



Crystal structure of diethyl 3,3'-{2,2'-(1*E*)-[1,4-phenylenebis(azan-1-yl-1-ylidene)]bis(methan-1-yl-1-ylidene)bis(1*H*-pyrrole-2,1-diyl)}dipropanoate

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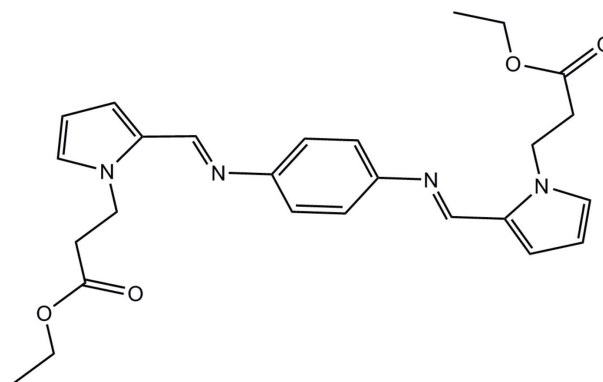
The complete molecule of the title compound, C₂₆H₃₀N₄O₄, is generated by crystallographic inversion symmetry. The dihedral angle between the planes of the benzene and pyrrole rings is 45.20 (11)°; the N atom bonded to the benzene ring and the pyrrole N atom are in a *syn* conformation. The side chain adopts an extended conformation [N—C—C—C = 169.07 (17)° and C—O—C—C = −176.54 (17)°]. No directional interactions could be identified in the crystal packing.

Keywords: crystal structure; Schiff base; bis(pyrrole ester).

CCDC reference: 1053761

1. Related literature

For the synthesis of dipyrrole Schiff base ligands, see: Meghadi *et al.* (2010); Munro *et al.* (2004). For the synthesis of pyrrole ester precursors, see: Koriatopoulou *et al.* (2008); Singh & Pal (2010). For the preparation of the title compound, see: Yang *et al.* (2004); Ourari *et al.* (2013).



2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data

C₂₆H₃₀N₄O₄
 $M_r = 462.54$
 Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 $a = 21.6153$ (10) Å
 $b = 8.1227$ (4) Å
 $c = 13.9404$ (8) Å
 $\beta = 94.395$ (5)°

$V = 2440.4$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.09$ mm^{−1}
 $T = 150$ K
 $0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.3$ mm

2.2. Data collection

Agilent SuperNova (Single source at offset, Atlas) diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2013)
 $T_{\min} = 0.613$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

6592 measured reflections
 2900 independent reflections
 1697 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.063$

2.3. Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.138$
 $S = 1.10$
 2900 reflections

155 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22$ e Å^{−3}
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26$ e Å^{−3}

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2013); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *OLEX2*.

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7371).

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supporting information

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Crystal structure of diethyl 3,3'-[2,2'-(1*E*)-[1,4-phenylenebis(azan-1-yl-1-ylidene)]bis(methan-1-yl-1-ylidene)bis(1*H*-pyrrole-2,1-diyl)}dipropanoate

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S1. Comment

The Schiff base diethyl 3,3'-(2,2'-(1*E*)-(1,4-phenylenebis(azan-1-yl-1-ylidene))bis (methan-1-yl-1-ylidene)bis(1*H*-pyrrole-2,1-diyl))dipropanoate was prepared in two steps. The reaction of 1*H*-pyrrole-2-carbaldehyde with ethyl bromopropanoate resulted in the formation of (2-formyl-1*H*-pyrrole-1-yl)-propanoate (Koriatopoulou *et al.* (2008) and Singh & Pal (2010)). The reaction of two moles of the pyrrole ester with *p*-phenylenediamine gave the title of Schiff-base compound (Yang *et al.*, 2004; Ourari *et al.*, 2013). The compound with molar mass 462.54 g mol⁻¹, crystallizes in monoclinic crystal structure with a space group *C*2/c1 and had a calculated density 1.259 g cm⁻³. The asymmetric unit consists of half the molecule, the molecule is completed by inversion symmetry. Infrared spectra indicates typical absorbance bands of the

