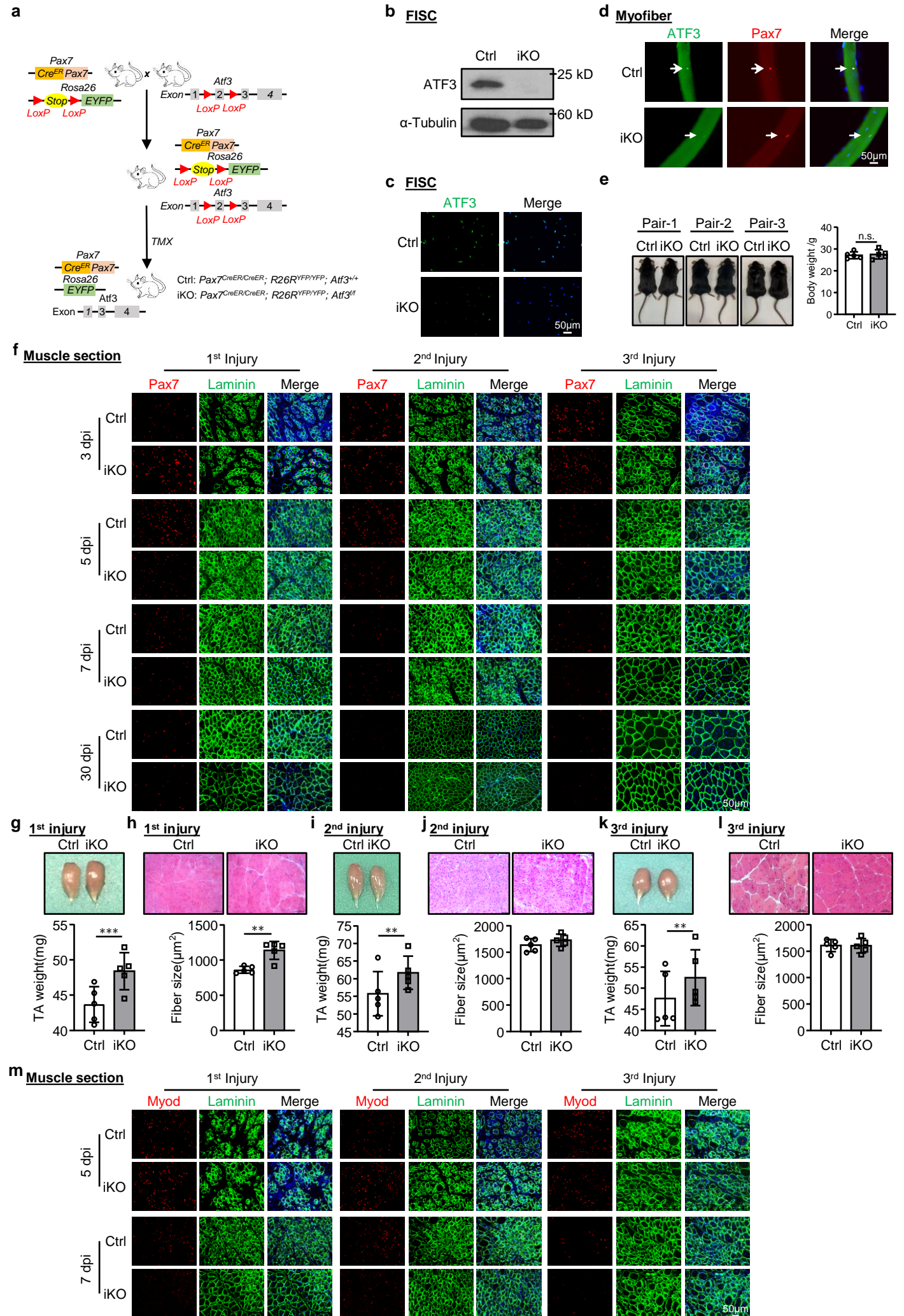
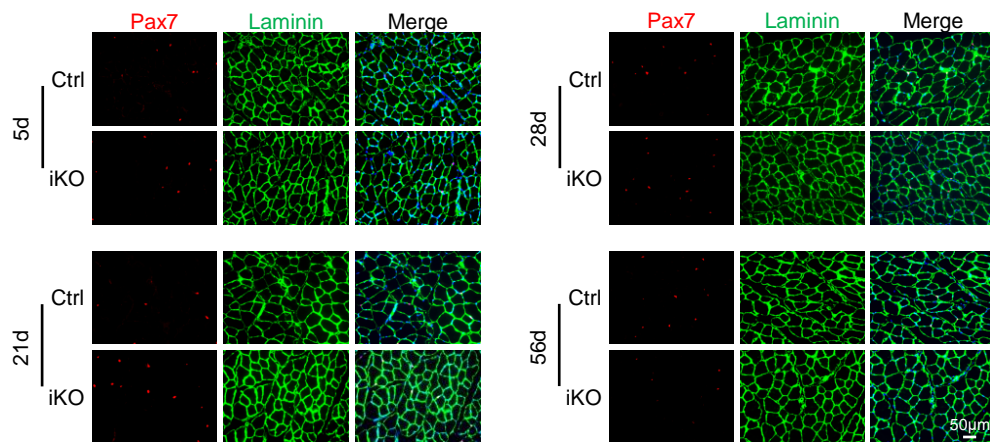


