



# Genomic Analysis of Bacteriophage BUCT86 Infecting *Klebsiella pneumoniae*

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**ABSTRACT** Phage BUCT86 possesses a genome of 44,542 bp of double-stranded DNA, with a G+C content of 54%. The result of BLASTn analysis showed that the genome sequence of phage BUCT86 shared similarity with that of *Klebsiella* phage CX1, with 82% query coverage and 93.31% identity.

*Klebsiella pneumoniae* is a common Gram-negative opportunistic pathogen that causes a variety of infectious diseases, including urinary tract infections, bacteremia, pneumonia, and liver abscesses (1). With the wide application of antibiotics, *K. pneumoniae* has shown obvious drug resistance (2). Meanwhile, the emergence of highly virulent strains has increased the difficulty of infection control. In order to alleviate the spread of bacterial resistance, it is urgent to develop antibacterial agents that can supplement or replace antibiotics. Bacteriophages (phages), viruses that infect bacteria, have attracted much attention because of their potential to treat drug-resistant bacterial infections and have been successfully applied around the world (3).

In this study, phage BUCT86 was isolated from hospital sewage (Beijing, China) using *K. pneumoniae* strain 2773 as the host. Briefly, hospital sewage was centrifuged, filtered through a 0.22-mm filter, and then used directly for spot testing to verify the presence of phage. The purification of phage was performed three times by taking a single plaque with the double-layer agar method (4). The phage crude extract was concentrated by ultracentrifugation, and highly purified virus particles were obtained by sucrose density gradient centrifugation (5). The phage particles were observed with a JEM-1200EX transmission electron microscope (JEOL Ltd., Tokyo, Japan) at an accelerating voltage of 80 kV. Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) showed that the head diameter of the phage was  $53.88 \pm 1.82$  nm and the tail length was  $5.86 \pm 0.17$  nm. Based on the morphological characteristics, phage BUCT86 belongs to the family Podoviridae (Fig. 1A).

The genomic DNA of phage BUCT86 was extracted using a DNA extraction kit (Omega Bio-Tek, Norcross, GA, USA). The phage sequencing library was prepared with the New England BioLabs NEBNext Ultra II kit v3 and sequenced using Illumina HiSeq 2500 paired-end sequencing technology, with an average read length of 150 bp; 1,124,079 filtered paired-end reads were obtained by Trimmomatic v0.36, with a coverage depth of about 20.38×. Finally, contigs were assembled by SPAdes v3.13.0 (6). The genome functional map was prepared using the CLC Genomics Workbench v9 and optimized using Inkscape v0.92.1. All tools were run with default parameters unless otherwise noted.

Phage BUCT86 has a linear double-stranded DNA genome consisting of 44,542 bp, with a G+C content of 54%. PhageTerm showed that the ends of the sequence were random. The genome characteristics are shown in Fig. 1B. Through BLASTn comparison (<https://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi>), we found that phage BUCT86 was similar to *Klebsiella* phage CX1 (GenBank accession number MT090077), with 82% query coverage and 93.31% identity.

