data reports



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Crystal structure of 1-tosyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

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In the title compound, $C_{16}H_{17}NO_2S$, the heterocyclic ring adopts a half-chair conformation and the bond-angle sum at the N atom is 350.2°. The dihedral angle between the planes of the aromatic rings is 47.74 (10)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked by $C-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds to generate [010] chains.

Keywords: crystal structure; quinolines; C—H····O interactions; biotransformations; pharmacological activity.

CCDC reference: 1028050

1. Related literature

For reactions related to biotransformations, see: Leresche *et al.* (2006); Astudillo *et al.* (2009). For pharmacological activities, see: Bendale *et al.* (2007); Chen *et al.* (2007); Singer *et al.* (2005).



2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data

 $C_{16}H_{17}NO_2S$ $M_r = 287.37$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ a = 8.2176 (7) Å b = 8.0468 (6) Åc = 22.2439 (18) Å $\beta = 98.107 (4)^{\circ}$ $V = 1456.2 (2) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 4Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.22 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

2.2. Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD	20017 measured reflections
diffractometer	2568 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	2327 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2013)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.046$
$T_{\min} = 0.949, \ T_{\max} = 0.961$	

T = 94 K

 $0.24 \times 0.22 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$

2.3. Refinement $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$

 $wR(F^2) = 0.101$ S = 1.09 2568 reflections $\begin{array}{l} 182 \text{ parameters} \\ \text{H-atom parameters constrained} \\ \Delta \rho_{max} = 0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \\ \Delta \rho_{min} = -0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \end{array}$

Table 1Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C14-H14\cdots O2^{i}$	0.95	2.53	3.340 (2)	143
Symmetry code: (i) x,	y - 1, z.			

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2013); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2013); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7292).

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supporting information

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Crystal structure of 1-tosyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

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S1. Chemical context

Chemical reactions by biotransformations have a number of advantages because they play an important role in the production of chiral products from racemic mixtures (Leresche *et al.*, 2006) in perticlar the tetrahydroquinoline derivatives can be transformed to other by *Mortierella isabelina* (Astudillo *et al.*, 2009). The tetrahydroquinoline compounds are core structures in pharmacological activities such as antimalarial activities (Bendale *et al.*, 2007), anti-psychotic (Singer *et al.*, 2005), estrogenic receptors (Chen *et al.*, 2007). In the course of our study, we noticed that 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline derivatives exhibit a few pharmacological activities (our unpublished data). As a part of our study we have undertaken crystal structure determination of the title compound and the results are presented here.

S2. Structural commentary

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. In the title molecule, the planes of the C1–C6 and C10–C15 benzene rings form a dihedral angle of 47.74 (9)°. The C1/C6–C9/N1 ring is in a half-chair conformation, with the methylene C9 atom as the flap. The molecular structure is stabilized by intramolecular C9–H9A…O1 and C2–H2…O2 hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2).

S3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal structure, intermolecular C14—H14···O2 hydrogen bonds link molecules into C(6) chains along [010] (Fig. 2 and Table 1)

S4. Database survey

S5. Synthesis and crystallization

To a stirred solution of 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (10 mmol) in 30 mL dry dichloroethane, triethylamine (15 mmol) was added at $0 - 5^{\circ}$ C. To this reaction mixture 4-methylbenzene-1-sulfonylchloride (12 mmol) was added drop wise. After 2h of stirring at room temperature, the reaction mixture was washed with 5% Na₂CO₃ and brine. Organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄ and then it was concentrated on vacuum to yield titled compound as colourless solid. The crude product was recrystallized in the mixture of ethyl acetate and hexane(1:1) to get colourless prisms.

S6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 1. The H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model with C—H = 0.95-0.99 Å. All H-atoms were refined with isotropic displacement parameters (set to 1.2-1.5 times of the U eq of the parent atom).



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.



Figure 2

The molecular packing of the title compound, dashed lines indicate intramolecular C—H \cdots O and intermolecular C—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds forming *C*(6) chains viewed along [010].

1-Tosyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

Crystal data	
$C_{16}H_{17}NO_2S$	Prism
$M_r = 287.37$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.311 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Melting point: 402 K
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 8.2176 (7) Å	Cell parameters from 2327 reflections
b = 8.0468 (6) Å	$\theta = 1.9 - 25.0^{\circ}$
c = 22.2439 (18) Å	$\mu = 0.22 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 98.107 \ (4)^{\circ}$	T = 94 K
V = 1456.2 (2) Å ³	Prism, colourless
Z = 4	$0.24 \times 0.22 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$
F(000) = 608	

