

Diaquabis(5-fluoro-2-hydroxybenzoato- κO^1)zinc(II)

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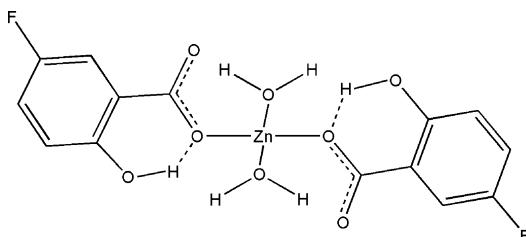
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 150\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.081; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.1.

The title compound, $[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_7\text{H}_4\text{FO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$, is a monomeric Zn^{II} complex. The Zn^{II} atom, which lies on a twofold rotation axis, is situated in a distorted tetrahedral environment composed of two monodentate carboxylate O atoms and two water O atoms. $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds link these units, forming sheets that are stacked along the c axis.

Related literature

For general background, see: Ellsworth & zur Loya (2008); Janiak (2003); Mehrotra & Bohra (1983); Wasuke *et al.* (2005). For related structures, see: Brownless *et al.* (1999); Wang *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_7\text{H}_4\text{FO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$	$V = 1487.99(18)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 411.61$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	$\text{Mo } K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 15.3096(10)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.72\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 5.4706(4)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 150\text{ K}$
$c = 17.7741(12)\text{ \AA}$	$0.16 \times 0.12 \times 0.05\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 91.674(1)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer	8435 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2001)	1520 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.893$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$	1341 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(expected range = 0.820–0.918)	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.053$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.081$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.43\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.09$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.27\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1520 reflections	3 restraints
126 parameters	

Table 1
Selected geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$).

Zn1—O4	1.966 (2)	Zn1—O1	1.9716 (17)
O4—Zn1—O4 ⁱ	100.61 (13)	O4—Zn1—O1 ⁱ	94.50 (8)
O4—Zn1—O1	121.01 (8)	O1—Zn1—O1 ⁱ	124.62 (11)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, y, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Table 2
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^{\circ}$).

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O3—H3···O1	0.803 (18)	1.84 (2)	2.564 (3)	149 (3)
O4—H4A···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.834 (18)	1.83 (2)	2.641 (3)	162 (3)
O4—H4B···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.834 (19)	1.89 (2)	2.711 (3)	170 (4)

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x, y - 1, z$; (iii) $x - \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HY2183).

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supplementary materials

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Diaquabis(5-fluoro-2-hydroxybenzoato- κO^1)zinc(II)

D. Rishmawi, J. Kelley, M. D. Smith, L. R. Peterson Jr and H.-C. zur Loya

Comment

Metal carboxylate complexes have long been an extensively studied class of compounds (Mehrotra & Bohra, 1983), and in recent years they have become a major focus of study due to their potentially useful properties (Janiak, 2003; Wasuke *et al.*, 2005). As a continuation of our own studies (Ellsworth & zur Loya, 2008), we report here the crystal structure of the title compound.

The structure of the title compound is built from the monomeric complex of formula $Zn(5\text{-fsalcy})_2(H_2O)_2$ (Fig. 1) (5-fsalcy = 5-fluorosalicylate). The asymmetric unit consists of one Zn^{II} atom that lies on a twofold rotation axis, one 5-fsalcy ligand, and one water molecule. The coordination environment of the Zn^{II} atom is that of a distorted tetrahedron consisting of two equivalent O atoms from two monodentate carboxylates, and two equivalent O atoms from two water molecules. All four Zn—O bond distances fall within the normal range, with an average length of 1.969 (2) Å. It is worth noting that for the carboxylate O2 atom, the $Zn\cdots O2$ distance of 2.692 (2) Å falls outside the range considered normal for a Zn—O coordination bond (Wang *et al.*, 2006).