Supplementary Figure 1. *ATF3* is rapidly and transiently induced during SC early activation. **a** Sorting strategy for the isolation of SCs from Pax7 nGFP mice and *Atf3* Ctrl and iKO mice. P1-P4 was sequential gating and cells from P4 were collected as SCs. **b** qRT-PCR detection of *Atf4*, *Fos*, *Fosb* and *Junb* in QSC, FISC and ASC-24h from muscles of Tg: *Pax7-nGFP* mice. n = 3 mice per group. From left to right, $P = 0.00034, 0.00000014, 0.00000064, 0.0018, 0.0000012, 0.0017, 0.000033$ and 0.00019 . **c** Immunofluorescence staining of ATF4, FOS, FOSB or JUNB and PAX7 proteins on QSCs and FISCs. Scale bar: 50 μ m. All the bar graphs are presented as mean \pm SD., Student's t-test (two-tailed unpaired) was used to calculate the statistical significance (b): **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

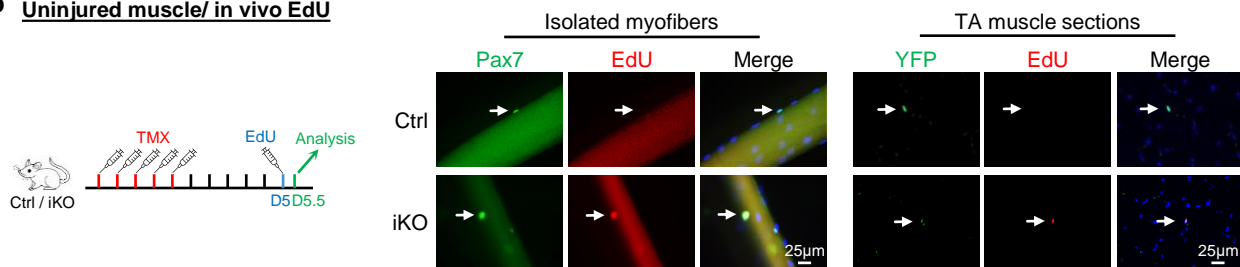


Supplementary Figure 2. Short-term *Atf3* deletion accelerates acute injury-induced muscle regeneration. **a** Breeding scheme for generating inducible *Atf3* inducible conditional knock out (*Atf3* iKO) and control (Ctrl) littermates. **b** Loss of ATF3 protein in iKO FISC was confirmed by Western blot. α -Tubulin was used as a loading control. **c&d** IF staining for Pax7 and ATF3 on (c) FISCs or (d) single myofibers from Ctrl or *Atf3* iKO mice. Scale bar: 50 μ m. **e** No overt morphological difference or body weight change was observed in representative Ctrl vs iKO mice. $P = 0.52$. $n = 5$ mice per group. **f** IF staining of Pax7 (red), Laminin (green) and Dapi (blue) on Ctrl and iKO TA muscles on uninjured or 3, 5, 7, 30 days post the 1st, 2nd and 3rd round of injury. Scale bar: 50 μ m. **g** TA muscles from Ctrl or *Atf3* iKO mice 30 days post the 1st round injury. $n = 5$ mice per group. $P = 0.00073$. **h** H&E staining of the above TA muscles. Scale bar: 50 μ m. $n = 5$ mice per group. $P = 0.0021$. **i&j** TA muscles from Ctrl or *Atf3* iKO mice 30 days post the 2nd round injury. Scale bar: 50 μ m (f). $n = 5$ mice per group. $P = 0.0070$ (e) and 0.17 (f). **k&l** TA muscles from Ctrl or *Atf3* iKO mice 30 days post the 3rd round injury. Scale bar: 50 μ m (l). $n = 5$ mice per group. $P = 0.0014$ (k). and 0.94 (l). **m** IF staining of Myod (red) Laminin (green) and Dapi (blue) on Ctrl and iKO TA muscles at 3 and 5 days post the 1st, 2nd and 3rd round of injury. Scale bar: 50 μ m; $n = 5$ mice per group for 3, and 5 days post 1st injury; $n = 3$ mice per group for 3, and 5 days post 2nd and 3rd injury. All the bar graphs are presented as mean \pm SD., Student's t-test (two-tailed unpaired) was used to calculate the statistical significance (e, g-l): * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

