

CORRECTION

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Correction to: Osteogenic potential of heterogeneous and CD271-enriched mesenchymal stromal cells cultured on apatite-wollastonite 3D scaffolds

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Correction to: BMC Biomed Eng (2019) 1: 16.
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s42490-019-0015-y>

In the original publication of this article [1] the figures and captions were linked incorrectly. In this correction article the figures & captions are correctly published. The publisher apologizes to authors and readers for this error.

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Published online: 11 December 2019

Reference

1. Müller S, Nicholson L, Al Harbi N, et al. Osteogenic potential of heterogeneous and CD271-enriched mesenchymal stromal cells cultured on apatite-wollastonite 3D scaffolds. *BMC Biomed Eng.* 2019;116. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s42490-019-0015-y>.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1186/s42490-019-0015-y>

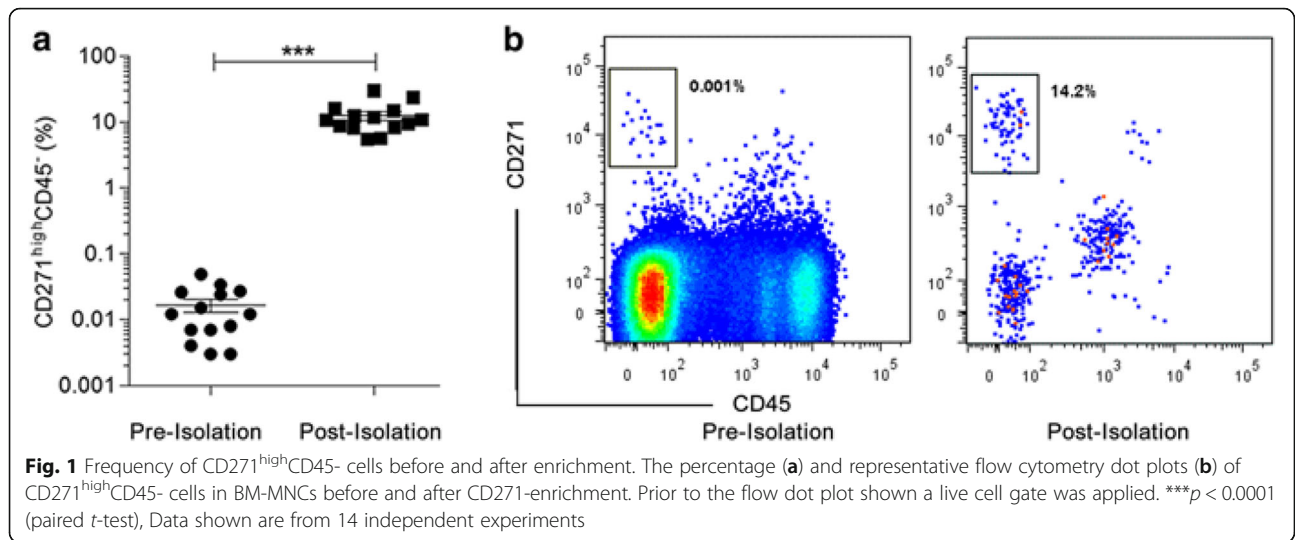
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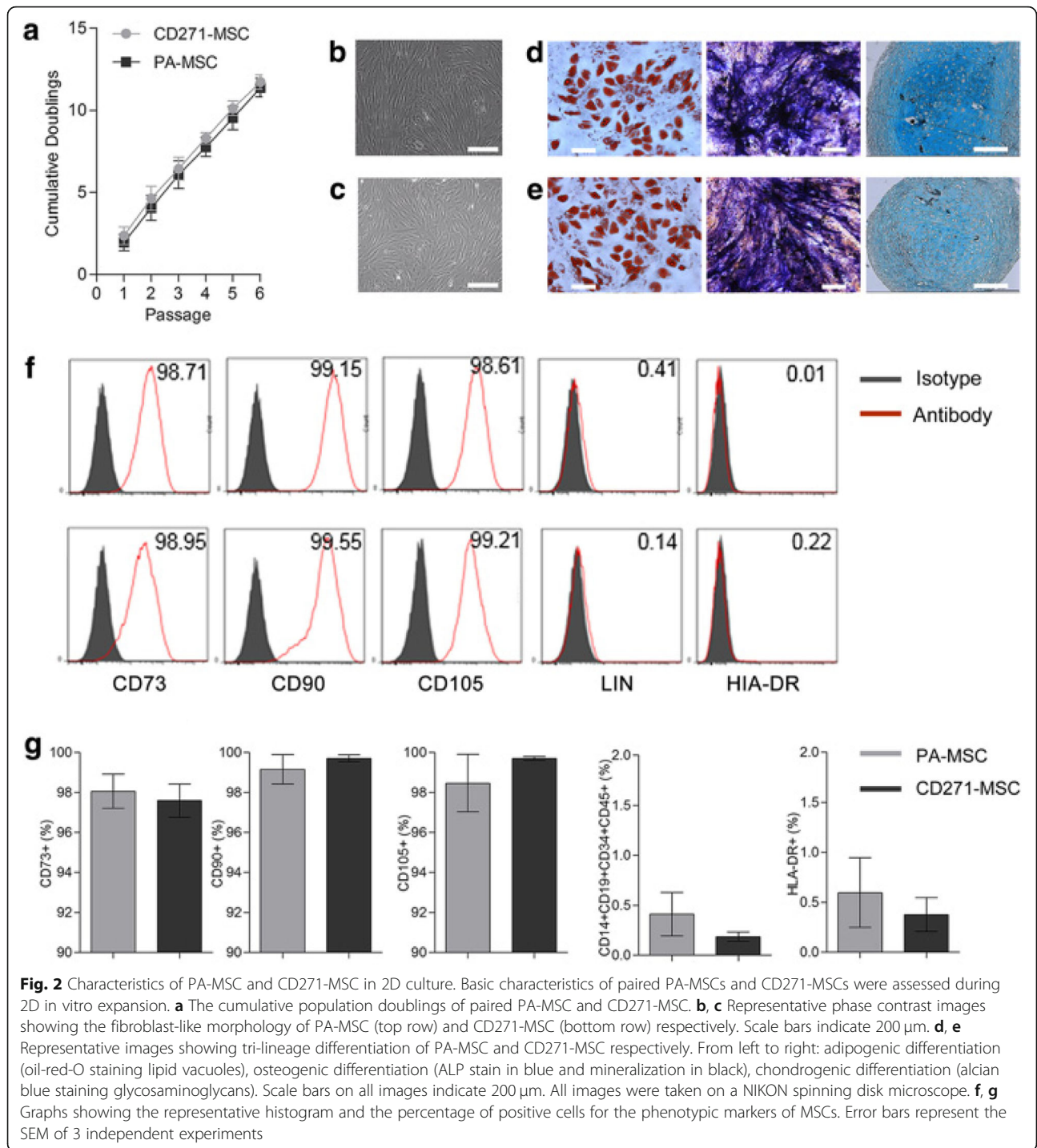
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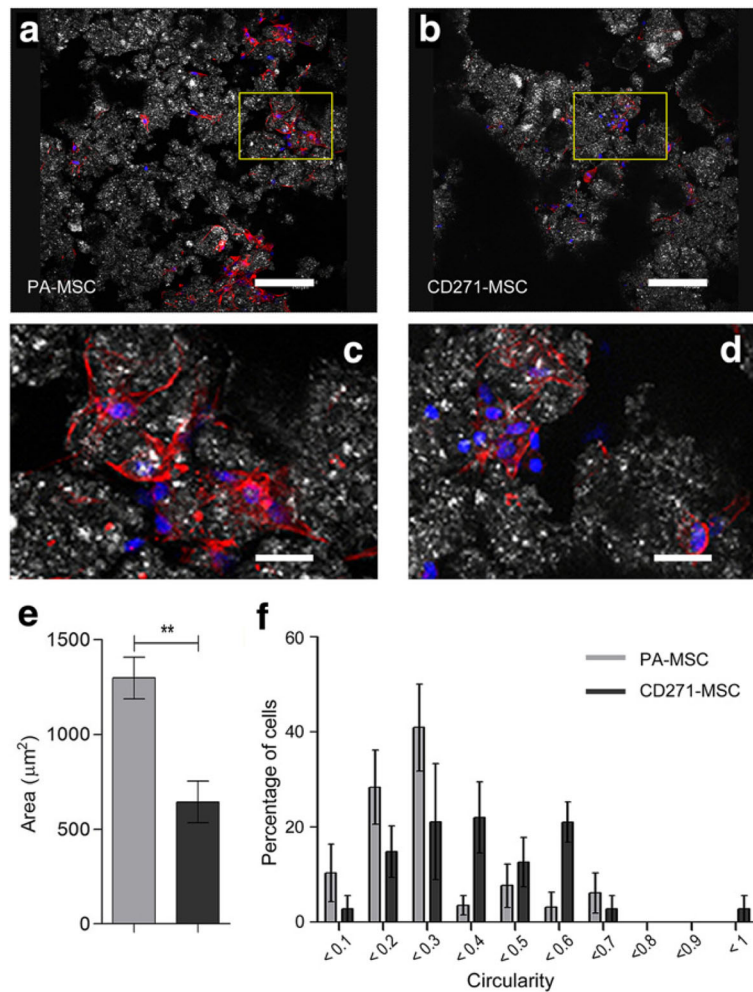


