Crystal structure of 2-nitro-*N*-(2-nitro-phenyl)benzamide

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In the title compound, $C_{13}H_9N_3O_5$, the mean plane of the non-H atoms of the central amide fragment C—N—C(=O)—C [r.m.s. deviation = 0.0442 Å] forms dihedral angles of 71.76 (6) and 24.29 (10)° with the C-bonded and N-bonded benzene rings, respectively. In the crystal, molecules are linked by N—H···O hydrogen bonds forming $C(4)$ chains along [100]. Weak C—H···O contacts link the molecules into (100) sheets containing edge-fused $R_4^4(30)$ rings. Together, the N—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonds generate a three-dimensional network.

1. Related literature

For anticonvulsant and antimicrobial properties of benzanilide compounds, see: Leander (1992); Ahles *et al.* (2004). For studies as selective inhibitors of diverse enzymes, see: Goldman *et al.* (2003); Weisberg *et al.* (2006). For related structures, see: Sun *et al.* (2009); Saeed & Simpson (2009); Moreno-Fuquen *et al.* (2014).
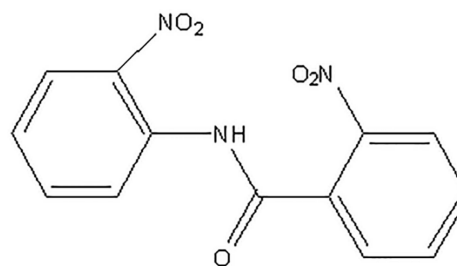
2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data

$C_{13}H_9N_3O_5$	$V = 1215.45$ (6) Å^3
$M_r = 287.23$	$Z = 4$
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Cu $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 7.7564$ (2) Å	$\mu = 1.06$ mm^{-1}
$b = 12.1142$ (4) Å	$T = 123$ K
$c = 12.9355$ (4) Å	$0.35 \times 0.05 \times 0.02$ mm

2.2. Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini S diffractometer	4952 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)	2367 independent reflections
	2259 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$T_{min} = 0.657$, $T_{max} = 1.000$	$R_{int} = 0.019$

2.3. Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.088$	
$S = 1.06$	
2367 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.20$ e Å^{-3}
195 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.22$ e Å^{-3}

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1N···O1^i	0.93 (3)	2.00 (3)	2.859 (2)	154 (2)
C5—H5···O5^{ii}	0.95	2.57	3.427 (3)	150
C10—H10···O1^{iii}	0.95	2.46	3.271 (3)	144

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, -y + 2, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012).

Acknowledgements

data reports

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supporting information

Crystal structure of 2-nitro-*N*-(2-nitrophenyl)benzamide

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S1. Comment

The crystal structure determination of 2-nitro-N-(2-nitrophenyl)benzamide (I), is part of a study on phenylbenzamides carried out in our research group, and it was synthesized from the reaction between of 2-nitrobenzoic acid and 2-nitro-aniline mediated by the presence of thionyl chloride. Benzanilides are versatile intermediate towards a diversity of heterocyclic compounds. Benzanilide systems as ameltolid, very similar to the molecule under study, have different properties ranging from anticonvulsant (Leander, 1992); antimicrobial drug (suramin) or as treatment in patients with prostate carcinoma (Alhes *et al.*, 2004); as inhibitor of tyrosine-kinase, (imatinib) (Goldman *et al.*, 2003) or a selective inhibitor of BCR-ABL, (nilotinib) (Weisberg *et al.*, 2006). Similar compounds to (I) have been reported in the literature: N-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-4-nitrobenzamide (II) (Sun *et al.*, 2009), N-(2-Nitrophenyl)benzamide (III) (Saed & Simpson, 2009) and 4-Bromo-N-(2-nitrophenyl)benzamide (IV) (Moreno-Fuquen *et al.*, 2014). The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1. The central amide moiety, C8—N1-C7($=$O1)—C1, is essentially planar (r.m.s. deviation for all non-H atoms = 0.0442 Å) and it forms dihedral angles of 71.76 (6)° with the C1-C6 and 24.29 (10)° with the C8-C13 rings respectively. Bond lengths and bond angles in the molecule are in a good agreement with those found in the related compounds (II), (III) and (IV). A small lengthening of C7-N1 bond in (III) is observed [N1-C7= 1.3742 (11)Å], possibly caused by the formation of intramolecular S rings (6) in that structure. In the crystal structure (Fig. 2), molecules are linked by N-H···O hydrogen bonds of medium-strength and weak C-H···O intermolecular contacts (see Table 1). The N1-H1···O1 hydrogen bond interactions are responsible for crystal growth in [100]. In this interaction, the N-H in the molecule at (x,y,z) acts as a hydrogen-bond donor to O1 atom of the carbonyl group at (x-1/2,-y+3/2,-z+1). These interactions generate C(4) chains of molecules along [100]. Two C-H···O weak intermolecular contacts are further observed that run parallel to the bc plane in this structure (see Fig. 3). The group C5-H5 in the molecule at (x,y,z) acts as hydrogen bond donor to O5 atom of the nitro group in the molecule at (-x+3/2,-y+2,+z-1/2) and the C10-H10 group in the molecule at (x,y,z) acts as a hydrogen bond donor to O1 atom of the carbonyl group in the molecule at (-x+3/2,-y+1, +z-1/2). The combination of these interactions generate edge-fused $R_4^4(30)$ rings.

