

N-Phenylpyridine-2-carbamide

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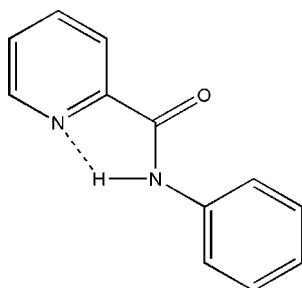
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.030; wR factor = 0.075; data-to-parameter ratio = 8.5.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}$, the dihedral angle between the pyridine ring system and the phenyl ring is $1.8(1)^\circ$. There is an intramolecular $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}$ hydrogen bond between the pyridine N atom and the amide NH function.

Related literature

For general background, see: Sousa & Filgueiras (1990); Gomes *et al.* (2007); Morsali *et al.* (2003); Jacob & Mukherjee (2006); Marumoto *et al.* (1981); Piatnitski & Kiselyov (2004). For related structures, see: Qi *et al.* (2003); Zhang *et al.* (2006); Yin *et al.* (2007). For the synthesis, see: Chan *et al.* (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}$	$V = 500.74(3)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 198.22$	$Z = 2$
Monoclinic, Pn	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 5.7469(2)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.09\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 6.2382(2)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 296(2)\text{ K}$
$c = 14.0158(3)\text{ \AA}$	$0.15 \times 0.14 \times 0.09\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 94.752(2)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	5000 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2004)	1162 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.968$, $T_{\max} = 0.992$	1036 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.017$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$	137 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.075$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.00$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.11\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1162 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.12\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
N1—H1O1 \cdots N2	0.86	2.28	2.697 (2)	110

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: IM2083).

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Comment

Pyridine-containing amides continue to attract considerable interest as ligands for metals (Sousa & Filgueiras, 1990; Gomes *et al.*, 2007; Jacob & Mukherjee, 2006), building blocks in organic synthesis (Marumoto *et al.*, 1981) and physiologically active compounds (Piatnitski & Kiselyov, 2004). As part of our studies on the synthesis and characterization of these compounds, we report here the crystal structure of the title compound.

The C7—O1 [1.223 (3) Å], N1—C7 [1.344 (3) Å] and N1—C6 [1.410 (2) Å] bond lengths indicate extensive electron delocalization in the amide linkage. The pyridyl and phenyl rings of the title compound are almost coplanar, forming a dihedral angle of 1.8 (1)°. In the crystal structure, there is an intramolecular hydrogen bond (N1—H101···N2) and no intermolecular hydrogen bonds are observed (Table 1).

The reported monoclinic space-group is in a non-standard setting (*Pn*, #7). There is a strong feature ($h + l = 2n$) in hkl data. Setting up the space group as *Pc* results in a β angle of 23° or 157°, respectively. Obviously such an unit-cell division is inappropriate. Therefore, the non-standard setting *Pn* was chosen.

Experimental

The title compound was synthesized from pyridine-2-carboxylic acid and aniline according to the procedure of Chan *et al.* (2004). The crystal used for data collection was obtained by slow evaporation from a saturated ethanol/water solution at room temperature.

Refinement

All H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with N—H = 0.86 Å, C—H = 0.93 Å, and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{parent atom})$.

Figures

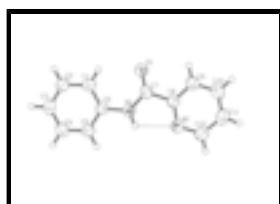


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, shown with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

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Crystal data

C ₁₂ H ₁₀ N ₂ O	$F_{000} = 208$
$M_r = 198.22$	$D_x = 1.315 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, <i>Pn</i>	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: P -2yac	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 5.7469 (2) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 2226 reflections
$b = 6.2382 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.9\text{--}25.1^\circ$
$c = 14.0158 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 94.752 (2)^\circ$	$T = 296 (2) \text{ K}$
$V = 500.74 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, colourless
$Z = 2$	$0.15 \times 0.14 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	1162 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1036 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.017$
Detector resolution: 10 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.7^\circ$
$T = 296(2) \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.9^\circ$
ω scans	$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2004)	$k = -8 \rightarrow 5$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.968$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.992$	$l = -18 \rightarrow 18$
5000 measured reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.075$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0365P)^2 + 0.0548P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.00$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
1162 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.11 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
137 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.12 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	-0.0173 (3)	0.2086 (3)	0.59409 (11)	0.0452 (4)
H101	-0.1420	0.2510	0.6183	0.054*
C8	0.1414 (3)	0.5113 (3)	0.68241 (13)	0.0435 (4)
C6	-0.0401 (3)	0.0235 (3)	0.53631 (12)	0.0412 (4)
C1	0.1246 (4)	-0.0375 (4)	0.47407 (15)	0.0509 (5)
H1	0.2570	0.0459	0.4685	0.061*
C7	0.1751 (4)	0.3270 (3)	0.61595 (15)	0.0475 (5)
C2	0.0901 (4)	-0.2230 (4)	0.42049 (16)	0.0569 (5)
H2	0.1999	-0.2635	0.3787	0.068*
N2	-0.0537 (3)	0.5139 (3)	0.72828 (12)	0.0526 (4)
C5	-0.2373 (4)	-0.1016 (3)	0.54213 (15)	0.0476 (5)
H5	-0.3507	-0.0595	0.5819	0.057*
O1	0.3656 (3)	0.2937 (3)	0.58575 (15)	0.0753 (6)
C10	0.2767 (5)	0.8384 (3)	0.75234 (17)	0.0575 (5)
H10	0.3863	0.9481	0.7597	0.069*
C11	0.0794 (4)	0.8441 (4)	0.80026 (16)	0.0612 (6)
H11	0.0523	0.9575	0.8410	0.073*
C3	-0.1044 (4)	-0.3483 (4)	0.42826 (16)	0.0553 (5)
H3	-0.1255	-0.4731	0.3923	0.066*
C12	-0.0787 (4)	0.6788 (4)	0.78711 (17)	0.0629 (6)
H12	-0.2107	0.6823	0.8213	0.076*
C9	0.3106 (4)	0.6677 (3)	0.69302 (15)	0.0516 (5)
H9	0.4451	0.6581	0.6607	0.062*
C4	-0.2676 (4)	-0.2879 (4)	0.48961 (17)	0.0553 (5)
H4	-0.3986	-0.3728	0.4956	0.066*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0458 (9)	0.0397 (9)	0.0515 (9)	-0.0007 (7)	0.0121 (7)	-0.0031 (7)
C8	0.0478 (10)	0.0408 (10)	0.0422 (10)	0.0013 (8)	0.0051 (8)	0.0021 (8)
C6	0.0458 (10)	0.0369 (10)	0.0408 (10)	0.0030 (8)	0.0042 (8)	0.0021 (8)

