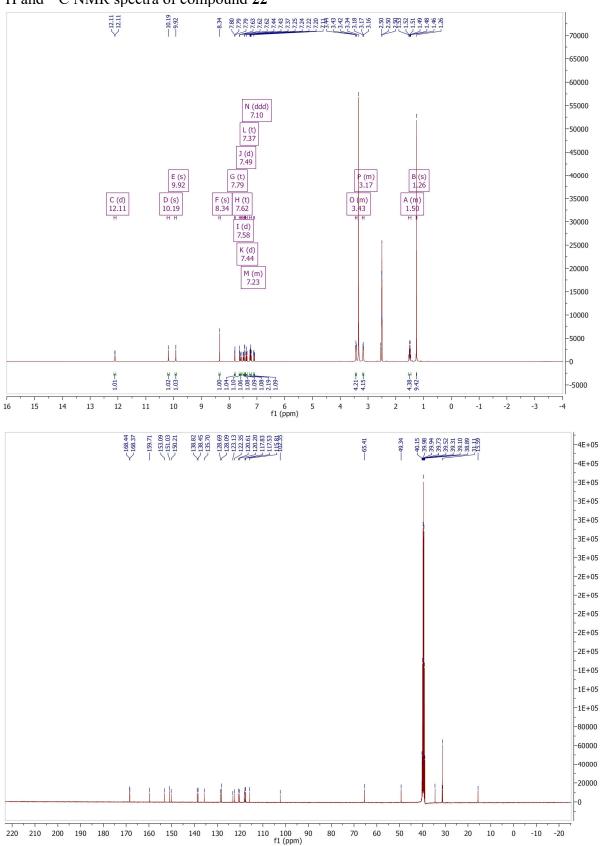
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **20**



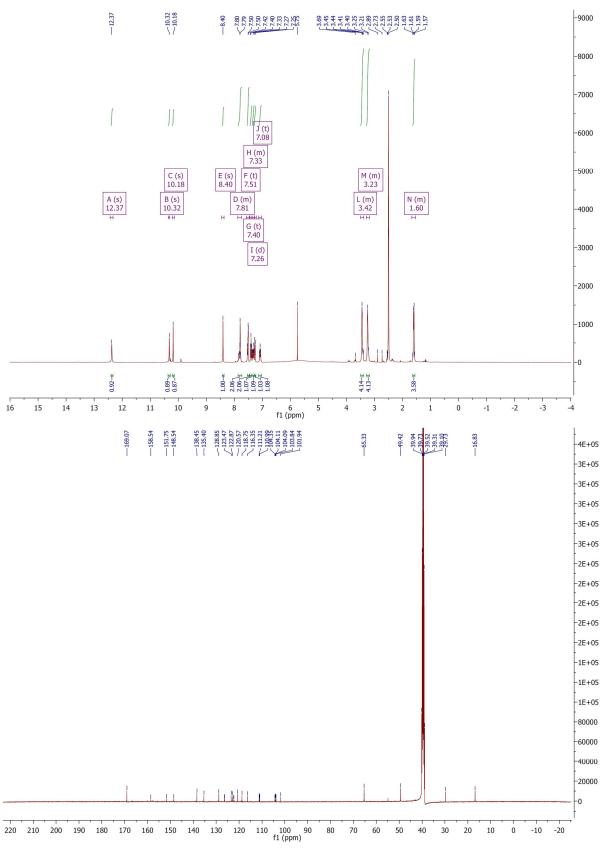
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **21**

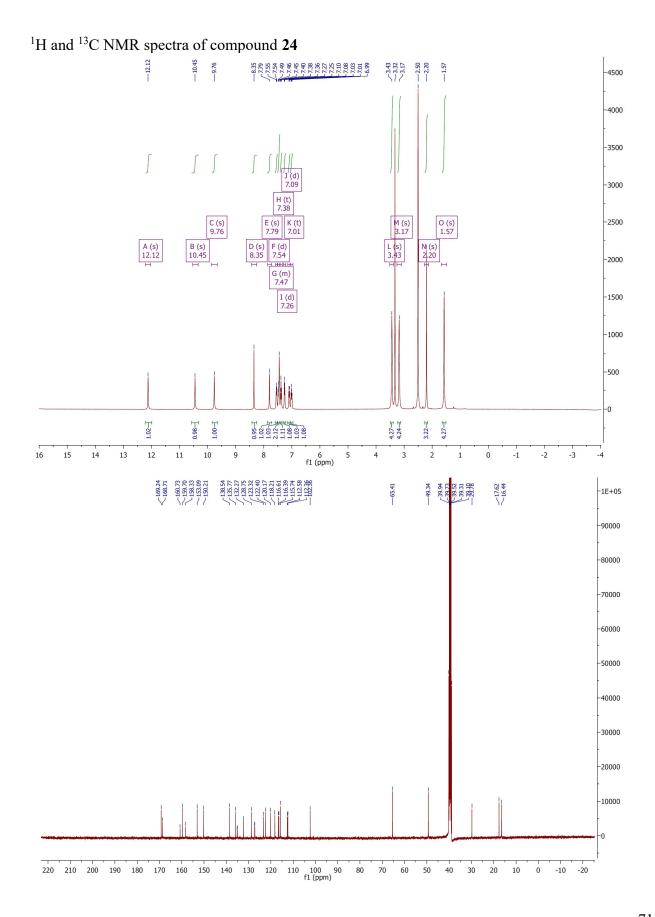


¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **22**

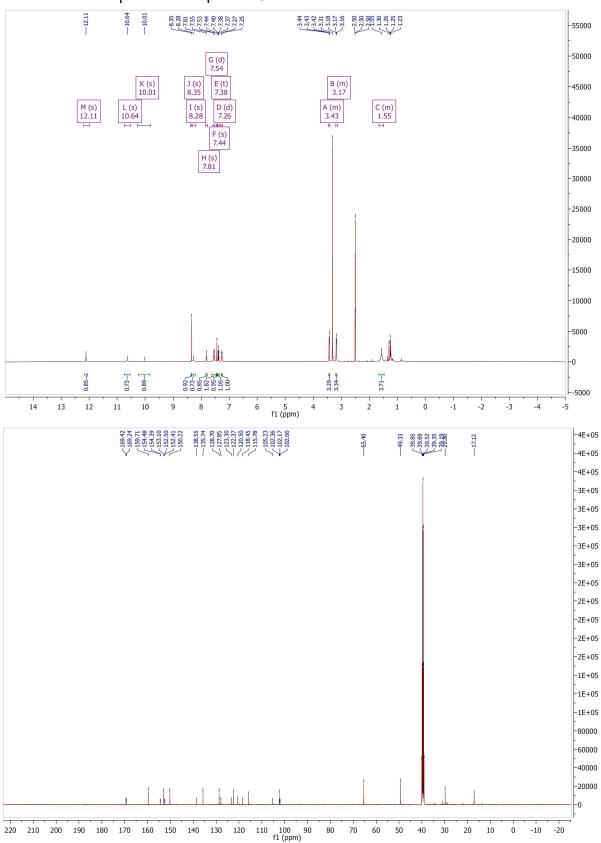


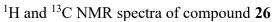
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **23**

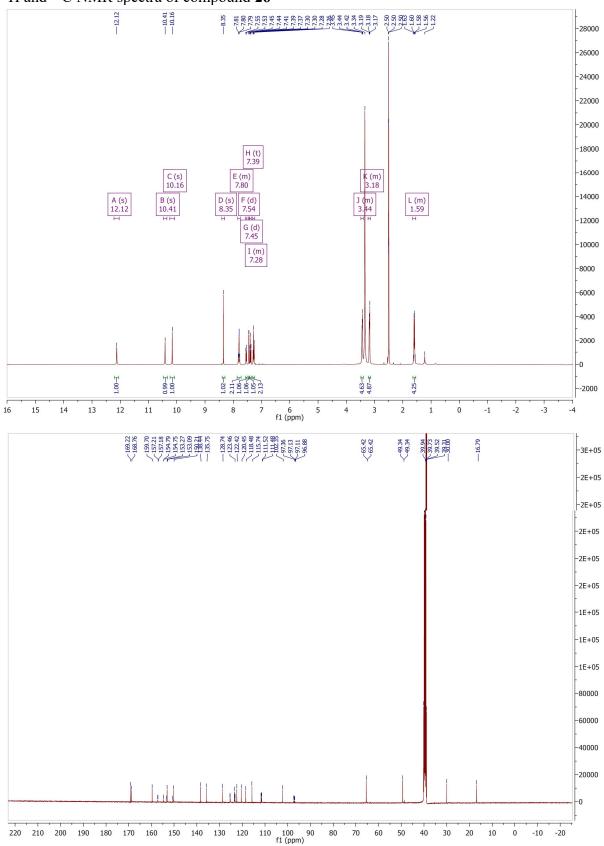


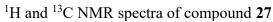


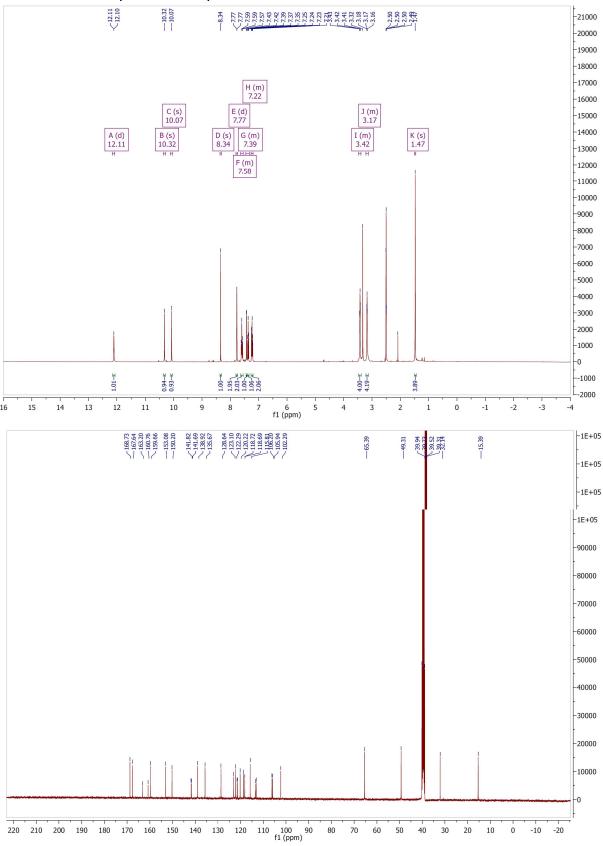
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **25**



