



# A new species of *Cordyligaster* Macquart, reared from caterpillars in Area de Conservacion Guanacaste, northwestern Costa Rica

AJ Fleming<sup>†</sup>, D Monty Wood<sup>†</sup>, M Alex Smith<sup>‡</sup>, Daniel Janzen<sup>§</sup>, Winnie Hallwachs<sup>§</sup>

<sup>†</sup> Canadian National Collection, Ottawa, Canada

<sup>‡</sup> Department of Integrative Biology, University of Guelph, Guelph, Canada

<sup>§</sup> Department of Biology, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Philadelphia, United States of America

Corresponding author: AJ Fleming ([aifleming604@gmail.com](mailto:aifleming604@gmail.com))

Academic editor: Torsten Dikow

Received: 17 Oct 2014 | Accepted: 21 Nov 2014 | Published: 24 Nov 2014

Citation: Fleming A, Wood D, Smith M, Janzen D, Hallwachs W (2014) A new species of *Cordyligaster* Macquart, reared from caterpillars in Area de Conservacion Guanacaste, northwestern Costa Rica. Biodiversity Data Journal 2: e4174. doi: [10.3897/BDJ.2.e4174](https://doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.2.e4174)

ZooBank: [urn:lsid:zoobank.org:pub:A5160572-0FC6-42F1-9240-A2F4960A1E76](https://urn.nbn.se/resolve?urn=urn:nbn:se:zoobank:pub:A5160572-0FC6-42F1-9240-A2F4960A1E76)

## Abstract

We describe a new species of *Cordyligaster* Macquart (Diptera: Tachinidae) from Area de Conservacion Guanacaste (ACG) in northwestern Costa Rica. *Cordyligaster capellii* sp. n., is described and photographed. All specimens of *C. capellii* were reared from *Syngamia florella* (Stoll, 1781) (Lepidoptera, Crambidae, Spilomelininae), a leaf-rolling caterpillar collected in ACG rain forest. By coupling morphology, photographic documentation, life history and molecular data, we provide a clear and concise description of this new species. In addition the authors provide new distribution and host records for *C. fuscipennis* (Macquart) reared in ACG.

## Keywords

*Cordyligaster*, Diptera, Tachinidae, tropical rain forest, tropical dry forest, parasitoid fly, host-specificity, caterpillar inventory, Crambidae

## Introduction

*Cordyligaster* Macquart, 1844, is a small new world genus of the subfamily Dexiinae (Diptera, Tachinidae, Dexiinae). This genus is easily distinguished from other Dexiine genera of tachinids by its narrow and petiolate abdomen (Figs 1, 2, 5, 6). Townsend 1936, placed *Cordyligaster* within the tribe Sophiini, a most likely polyphyletic tribe including the following genera: *Euantha* Wulp, *Euanthoides* Townsend, *Leptidosophia* Townsend, *Neosophia* Guimarães, *Neoeuantha* Townsend, *Sophia* Robineau-Desvoidy, and *Sophiella* Guimarães. Guimarães 1982, offered the following diagnosis of the tribe Sophiini: body, legs, wings, and abdomen elongate; antenna arising below midline of eye with long plumose aristae; legs, hind tibiae with reduced posteroventral bristle.

The last major systematic treatment of this genus was Guimarães 1971, where 5 species of *Cordyligaster* were reported. Sabrosky 1973 published a further restudy of Guimarães' efforts, where he proposed a few changes namely the clarification of differences between *C. petiolata*, and *C. fuscipennis*, two names which had long been held in synonymy. Wood and Zumbado (2010) mention 7 known species within *Cordyligaster* from Central and South America, with only one of them having been reared from Costa Rica; it was believed (in error) to be *Cordyligaster petiolata* (Wiedemann) and we discuss that here. Our aims are to build further on this knowledge base by providing a new rearing record of *C. fuscipennis* from ACG, and describing an additional new species, for this little known genus. All specimens studied here, were obtained from leaf-rolling Crambidae caterpillars collected in ACG, in northwestern Costa Rica. The new species described herein was recognized as new by differences in external morphology, male terminalia, and CO1 (coxI or cytochrome oxidase 1) gene sequences. The data gleaned on parasitoid biology and associated hosts from ACG efforts is invaluable in providing definitive information on the biology, and associated hosts of the reared parasitoids species. These are the first rearing records for the genus *Cordyligaster* within Costa Rica. Despite the exhaustive nature of the ACG inventory, there may well be more species of *Cordyligaster* in ACG and Costa Rica, yet to be discovered.