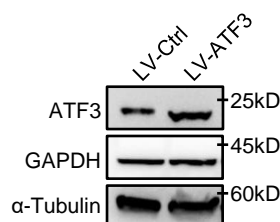
a Uninjured muscle



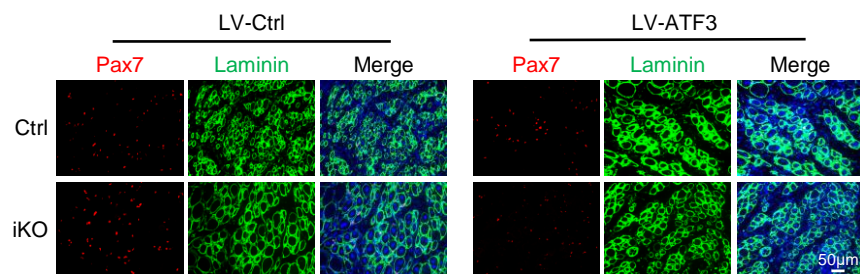
b Uninjured muscle/ in vivo EdU



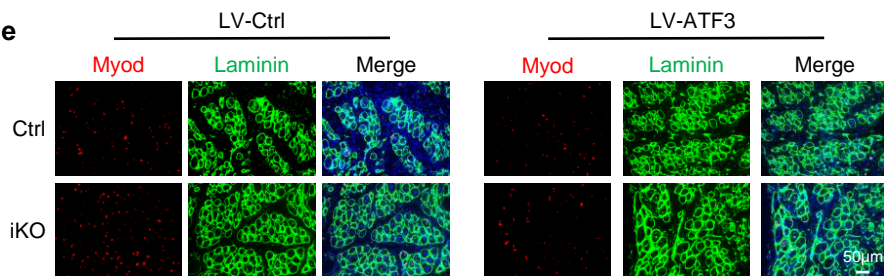
c



d

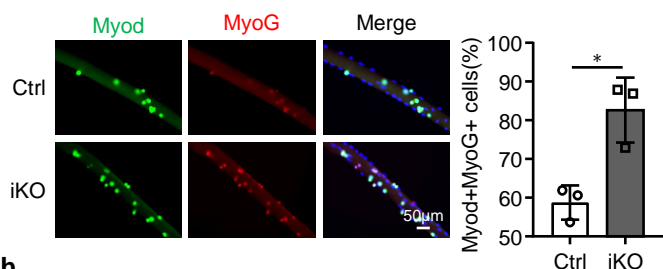


e



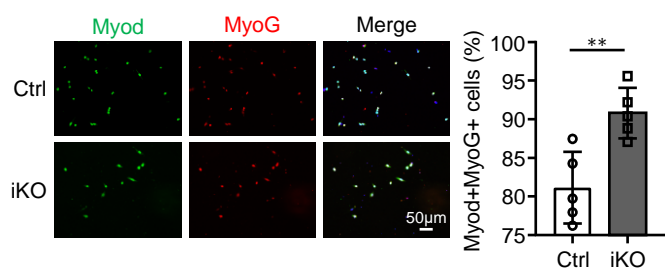
f

Myofiber-72h in culture



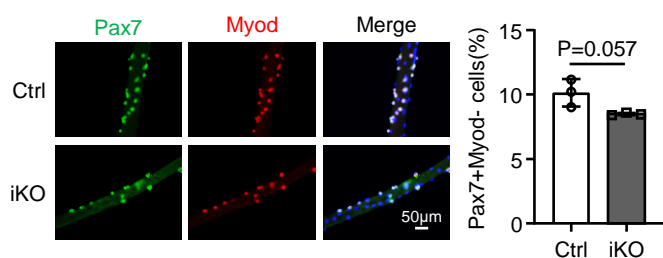
g

SC-72h in culture



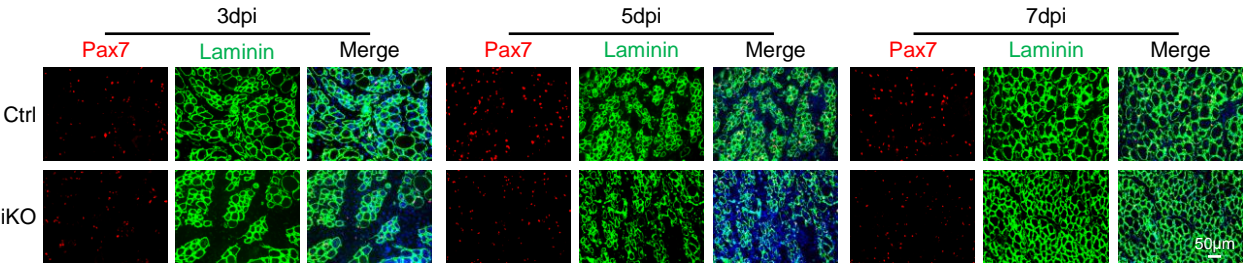
h

Myofiber-72h in culture

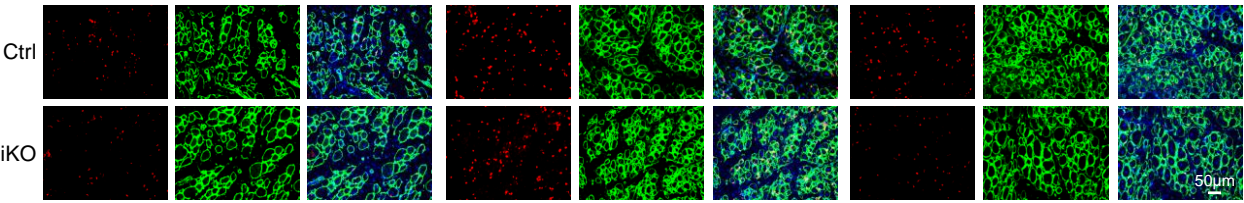


Supplementary Figure 3. *Atf3* deletion provokes SC premature activation and pseudo-regeneration in homeostatic muscle. **a** IF staining of Pax7 (red) Laminin (green) and Dapi (blue) on uninjured Ctrl or iKO muscles 5, 21, 28 and 56 days after TMX injection. Scale bar: 50 μ m. **b** Left: Schematic outline of the EdU assay performed in the study. Middle: EdU (red) and Pax7 (green) staining on freshly single myofibers from the above injected muscles; right: EdU (red) and YFP (green) staining on the above muscles 12h after EdU injection. Scale bar: 25 μ m; n = 3 mice per group. **c** C2C12 cells were infected with an ATF3 expressing lentivirus and the ATF3 over-expression was confirmed by Western blotting. α -Tubulin and GAPDH were used as loading controls. **d** ATF3 expressing lentivirus