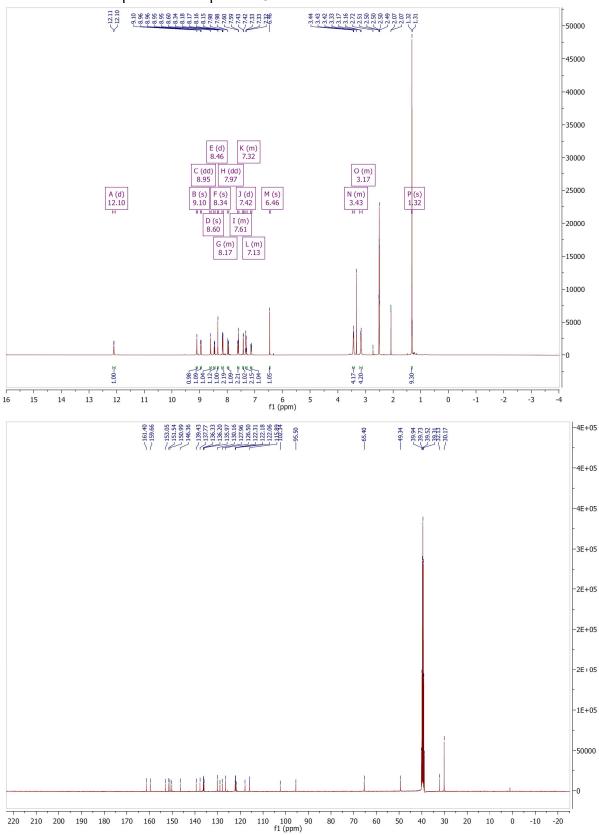




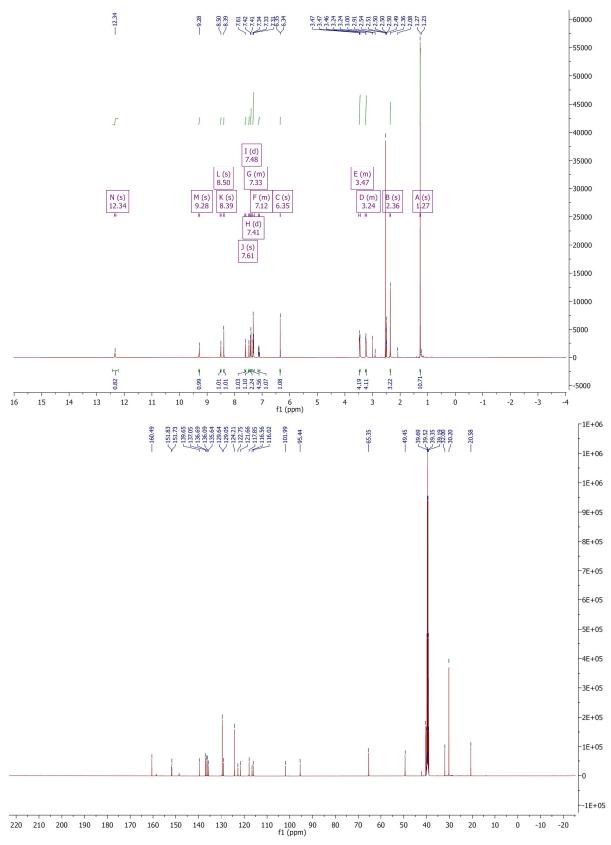


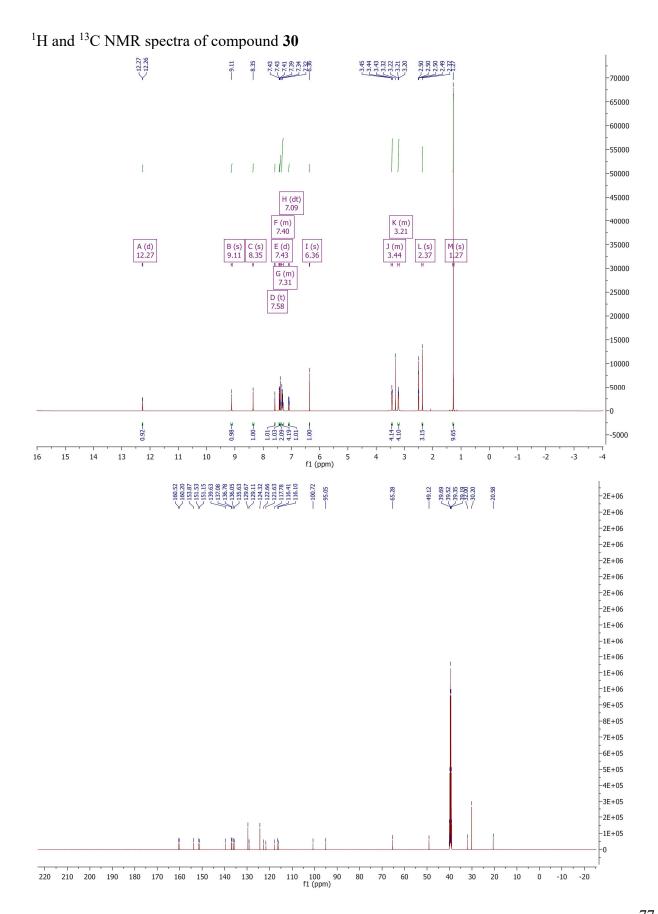


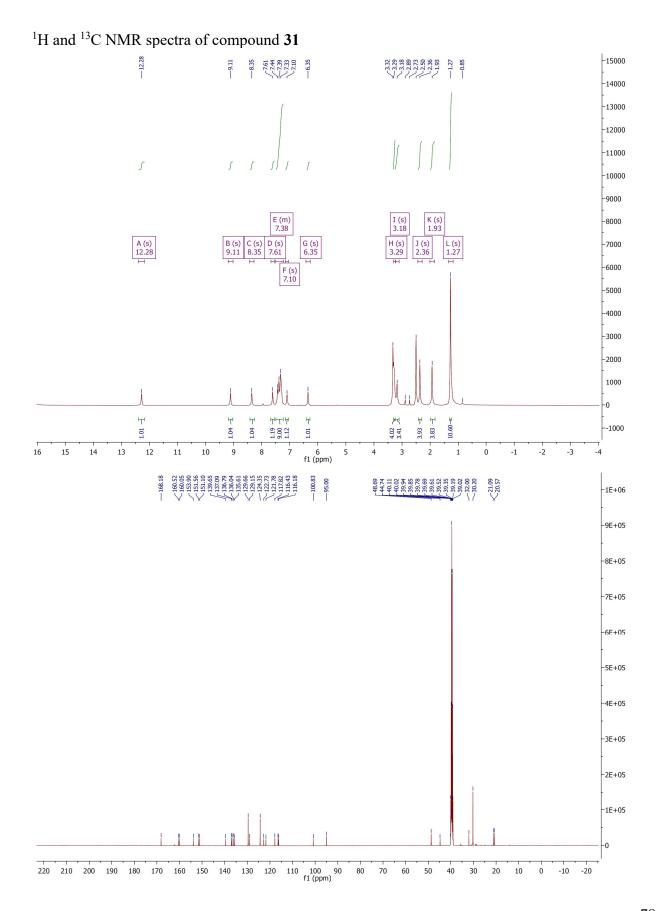
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **28**



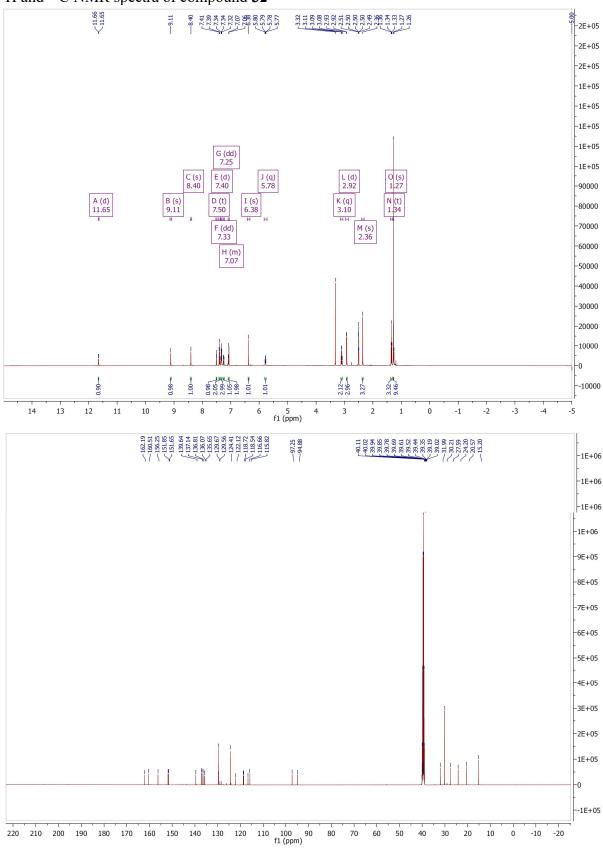
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **29**