S2. Experimental

A mass of 0.200 g (1.197 mmol) of 2-nitrobenzoic acid was refluxed with 2 ml of thionyl chloride for one hour. Then an equimolar amount of 2-nitroaniline was added and dissolved in 10 ml of acetonitrile and it was placed under reflux and constant stirring for 3 hours. Subsequently, the final solvent was slowly evaporated to obtain yellow needles of the title compound. [m.p. 431 (1)K].

S3. Refinement

All H-atoms were positioned in geometrically idealized positions, C—H = 0.95 Å, and were refined using a riding-model approximation with U_{iso}(H) constrained to 1.2 times U_{eq} of the respective parent atom. H1N atom was found from the

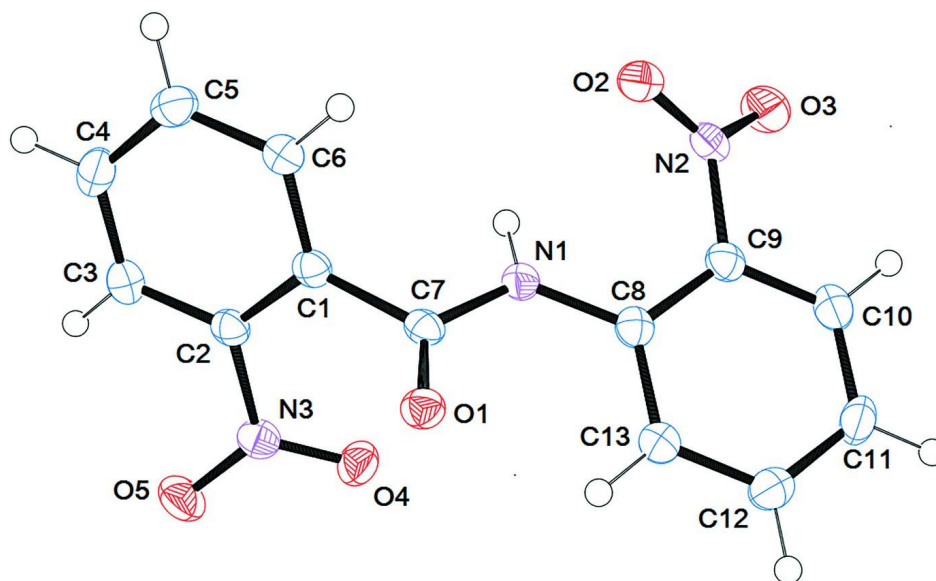Fourier maps and its coordinates were refined freely.

Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I) with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radius.
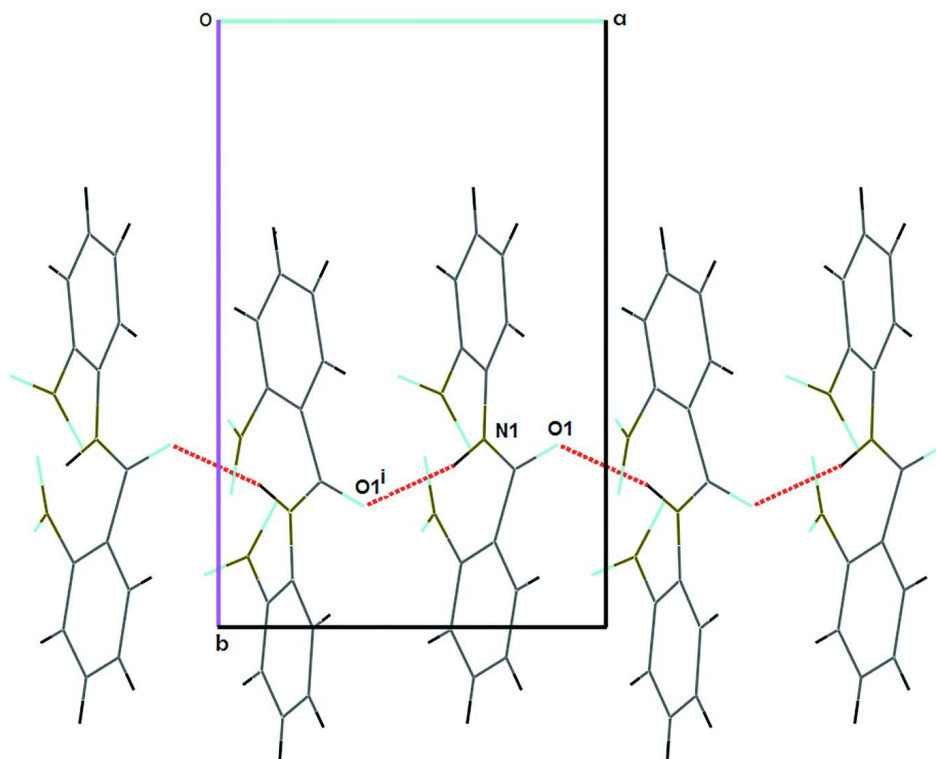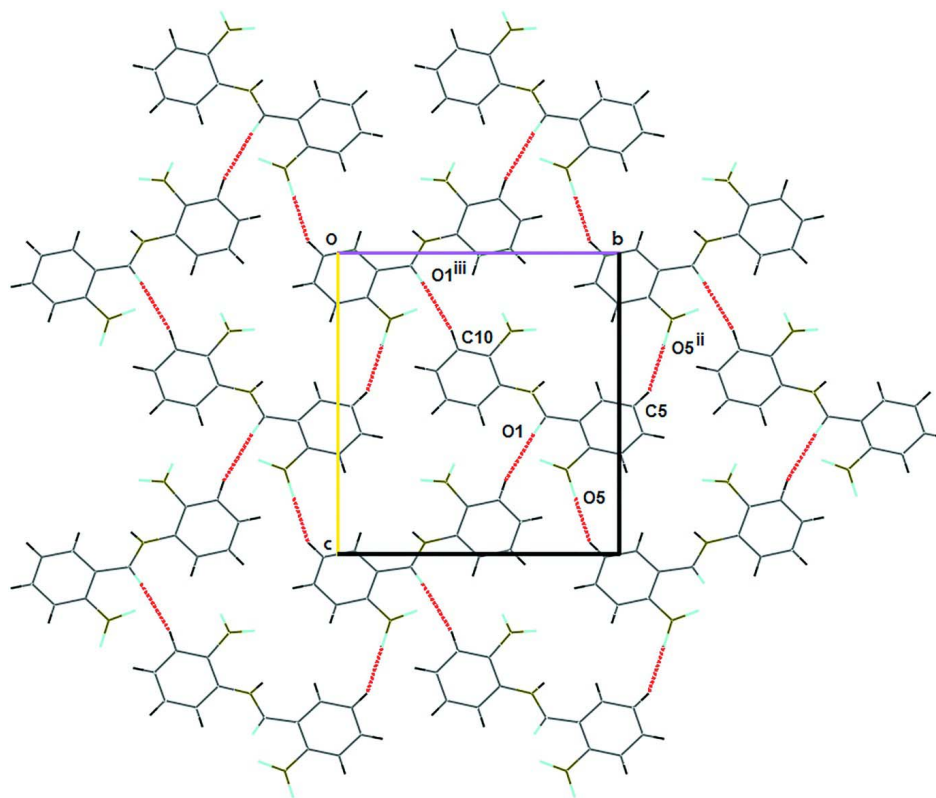

Figure 2

Part of the crystal structure of (I), showing the formation of $C(4)$ chains along [100] [symmetry code: (i) $x - 1/2$, $-y + 3/2$, $-z + 1$].

