





## **Endonasal Odontoidectomy in Basilar Invagination**

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## **Abstract**

**Objective** The endoscopic endonasal odontoidectomy (EEO) is emerging as a feasible surgical alternative to conventional microscopic transoral approach. In this article, we show EEO in the basilar invagination (BI) and describe in detail the technical aspects, advantages, and disadvantages of this approach (**Fig. 1**).

Methods We describe EEO using audiovisual material from the neurosurgical department of Hospital Universitari i Politècnic La Fe Valencia database.

Results We present the case of a 61-year-old male patient with BI. Initially, we performed suboccipital decompression and occipitocervical fusion. Subsequently, after a no significant neurological improvement and persistent anterior compression, EEO was performed. The postoperative evolution was uneventful and the preoperative neurological deficits were recovered rapidly after surgery

**Discussion** EEO technique enables complete odontoid resection, preventing invasion of aggressive oral bacterial flora, and it is not limited by the mouth opening. As well, it avoids manipulation of the soft palate, therefore evades the risk of velopalatal insufficiency, facilitates immediate oral tolerance, and early extubation. The rostral position of C1-C2 complex in BI could suppose a great advantage in favor the endonasal approaches. Mucoperichondrial vascularized flaps could be obtained to avoid a postoperative cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) leak and facilitate the reepithelization process of the surgical bed.

**Conclusion** EEO may provide a significant anatomic and technical advantage over the trans-oral approach.

The link to the video can be found at: https://youtu.be/Td6MDcjCNKk.

## **Keywords**

- ► basilar invagination
- ► endonasal
- endoscope
- odontoidectomy
- transnasal



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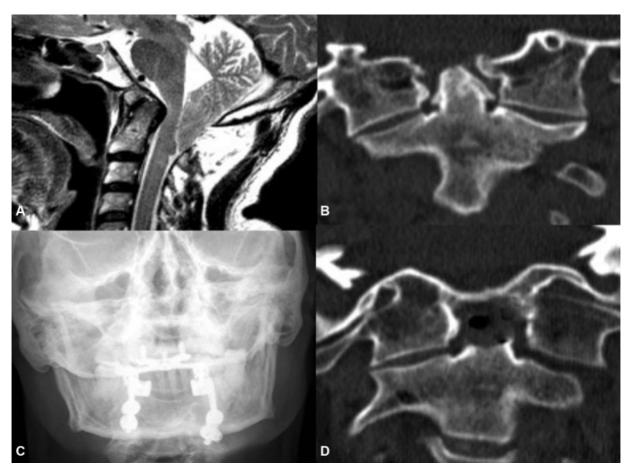


Fig. 1 (A) Preoperative sagittal T2 MRI showing the basilar invagination associated to Chiari malformation. (B) Preoperative coronal CT image showing the assimilation of C1 to the skull base. (C) X-Ray showing occipitocervical fusion. (D) Postoperative coronal CT image showing odontoid process removed. CT, computed tomography; MRI, magnetic resonance imaging.

## **Conflict of Interest**

A.B.K. is advisory board Medtronic, consultant Synaptive Medical and KLS Martin, and CEO and Founder of Neeka Enterprises.

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