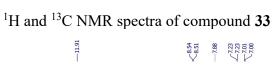


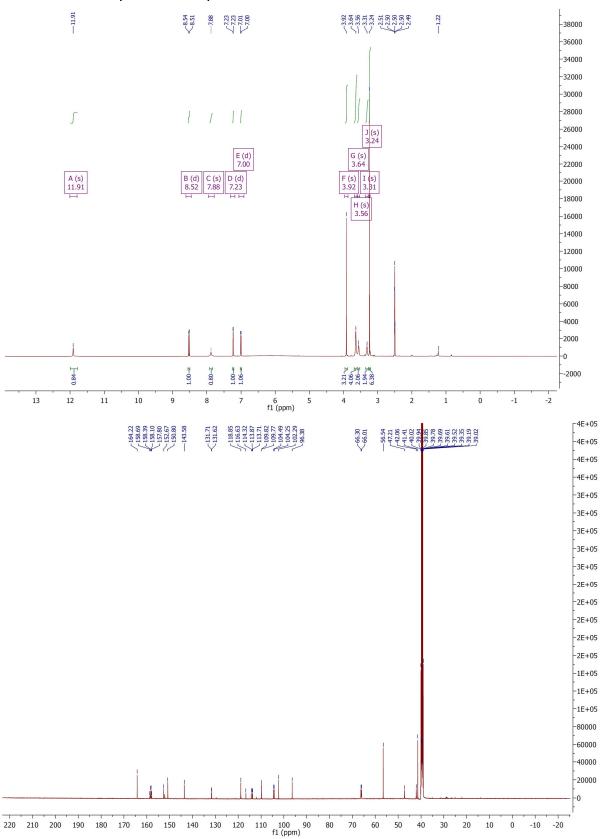


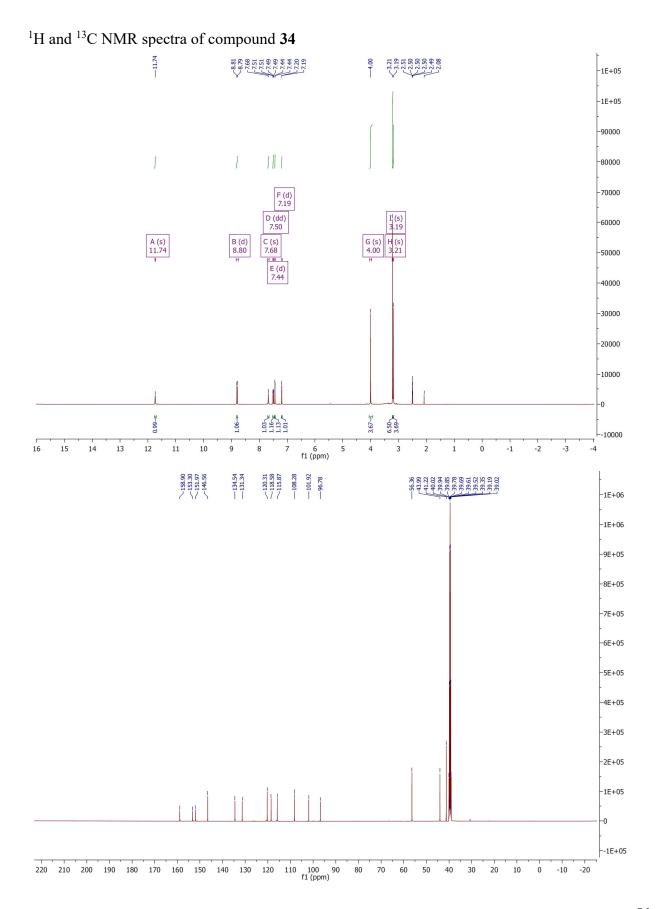


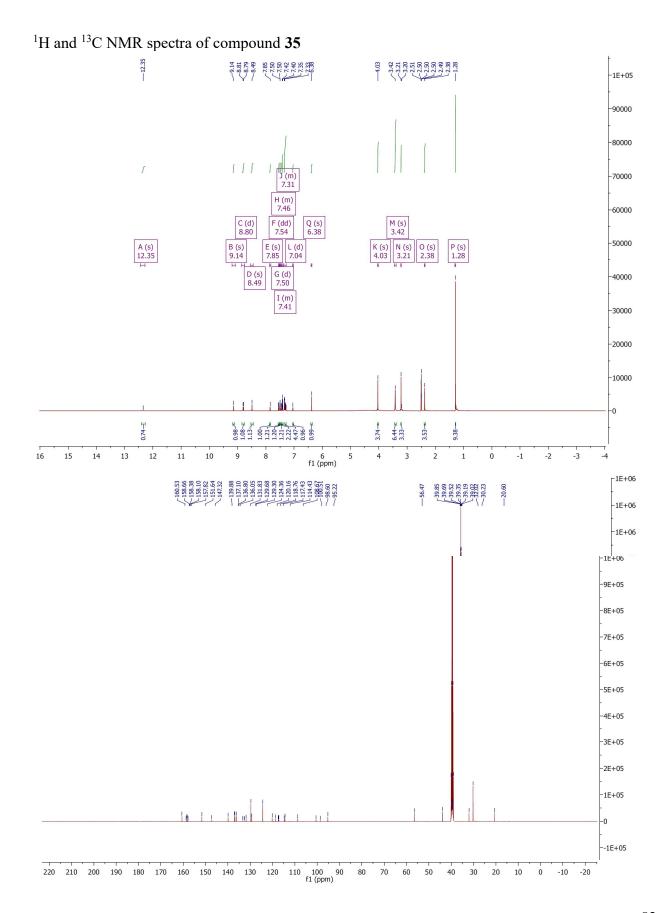
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **32**