Due to its monodentate binding mode, the 5-fsalcy carboxylate group adopts a highly asymmetrical configuration. This is manifested in a C1—O1 distance [1.289 (3) Å] for the coordinating O atom that is noticeably longer than the C1—O2 distance [1.246 (3) Å] corresponding to the noncoordinating O atom. In addition, the carboxylate group of the 5-fsalcy ligand is twisted with a dihedral angle of 9.7 (2) ° with respect to the phenyl ring. As is typical for salicylates, the hydroxyl group of 5-fsalcy is internally hydrogen bonded to its carboxylate O1 that is located on the same side of the ligand (Brownless *et al.*, 1999).

The monomeric units are hydrogen bonded into chains that are themselves hydrogen bonded into sheets that are stacked along the *c* axis (Fig. 2).

Experimental

All chemicals and solvents were purchased from commercial sources and used without further purification. 5-Fluorosalicylic acid (3 mmol) was added to 100 ml of water and subsequently brought to pH 6.5 by the addition of 3*M* NaOH with constant stirring. To this solution was added 10 ml of a 0.10 *M* solution of $Zn(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6H_2O$. Single crystals of the title compound were formed in four weeks after complete evaporation of the solution under ambient conditions.

Refinement

H atoms bonded to C atoms were positioned geometrically and refined as riding atoms. O-bound H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically, with their O—H distances restrained to 0.84 (2) Å.

supplementary materials

Figures

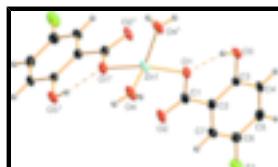


Fig. 1. Molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen bonds are represented by dashed lines. [Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, y, -z+3/2.$]



Fig. 2. View of the crystal packing in the title compound. All H atoms except for those of water and the hydroxyl group are omitted for clarity. Hydrogen bonds are represented by dashed lines.

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Crystal data

$[Zn(C_7H_4FO_3)_2(H_2O)_2]$

$F_{000} = 832$

$M_r = 411.61$

$D_x = 1.837 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

Hall symbol: -C 2yc

$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

$a = 15.3096 (10) \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 2066 reflections

$b = 5.4706 (4) \text{ \AA}$

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}24.1^\circ$

$c = 17.7741 (12) \text{ \AA}$

$\mu = 1.72 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$\beta = 91.674 (1)^\circ$

$T = 150 \text{ K}$

$V = 1487.99 (18) \text{ \AA}^3$

Plate, colorless

$Z = 4$

$0.16 \times 0.12 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer

1520 independent reflections

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

1341 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Monochromator: graphite

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.053$

$T = 150 \text{ K}$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.4^\circ$

φ and ω scans

$\theta_{\min} = 2.3^\circ$

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)

$h = -18 \rightarrow 18$

$T_{\min} = 0.893, T_{\max} = 1.000$

$k = -6 \rightarrow 6$

8435 measured reflections

$l = -22 \rightarrow 22$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Least-squares matrix: full

Hydrogen site location: mixed

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$wR(F^2) = 0.081$ $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0397P)^2 + 0.7409P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$S = 1.09$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 1520 reflections $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.43 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 126 parameters $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 3 restraints Extinction correction: none