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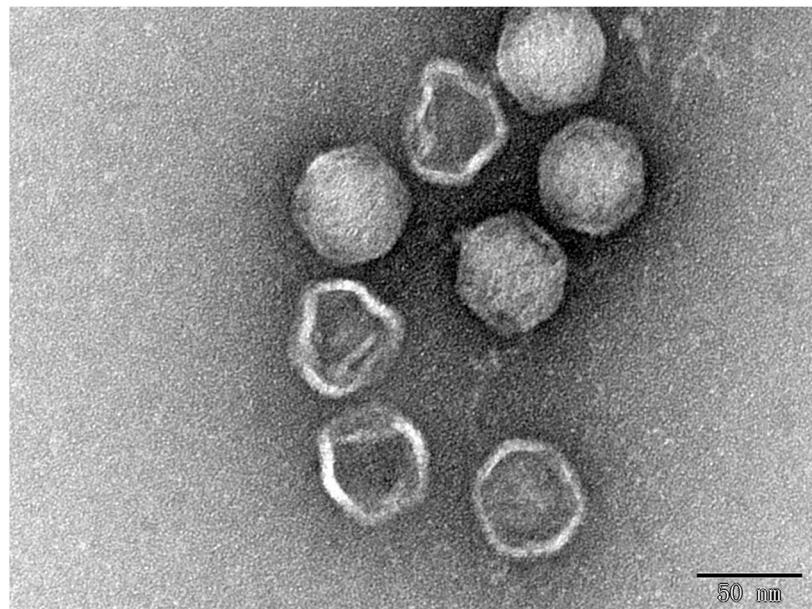
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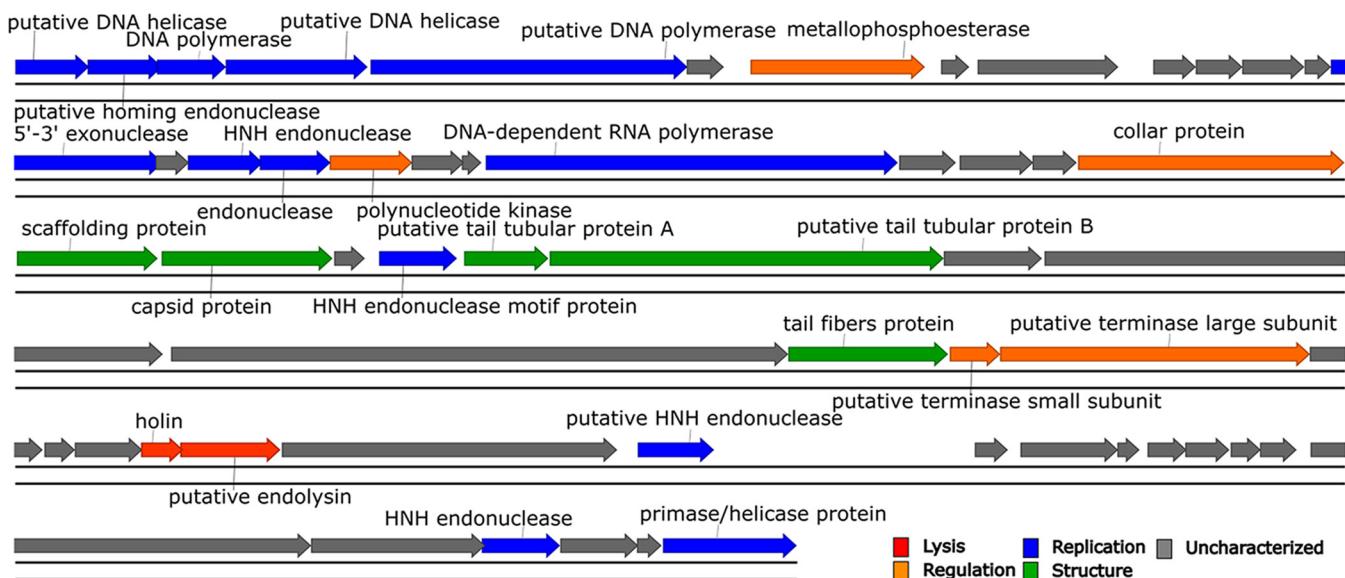
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A



B



**FIG 1** TEM and genome function map of phage BUCT86. (A) TEM of phage BUCT86. Scale bar, 50 nm. Four virions were measured in the figure. (B) Genome function map of phage BUCT86. Different colors refer to different functional categories.

The genome sequences were annotated by RAST (<https://rast.nmpdr.org>) (7) and then checked by BLASTp with the NCBI database (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov>) (8). Phage BUCT86 had 57 open reading frames (ORFs), of which only 25 had predicted functions; the rest were annotated as hypothetical proteins (Table 1).

Genomic analysis of *Klebsiella* phage BUCT86 may provide insights for the development of phage therapy against *Klebsiella*, as well as enriching the knowledge about the diversity of *Klebsiella* phages.

**Data availability.** The complete genome sequence of phage BUCT86, with annotations, was submitted to the GenBank database under the accession number [OL474125](#). The raw sequence reads were deposited in the NCBI SRA under the accession number [SRR17406163](#).