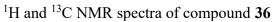


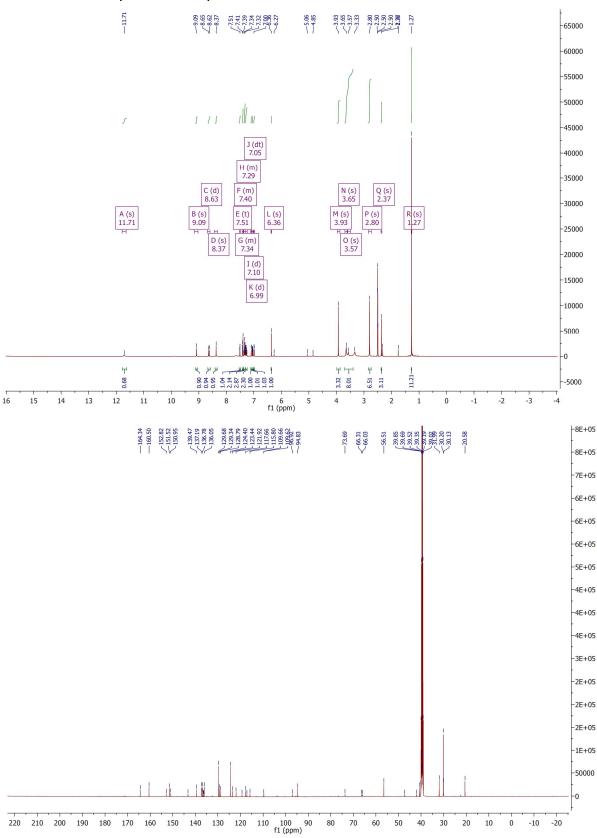


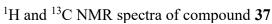


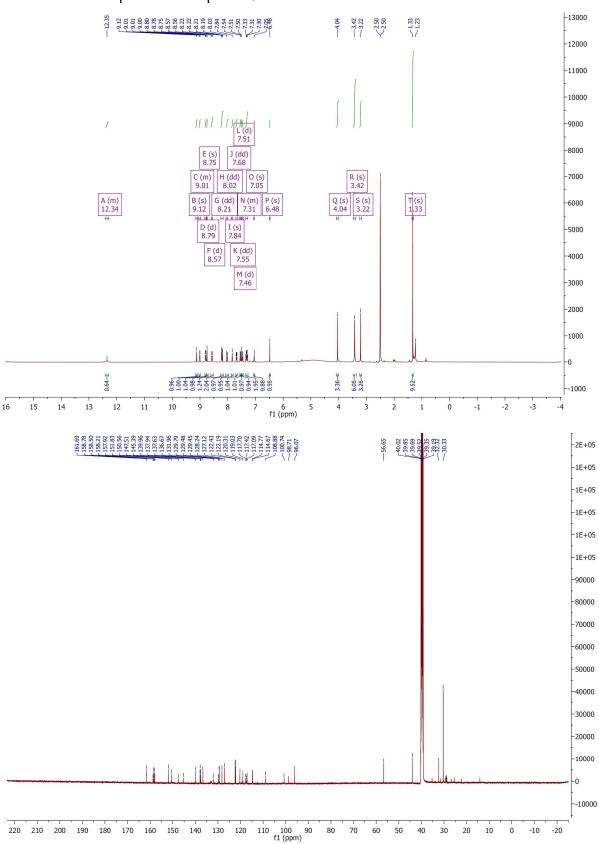


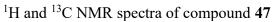


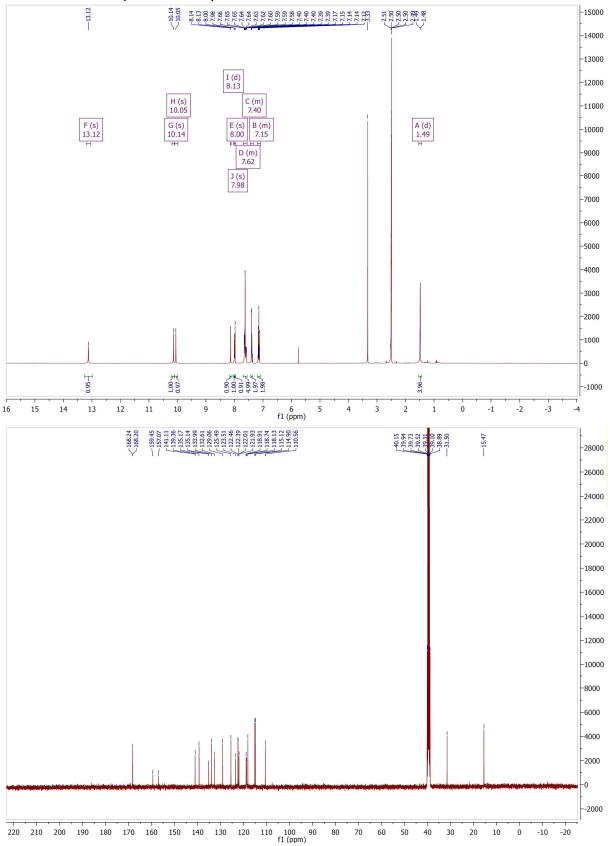




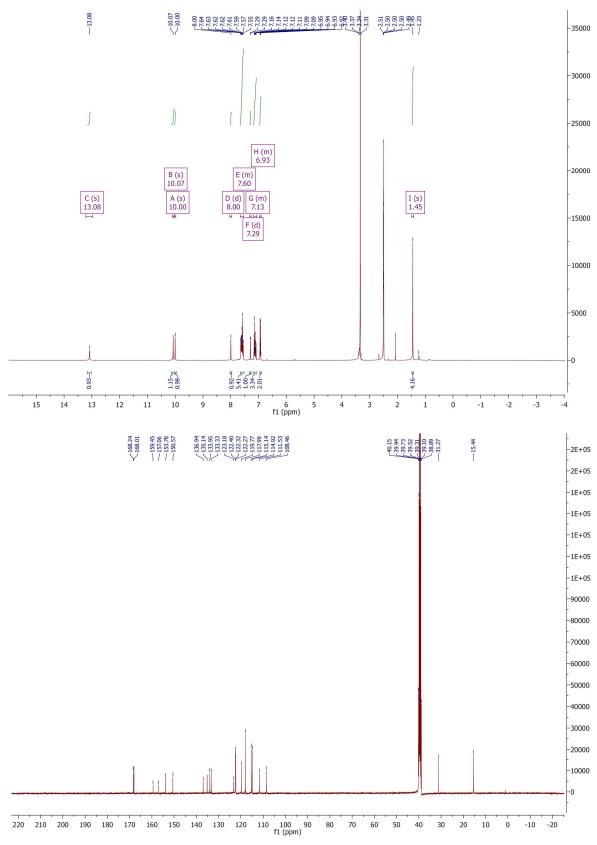


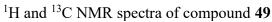


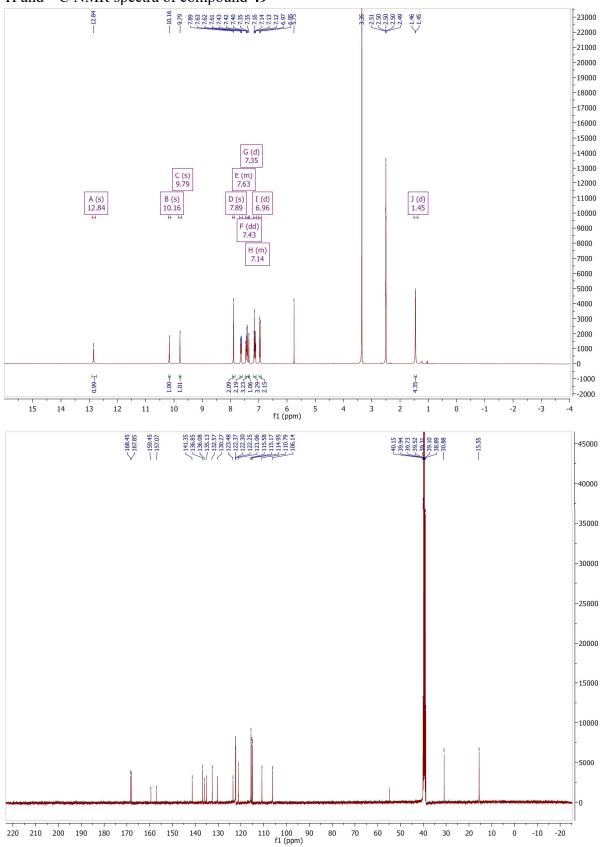


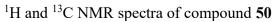


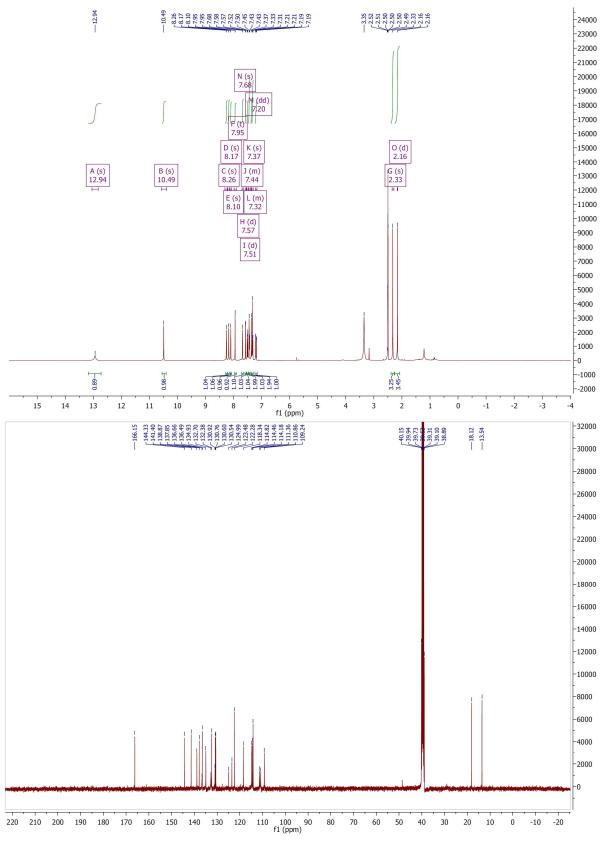
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **48**