was injected into Ctrl or iKO TA muscles 1 day after BaCl₂ injury. IF staining of Pax7 (red) and Laminin (green) was performed on the TA muscles collected at 5 days after infection. Scale bar: 50 μ m. n = 4 mice per group. **e** IF staining of Myod (red) and Laminin (green) was performed on the above TA muscles. Scale bar: 50 μ m. n = 4 mice per group. **f** Left: Single myofibers were isolated from Ctrl or iKO mice and cultured for 72h before IF staining of Myod (green) and MyoG (red) was performed. Scale bar: 50 μ m. Right: Quantification of the percentage of the Myod+MyoG+ SCs. n = 3 mice per group. $P = 0.012$. **g** Left: IF staining of Myod (green) and MyoG (red) on SCs isolated from Ctrl or iKO mice and cultured for 72h. Scale bar: 50 μ m. Right: Quantification of the percentage of Myod+/MyoG+ SCs on single myofibers; n = 3 mice per group. $P = 0.0050$. **h** Left: IF staining of Pax7 (green) and Myod (red) on the above single myofibers. Scale bar: 50 μ m. Right: Quantification of the percentage of Pax7+Myod+ SCs. n = 3 mice per group. $P = 0.057$. All the bar graphs are presented as mean \pm SD., Student's t-test (two-tailed unpaired) was used to calculate the statistical significance (f-h): * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