functional -C=N and carbonyl -C=O at 1595 and 1680 cm⁻¹, respectively. The positive ES mass spectrum of the bis Schiff base showed a parent ion peak at *m/z* = 463.7 (M+H)⁺, corresponding to C₂₆H₃₀N₄O₄, for which the required value=462.3. The values distance (1.270 Å) observed for (N7-C6) is shorter than (N7-C8) (1.458 Å), indicating a double bond order. The distance observed at (1.384 Å) for (N1-C5), revealed a resonance is occurred in the pyrrole system between lone pair electron of the nitrogen atom and the pyrrole ring. Other bond lengths and bond angles are within reported values.

S2. Experimental

FT-IR data were recorded on Agilent 8400s FT-IR while NMR data were collected on Bruker 500 MHz spectrometer in CDCl₃ solutions. The assignment of the chemical shifts for the NMR data were made following numbering shown in structure. The title compound was prepared in two steps and as follows: **Preparation of ethyl(2-formyl-1*H*-pyrrole-1-yl)-propanoate(L)**: It was prepared by literature procedures (Koriatopoulou *et al.*, (2008); Singh & Pal (2010), as follows: To a mixture of 1*H*-pyrrole-2-carbaldehyde(1.00g,10.51mmol), K₂CO₃ (2.90g, 21.02mmol) and (2.64g, 10.51mmol) of 18-crown-6 in dry 1,4-dioxane (20ml), was added a solution of ethyl bromopropanoate (2.17g, 12mmol) in dry 1,4-dioxane (20ml) dropwise over a period of 30 min. The reaction mixture was allowed to reflux under nitrogen atmosphere for 6h, and then the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Water (50ml) was added to the residue, and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 15ml). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (15ml), and then dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the oily residue was purified by flash chromatography with an eluent mixture (33% ethyl acetate / hexane), yield 0.70 g (70%) of the title compound as a yellow oil product. IR (ATR cm⁻¹): 1660 ν(C=O) aldehyde moiety. 1720 ν(C=O) ester group. NMR data (p.p.m), δH (500 MHz, CDCl₃): 1.10 (3H, t, C13-H), 2.70 (2H, t, C9-H), 4.01 (2H, q, C12-H), 4.47 (2H, t, C8-H), 6.09 (1H, t, C3-H), 6.83