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD	20017 measured reflections
diffractometer	2568 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2327 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.046$
Detector resolution: 1.9 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\rm max} = 25.0^{\circ}, \theta_{\rm min} = 1.9^{\circ}$
phi and ω scans	$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2013)	$l = -26 \rightarrow 26$
$T_{\min} = 0.949, \ T_{\max} = 0.961$	
Refinement	
Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.101$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.09	H-atom parameters constrained
2568 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0362P)^2 + 0.8395P]$
182 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
0 constraints	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.23 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.37 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
C1	0.5482 (2)	0.4736 (2)	0.17137 (8)	0.0359 (4)	
C2	0.5261 (3)	0.6396 (2)	0.15480 (9)	0.0461 (5)	
H2	0.4386	0.7015	0.1675	0.055*	
C3	0.6312 (3)	0.7140 (3)	0.12003 (10)	0.0565 (6)	
H3	0.6146	0.8265	0.1078	0.068*	
C4	0.7605 (3)	0.6253 (3)	0.10294 (10)	0.0593 (6)	
H4	0.8319	0.6758	0.0782	0.071*	
C5	0.7859 (2)	0.4634 (3)	0.12175 (9)	0.0509 (5)	
H5	0.8772	0.4043	0.1106	0.061*	
C6	0.6818 (2)	0.3838 (2)	0.15666 (8)	0.0400 (4)	
C7	0.7232 (3)	0.2110 (3)	0.18038 (11)	0.0553 (6)	
H7A	0.7451	0.1398	0.1461	0.066*	
H7B	0.8255	0.2161	0.2098	0.066*	
C8	0.5908 (3)	0.1313 (3)	0.21082 (11)	0.0553 (6)	
H8A	0.6394	0.0426	0.2386	0.066*	