## Materials and methods

### Acronyms for depositories

CNC Canadian National Collection of Insects, Arachnids and Nematodes, Ottawa, Canada

USNM National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA

INBio Instituto Nacional de Biodiversidad, Santo Domingo de Heredia, Costa Rica

SMF Forschungsinstitut und Naturmuseum Senckenberg, Frankfurt-am-Main, Germany

MZSP Museu de Zoologia Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil

## Geographic area of the study and rearing intensity

All flies and rearing information described here were found by the 35+ year-old ongoing inventory of the caterpillars, their food plants and their parasitoids of the dry forest, rain forest, cloud forest, and intergrades, in the 125,000+ ha terrestrial portion of Área de Conservación Guanacaste (ACG) in northwestern Costa Rica (Rodríguez et al. 2012, Janzen and Hallwachs 2011, Janzen et al. 2009, Smith et al. 2007, Smith et al. 2006, Smith et al. 2008, Smith et al. 2012, Smith et al. 2009, Fernández-Triana et al. 2014). The tachinid rearing methods are described at [http://janzen.bio.upenn.edu/caterpillars/methodology/how/parasitoid\\_husbandry.htm](http://janzen.bio.upenn.edu/caterpillars/methodology/how/parasitoid_husbandry.htm). In brief, caterpillars (and sometimes pupae) are found in the wild at all instars by a wide variety of search methods, and reared in captivity on the food plant species on which they were found, until they produced an adult, a parasitoid, or died of other causes. Each caterpillar is documented as an individual, the emerging parasitoid flies are first treated as a rearing event and later as individuals once they are barcoded.

In the near 4 decades since its inception in 1978, this inventory has reared approximately 600,000 wild-caught caterpillars. All frequencies of parasitization reported here must be considered against the background of this inventory. Equally, it is patently obvious that although the inventory is carried out throughout the year, there is a bias towards certain environments, types of vegetation and distance off the ground. Comparison of reared species of parasitoids with those collected by net or Malaise traps demonstrates that to date, the caterpillar inventory has so far encountered well less than half the species of caterpillar parasitoids present in ACG. The largest unsampled void is the upper foliage of the canopy above about 3-4 m above the ground.

The treatment reported here is focused on placing names on the species reared, thereby preparing them for later detailed ecological and behavioral accounts and studies that will normally extend across ACG ecological groups, whole ecosystems, and taxonomic assemblages much larger than a genus.

DNA barcodes (standardised 5' region of the mitochondrial cytochrome c oxidase I (COI) gene) for all ACG inventory specimens were obtained using DNA extracts prepared from single legs using a glass fibre protocol (Ivanova et al. 2006). Total genomic DNA was re-suspended in 30 µl of dH<sub>2</sub>O, and a 658-bp region near the 5' terminus of the COI gene was amplified using standard primers (LepF1–LepR1) following established protocols (Smith et al. 2007, Smith et al. 2006, Smith et al. 2008). All information for the sequences associated with each individual specimen (including GenBank and BOLD accession) can be retrieved from the Barcode of Life Data System (BOLD) (Ratnasingham and Hebert 2007) via the publically available dataset: <http://dx.doi.org/10.5883/DS-ASCORDY> [DOI requested 141015 - not yet active].

## Imaging and Dissections

Our descriptions of new species are deliberately brief and only include some differentiating descriptions of body parts and colors that are commonly used in Tachinid identification. These brief descriptions are complemented with an extensive series of color photos of every species to illustrate the readily observed differences among these species.

Habitus photographs were taken using a Canon T3i digital SLR, using a 65mm Macro Photo Lens 1:2.8 (MP-E 65mm), mounted on a microscope track stand (AmScope, Model: TS200) modified to accept a Manfrotto QR 200PL-14 quick release plate. Images were shot in aperture priority, allowing the camera to control shutter speed at f/4.5, over 40 images at equal distance increments. Illumination was provided with a homemade reflective dome (instruction for dome creation can be found at: <http://www.cdfa.ca.gov/plant/ppd/entomology/Dome/kd-200.html>) placed over a 144 LED ringlight (AmScope, Model: LED-144-YK).