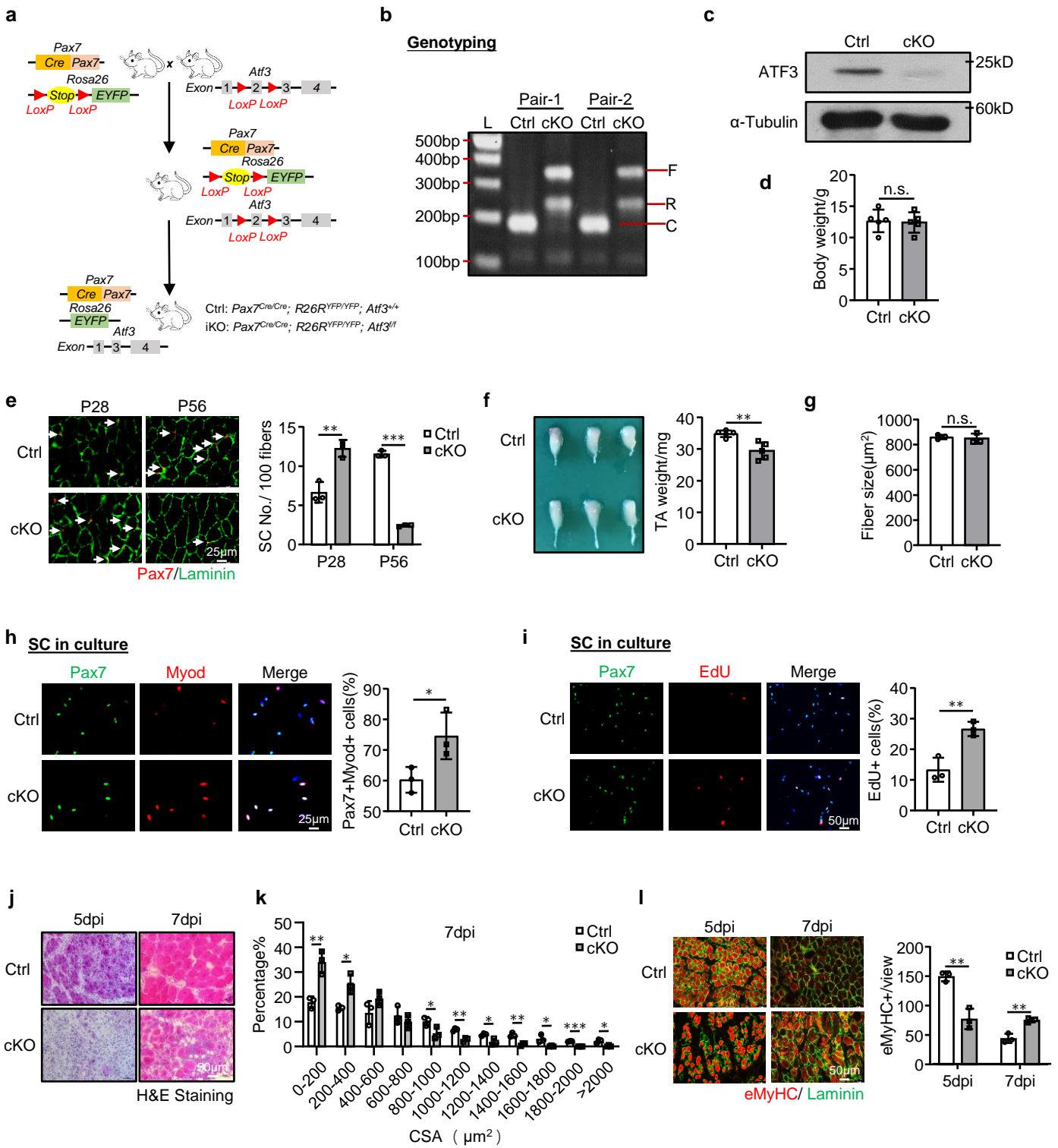
a



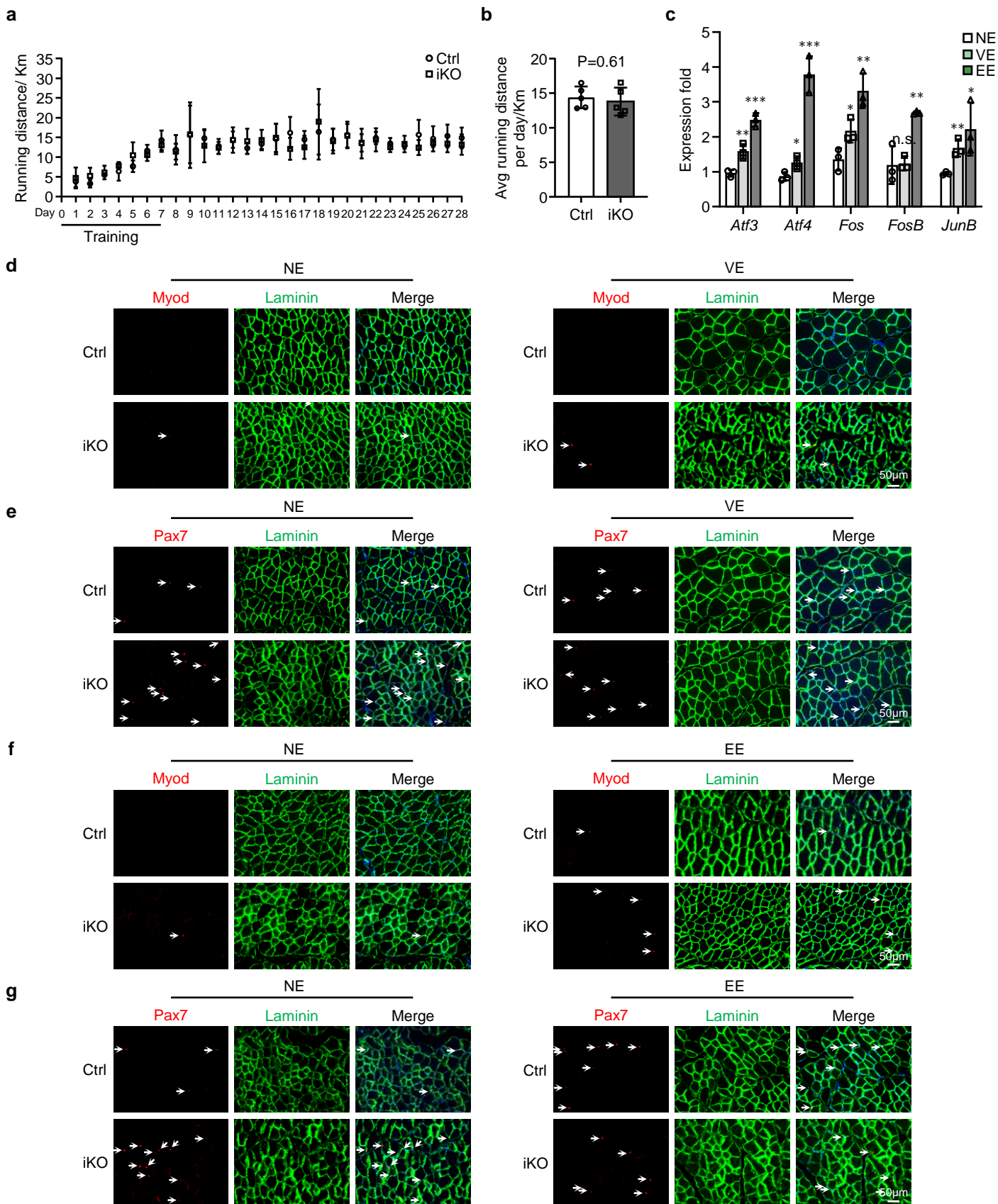
b



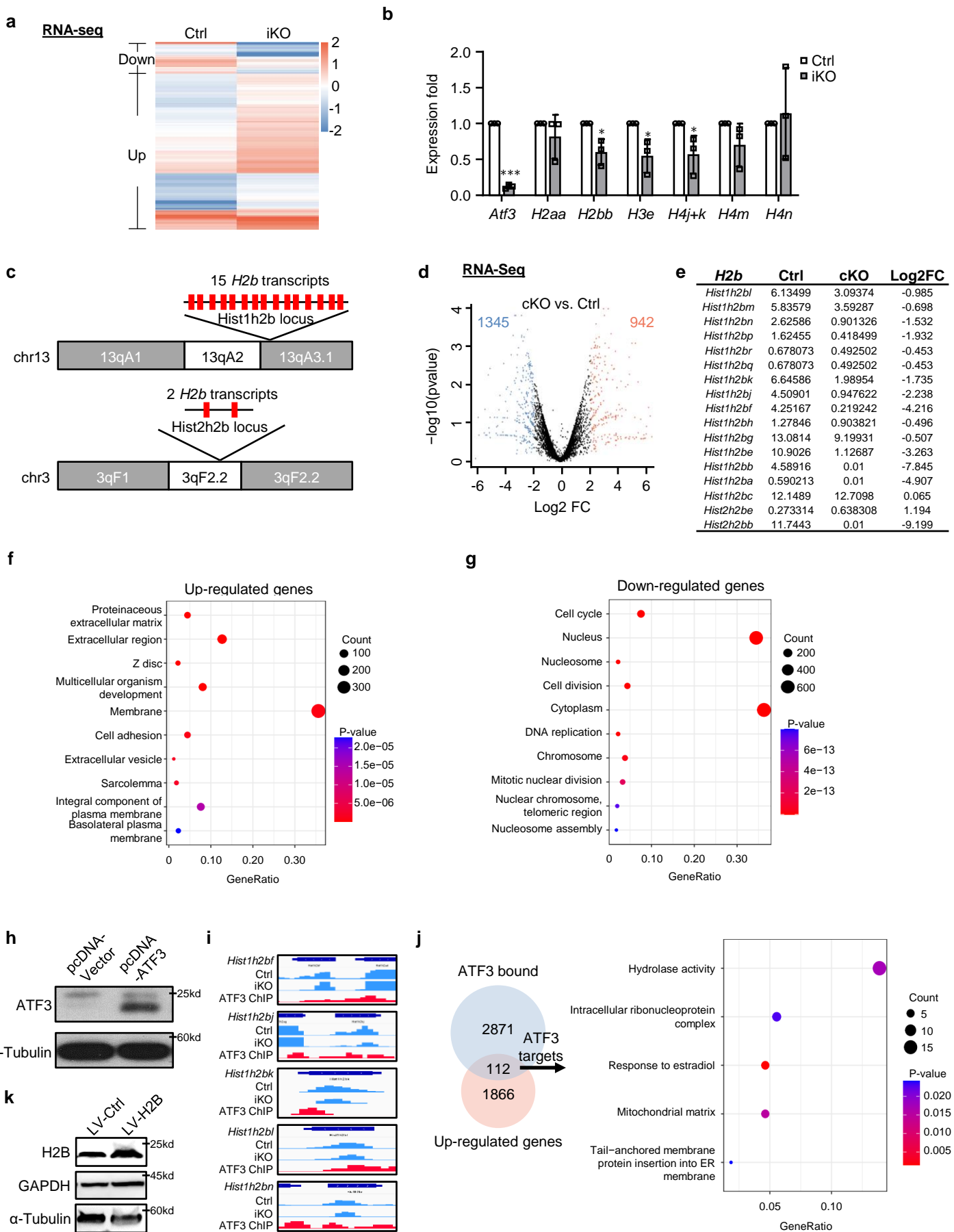
Supplementary Figure 4. Long-term *Atf3* deficiency in *Atf3* iKO mice depletes SC pool and impairs muscle regeneration. **a** 30 days chasing after TMX injection was given before BaCl₂ injection. IF staining of Pax7 (red) and Laminin (green) was performed on the TA muscles collected at 3, 5 and 7 dpi after the 30 days chasing period. Scale bar: 50 μm. n = 5 mice per group. **b** 120 days chasing after TMX injection was given before BaCl₂ injection. IF staining of Pax7 (red) and Laminin (green) was performed on the TA muscles collected at 3, 5 and 7 dpi after the 120 days chasing period. Scale bar: 50 μm. n = 5 mice per group.