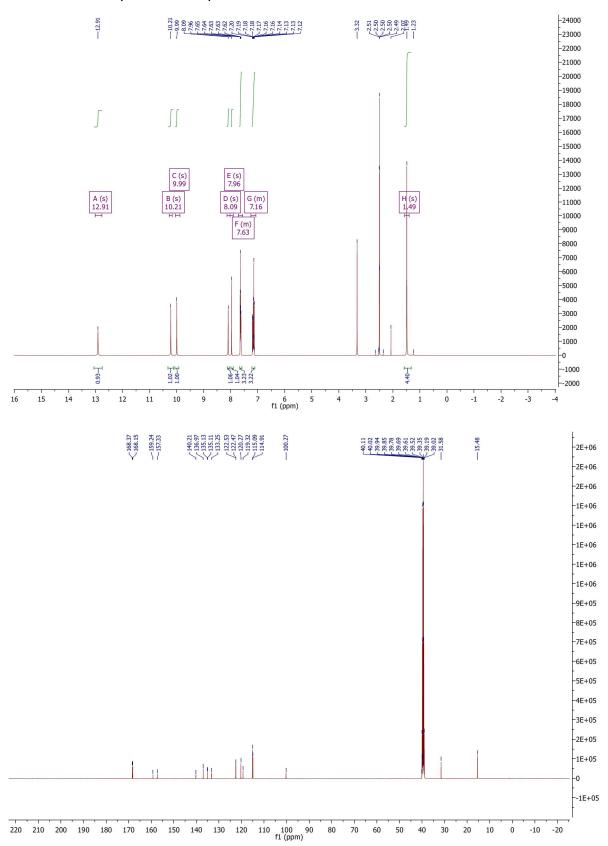


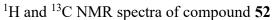


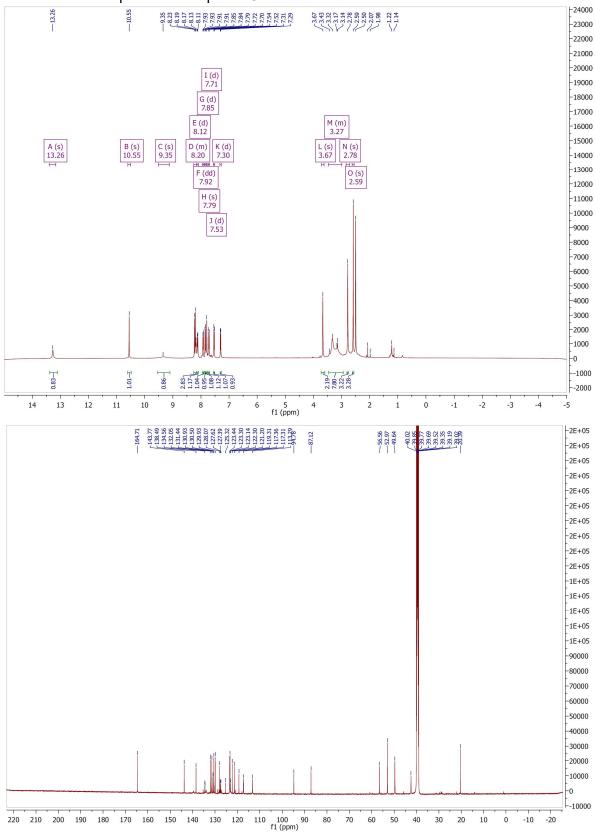


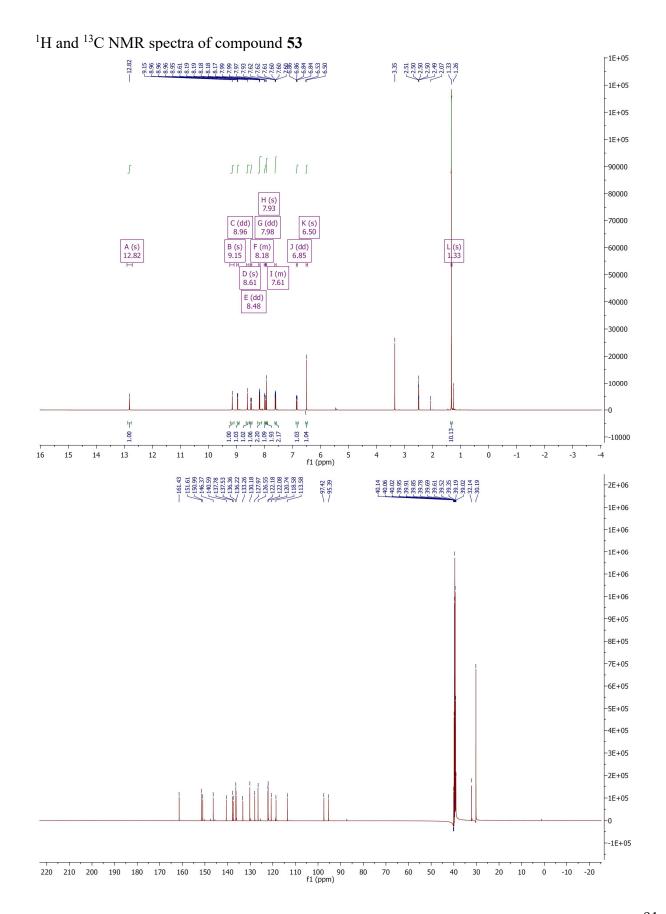


¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **51**

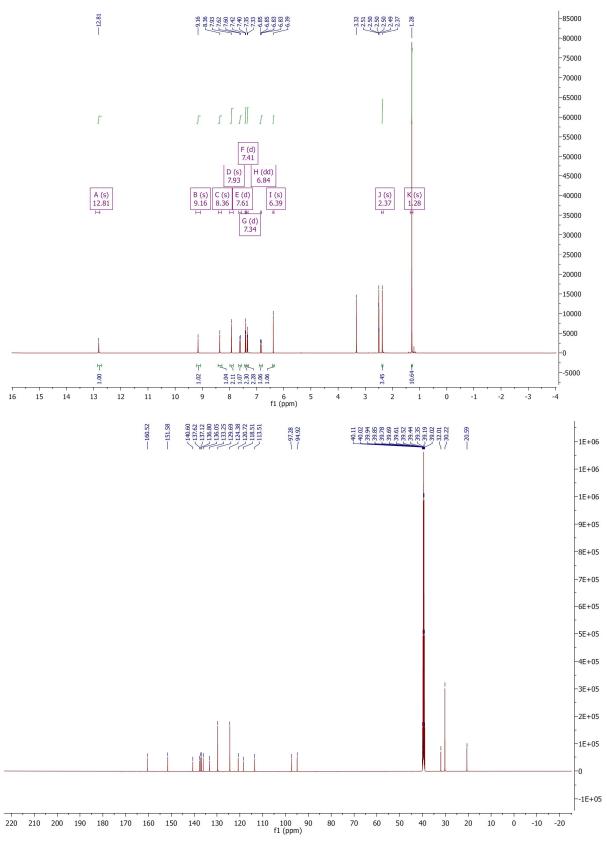




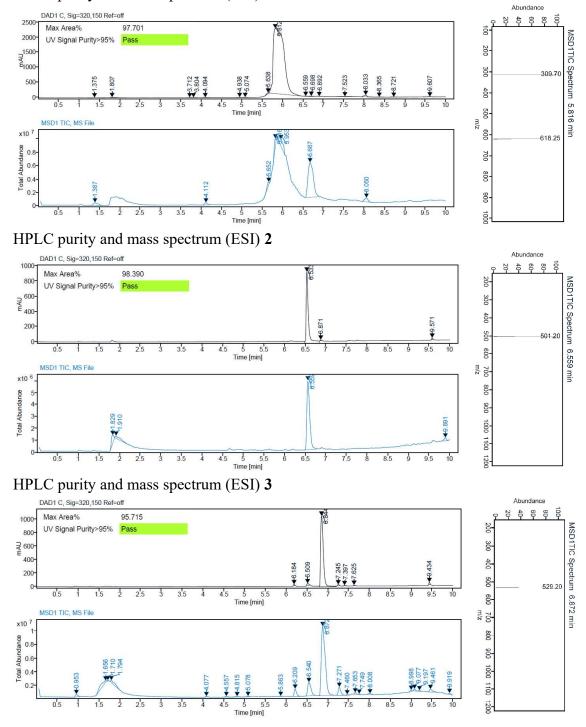


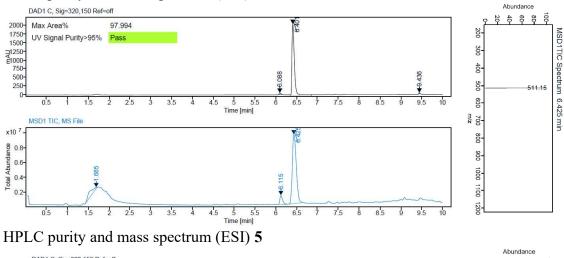


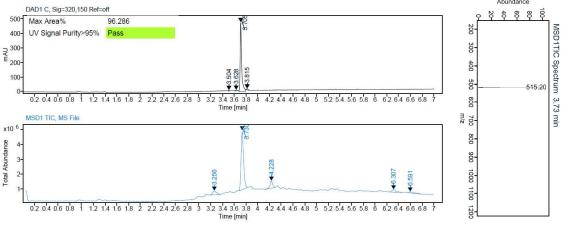
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of compound **54**