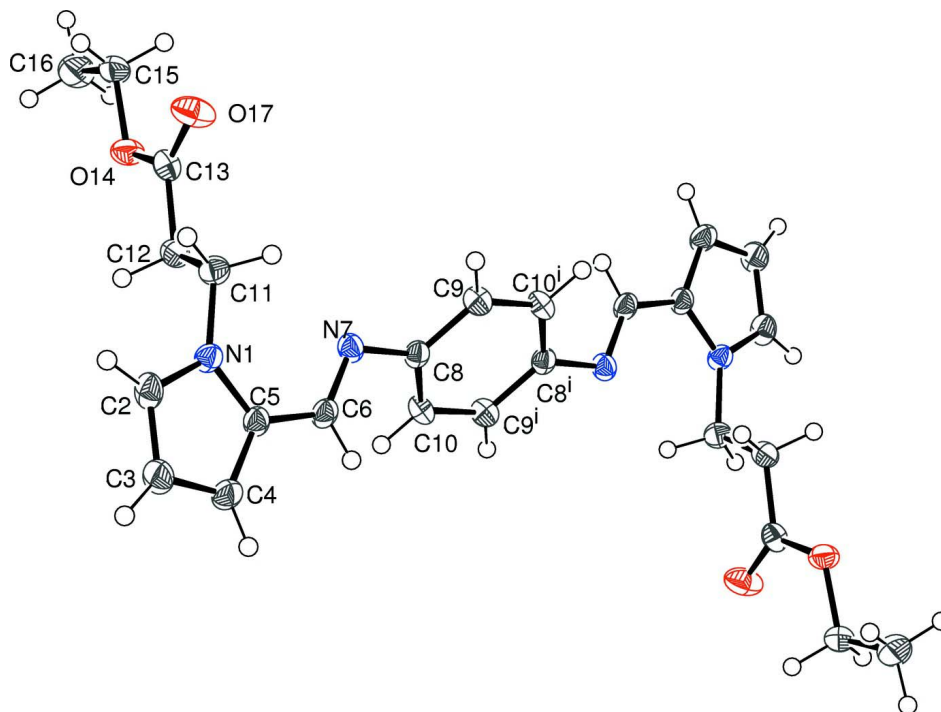
(1H, d, C4-H), 6.94 (1H, d, C2-H) and 9.43 (1H, s, C6-H); δ C (125.75 MHz, CDCl₃): 14.06 C13, 35.68 C9, 44.71 C8, 60.62 C12, 109.53 C3, 125.17 C4, 131.02 C5 and 132.23 C2, and C=O of the carboxylate moiety at 171.17 (C10) and 179.15 for C6. The positive ES mass spectrum at m/z = 196.4 (M+H)⁺ (80 %) for C₁₀H₁₃NO₃, requires =195.1. The other peaks which detected at m/z = 167.4 (100 %), 123.3 (50 %), 95.2 (5 %) and 67 (6 %) correspond to [M-CH₂CH₃]⁺, [M-(CH₂CH₃+CO₂)]⁺, [M-(CH₂CH₃+CO₂+CH₂+CH₂)]⁺ and [M-(CH₂CH₃+CO₂+CH₂CH₂+CO)]⁺, respectively.

Synthesis of the title Schiff-base: achieved using standard method as follows: To a mixture of **L** (1.95g, 10mmol) in ethanol (20ml) with 3 drops of glacial acetic acid, a solution of p-phenylenediamine (0.5g, 5mmol) in ethanol (20ml) was added dropwise over a period of 20 min. The reaction mixture was allowed to reflux for 3h, and then cooled to room temperature. A white precipitate was collected by filtration and recrystallised from ethanol, yield 1.07g (55%). Crystals were obtained from evaporation of a mixture of methanol/acetone at room temperature. IR (ATR, cm⁻¹): at line % / 1595 (C=N), 1680 (C=O). ¹H NMR dH (500 MHz, CDCl₃, p.p.m) δ H: 1.16 (6H, t, C16, 16-H), 2.85 (4H, t, C12, 12-H), 4.05 (4H, q, C15, 15-H), 4.67 (4H, t, C11, 11-H), 6.11 (2H, t, C3, 3-H), 6.58 (2H, d, C4, 4-H), 6.83 (2H, d, C2, 2-H), 7.11 (4H, s, C9, 9, C10, 10-H) and 8.25 (2H, s, C6, 6-H); ¹³C NMR (125.75 MHz, CDCl₃, p.p.m) δ C: 14.29 (C16, 16-), 36.14 (C12, 12-), 44.98 (C11, 11-), 60.62 (C15, 15-), 108.85 (C3, 3-), 119.88 (C2, 2-), 121.57 (C9, 8-) and C10, 10-), 129.16 and 129.17 to (C4, 4- and C5, 5-), 149.38 (C6, 6-) and 150.02 (C8, 8-). C=O at 171.12 (C13, 13-). The positive ES mass spectrum at m/z = 463.7 (M+H)⁺ (42%) for C₂₆H₃₀N₄O₄, requires =462.3. The other peaks detected at m/z = 405.2 (3%), 361.6 (12%), 317.2 (3%) and 261.4 (3%) correspond to [M-2(CH₂CH₃)]⁺, [M-(2(CH₂CH₃)+CO₂)]⁺, [M-(2CH₂CH₃+2CO₂)]⁺ and [M-(2CH₂CH₃+2CO₂+2CH₂CH₂)]⁺, respectively.