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C1	0.0504 (11)	0.0521 (12)	0.0517 (11)	-0.0041 (10)	0.0120 (9)	-0.0028 (10)
C7	0.0497 (11)	0.0398 (11)	0.0539 (12)	-0.0030 (9)	0.0092 (9)	-0.0007 (9)
C2	0.0594 (13)	0.0609 (14)	0.0515 (12)	0.0060 (11)	0.0117 (9)	-0.0103 (10)
N2	0.0477 (9)	0.0540 (10)	0.0566 (10)	-0.0015 (8)	0.0067 (8)	-0.0096 (8)
C5	0.0464 (10)	0.0458 (11)	0.0515 (10)	-0.0004 (9)	0.0088 (8)	-0.0024 (9)
O1	0.0531 (9)	0.0669 (11)	0.1095 (15)	-0.0111 (9)	0.0283 (9)	-0.0330 (10)
C10	0.0699 (14)	0.0471 (11)	0.0550 (11)	-0.0102 (12)	0.0014 (10)	-0.0007 (11)
C11	0.0714 (16)	0.0553 (14)	0.0559 (13)	0.0065 (12)	-0.0002 (11)	-0.0156 (11)
C3	0.0652 (13)	0.0459 (11)	0.0537 (11)	0.0014 (11)	-0.0023 (10)	-0.0119 (10)
C12	0.0561 (13)	0.0705 (15)	0.0635 (14)	0.0047 (11)	0.0122 (11)	-0.0168 (12)
C9	0.0559 (11)	0.0486 (12)	0.0513 (11)	-0.0086 (10)	0.0116 (9)	-0.0018 (9)
C4	0.0550 (12)	0.0506 (13)	0.0598 (12)	-0.0070 (10)	0.0027 (10)	-0.0027 (11)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

N1—C7	1.344 (3)	N2—C12	1.333 (3)
N1—C6	1.410 (2)	C5—C4	1.379 (3)
N1—H101	0.8600	C5—H5	0.9300
C8—N2	1.338 (2)	C10—C11	1.365 (4)
C8—C9	1.377 (3)	C10—C9	1.375 (3)
C8—C7	1.502 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
C6—C5	1.384 (3)	C11—C12	1.377 (3)
C6—C1	1.392 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—C2	1.385 (3)	C3—C4	1.377 (3)
C1—H1	0.9300	C3—H3	0.9300
C7—O1	1.223 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C2—C3	1.376 (4)	C9—H9	0.9300
C2—H2	0.9300	C4—H4	0.9300
C7—N1—C6	128.07 (17)	C4—C5—H5	119.6
C7—N1—H101	116.0	C6—C5—H5	119.6
C6—N1—H101	116.0	C11—C10—C9	118.9 (2)
N2—C8—C9	123.48 (19)	C11—C10—H10	120.6
N2—C8—C7	117.62 (17)	C9—C10—H10	120.6
C9—C8—C7	118.89 (18)	C10—C11—C12	118.7 (2)
C5—C6—C1	119.06 (17)	C10—C11—H11	120.7
C5—C6—N1	117.74 (17)	C12—C11—H11	120.7
C1—C6—N1	123.19 (17)	C2—C3—C4	119.6 (2)
C2—C1—C6	119.57 (19)	C2—C3—H3	120.2
C2—C1—H1	120.2	C4—C3—H3	120.2
C6—C1—H1	120.2	N2—C12—C11	123.8 (2)
O1—C7—N1	124.81 (19)	N2—C12—H12	118.1
O1—C7—C8	120.61 (18)	C11—C12—H12	118.1
N1—C7—C8	114.58 (18)	C10—C9—C8	118.7 (2)
C3—C2—C1	120.8 (2)	C10—C9—H9	120.6
C3—C2—H2	119.6	C8—C9—H9	120.6
C1—C2—H2	119.6	C3—C4—C5	120.1 (2)
C12—N2—C8	116.38 (18)	C3—C4—H4	119.9
C4—C5—C6	120.77 (19)	C5—C4—H4	119.9

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
D—H···A				
N1—H101···N2	0.86	2.28	2.697 (2)	110

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Fig. 1