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct
 methods

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Zn1	0.5000	0.08063 (8)	0.7500	0.01954 (15)
C1	0.56321 (16)	0.4151 (5)	0.65619 (14)	0.0204 (5)
C2	0.62447 (16)	0.5945 (5)	0.62352 (14)	0.0199 (5)
C3	0.71316 (16)	0.6031 (5)	0.64632 (14)	0.0191 (5)
C4	0.76803 (16)	0.7820 (5)	0.61874 (14)	0.0221 (6)
H4	0.8278	0.7864	0.6346	0.026*
C5	0.73553 (18)	0.9533 (5)	0.56829 (15)	0.0246 (6)
H5	0.7724	1.0775	0.5495	0.029*
C6	0.64862 (18)	0.9416 (5)	0.54547 (15)	0.0248 (6)
C7	0.59321 (16)	0.7666 (5)	0.57150 (14)	0.0223 (6)
H7	0.5339	0.7624	0.5543	0.027*
O1	0.59620 (11)	0.2481 (3)	0.69963 (10)	0.0233 (4)
O2	0.48283 (11)	0.4310 (3)	0.64435 (11)	0.0265 (4)
F1	0.61747 (11)	1.1088 (3)	0.49488 (10)	0.0391 (5)
O3	0.74885 (12)	0.4400 (4)	0.69676 (11)	0.0266 (4)
H3	0.7120 (18)	0.341 (5)	0.7060 (18)	0.044 (10)*
O4	0.42296 (13)	-0.1489 (4)	0.69475 (13)	0.0305 (5)
H4A	0.437 (2)	-0.271 (5)	0.6700 (16)	0.039 (10)*
H4B	0.3689 (13)	-0.132 (8)	0.691 (2)	0.068 (14)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Zn1	0.0113 (2)	0.0184 (2)	0.0290 (3)	0.000	0.00249 (16)	0.000
C1	0.0169 (13)	0.0199 (13)	0.0245 (14)	0.0015 (10)	0.0036 (10)	-0.0063 (11)
C2	0.0174 (12)	0.0209 (13)	0.0214 (13)	-0.0025 (11)	0.0021 (10)	-0.0012 (11)
C3	0.0149 (12)	0.0239 (14)	0.0186 (13)	0.0015 (10)	0.0019 (10)	-0.0007 (11)
C4	0.0118 (12)	0.0293 (15)	0.0252 (14)	-0.0026 (11)	0.0016 (10)	-0.0009 (12)
C5	0.0224 (14)	0.0238 (15)	0.0277 (14)	-0.0068 (11)	0.0065 (11)	0.0003 (12)
C6	0.0233 (14)	0.0255 (15)	0.0256 (14)	0.0021 (12)	0.0000 (11)	0.0056 (12)
C7	0.0151 (13)	0.0263 (14)	0.0253 (14)	-0.0005 (11)	-0.0013 (10)	0.0008 (12)
O1	0.0150 (9)	0.0239 (10)	0.0312 (10)	0.0009 (8)	0.0054 (7)	0.0060 (8)
O2	0.0121 (9)	0.0233 (10)	0.0443 (12)	-0.0014 (8)	0.0025 (8)	-0.0025 (9)
F1	0.0282 (9)	0.0390 (10)	0.0500 (11)	0.0008 (8)	-0.0028 (8)	0.0232 (9)
O3	0.0132 (9)	0.0315 (11)	0.0350 (11)	-0.0020 (8)	-0.0020 (8)	0.0111 (9)
O4	0.0139 (10)	0.0277 (11)	0.0497 (13)	0.0020 (8)	-0.0017 (9)	-0.0155 (10)

