

Erratum: Short-Term Outcomes for Veterans Receiving Basal Insulin, Metformin, and a Sulfonylurea Who Are Started on a Third Noninsulin Agent Versus Prandial Insulin. *Diabetes Spectrum* 2018;31:261–266 (doi.org/10.2337/ds17-0068)

Andrew D. Santeusano and Monica M. Bowen

In Table 2 on p. 263 of this article, the authors inadvertently included positive instead of negative percentage changes in A1C for 1-year outcomes. The corrected table is shown below. The online version of this article was updated on 14 September 2018 to reflect this change.

TABLE 2. Addition of Noninsulin Agent Versus Prandial Insulin

Outcomes at 6 Months	Prandial Insulin (n = 28)	Noninsulin Agent (n = 34)	P
Change in A1C, %	−0.53 ± 1.19	−0.84 ± 1.19	0.31
Weight change, kg	1.99 ± 2.45	−2.09 ± 4.22	<0.01
Outcomes at 1 Year	Prandial Insulin (n = 23)	Noninsulin Agent (n = 25)	P
Change in A1C, %	−0.67 ± 1.2	−0.86 ± 1.3	0.61
Patients with A1C <7.5%, n (%)	7 (30)	7 (28)	0.85
Documented hypoglycemic episodes, n/patient-year	2.6	1.0	0.01

Data are expressed as mean ± SD unless otherwise noted.