S3. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 1.

The refinement was H atom attached to N1 was located in the difference Fourier map and refined isotropically. All other H atoms were placed in calculated positions with d(C—H) = 0.95 Å for aromatic, 0.99 for CH₂ and 0.98 Å for CH₃ atoms. The U_{iso} values were constrained to be 1.5U_{eq} of the carrier atom for methyl H atoms and 1.2U_{eq} for the remaining H atoms. A rotating group model was used for the methyl groups.

**Figure 1**

A view of the molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

Diethyl 3,3'-(2,2'-(1*E*)-[1,4-phenylenebis(azan-1-yl-1-ylidene)]bis(methan-1-yl-1-ylidene)bis(1*H*-pyrrole-2,1-diyl))dipropionate

Crystal data

$C_{26}H_{30}N_4O_4$

$M_r = 462.54$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

$a = 21.6153 (10) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 8.1227 (4) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 13.9404 (8) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 94.395 (5)^\circ$

$V = 2440.4 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 984$

$D_x = 1.259 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 1750 reflections

$\theta = 3.8\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 150 \text{ K}$

Block, clear light colourless

$0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.3 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova (Single source at offset, Atlas)

diffractometer

Radiation source: SuperNova (Mo) X-ray Source

Mirror monochromator

Detector resolution: $10.3705 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2013)

$T_{\min} = 0.613$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

6592 measured reflections

2900 independent reflections

1697 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.063$

$\theta_{\max} = 29.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.9^\circ$

$h = -18 \rightarrow 29$

$k = -10 \rightarrow 7$

$l = -19 \rightarrow 18$

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$ $wR(F^2) = 0.138$ $S = 1.10$

2900 reflections

155 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0338P)^2 + 0.0686P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ *Special details*

Experimental. CrysAlisPro, Agilent Technologies, Version 1.171.36.28 (release 01-02-2013 CrysAlis171 .NET) (compiled Feb 1 2013, 16:14:44) Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ($\text{\AA}^2$)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O14	0.34059 (6)	0.02364 (17)	0.24674 (10)	0.0286 (4)
N1	0.45878 (7)	0.29578 (19)	0.01458 (12)	0.0225 (4)
O17	0.41066 (7)	0.2126 (2)	0.29870 (11)	0.0385 (4)
N7	0.34834 (7)	0.5212 (2)	0.01854 (13)	0.0231 (4)
C13	0.38269 (9)	0.1407 (2)	0.23355 (16)	0.0240 (5)
C6	0.37626 (9)	0.4878 (2)	−0.05699 (16)	0.0233 (5)
H6	0.3615	0.5387	−0.1140	0.028*
C5	0.42829 (9)	0.3787 (2)	−0.06151 (16)	0.0227 (5)
C8	0.29823 (9)	0.6351 (2)	0.00733 (15)	0.0213 (5)
C9	0.29548 (9)	0.7593 (2)	0.07499 (16)	0.0242 (5)
H9	0.3258	0.7654	0.1260	0.029*
C2	0.50726 (9)	0.2115 (3)	−0.01898 (17)	0.0285 (5)
H2	0.5353	0.1466	0.0181	0.034*
C11	0.44300 (9)	0.2904 (3)	0.11490 (15)	0.0248 (5)
H11A	0.4308	0.3996	0.1345	0.030*
H11B	0.4794	0.2581	0.1556	0.030*
C12	0.39047 (9)	0.1701 (3)	0.12900 (15)	0.0247 (5)
H12A	0.3521	0.2135	0.0983	0.030*
H12B	0.3991	0.0663	0.0983	0.030*
C15	0.33162 (10)	−0.0179 (3)	0.34693 (16)	0.0307 (6)
H15A	0.3205	0.0796	0.3820	0.037*
H15B	0.3694	−0.0636	0.3782	0.037*
C10	0.25193 (9)	0.6253 (2)	−0.06747 (16)	0.0244 (5)
H10	0.2528	0.5411	−0.1126	0.029*
C4	0.45880 (9)	0.3440 (3)	−0.14264 (17)	0.0283 (5)
H4	0.4484	0.3843	−0.2042	0.034*