Figure 3

Part of the crystal structure of (I), showing the formation of $R_4^4(30)$ rings within a 2-D hydrogen-bonded network (dashed lines) running parallel to (100) [Symmetry codes: (ii) -*x* + 3/2, -*y* + 2, *z* - 1/2; (iii) -*x* + 3/2, -*y* + 1, *z* - 1/2].

2-Nitro-*N*-(2-nitrophenyl)benzamide

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_9N_3O_5$	$D_x = 1.570$ Mg m^{-3}
$M_r = 287.23$	Melting point: 431(1) K
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Cu $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54180$ Å
$a = 7.7564$ (2) Å	Cell parameters from 2546 reflections
$b = 12.1142$ (4) Å	$\theta = 5.0$–72.8°
$c = 12.9355$ (4) Å	$\mu = 1.06$ mm^{-1}
$V = 1215.45$ (6) Å^3	$T = 123$ K
$Z = 4$	Needle, yellow
$F(000) = 592$	$0.35 \times 0.05 \times 0.02$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini S diffractometer	4952 measured reflections
	2367 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2259 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{int} = 0.019$
ω scans	$\theta_{max} = 72.9°$, $\theta_{min} = 6.8°$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -7 \rightarrow 9$
(*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)	$k = -13 \rightarrow 14$
$T_{min} = 0.657$, $T_{max} = 1.000$	$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.088$	
$S = 1.06$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
2367 reflections	
195 parameters	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0496P)^2 + 0.2131P]$
0 restraints	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.20$ e Å^{-3}
	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.22$ e Å^{-3}

Special details

Experimental. CrysAlisPro, Agilent Technologies, Version 1.171.34.46 (release 25-11-2010 CrysAlis171 .NET) (compiled Nov 25 2010,17:55:46) Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2, conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2. The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	*y*	*z*	U_{iso}*/U_{eq}
O1	0.8757 (2)	0.69891 (13)	0.59755 (12)	0.0235 (4)
O2	0.6495 (2)	0.70531 (14)	0.25441 (12)	0.0304 (4)
O3	0.4638 (3)	0.58573 (16)	0.20009 (14)	0.0363 (5)
O4	0.5324 (2)	0.71871 (14)	0.68775 (13)	0.0297 (4)
O5	0.5249 (3)	0.84234 (16)	0.80856 (13)	0.0348 (5)
N1	0.6852 (2)	0.69018 (17)	0.46280 (14)	0.0215 (4)
N2	0.5754 (2)	0.61585 (17)	0.26036 (15)	0.0240 (4)
N3	0.5572 (2)	0.81237 (17)	0.71999 (15)	0.0248 (4)
C1	0.7127 (3)	0.85927 (19)	0.55862 (17)	0.0207 (5)
C2	0.6264 (3)	0.89486 (19)	0.64730 (17)	0.0212 (5)
C3	0.5993 (3)	1.0050 (2)	0.66891 (18)	0.0250 (5)
H3	0.5410	1.0265	0.7303	0.030*
C4	0.6585 (3)	1.0837 (2)	0.5998 (2)	0.0282 (5)
H4	0.6418	1.1600	0.6136	0.034*
C5	0.7424 (3)	1.0505 (2)	0.51017 (19)	0.0274 (5)
H5	0.7818	1.1045	0.4623	0.033*
C6	0.7695 (3)	0.9394 (2)	0.48978 (18)	0.0226 (5)
H6	0.8273	0.9180	0.4282	0.027*
H1N	0.607 (4)	0.734 (2)	0.427 (2)	0.030 (7)*
C7	0.7639 (3)	0.74034 (19)	0.54308 (17)	0.0202 (5)
C8	0.6909 (3)	0.57706 (19)	0.43817 (18)	0.0214 (5)