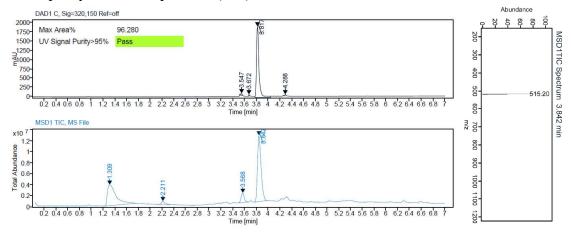


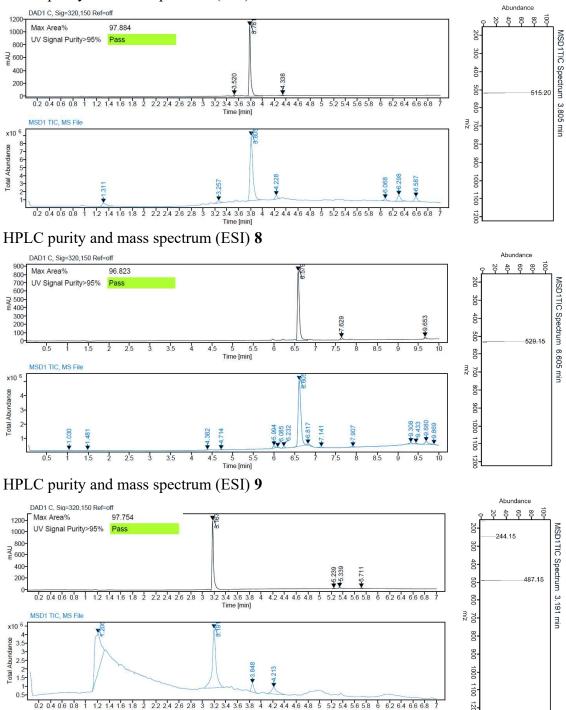
HPLC/MS

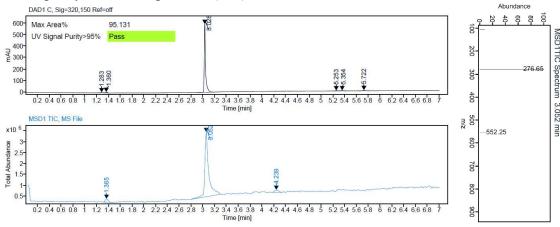




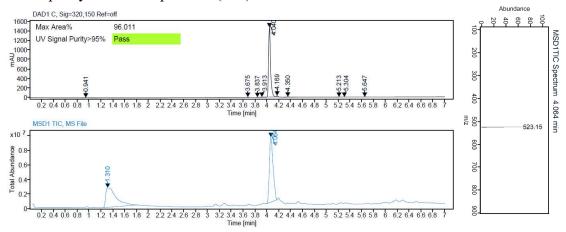


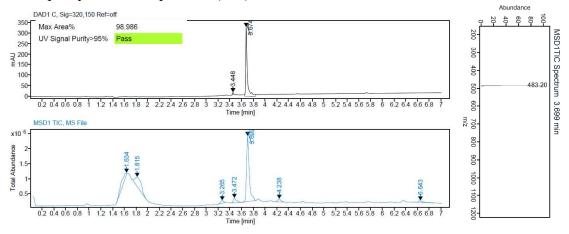


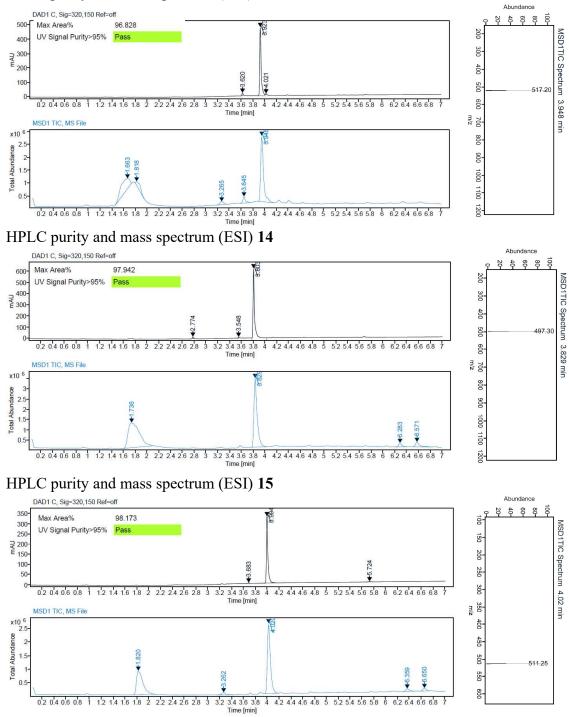


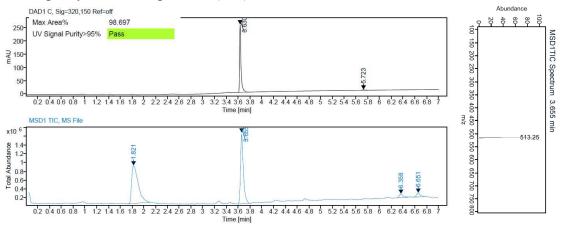


HPLC purity and mass spectrum (ESI) 11

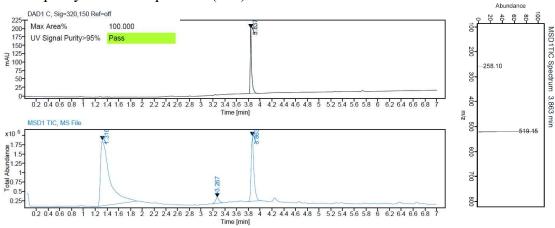


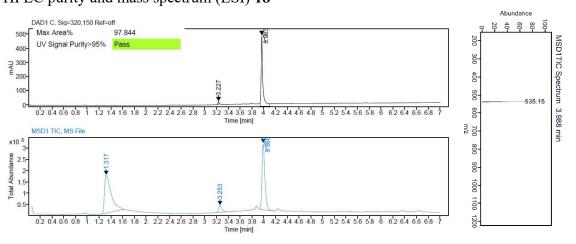


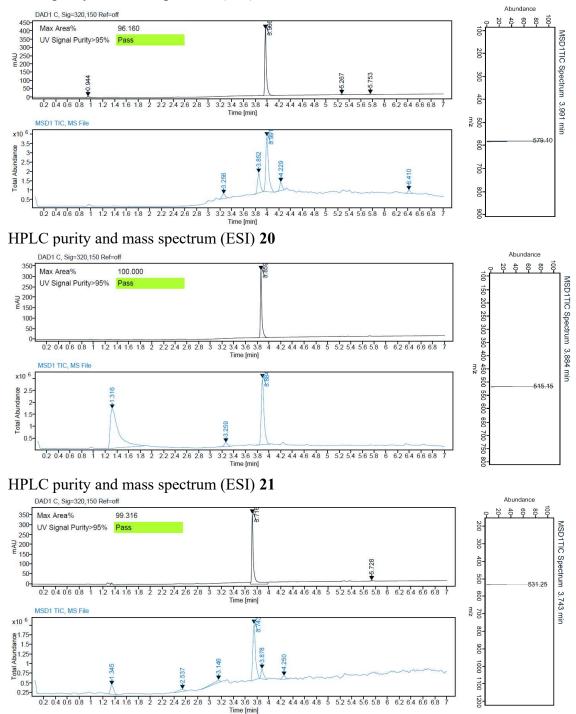


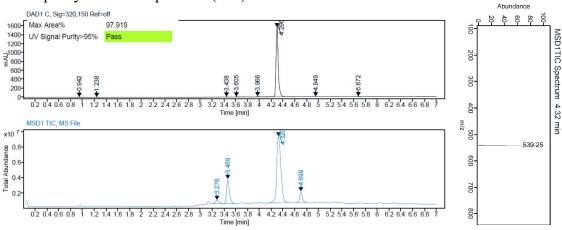


HPLC purity and mass spectrum (ESI) 17

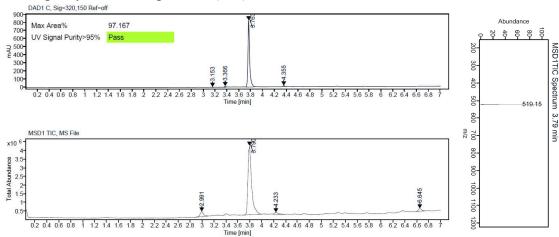


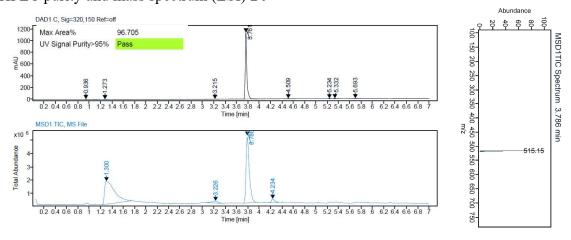


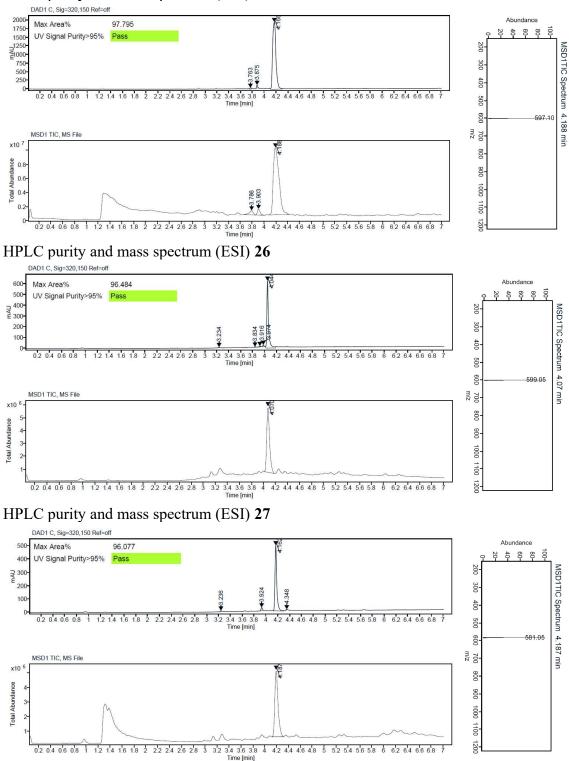


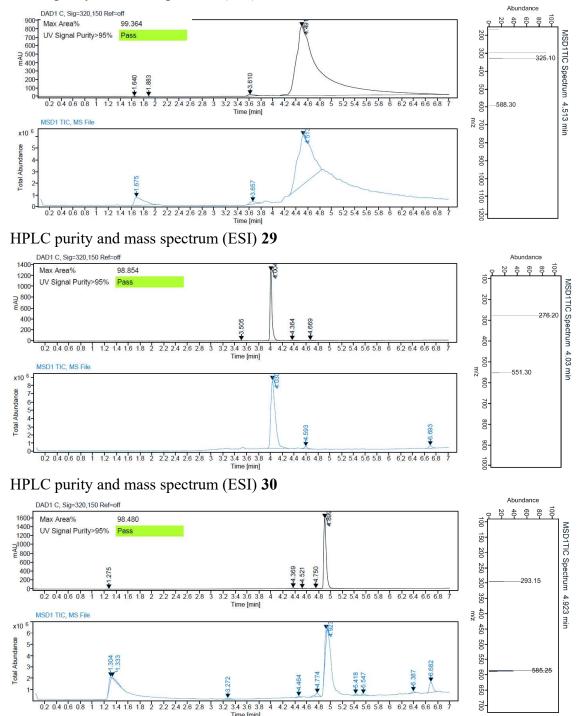


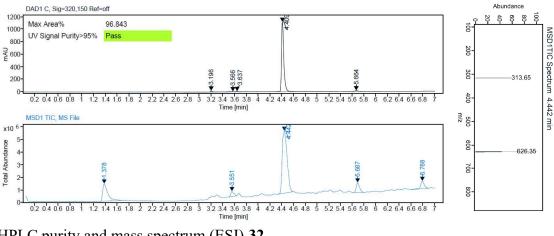
HPLC purity and mass spectrum (ESI) 23



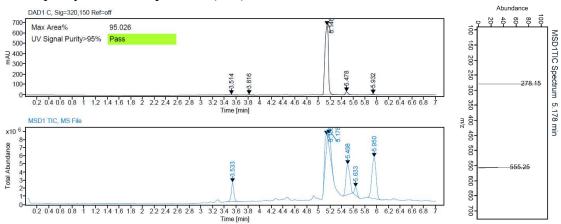


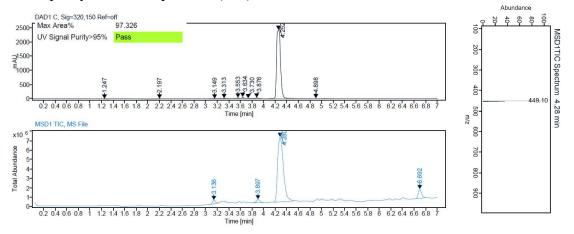


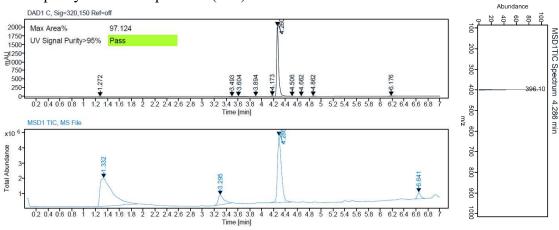




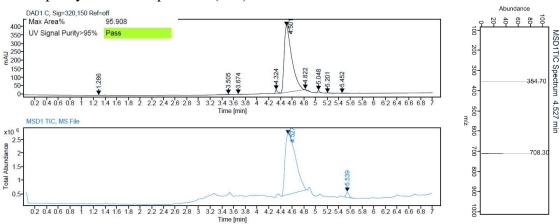
HPLC purity and mass spectrum (ESI) 32

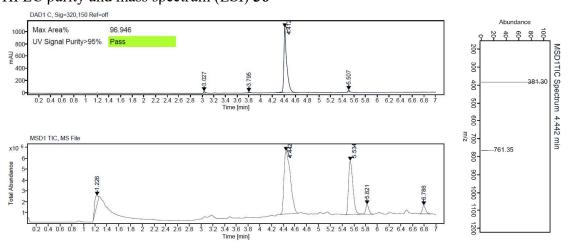


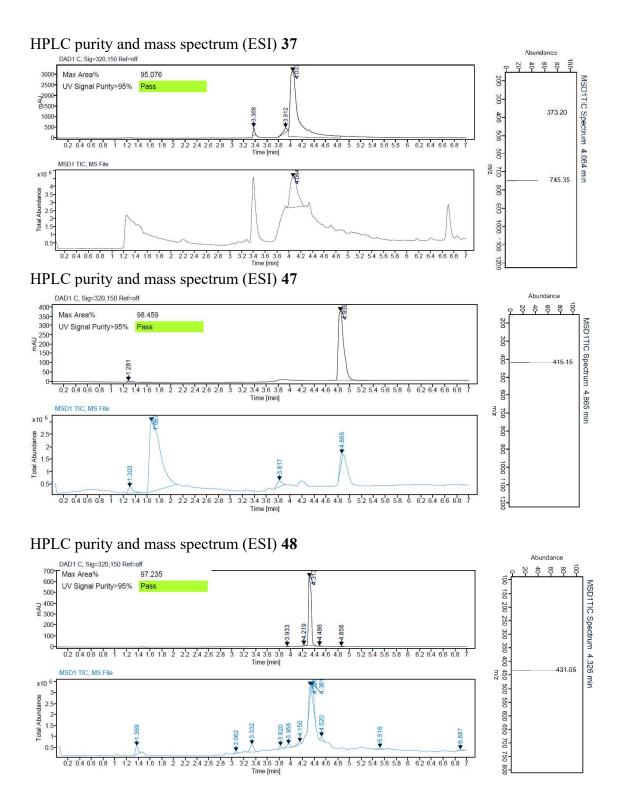


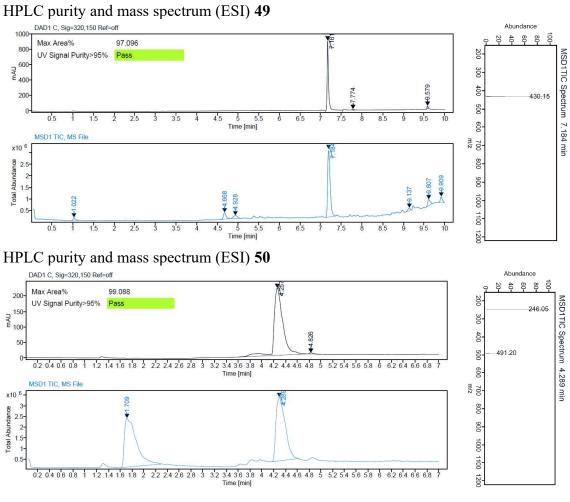


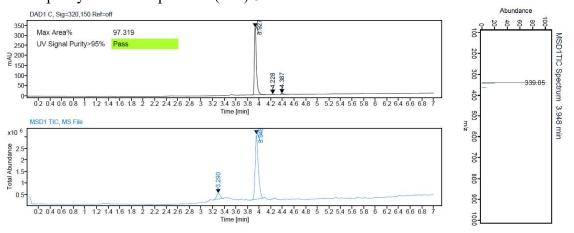
