The S	The STROCSS Guideline					
Item no.	Item description	Page No.				
TITLE		1101				
1	Title: - The word cohort or cross-sectional or case-controlled is included - The area of focus is described (e.g. disease, exposure/intervention, outcome) - Key elements of study design are stated (e.g. retrospective or	1				
	prospective)					
ABSTI		T				
2a	Introduction: the following points are briefly described - Background - Scientific Rationale for this study	1				
2b	Methods: the following areas are briefly described - Study design (cohort, retro-/prospective, single/multi-centred) - Patient populations and/or groups, including control group, if applicable - Interventions (type, operators, recipients, timeframes) - Outcome measures	1				
2c	Results: the following areas are briefly described - Summary data (with statistical relevance) with qualitative descriptions, where appropriate	1				
2d	Conclusion: the following areas are briefly described - Key conclusions - Implications to practice - Direction of and need for future research	1				
INTRO	DUCTION	L				
3	Introduction: the following areas are described in full - Relevant background and scientific rationale - Aims and objectives - Research question and hypotheses, where appropriate	2				
METH		T				
4a	Registration and ethics Research Registry number is stated, in accordance with the declaration of Helsinki* All studies (including retrospective) should be registered before submission	3				
	*"Every research study involving human subjects must be registered in a publicly accessible database before recruitment of the first subject" (this can be obtained from; ResearchRegistry.com or ClinicalTrials.gov or ISRCTN)					
4b	 Ethical Approval: the following areas are described in full Necessity for ethical approval Ethical approval, with relevant judgement reference from ethics committees Where ethics was unnecessary, reasons are provided 	3				
4c	Protocol: the following areas are described comprehensively - Protocol (a priori or otherwise) details, with access directions - If published, journal mentioned with the reference provided	3				

1 al	Detient involvement in Decemb	
4d	Patient involvement in Research	
	- Describe how, if at all, patients were involved in study design e.g. were	3,4
	they involved on the study steering committee, did they provide input	
_	on outcome selection, etc.	
5а	Study Design: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- 'Cohort' study is mentioned	3,4
	- Design (e.g. retro-/prospective, single/multi-centred)	
5b	Setting: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Geographical location	NI A
	- Nature of institution (e.g. academic/community, public/private)	N.A.
	- Dates (recruitment, exposure, follow-up, data collection)	
5c	Cohort Groups: the following areas are described in full	
	- Number of groups	N.A.
	- Division of intervention between groups	
5d	Subgroup Analysis: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Planned subgroup analyses	N.A.
	 Methods used to examine subgroups and their interactions 	
6a	Participants: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Eligibility criteria	2.4
	- Recruitment sources	3,4
	- Length and methods of follow-up	
6b	Recruitment: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Methods of recruitment to each patient group	3,4
	- Period of recruitment	
6c	Sample Size: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Margin of error calculation	
	- Analysis to determine study population	4,5
	- Power calculations, where appropriate	
Interv	vention and Considerations	
7a	Pre-intervention Considerations: the following areas are described	
	comprehensively	
	- Patient optimisation (pre-surgical measures)	N.A.
	- Pre-intervention treatment (hypothermia/-volaemia/-tension; ICU care;	IN.A.
	bleeding problems; medications)	
7b	Intervention: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Type of intervention and reasoning (e.g. pharmacological, surgical,	
	physiotherapy, psychological)	
	- Aim of intervention (preventative/therapeutic)	N.A.
	- Concurrent treatments (antibiotics, analgaesia, anti-emetics, NBM,	14.7 (.
	VTE prophylaxis)	
	- Manufacturer and model details where applicable	
7c	Intra-Intervention Considerations: the following areas are described	
	comprehensively	
	- Administration of intervention (location, surgical details, anaesthetic,	
	positioning, equipment needed, preparation, devices, sutures,	
	operative time)	
	- Pharmacological therapies include formulation, dosages, routes and	N.A.
	durations	
<u> </u>	- Figures other media are used to illustrate]

7d	Operator Details: the following areas are described comprehensively	
ĺ	- Training needed	NI A
İ	- Learning curve for technique	N.A.