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Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Zn1—O4	1.966 (2)	C4—C5	1.380 (4)
Zn1—O4 ⁱ	1.966 (2)	C4—H4	0.9500
Zn1—O1	1.9716 (17)	C5—C6	1.381 (4)
Zn1—O1 ⁱ	1.9717 (17)	C5—H5	0.9500
C1—O2	1.246 (3)	C6—F1	1.359 (3)
C1—O1	1.289 (3)	C6—C7	1.369 (4)
C1—C2	1.487 (4)	C7—H7	0.9500
C2—C7	1.394 (4)	O3—H3	0.803 (18)
C2—C3	1.406 (4)	O4—H4A	0.834 (18)
C3—O3	1.367 (3)	O4—H4B	0.834 (19)
C3—C4	1.388 (4)		
O4—Zn1—O4 ⁱ	100.61 (13)	C5—C4—H4	120.1
O4—Zn1—O1	121.01 (8)	C3—C4—H4	120.1
O4 ⁱ —Zn1—O1	94.50 (8)	C4—C5—C6	119.0 (2)
O4—Zn1—O1 ⁱ	94.50 (8)	C4—C5—H5	120.5
O4 ⁱ —Zn1—O1 ⁱ	121.01 (8)	C6—C5—H5	120.5
O1—Zn1—O1 ⁱ	124.62 (11)	F1—C6—C7	119.0 (2)
O2—C1—O1	121.2 (2)	F1—C6—C5	118.7 (2)
O2—C1—C2	121.3 (2)	C7—C6—C5	122.3 (2)
O1—C1—C2	117.4 (2)	C6—C7—C2	119.5 (2)
C7—C2—C3	118.6 (2)	C6—C7—H7	120.3
C7—C2—C1	119.8 (2)	C2—C7—H7	120.3
C3—C2—C1	121.6 (2)	C1—O1—Zn1	108.44 (15)
O3—C3—C4	117.2 (2)	C3—O3—H3	108 (2)
O3—C3—C2	122.1 (2)	Zn1—O4—H4A	128 (2)
C4—C3—C2	120.7 (2)	Zn1—O4—H4B	123 (3)
C5—C4—C3	119.9 (2)	H4A—O4—H4B	109 (4)
O2—C1—C2—C7	-7.8 (4)	C4—C5—C6—F1	-179.0 (2)
O1—C1—C2—C7	174.9 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C7	0.4 (4)
O2—C1—C2—C3	169.2 (2)	F1—C6—C7—C2	-179.9 (2)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-8.1 (4)	C5—C6—C7—C2	0.7 (4)
C7—C2—C3—O3	-179.6 (2)	C3—C2—C7—C6	-1.5 (4)
C1—C2—C3—O3	3.3 (4)	C1—C2—C7—C6	175.6 (2)
C7—C2—C3—C4	1.2 (4)	O2—C1—O1—Zn1	-8.5 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-175.8 (2)	C2—C1—O1—Zn1	168.89 (17)
O3—C3—C4—C5	-179.3 (2)	O4—Zn1—O1—C1	73.68 (18)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.1 (4)	O4 ⁱ —Zn1—O1—C1	178.91 (17)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.7 (4)	O1 ⁱ —Zn1—O1—C1	-48.07 (15)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y, -z+3/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\cdots H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—H\cdots A$
O3—H3 \cdots O1	0.803 (18)	1.84 (2)	2.564 (3)

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O4—H4A···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.834 (18)	1.83 (2)	2.641 (3)	162 (3)
O4—H4B···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.834 (19)	1.89 (2)	2.711 (3)	170 (4)

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x, y-1, z$; (iii) $x-1/2, y-1/2, z$.

supplementary materials

Fig. 1

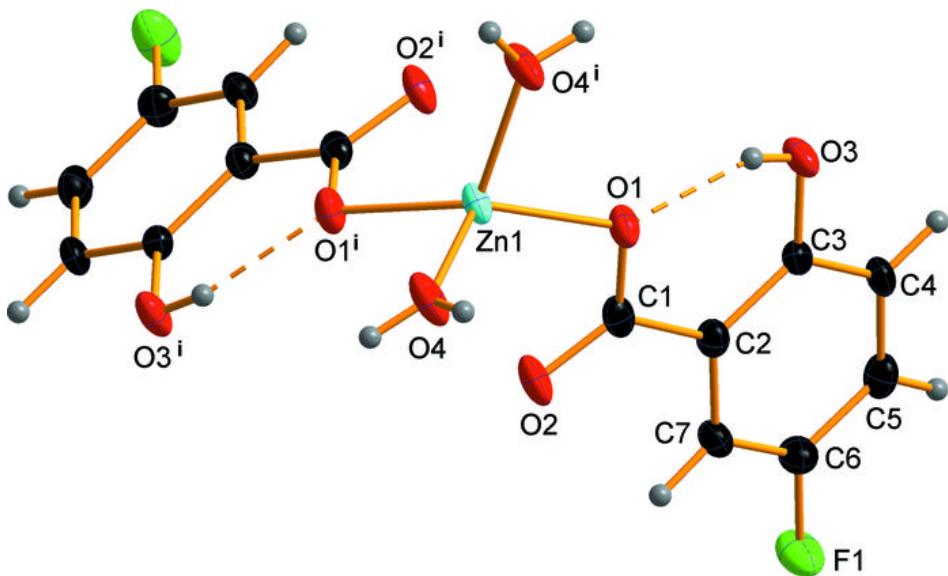


Fig. 2