HPLC purity and mass spectrum (ESI) 35

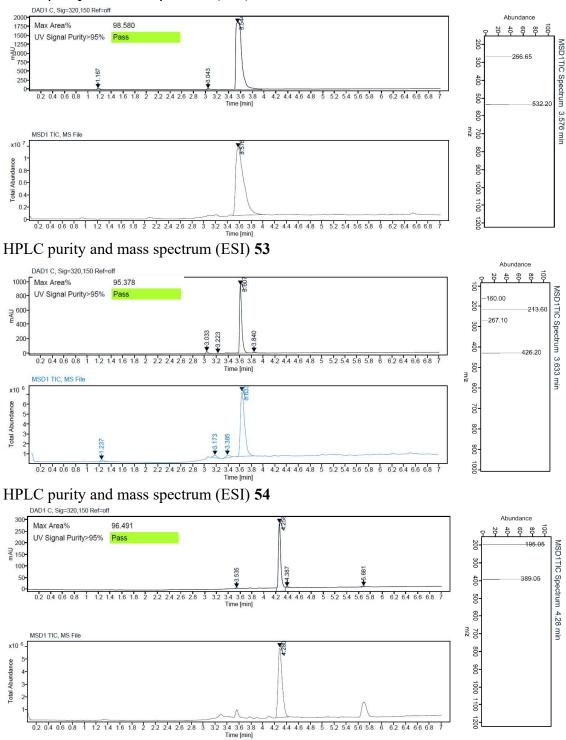




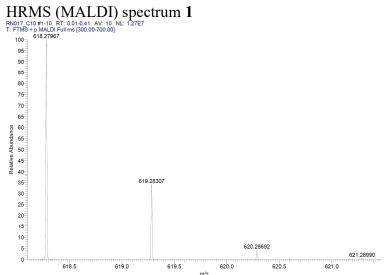


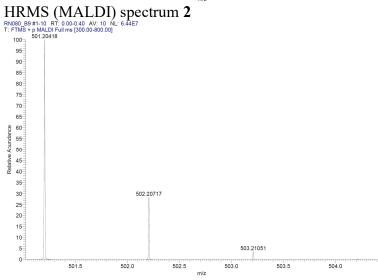


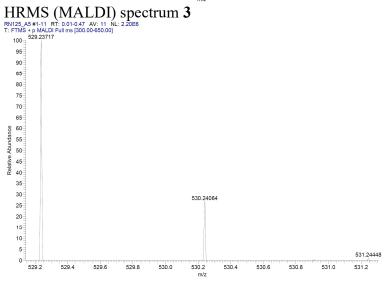




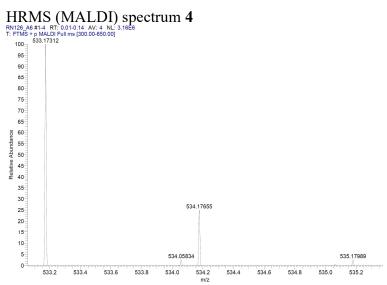
HRMS

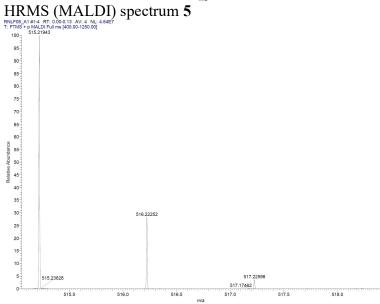




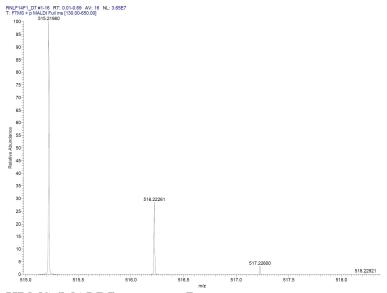


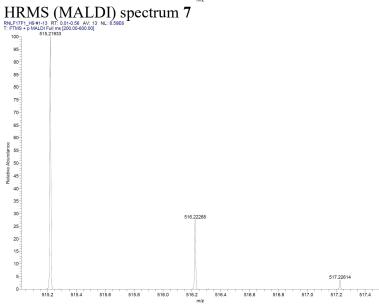


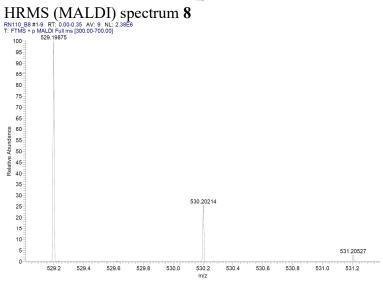




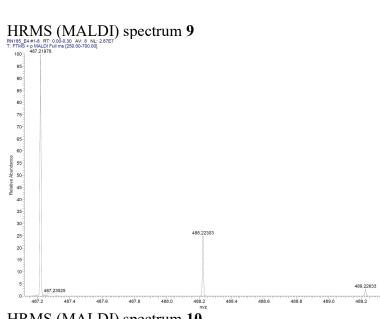
HRMS (MALDI) spectrum 6

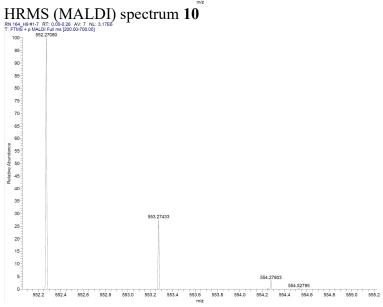


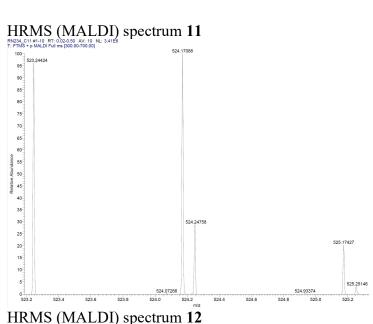


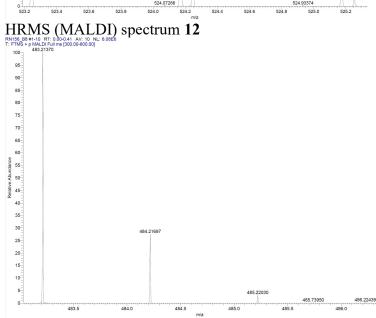




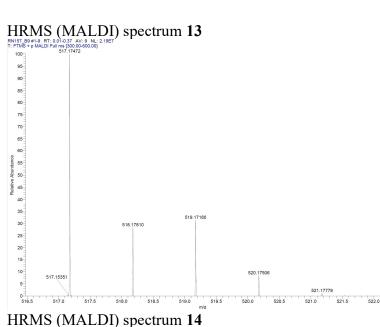


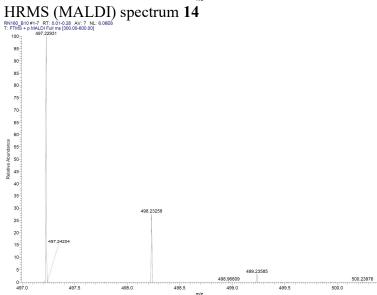




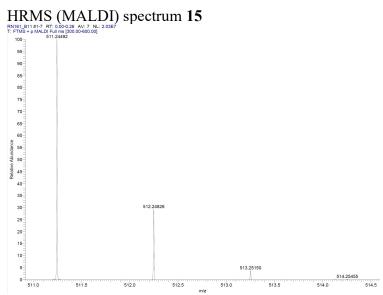


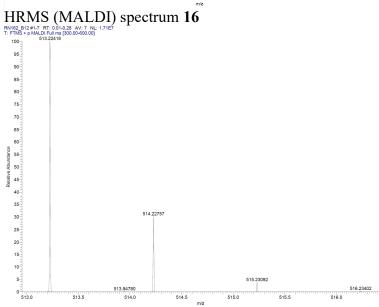




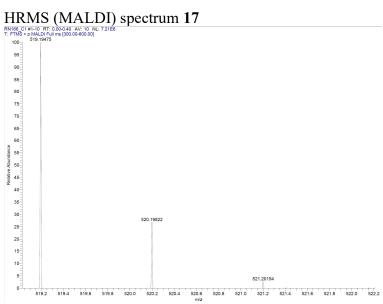


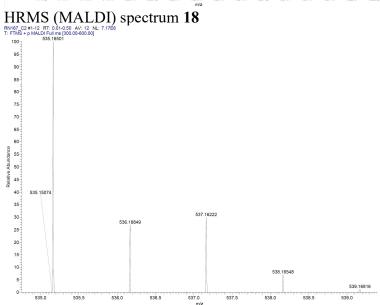




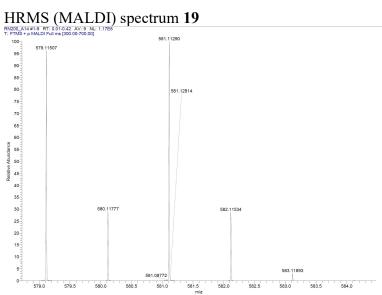


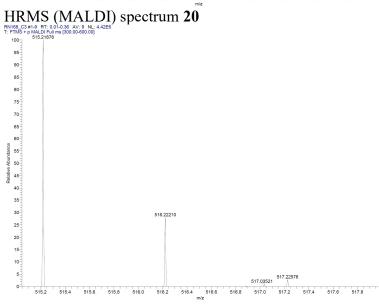


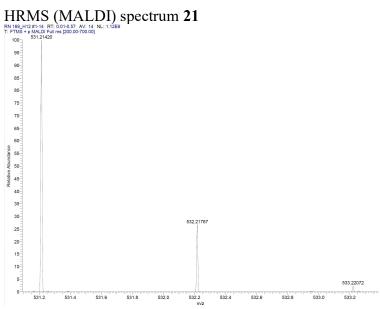


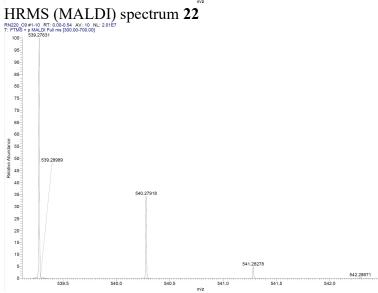


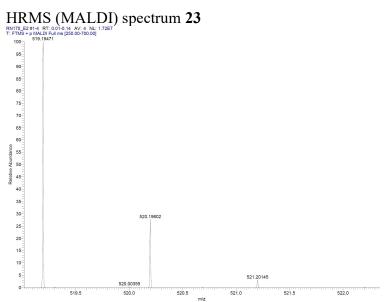


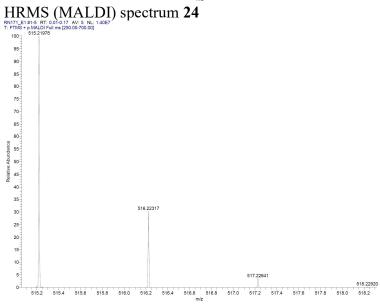


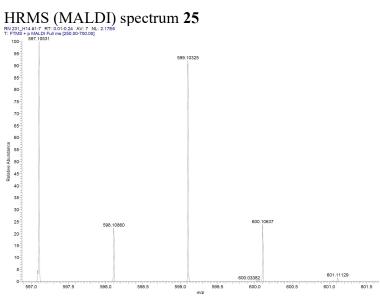