C3	0.50810 (10)	0.2377 (3)	−0.11602 (17)	0.0318 (6)
H3	0.5361	0.1933	−0.1564	0.038*
C16	0.28000 (11)	−0.1429 (3)	0.34458 (18)	0.0412 (6)
H16A	0.2913	−0.2375	0.3085	0.062*
H16B	0.2427	−0.0953	0.3147	0.062*
H16C	0.2731	−0.1756	0.4091	0.062*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O14	0.0361 (8)	0.0298 (9)	0.0205 (9)	−0.0087 (7)	0.0052 (7)	−0.0004 (7)
N1	0.0217 (9)	0.0226 (10)	0.0236 (10)	0.0014 (7)	0.0051 (8)	0.0034 (8)
O17	0.0397 (9)	0.0498 (11)	0.0266 (10)	−0.0165 (8)	0.0054 (8)	−0.0087 (8)
N7	0.0234 (9)	0.0209 (9)	0.0255 (10)	0.0023 (7)	0.0057 (8)	−0.0010 (8)
C13	0.0213 (11)	0.0228 (11)	0.0283 (13)	−0.0002 (9)	0.0032 (10)	−0.0042 (10)
C6	0.0258 (11)	0.0184 (11)	0.0260 (12)	−0.0029 (8)	0.0042 (10)	0.0040 (10)
C5	0.0241 (10)	0.0189 (11)	0.0257 (12)	0.0002 (8)	0.0064 (9)	0.0021 (10)
C8	0.0212 (10)	0.0192 (11)	0.0242 (12)	0.0008 (8)	0.0071 (9)	0.0028 (10)
C9	0.0209 (10)	0.0260 (12)	0.0255 (12)	−0.0006 (9)	0.0005 (9)	−0.0031 (10)
C2	0.0236 (11)	0.0255 (12)	0.0375 (14)	0.0074 (9)	0.0106 (10)	0.0027 (11)
C11	0.0236 (10)	0.0270 (12)	0.0239 (12)	0.0000 (9)	0.0019 (9)	0.0010 (10)
C12	0.0262 (11)	0.0254 (12)	0.0226 (12)	0.0010 (9)	0.0023 (9)	−0.0028 (10)
C15	0.0414 (13)	0.0290 (13)	0.0230 (13)	−0.0002 (10)	0.0102 (11)	0.0002 (11)
C10	0.0260 (11)	0.0219 (11)	0.0257 (13)	0.0001 (9)	0.0040 (10)	−0.0070 (10)
C4	0.0323 (12)	0.0261 (12)	0.0275 (13)	0.0012 (9)	0.0099 (10)	0.0063 (11)
C3	0.0330 (12)	0.0293 (13)	0.0351 (15)	0.0075 (10)	0.0153 (11)	0.0018 (11)
C16	0.0551 (16)	0.0357 (14)	0.0347 (15)	−0.0100 (11)	0.0152 (13)	0.0024 (12)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O14—C13	1.338 (2)	C2—C3	1.371 (3)
O14—C15	1.464 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9700
N1—C5	1.381 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9700
N1—C2	1.364 (2)	C11—C12	1.522 (3)
N1—C11	1.465 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9700
O17—C13	1.203 (2)	C12—H12B	0.9700
N7—C6	1.282 (2)	C15—H15A	0.9700
N7—C8	1.424 (2)	C15—H15B	0.9700
C13—C12	1.499 (3)	C15—C16	1.507 (3)
C6—H6	0.9300	C10—C9 ⁱ	1.387 (3)
C6—C5	1.437 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
C5—C4	1.381 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
C8—C9	1.386 (3)	C4—C3	1.399 (3)
C8—C10	1.391 (3)	C3—H3	0.9300
C9—H9	0.9300	C16—H16A	0.9600
C9—C10 ⁱ	1.387 (3)	C16—H16B	0.9600
C2—H2	0.9300	C16—H16C	0.9600

