CORRECTION

# Correction: A unifying Bayesian account of contextual effects in value-based choice 

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Fig 5 and Fig 6 are incorrect. The authors have provided a corrected version here.

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(B)

Model prediction ( $\mu_{C}=0, \sigma_{R}^{2}=0.1$ )


Fig 5. A Empirical evidence (derived from integrating data from available studies as in [19]) concerning the difference in probability between choosing option A and option B when a third option K is available ( $P[A \mid A, B, K]-P[B \mid A, B, K]$ ). Here options are characterized by two attributes (price $p$ and quality $q$ ). For car A, we assign $R_{p, A}=1$ to price (low scores indicate high price) and $R_{q, A}=10$ to quality. For car B, we assign $R_{p, B}=10$ to price and $R_{q, B}=1$ to quality. The graph considers the choice probability difference between option A and option B as a function of the reward amounts $R_{q, K}$ (for quality; x axis) and $R_{p, K}$ (for price; y axis) of a third option K. Green areas indicate values for which no difference is expected based on empirical evidence; orange and blue areas indicates values for which a positive and negative difference is expected, respectively. B: The same analysis is performed with data simulated using BCV (100000 trials are simulated for each condition; $\mu_{C}=0 ; \sigma_{R}^{2}=0.1$; $\sigma_{C}^{2}=1$ for simulations).


Fig 6. Predictions of $B C V$ about the difference in probability between choosing option $A$ and option $B$ when a third option $K$ is available $(P[A \mid A, B, K]-P[B \mid A, B$, $K]$ ). Here options are characterized by two attributes (price $p$ and quality $q$ ). For car A, we assign $R_{p, A}=1$ to price (low scores indicate high price) and $R_{q, A}=10$ to quality. For car B , we assign $R_{p, B}=10$ to price and $R_{q, B}=1$ to quality. The graph considers the choice probability difference between option A and option B as a function of the reward amounts $R_{q, K}$ (for quality; x axis) and $R_{p, K}$ (for price; y axis) of a third option K ( 100000 trials are simulated for each condition; $\sigma_{C}^{2}=1$ for simulations). Different parameter sets are swn. A: Simulation using $\mu_{C}=-2$ and $\sigma_{R}^{2}=0.1$. B: Simulation using $\mu_{C}=2$ and $\sigma_{R}^{2}=0.1$. C: Simulation using $\mu_{C}=0$ and $\sigma_{R}^{2}=1$. D: Simulation using $\mu_{C}=0$ and $\sigma_{R}^{2}=10$.
https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1007366.g002

## Reference

1. Rigoli F, Mathys C, Friston KJ, Dolan RJ (2017) A unifying Bayesian account of contextual effects in value-based choice. PLoS Comput Biol 13(10): e1005769. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi. 1005769 PMID: 28981514