C9	0.6276 (3)	0.5389 (2)	0.34294 (17)	0.0223 (5)
C10	0.6114 (3)	0.4274 (2)	0.32093 (19)	0.0275 (5)
H10	0.5633	0.4042	0.2570	0.033*
C11	0.6657 (3)	0.3505 (2)	0.3926 (2)	0.0294 (5)
H11	0.6574	0.2738	0.3780	0.035*
C12	0.7325 (3)	0.3865 (2)	0.4863 (2)	0.0290 (5)
H12	0.7711	0.3338	0.5356	0.035*
C13	0.7437 (3)	0.4977 (2)	0.50897 (18)	0.0254 (5)
H13	0.7882	0.5203	0.5740	0.030*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0236 (8)	0.0239 (8)	0.0231 (8)	−0.0009 (7)	−0.0027 (6)	0.0021 (7)
O2	0.0379 (10)	0.0292 (9)	0.0242 (8)	−0.0038 (8)	0.0001 (7)	0.0028 (7)
O3	0.0408 (10)	0.0401 (11)	0.0278 (10)	−0.0036 (9)	−0.0132 (8)	−0.0007 (8)
O4	0.0346 (9)	0.0225 (9)	0.0321 (9)	−0.0046 (7)	0.0051 (7)	−0.0003 (8)
O5	0.0417 (10)	0.0421 (11)	0.0205 (9)	−0.0040 (8)	0.0053 (8)	−0.0024 (8)
N1	0.0251 (9)	0.0206 (10)	0.0188 (9)	0.0031 (8)	−0.0020 (8)	0.0000 (8)
N2	0.0258 (10)	0.0289 (10)	0.0173 (9)	0.0020 (8)	0.0012 (8)	−0.0017 (8)
N3	0.0228 (9)	0.0288 (11)	0.0227 (9)	−0.0009 (8)	0.0014 (8)	0.0017 (8)
C1	0.0198 (10)	0.0231 (12)	0.0191 (11)	−0.0015 (9)	−0.0041 (9)	0.0006 (9)
C2	0.0206 (10)	0.0243 (12)	0.0186 (11)	−0.0014 (9)	−0.0039 (9)	0.0005 (9)
C3	0.0246 (10)	0.0262 (12)	0.0241 (11)	−0.0001 (10)	−0.0020 (9)	−0.0047 (10)
C4	0.0292 (12)	0.0205 (11)	0.0347 (13)	0.0005 (10)	−0.0061 (11)	−0.0037 (10)
C5	0.0284 (12)	0.0254 (13)	0.0285 (12)	−0.0023 (10)	−0.0047 (10)	0.0056 (11)
C6	0.0229 (11)	0.0246 (13)	0.0204 (11)	−0.0002 (9)	0.0003 (9)	0.0001 (10)
C7	0.0205 (10)	0.0238 (12)	0.0164 (10)	−0.0024 (8)	0.0030 (9)	0.0015 (9)
C8	0.0195 (10)	0.0226 (11)	0.0221 (11)	−0.0004 (9)	0.0026 (9)	−0.0013 (9)
C9	0.0210 (11)	0.0255 (12)	0.0204 (11)	0.0027 (9)	0.0029 (9)	−0.0004 (9)
C10	0.0295 (11)	0.0288 (13)	0.0244 (12)	−0.0017 (10)	0.0019 (10)	−0.0052 (10)
C11	0.0354 (13)	0.0186 (11)	0.0341 (13)	0.0006 (10)	0.0024 (12)	−0.0052 (10)
C12	0.0326 (13)	0.0243 (13)	0.0300 (13)	0.0013 (10)	−0.0017 (10)	0.0032 (11)
C13	0.0287 (11)	0.0249 (13)	0.0225 (11)	0.0010 (9)	−0.0022 (10)	−0.0004 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C7	1.225 (3)	C4—C5	1.389 (4)
O2—N2	1.229 (3)	C4—H4	0.9500
O3—N2	1.221 (3)	C5—C6	1.388 (3)
O4—N3	1.224 (3)	C5—H5	0.9500
O5—N3	1.228 (3)	C6—H6	0.9500
N1—C7	1.349 (3)	C8—C13	1.389 (3)
N1—C8	1.408 (3)	C8—C9	1.405 (3)
N1—H1N	0.93 (3)	C9—C10	1.385 (3)
N2—C9	1.475 (3)	C10—C11	1.381 (4)
N3—C2	1.473 (3)	C10—H10	0.9500
C1—C6	1.389 (3)	C11—C12	1.388 (4)