**TABLE 1** Predicted ORFs in the genome of phage BUCT86

ORF	Nucleotide position		Predicted function	Best match	GenBank accession no. for best match	Coverage (%)	Identity (%)
	Start	Stop					
ORF1	1	441	F	Putative DNA helicase	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_HeKpn01	2.00E-101	100
ORF2	434	880	F	Putative homing endonuclease	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_SU552A	1.00E-49	90
ORF3	849	1262	F	DNA polymerase	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage F19	1.00E-91	100
ORF4	1262	2110	F	Putative DNA helicase	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV48	0	96
ORF5	2130	4028	F	Putative DNA polymerase	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV48	0	99.63
ORF6	4025	4246	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Escherichia</i> phage vB_EcoP_ZX6	2.00E-43	100
ORF7	4408	5451	F	Metallophosphoesterase	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV74	0	100
ORF8	5550	5717	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage phiKpS2	8.00E-27	100
ORF9	5769	6611	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_Phone	0	100
ORF10	6822	7076	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage KM16	QEG10143.1	97.50
ORF11	7077	7355	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_SU552A	AZF188729.1	92.86
ORF12	7355	7726	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_SU552A	3.00E-48	98
ORF13	7729	7887	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_SU552A	2.00E-76	100
ORF14	7887	8855	F	5'-3' exonuclease	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage phiKpS2	1.00E-27	100
ORF15	8812	9012	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage KPv475	0	100
ORF16	9006	9455	F	HNH endonuclease	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV48	YF_009204814.1	85.71
ORF17	9437	9859	F	Endonuclease	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_SU552A	YF_009204817.1	95.93
ORF18	9856	10350	F	Polynucleotide kinase	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_SU552A	YF_009204818.1	98.08
ORF19	10347	10661	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage KPv475	YF_009204819.1	100
ORF20	10648	10764	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV48	YF_009204820.1	100
ORF21	10792	13260	F	DNA-dependent RNA polymerase	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV48	YF_009204821.1	100
ORF22	13270	13608	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage MEW1	YF_009204822.1	90.60
ORF23	13632	14072	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV48	YF_009204823.1	100
ORF24	14069	14332	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage KP34	YF_009204824.1	94.74
ORF25	14342	15937	F	Collar protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV48	YF_009204825.1	100
ORF26	15952	16794	F	Scaffolding protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage AltoGao	YF_009204826.1	98.18
ORF27	16820	17842	F	Capsid protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage KP-Rio/2015	YF_009204827.1	100
ORF28	17854	18036	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage KP34	YF_009204828.1	98.63
ORF29	18124	18588	F	HNH endonuclease motif protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage SRD2021	YF_009204829.1	100
ORF30	18633	19136	F	Putative tail tubular protein A	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV48	YF_009204830.1	98.20
ORF31	19146	21506	F	Putative tail tubular protein B	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_SU552A	YF_009204831.1	98.09
ORF32	21508	22095	F	Internal virion protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage NTUH-K2044-K1-1	YF_009204832.1	98.97
ORF33	22112	24796	F	Internal virion protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage CX1	YF_009204833.1	99.11
ORF34	24847	28945	F	Putative internal core protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_Pokalde_001	QWT56635.1	98.94
ORF35	28547	29503	F	Tail fiber protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage phiBO1E	YF_009204844.1	100
ORF36	29515	29817	F	Putative terminase small subunit	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage AltoGao	YF_009204845.1	93.40
ORF37	29817	31673	F	Terminase large subunit	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_SU503	YF_009199931.1	97.00
ORF38	31673	32047	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_Bp5	QD196108.1	99.68
ORF39	32059	32241	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV48	YF_009204857.1	99.19
ORF40	32241	32645	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage KPv41	YF_009188794.1	100
ORF41	32638	32889	F	Holin	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage phiKpS2	YF_009204661.1	99.25
ORF42	32873	33472	F	Putative endolysin	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage KM16	QEG10116.1	97.59
ORF43	33482	35491	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV48	YP_009204851.1	96.48
					0	100	98.21

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 1 (Continued)

ORF	Nucleotide position			Predicted function	Best match	GenBank accession no. for best match	E value	Coverage (%)	Identity (%)
	Start	Stop	Strand <sup>a</sup>						
ORF44	35616	36071	F	Putative HNH endonuclease	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage KpV71	YP_009302757.1	1.00E-99	98	91.28
ORF45	37636	37833	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_IME337	OEQ50440.1	4.00E-37	100	95.38
ORF46	37910	38494	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_fHeKpn01	QFG06550.1	5.00E-135	100	97.94
ORF47	38491	38622	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage CX1	QIN95036.1	5.00E-21	100	93.02
ORF48	38672	38905	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage VlC5	QJW86374.1	1.00E-47	100	94.81
ORF49	38898	39161	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_SU552A	YP_009204794.1	1.00E-54	100	96.55
ORF50	39170	39349	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage phikSp2	YP_009792361.1	1.00E-34	100	98.31
ORF51	39346	39564	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage Pone	QPPB09047.1	9.00E-46	100	97.22
ORF52	39649	41628	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_KpV74	YP_009789248.1	0	100	89.55
ORF53	41628	42671	F	Putative peptidase	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage F19	YP_009006030.1	0	100	95.39
ORF54	42652	43119	F	HNH endonuclease	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage Pone	QPPB09055.1	2E-30	93	41.38
ORF55	43122	43589	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage vB_KpnP_SU552A	YP_009204800.1	1.00E-93	98	88.89
ORF56	43582	43728	F	Hypothetical protein	<i>Klebsiella</i> phage VlC5	QJW86382.1	7.00E-16	97	78.72
ORF57	43738	44538	F	Primase/helicase protein	<i>Escherichia</i> phage vB_EcoP_ZX6	QXO10414.1	0	99	97.74

<sup>a</sup>, forward.

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We all declare no competing interests.

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