H8B	0.5079	0.0799	0.1798	0.066*
C9	0.5085 (3)	0.2589 (3)	0.24637 (9)	0.0505 (5)
H9A	0.4200	0.2043	0.2651	0.061*
H9B	0.5900	0.3033	0.2795	0.061*
C10	0.2228 (2)	0.2132 (2)	0.12881 (8)	0.0368 (4)
C11	0.2794 (3)	0.2300 (3)	0.07339 (9)	0.0536 (5)
H11	0.3210	0.3333	0.0616	0.064*
C12	0.2741 (4)	0.0936 (3)	0.03583 (10)	0.0661 (7)
H12	0.3131	0.1040	-0.0022	0.079*
C13	0.2137 (3)	-0.0582 (3)	0.05179 (10)	0.0577 (6)
C14	0.1579 (3)	-0.0714 (3)	0.10703 (10)	0.0524 (5)
H14	0.1156	-0.1745	0.1187	0.063*
C15	0.1626 (2)	0.0630(2)	0.14573 (9)	0.0427 (4)
H15	0.1244	0.0520	0.1839	0.051*
C16	0.2090 (4)	-0.2057 (4)	0.00972 (13)	0.0920 (10)
H16A	0.2151	-0.3085	0.0336	0.138*
H16B	0.3025	-0.2004	-0.0131	0.138*
H16C	0.1062	-0.2042	-0.0186	0.138*
01	0.15775 (18)	0.33842 (19)	0.22946 (7)	0.0548 (4)
O2	0.19664 (17)	0.52807 (17)	0.14578 (7)	0.0532 (4)
Ν	0.43800 (18)	0.39748 (19)	0.20781 (7)	0.0381 (4)
S	0.24138 (5)	0.38103 (6)	0.17987 (2)	0.03916 (16)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0337 (9)	0.0389 (10)	0.0349 (9)	-0.0051 (8)	0.0038 (7)	-0.0037 (8)
C2	0.0459 (11)	0.0401 (11)	0.0527 (11)	-0.0041 (9)	0.0082 (9)	-0.0020 (9)
C3	0.0605 (14)	0.0486 (12)	0.0607 (13)	-0.0124 (11)	0.0102 (11)	0.0080 (10)
C4	0.0523 (13)	0.0752 (16)	0.0527 (12)	-0.0209 (12)	0.0152 (10)	0.0045 (12)
C5	0.0367 (11)	0.0699 (15)	0.0470 (11)	-0.0057 (10)	0.0092 (9)	-0.0098 (11)
C6	0.0341 (10)	0.0479 (11)	0.0373 (9)	-0.0024 (8)	0.0025 (8)	-0.0061 (8)
C7	0.0451 (12)	0.0545 (13)	0.0660 (14)	0.0119 (10)	0.0070 (10)	-0.0018 (11)
C8	0.0496 (12)	0.0458 (12)	0.0689 (14)	0.0112 (10)	0.0029 (10)	0.0139 (10)
C9	0.0495 (12)	0.0565 (13)	0.0457 (11)	0.0021 (10)	0.0074 (9)	0.0137 (10)
C10	0.0365 (10)	0.0350 (10)	0.0381 (9)	0.0010 (8)	0.0028 (7)	0.0014 (8)
C11	0.0704 (15)	0.0471 (12)	0.0444 (11)	-0.0039 (11)	0.0118 (10)	0.0067 (9)
C12	0.0952 (19)	0.0675 (16)	0.0370 (11)	0.0029 (14)	0.0138 (12)	-0.0015 (11)
C13	0.0697 (15)	0.0497 (13)	0.0498 (12)	0.0089 (11)	-0.0056 (11)	-0.0092 (10)
C14	0.0595 (13)	0.0374 (11)	0.0578 (13)	-0.0024 (10)	-0.0002 (10)	0.0005 (9)
C15	0.0454 (11)	0.0390 (10)	0.0439 (10)	-0.0020 (8)	0.0066 (9)	0.0028 (8)
C16	0.127 (3)	0.0716 (19)	0.0739 (18)	0.0083 (18)	0.0008 (18)	-0.0298 (15)
O1	0.0478 (8)	0.0610 (9)	0.0612 (9)	-0.0083 (7)	0.0268 (7)	-0.0128 (7)
O2	0.0399 (8)	0.0352 (7)	0.0831 (11)	0.0066 (6)	0.0040 (7)	0.0050 (7)
Ν	0.0361 (8)	0.0379 (8)	0.0410 (8)	-0.0006 (7)	0.0084 (7)	0.0007 (7)
S	0.0332 (3)	0.0345 (3)	0.0516 (3)	0.00026 (18)	0.0119 (2)	-0.0035 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C2	1.390 (3)	C10—C15	1.378 (3)
C1—C6	1.392 (3)	C10—C11	1.384 (3)
C1—N	1.435 (2)	C10—S	1.7577 (19)
C2—C3	1.375 (3)	C11—C12	1.377 (3)
С2—Н2	0.9500	C11—H11	0.9500
C3—C4	1.377 (3)	C12—C13	1.384 (3)
С3—Н3	0.9500	C12—H12	0.9500
C4—C5	1.375 (3)	C13—C14	1.374 (3)
C4—H4	0.9500	C13—C16	1.508 (3)
C5—C6	1.390 (3)	C14—C15	1.379 (3)
С5—Н5	0.9500	C14—H14	0.9500
C6—C7	1.509 (3)	С15—Н15	0.9500
C7—C8	1.504 (3)	C16—H16A	0.9800
С7—Н7А	0.9900	C16—H16B	0.9800
С7—Н7В	0.9900	C16—H16C	0.9800
C8—C9	1.512 (3)	O1—S	1.4213 (14)
C8—H8A	0.9900	O2—S	1.4254 (14)
C8—H8B	0.9900	N—S	1.6526 (16)
C9—N	1.475 (2)	S—O1	1.4213 (14)
С9—Н9А	0.9900	S—O2	1.4254 (14)
С9—Н9В	0.9900		
C2—C1—C6	120.95 (17)	H9A—C9—H9B	107.9
C2—C1—N	119.39 (17)	C15—C10—C11	120.52 (18)
C6—C1—N	119.52 (17)	C15—C10—S	119.94 (14)
C3—C2—C1	119.9 (2)	C11—C10—S	119.40 (15)
С3—С2—Н2	120.1	C12-C11-C10	118.5 (2)
С1—С2—Н2	120.1	C12-C11-H11	120.8
C2—C3—C4	120.0 (2)	C10-C11-H11	120.8
С2—С3—Н3	120.0	C11—C12—C13	122.0 (2)
С4—С3—Н3	120.0	C11—C12—H12	119.0
C5—C4—C3	119.8 (2)	C13—C12—H12	119.0
C5—C4—H4	120.1	C14—C13—C12	118.3 (2)
C3—C4—H4	120.1	C14—C13—C16	120.8 (2)
C4—C5—C6	121.8 (2)	C12—C13—C16	120.9 (2)
C4—C5—H5	119.1	C13—C14—C15	121.0 (2)
С6—С5—Н5	119.1	C13—C14—H14	119.5
C5—C6—C1	117.40 (19)	C15—C14—H14	119.5
C5—C6—C7	119.59 (18)	C10-C15-C14	119.75 (19)
C1—C6—C7	122.88 (17)	C10-C15-H15	120.1
C8—C7—C6	114.12 (17)	C14—C15—H15	120.1
С8—С7—Н7А	108.7	C13—C16—H16A	109.5
С6—С7—Н7А	108.7	C13—C16—H16B	109.5
C8—C7—H7B	108.7	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
С6—С7—Н7В	108.7	C13—C16—H16C	109.5
H7A—C7—H7B	107.6	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5

С7—С8—С9	110.59 (19)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
С7—С8—Н8А	109.5	C1—N—C9	115.09 (15)
С9—С8—Н8А	109.5	C1—N—S	118.90 (12)
С7—С8—Н8В	109.5	C9—N—S	116.17 (13)
C9—C8—H8B	109.5	O1—S—O2	119.76 (9)
H8A—C8—H8B	108.1	O1—S—N	106.36 (9)
N—C9—C8	112.16 (16)	O2—S—N	107.38 (8)
N—C9—H9A	109.2	O1—S—C10	107.98 (9)
С8—С9—Н9А	109.2	O2—S—C10	107.57 (9)
N—C9—H9B	109.2	N—S—C10	107.19 (8)
С8—С9—Н9В	109.2		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
C14—H14…O2 ⁱ	0.95	2.53	3.340 (2)	143

Symmetry code: (i) x, y-1, z.