Fig. 3 Morphology of A-W scaffold seeded PA-MSC and CD271-MSC. Representative images of scaffold seeded PA-MSC (**a**) and CD271-MSC (**b**) after 24 h culture in MSC expansion medium, in which the boxed areas were illustrated in higher magnification as (**c**) and (**d**) respectively. Phalloidin (red) stains the F-actin cytoskeleton showing elongated cell morphology. DAPI (blue) stains the nucleus and white/grey shows the surface of the scaffold. Images were taken with a Leica TCS SP2 UV AOBs MP scanning confocal microscope. Scale bars represent 150 µm (**a**) & (**b**) and 600 µm (**c**) & (**d**) respectively. Images are representative of 3 independent experiments. Analysis of morphology is shown with cell area (**e**) and circularity (**f**). Circularity is presented as frequency of occurrence in percentage. $**p \leq 0.01$ (paired *t*-test). Error bars represent the SEM of 4 independent experiments

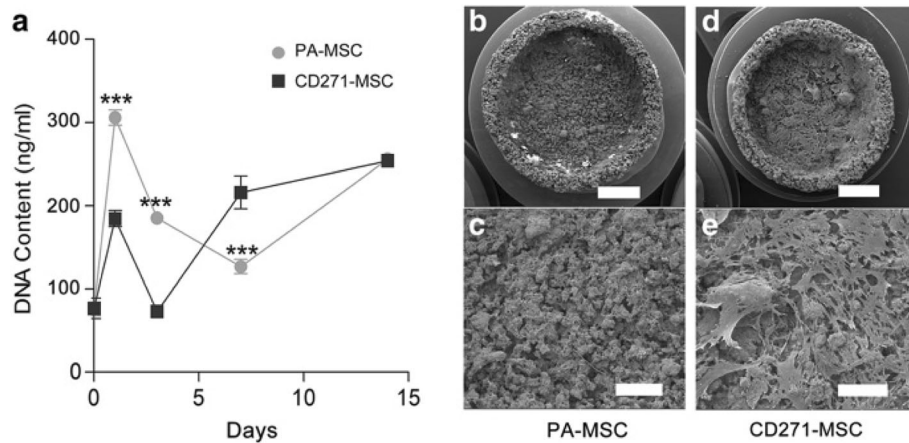


Fig. 4 Growth kinetics of A-W scaffold seeded PA-MSC and CD271-MSC. **a** Graph showing the concentration of DNA obtained from MSC seeded scaffolds cultured in MSC expansion medium for 1, 3, 7 and 14 days. Day 0 value was obtained from unseeded cells. Error bars represent the SEM of 5 independent experiments. *** $p \leq 0.001$ (two way paired ANOVA with Bonferroni post-test). **b-e** Scanning electron microscopy images showing MSC seeded scaffolds after 14 days of culture in MSC expansion medium. Scale bars represent 2 mm (**b, d**) and 500 μm (**c, e**). Images are representative of 3 independent experiments

