



Effectiveness and safety of moxibustion for alleviating symptoms of overactive bladder: A prospective, randomized controlled, crossoverdesign, pilot study: Erratum

In the article, "Effectiveness and safety of moxibustion for alleviating symptoms of overactive bladder: A prospective, randomized controlled, crossover-design, pilot study",^[1] which appeared in Volume 97, Issue 34 of *Medicine*, the headings of Table 1 were misleading. The corrected table appears below:

Table 1

Schedule for intervention and outcome measurement.

	-1 Group A	moxibustion+behavioural training (Group A); behavioural training (Group B)								behavioural training (Group A); moxibustion+behavioural training (Group B)								
Week Visit		1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9
			2–3 –	4	5–6 –	7	8–9 –	10	11–12 –	13 [‡] 2	- 3-4	_ 5	- 6-7	8	- 9–10	11	- 12-13	14 [§] 14 [§]
Randomization Lifestyle advice Moxibustion DITI Adverse events	Ō	0 0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	• • •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0
	D _*	$egin{pmatrix} oldsymbol{\Phi}^{\dagger}_{*} & oldsymbol{\Phi} \\ oldsymbol{\Phi} \\ oldsymbol{\Phi} & oldsymbol{\Phi} \\ oldsymbol{\Phi} & oldsymbol{\Phi} \\ oldsymbol{\Phi} \\ oldsymbol{\Phi} & oldsymbol{\Phi} \\ oldsymbol{\Phi} \\ oldsymbol{\Phi} & oldsymbol{\Phi} \\ olds$		0		0		0		● • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•		•		•		0 0 0

DITI = digital infrared thermal imaging, FVC = frequency-volume chart, OABSS = overactive bladder symptom scores, OAB-Validated 8-question Awareness Tool, VAS = visual analog scale. O, Group A; •, Group B; •, both of Group A and Group B.

Reference

[1] Lee H-Y, Yun Y-J, Choi J-Y. Effectiveness and safety of moxibustion for alleviating symptoms of overactive bladder: A prospective, randomized controlled, crossover-design, pilot study. *Medicine*. 97;34:e12016.

Distributed on the screening day and collected on visit 1.

[†] Distributed on visit 1 and collected after 4 weeks.

^{*3-5} days after visit 12 in Group A.

 $[\]S\,3\text{--}5$ days after visit 13 in Group B or 8 weeks after visit 1 in Group A.

Copyright © 2018 the Author(s). Published by Wolters Kluwer Health, Inc.

This is an open access article distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution License 4.0 (CCBY), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.