	- Specialisation and relevant training	
7e	Quality Control: the following areas are described comprehensively	
İ	- Measures taken to reduce variation	
İ	 Measures taken to ensure quality and consistency in intervention 	N.A.
	delivery	
7f	Post-Intervention Considerations: the following areas are described	
İ	comprehensively	
ĺ	- Post-operative instructions and care	N.A.
İ	- Follow-up measures	
	- Future surveillance requirements (e.g. imaging, blood tests)	
8	Outcomes: the following areas are described comprehensively	
İ	- Primary outcomes, including validation, where applicable	
İ	- Definitions of outcomes	N.A.
İ	- Secondary outcomes, where appropriate	
İ	- Follow-up period for outcome assessment, divided by group	
9	Statistics: the following areas are described comprehensively	
	- Statistical tests, packages/software used, and interpretation of	
ĺ	significance	4.5
ĺ	- Confounders and their control, if known	4,5
İ	- Analysis approach (e.g. intention to treat/per protocol)	
İ	- Sub-group analysis, if any	
RESU		
10a	Participants: the following areas are described comprehensively	
100	- Flow of participants (recruitment, non-participation, cross-over and	
İ	withdrawal, with reasons)	
İ	- Population demographics (prognostic features, relevant socioeconomic	5,6,7,8
İ	features, and significant numerical differences)	
10b	Participant Comparison: the following areas are described comprehensively	
100	- Table comparing demographic included	
İ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,6,7,8
İ	- Differences, with statistical relevance	, , ,
10-	- Any group matching, with methods	
10c	Intervention: the following areas are described comprehensively	
İ	- Changes to interventions, with rationale and diagram, if appropriate	NA
İ	- Learning required for interventions	
4.4	- Degree of novelty for intervention	
11a	Outcomes: the following areas are described comprehensively	
1	- Clinician-assessed and patient-reported outcomes for each group	
	- Relevant photographs and imaging are desirable	N.A.
!	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	- Confounders to outcomes and which are adjusted	
11b	- Confounders to outcomes and which are adjusted Tolerance: the following areas are described comprehensively	
11b	 Confounders to outcomes and which are adjusted Tolerance: the following areas are described comprehensively Assessment of tolerance 	NI A
11b	 Confounders to outcomes and which are adjusted Tolerance: the following areas are described comprehensively Assessment of tolerance Loss to follow up, with reasons (percentage and fraction) 	N.A.
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	 Mitigation for adverse events (blood loss, wound care, revision surgery should be specified) 		
	*Dindo D, Demartines N, Clavien P-A. Classification of Surgical Complications. A New Proposal with Evaluation in a Cohort of 6336 Patients and Results of a Survey. Ann Surg. 2004; 240(2): 205-213		
12	Key Results: the following areas are described comprehensively - Key results, including relevant raw data - Statistical analyses with significance	7	
	SSION		
13	Discussion: the following areas are described comprehensively - Conclusions and rationale		
	 Reference to relevant literature Implications to clinical practice Comparison to current gold standard of care 	8,9,1	0,11
	- Relevant hypothesis generation		
14	Strengths and Limitations: the following areas are described comprehensively		
	 Strengths of the study Limitations and potential impact on results 	11,12	
4.5	- Assessment of bias and management		
15	Implications and Relevance: the following areas are described comprehensively		
	 Relevance of findings and potential implications to clinical practice are detailed 	10,11	
	 Future research that is needed is described, with study designs detailed 		
CONC	LUSION		
16	Conclusions:		
	Key conclusions are summarisedKey directions for future research are summarised	12	
DECLA	ARATIONS		
17a	Conflicts of interest		
	- Conflicts of interest, if any, are described	Title p	age
17b	Funding - Sources of funding (e.g. grant details), if any, are clearly stated	Title pa	ige