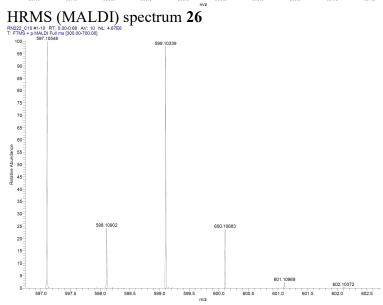


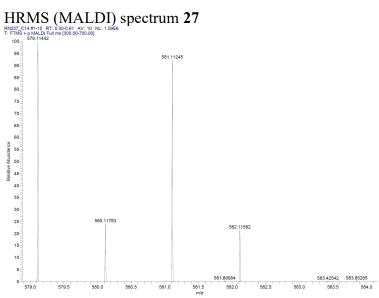


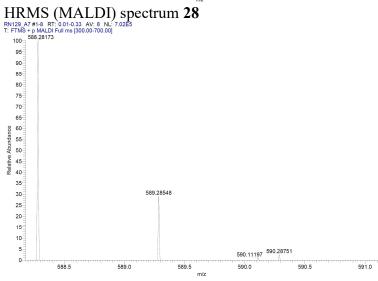


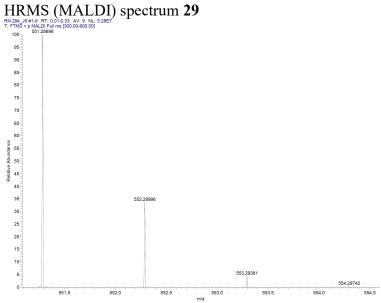


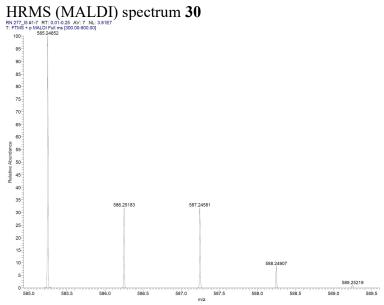




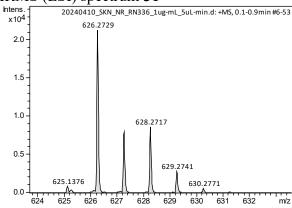




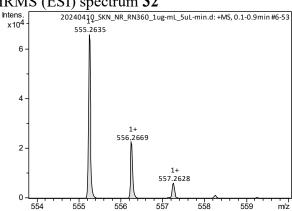


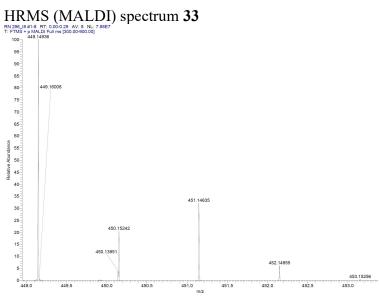


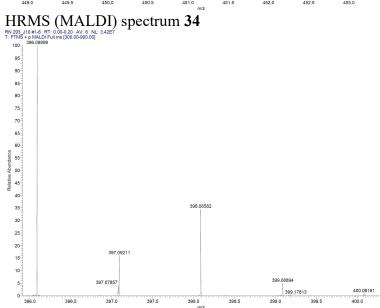
HRMS (ESI) spectrum 31



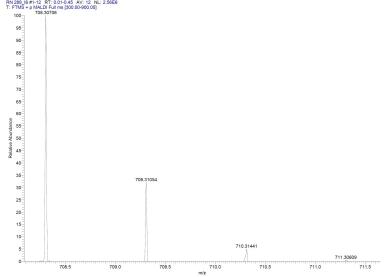
HRMS (ESI) spectrum 32

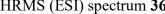


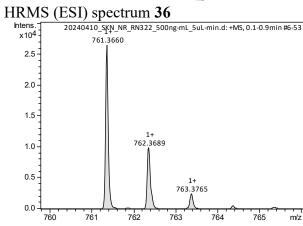


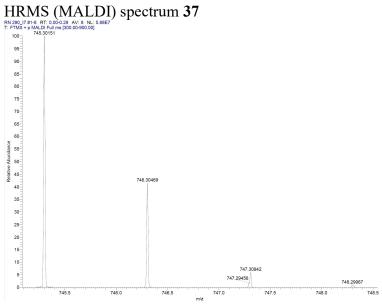


$\underset{\text{Th.FIMS} - \text{pMALDI}}{HRMS} (\underset{\text{Th.FIMS} + \text{pMALDI}}{(MALDI)} \text{ spectrum } \textbf{35}$

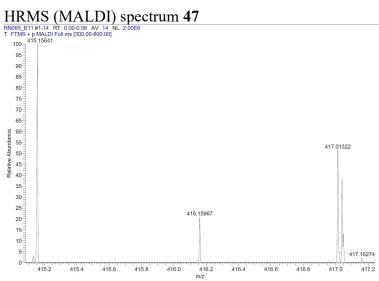


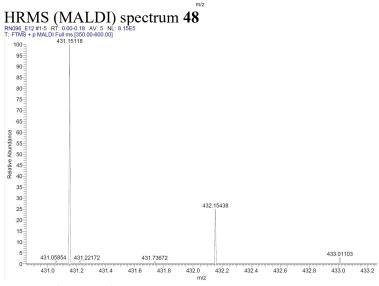


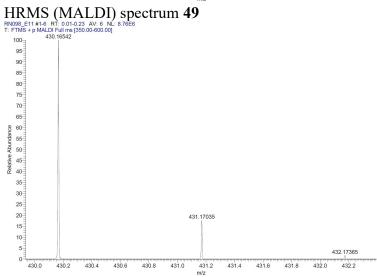


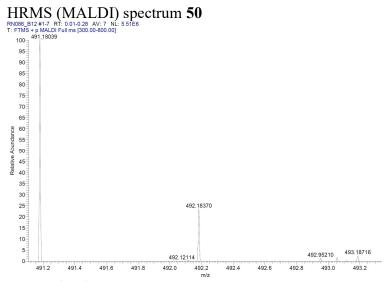




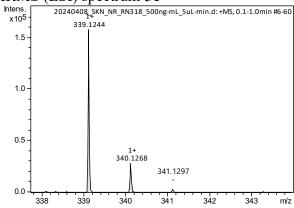




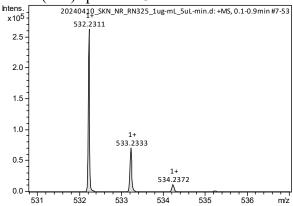


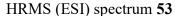


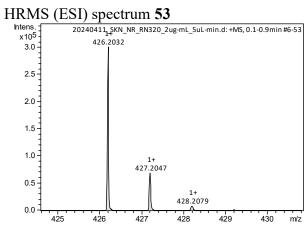
HRMS (ESI) spectrum 51



HRMS (ESI) spectrum 52







HRMS (ESI) spectrum 54