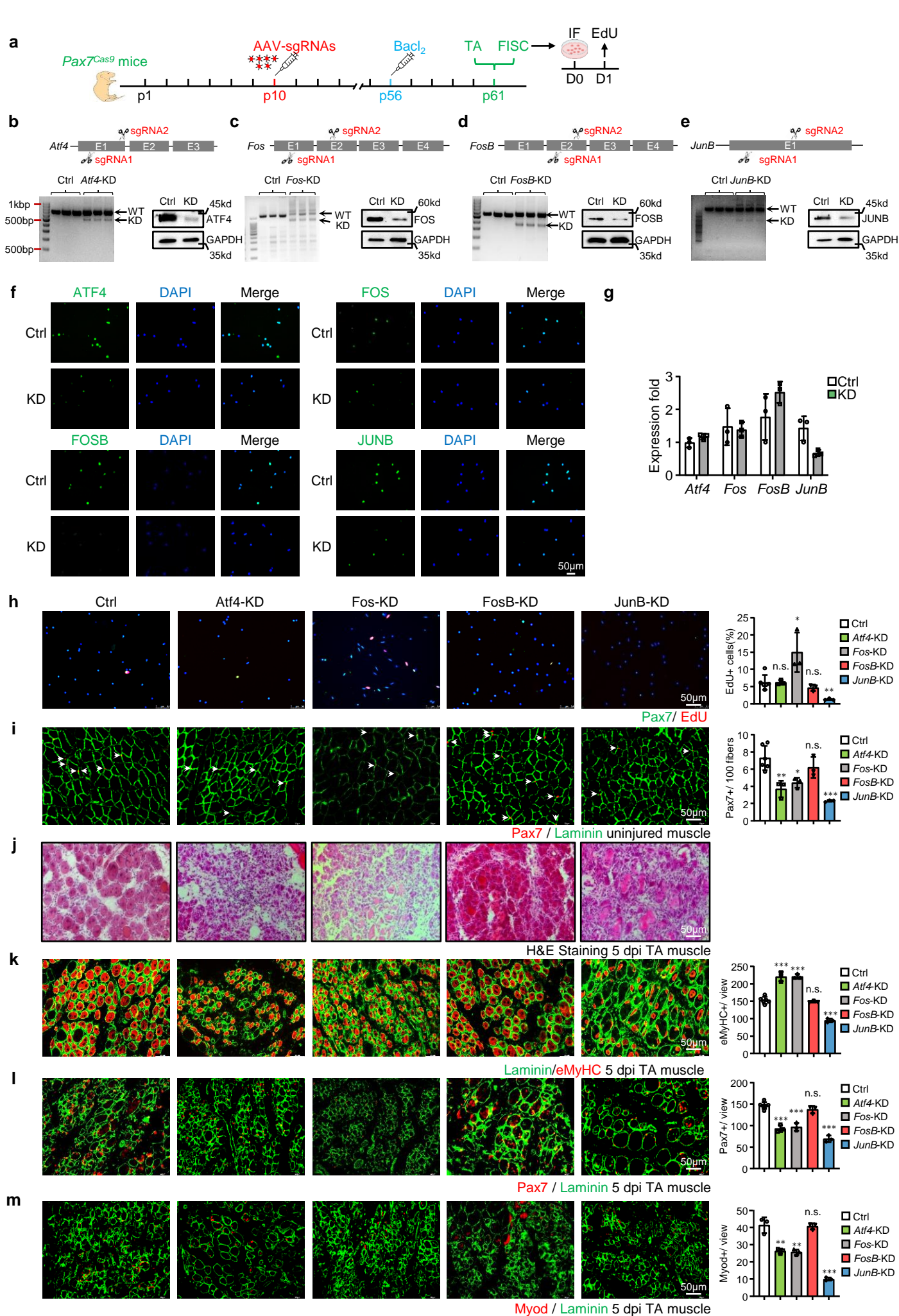
Supplementary Figure 5. Long-term *Atf3* deficiency in *Atf3* cKO mice depletes SC pool and impairs muscle regeneration. **a** Breeding scheme for generating inducible *Atf3* conditional knock out (*Atf3* cKO) and control (Ctrl) littermates. **b** Genotyping results of the Ctrl and cKO mice. (F, *Atf3* Floxed; R, Cre recombinase in the *Pax7* locus; C, WT Ctrl). **c** Loss of ATF3 protein in the cKO FISCs was confirmed by western blot. α -Tubulin was used as a loading control. **d** No overt body weight change was observed in Ctrl vs cKO mice at postnatal 28 days. $P = 0.83$. **e** IF staining of Pax7 (red) and Laminin (green) at p28 and p56 on uninjured TA muscles from the Ctrl or cKO mice. Scale bar: 50 μ m. $P = 0.0046$ and 0.0000030. **f** Decreased TA muscle size and weight were observed in cKO mice at p28p. $P = 0.0028$. **g** Quantification of the average CSAs of fibers at p28 ; $P = 0.63$. **h** IF staining of Pax7 (green) and MyoD (red) on SCs from the Ctrl or cKO mice after cultured for 24 h. Scale bar: 25 μ m. $P = 0.046$. **i** from Ctrl or cKO mice were cultured for 24 h before treating with EdU for 6 h and staining for EdU (red) and Pax7 (green). Scale bar: 50 μ m. $P = 0.0071$. **j** H&E staining of the TA muscles collected at 5 and 7 dpi from Ctrl or cKO mice. Scale bar: 50 μ m. **k** CSAs of newly formed fibers were quantified from the above-collected TA muscle at 7dpi and the distribution is shown. From left to right, $P = 0.0055, 0.013, 0.043, 0.0026, 0.020, 0.0038, 0.030, 0.0000085$ and 0.018. **l** IF staining of eMyHC (red) and laminin (green) was performed on the above TA muscles collected at 5 and 7 dpi. Scale bar: 50 μ m. $P = 0.0030$ and 0.0038. $n=5$ mice per group (d, f); $n=3$ mice per group (e, g-l). All the bar graphs are presented as mean \pm SD., Student's t test (two-tailed unpaired) was used to calculate the statistical significance (f-k, m-n): * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$. n.s., no significance. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 6. *Atf3* deletion induces SC activation during voluntary and endurance exercises. **a** Ctrl and iKO mice were subject to voluntary running wheels for 1 week and followed by 3 more weeks of running. The daily running distance of Ctrl and iKO mice was recorded. $n = 5$ mice per group. **b** The average running distance per day of Ctrl and iKO mice. $n = 5$ mice per group. $P = 0.61$. **c** qRT-PCR detection of *Atf3*, *Atf4*, *Fos*, *FosB* and *Junb* in FISC isolated from Ctrl muscles NE, VE or EE. $n = 3$ mice per group. From left to right, $P = 0.0091, 0.00026, 0.035, 0.00073, 0.038, 0.0044, 0.89, 0.0090, 0.0076$ and 0.043 **d** IF staining of Myod (red) and Laminin (green) was performed on the TA muscles collected from Ctrl or iKO mice with VE or Ctrl with no exercise (NE). Scale bar: $50\ \mu\text{m}$. **e** IF staining of Pax7 (red) and Laminin (green) on the above collected TA muscles Scale bar: $50\ \mu\text{m}$. **f** IF staining of Myod (red) and Laminin (green) on the TA muscles collected from the Ctrl and iKO mice with EE or Ctrl with no exercise (NE). Scale bar: $50\ \mu\text{m}$. **g** IF staining of Pax7 (red) and Laminin (green) on the above collected TA muscles. Scale bar: $50\ \mu\text{m}$. All the bar graphs are presented as mean \pm SD., Student's t-test (two-tailed unpaired) was used to calculate the statistical significance (b-c): * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$. n.s., no significance. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 7. ATF3 regulates *H2B* gene expression and nucleosome patterning. **a** RNA-Seq was performed in FISCs from the Ctrl and iKO cells and heat maps indicating differential gene expression levels (Log2[FPKM]) in the *Atf3* iKO vs. Ctrl. **b** RT-qPCR validation of the expression of selected histone genes in the iKO vs. Ctrl. From left to right, $P = 0.00000079$, 0.018, 0.028 and 0.047. **c** Illustration of the 2 clusters of Histone H2B coding genes on mouse chr3 and chr13. **d** RNA-Seq was performed in FISCs from the Ctrl and cKO mice. DEGs were identified in the cKO vs. Ctrl. **e** FPKM and Log2 fold change (FC) of *H2b* genes from the above RNA-Seq. **f&g** Gene ontology (GO) analyses of the above identified up and down-regulated genes in D. The top 10 enriched GO terms ranked by gene ratio (proportion of genes annotated for each GO term) are shown. Dots are colored by adjusted P value (fold change) and their size corresponds to the gene counts annotated to each GO term. **h** ATF3 was overexpressed in C2C12 with a pcDNA3.1-ATF3 plasmid. α -Tubulin was used as a loading control. **i** Genomic snapshots of 5 of the above identified *H2b* genes (*Hist1h2bf*, *Hist1h2bj*, *Hist1h2bk*, *Hist1h2l* and *Hist1h2bn*) with ATF3 binding in their TSSs (ChIP-Seq tracks) and down-regulated by *Atf3* deletion (RNA-Seq tracks). **j** Left: Venn diagrams show the overlapping (112 genes) between the ATF3 ChIP-Seq target genes (2871) and the up-regulated genes (1866). Right: GO analysis of the above 112 genes. **k** C2C12 cells were infected with a H2B expressing lentivirus and the H2B overexpression is confirmed by Western blotting. α -Tubulin and GAPDH were used as loading controls. All the bar graphs are presented as mean \pm SD., Student's t-test (two-tailed unpaired) was used to calculate the statistical significance (b): * $p < 0.05$, *** $p < 0.001$. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 8. Screening of other functional AP-1 family members in SCs and regeneration. **a** Schematic outline of the experimental design for screening of functional AP-1 members. **b-e** Upper: Illustration of locations of sgRNAs designed for targeting locus. Lower left: Editing efficiency. WT(Wild-type fragments) and KD(Cas9 cleaved fragments) are indicated by arrows. Lower right: protein levels of the above targeted AP-1 were examined by Western blotting in FISCs. GAPDH was used as a loading control. **f** Protein levels of the above targets were examined by IF staining. **g** The RNA levels of *Atf4*, *Fos*, *FosB* and *JunB* in the above FISCs were examined by RT-qPCR. **h** EdU (red) and Pax7 (green) staining of SCs sorted from *Ctrl* or *Atf4*, *FosB*, *Fos* and *JunB*-KD mice and cultured for 24h. Scale bar: 50µm. $P = 0.99, 0.010, 0.27$ and 0.0061 . **i** IF staining of Pax7 (red) and Laminin (green) on TA muscles from the above KD mice 56 days after AAV injection. Scale bar: 50µm. $P = 0.0055, 0.013, 0.29$ and 0.00057 . **j** H&E staining of the TA muscles collected from the above KO mice at 5dpi. Scale bar: 50µm. **k** IF staining of eMyHC (red) and Laminin (green) on the TA muscles from the above KD mice collected at 5dpi. Scale bar: 50µm. $P = 0.000056, 0.000014, 0.49$ and 0.000036 . **l** IF staining of Pax7 (red) and Laminin (green) on the TA muscles from the KD mice collected at 5dpi. Scale bar: 50µm. $P = 0.000033, 0.000067, 0.14$ and 0.0000026 . **m** IF staining of MyoD (red) and Laminin (green) on the TA muscles collected from the above KD mice at 5dpi. Scale bar: 50µm. $P = 0.0056, 0.0050, 0.82$ and 0.00031 . $n = 3$ mice per group (b-e, g). For *Ctrl*, $n = 6$ mice per group. For *Atf4*, *FosB*, *Fos* and *JunB*-KD, $n = 3$ mice per group. (h-m). All the bar graphs are presented as mean \pm SD. Student's t-test (two-tailed unpaired) was used to calculate the statistical significance (h-i, k-m): * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$. n.s., no significance. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.