C13—O14—C15	115.83 (16)	C12—C11—H11B	109.2
C5—N1—C11	127.98 (16)	C13—C12—C11	111.61 (17)
C2—N1—C5	108.38 (18)	C13—C12—H12A	109.3
C2—N1—C11	123.62 (18)	C13—C12—H12B	109.3
C6—N7—C8	116.70 (18)	C11—C12—H12A	109.3
O14—C13—C12	112.02 (18)	C11—C12—H12B	109.3
O17—C13—O14	123.3 (2)	H12A—C12—H12B	108.0
O17—C13—C12	124.69 (18)	O14—C15—H15A	110.4
N7—C6—H6	117.1	O14—C15—H15B	110.4
N7—C6—C5	125.9 (2)	O14—C15—C16	106.64 (18)
C5—C6—H6	117.1	H15A—C15—H15B	108.6
N1—C5—C6	126.61 (19)	C16—C15—H15A	110.4
N1—C5—C4	107.45 (17)	C16—C15—H15B	110.4
C4—C5—C6	125.9 (2)	C8—C10—H10	119.9
C9—C8—N7	118.06 (19)	C9 ⁱ —C10—C8	120.20 (18)
C9—C8—C10	119.07 (18)	C9 ⁱ —C10—H10	119.9
C10—C8—N7	122.86 (18)	C5—C4—H4	126.0
C8—C9—H9	119.6	C5—C4—C3	108.1 (2)
C8—C9—C10 ⁱ	120.71 (19)	C3—C4—H4	126.0
C10 ⁱ —C9—H9	119.6	C2—C3—C4	106.86 (18)
N1—C2—H2	125.4	C2—C3—H3	126.6
N1—C2—C3	109.23 (19)	C4—C3—H3	126.6
C3—C2—H2	125.4	C15—C16—H16A	109.5
N1—C11—H11A	109.2	C15—C16—H16B	109.5
N1—C11—H11B	109.2	C15—C16—H16C	109.5
N1—C11—C12	111.88 (17)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
H11A—C11—H11B	107.9	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C12—C11—H11A	109.2	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
O14—C13—C12—C11	−174.17 (16)	C5—N1—C11—C12	79.5 (2)
N1—C5—C4—C3	0.5 (2)	C5—C4—C3—C2	−0.8 (2)
N1—C2—C3—C4	0.9 (2)	C8—N7—C6—C5	179.01 (17)
N1—C11—C12—C13	169.07 (17)	C9—C8—C10—C9 ⁱ	1.3 (3)
O17—C13—C12—C11	5.8 (3)	C2—N1—C5—C6	−177.15 (19)
N7—C6—C5—N1	−2.6 (3)	C2—N1—C5—C4	0.0 (2)
N7—C6—C5—C4	−179.3 (2)	C2—N1—C11—C12	−98.6 (2)
N7—C8—C9—C10 ⁱ	179.47 (17)	C11—N1—C5—C6	4.5 (3)
N7—C8—C10—C9 ⁱ	−179.52 (18)	C11—N1—C5—C4	−178.28 (18)
C13—O14—C15—C16	176.56 (17)	C11—N1—C2—C3	177.83 (18)
C6—N7—C8—C9	−134.2 (2)	C15—O14—C13—O17	−2.2 (3)
C6—N7—C8—C10	46.7 (3)	C15—O14—C13—C12	177.75 (16)
C6—C5—C4—C3	177.72 (19)	C10—C8—C9—C10 ⁱ	−1.4 (3)
C5—N1—C2—C3	−0.6 (2)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z$.