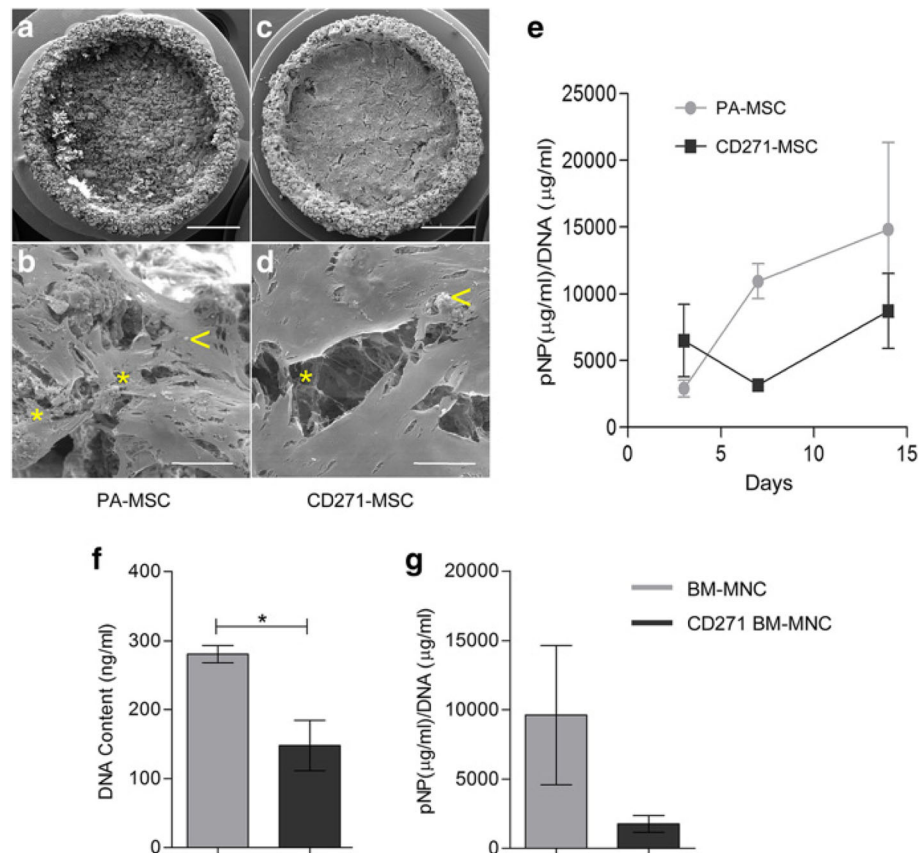


Fig. 5 Osteogenic potential of A-W scaffold seeded PA-MSC and CD271-MSC. Scanning electron microscopy images (**a-d**) highlight areas of matrix deposition (*) and nodule formations (<) on MSC seeded scaffold after 14 days of culture in osteogenic induction medium. Scale bars represent 2 mm (**a, c**) and 50 μm (**b, d**). Images are representative of 3 independent experiments. Quantification of osteogenesis of paired MSCs is shown through ALP activity normalised to the DNA content (**e**). Error bars represent the SEM of 3 independent experiments. The osteogenic potential of non-cultured BM-MNCs seeded on A-W scaffolds, with or without CD271-enrichment, was presented as DNA quantification (**f**) and ALP activity (**g**). Error bars represent the SEM of 3 independent experiments. * $p = 0.026$ (paired t -test)

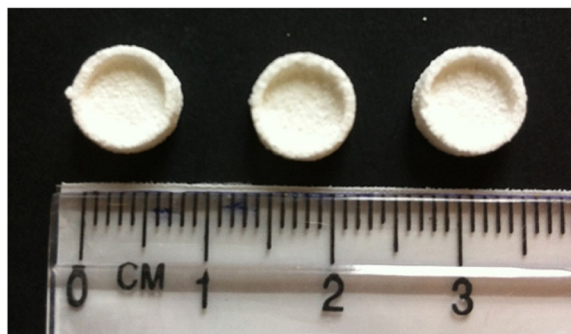


Fig. 6 Overall shape and size of A-W scaffolds. A-W scaffolds were produced using the process described by Mancuso et al. (2017). Production involved the use of a Z Corp Z310 plus to print the 3D scaffolds from the A-W powder, followed by sintering in a furnace at 1150 °C to create a porous bowl shaped structure