C1—C2	1.396 (3)	C11—H11	0.9500
C1—C7	1.508 (3)	C12—C13	1.382 (4)
C2—C3	1.379 (3)	C12—H12	0.9500
C3—C4	1.386 (4)	C13—H13	0.9500
C3—H3	0.9500		
C7—N1—C8	126.7 (2)	C5—C6—C1	120.5 (2)
C7—N1—H1N	115.1 (18)	C5—C6—H6	119.7
C8—N1—H1N	117.5 (17)	C1—C6—H6	119.7
O3—N2—O2	123.7 (2)	O1—C7—N1	125.4 (2)
O3—N2—C9	117.9 (2)	O1—C7—C1	120.1 (2)
O2—N2—C9	118.33 (19)	N1—C7—C1	114.4 (2)
O4—N3—O5	124.1 (2)	C13—C8—C9	117.0 (2)
O4—N3—C2	117.94 (19)	C13—C8—N1	122.2 (2)
O5—N3—C2	118.0 (2)	C9—C8—N1	120.5 (2)
C6—C1—C2	117.6 (2)	C10—C9—C8	122.2 (2)
C6—C1—C7	119.9 (2)	C10—C9—N2	116.3 (2)
C2—C1—C7	122.1 (2)	C8—C9—N2	121.5 (2)
C3—C2—C1	122.6 (2)	C11—C10—C9	119.5 (2)
C3—C2—N3	118.1 (2)	C11—C10—H10	120.3
C1—C2—N3	119.3 (2)	C9—C10—H10	120.3
C2—C3—C4	119.0 (2)	C10—C11—C12	119.2 (2)
C2—C3—H3	120.5	C10—C11—H11	120.4
C4—C3—H3	120.5	C12—C11—H11	120.4
C3—C4—C5	119.6 (2)	C13—C12—C11	121.0 (2)
C3—C4—H4	120.2	C13—C12—H12	119.5
C5—C4—H4	120.2	C11—C12—H12	119.5
C6—C5—C4	120.7 (2)	C12—C13—C8	121.1 (2)
C6—C5—H5	119.7	C12—C13—H13	119.5
C4—C5—H5	119.7	C8—C13—H13	119.5
C6—C1—C2—C3	−1.2 (3)	C6—C1—C7—N1	−72.2 (3)
C7—C1—C2—C3	171.1 (2)	C2—C1—C7—N1	115.7 (2)
C6—C1—C2—N3	177.28 (19)	C7—N1—C8—C13	16.9 (3)
C7—C1—C2—N3	−10.5 (3)	C7—N1—C8—C9	−169.1 (2)
O4—N3—C2—C3	157.7 (2)	C13—C8—C9—C10	2.5 (3)
O5—N3—C2—C3	−20.9 (3)	N1—C8—C9—C10	−171.9 (2)
O4—N3—C2—C1	−20.8 (3)	C13—C8—C9—N2	−177.2 (2)
O5—N3—C2—C1	160.5 (2)	N1—C8—C9—N2	8.4 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.6 (3)	O3—N2—C9—C10	28.9 (3)
N3—C2—C3—C4	−177.9 (2)	O2—N2—C9—C10	−149.3 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.4 (3)	O3—N2—C9—C8	−151.5 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	−0.8 (4)	O2—N2—C9—C8	30.4 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.1 (4)	C8—C9—C10—C11	−2.8 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.8 (3)	N2—C9—C10—C11	176.8 (2)
C7—C1—C6—C5	−171.6 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	1.2 (4)
C8—N1—C7—O1	12.8 (4)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.7 (4)
C8—N1—C7—C1	−171.3 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C8	−1.0 (4)

C6—C1—C7—O1	103.9 (3)	C9—C8—C13—C12	−0.5 (3)
C2—C1—C7—O1	−68.2 (3)	N1—C8—C13—C12	173.7 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···*A*	*D*—H	H···*A*	*D*···*A*	*D*—H···*A*
N1—H1*N*···O1[i]	0.93 (3)	2.00 (3)	2.859 (2)	154 (2)
C5—H5···O5[ii]	0.95	2.57	3.427 (3)	150
C10—H10···O1[iii]	0.95	2.46	3.271 (3)	144

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*−1/2, −*y*+3/2, −*z*+1; (ii) −*x*+3/2, −*y*+2, *z*−1/2; (iii) −*x*+3/2, −*y*+1, *z*−1/2.