Adult fly dissections followed standard practice (O'Hara 1983). Photographs of male terminalia were taken using a Canon S110 digital camera adaptor mounted to the eyepiece of a Leitz-Wetzlar dissecting scope. Preparations were mounted on a depression slide in a small quantity of Rexall brand hand sanitizer gel (NPN# 80007138). This allowed the specimen to remain steady in a given position, and therefore provided a better environment for photography. After mounting and photographing, the terminalia were rinsed in a small quantity of pure distilled water, before being replaced in the glycerine-filled microvial.

The photographic series were created using Photoshop CS6, and Zerene Stacker Software v1.04. So as to maximize image quality and depth of field, photo series were digitally stacked to produce a final composite image.

The terminology used for genitalia (which refers here only to the sclerotized parts of the genitalia, and not to the soft internal structures) and other body parts follows Cumming and Wood (2009).

All specimens listed as examined are considered paratypes, except for the holotype, which is noted separately.

## Voucher specimen management

All caterpillars reared from ACG efforts receive a unique voucher code in the format of yy-SRNP-xxxxx. Any parasitoid emerging from this caterpillar receives the same voucher code, and then if/when later the parasitoid is dealt with individually, it receives a second voucher code unique to it, in the format of DHJPARxxxxxx. The voucher codes and collateral data assigned to both host and emergent parasitoids are available at <http://janzen.bio.upenn.edu/caterpillars/database.lasso>. To date, all DHJPARxxxxxx coded tachinids have had one leg removed for attempted DNA barcoding at the Biodiversity Institute of Ontario (BIO) in the University of Guelph, with all collateral data and all successful barcodes permanently and publically deposited in the Barcode of Life Data

System (BOLD, [www.boldsystems.org](http://www.boldsystems.org)) (Suppl. material 2), and later migrated to GenBank as well. A neighbor-joining (NJ) tree (Saitou and Nei 1987) for all *Cordyligaster* reared and DNA barcoded by this inventory through 2013 is included as Suppl. material 1. The inventory grows continually and new specimens can be found by searching the genus *Cordyligaster* in BOLD. Each barcoded specimen also has an accession code in the Barcode of Life Data System (BOLD) and GenBank.

Inventoried Tachinidae were collected under Costa Rican government research permits issued to DHJ since 1978, and likewise exported under permit by DHJ from Costa Rica to Philadelphia, and then to the final depository in the Canadian National Insect collection in Ottawa, Canada. Tachinid identifications for the inventory were done by DHJ in coordination with a) visual inspection by AJF and DMW, b) DNA barcoding by BIO, MAS, and BOLD, and c) correlation with host caterpillar identifications by DHJ and WH through the inventory itself. Dates of capture of each reared fly in the inventory are the dates of eclosion of the fly, and not the date of capture of the caterpillar. This is because the fly eclosion date is much more representative of the time when that fly species is on the wing than is the time of capture of the caterpillar or (rarely) finding a parasitized pupa. However, the collector listed is the parataxonomist who found the caterpillar, rather than the person who retrieved the newly eclosed fly from its rearing bag or bottle, and processed it by freezing, pinning, labeling and oven-drying. Fly biology and degrees of parasitization by these flies will be the detailed subject of later papers.

### Generic Synonyms of *Cordyligaster*

*Cordyligaster* Macquart 1844: 90. Type species: *Dexia petiolata* Wiedemann, 1830, by original designation.

*Cordylidexia* Giglio-Tos 1894: 67. (unnecessary *nomen novum* for *Cordyligaster* Macquart). Type species: *Dexia petiolata* Wiedemann, 1830, by original designation.

*Megistogaster* Macquart 1851: 185. Type species: *Megistogaster fuscipennis* Macquart, 1851, by original designation.

*Eucordylidexia* Townsend 1915: 41. Type species: *Eucordylidexia ategulata* Townsend, 1915 (=*Dexia petiolata* Wiedemann, 1830), by original designation.

*Eucordyligaster* Townsend 1917: 123. Type species: *Cordyligaster septentrionalis* Townsend, 1909, by original designation.

### Species included in *Cordyligaster*

*analis* Macquart 1851: 187 (*Megistogaster*). Holotype male (BMNH) [examined by DMW]. Type locality: Brazil, Amazonas.

*fuscipennis* Macquart 1851: 186. Syntypes, 3 males (BMNH) [examined by DMW]. Type locality: South America (as Java in error). Resurrected from synonymy by (Sabrosky 1973: 221).

*ategulata* Townsend 1915: 41. Holotype female (USNM) [examined by DMW]. Type locality: Guatemala, Puerto Barrios. Synonymy by (Sabrosky 1973: 221).

*minuscula* van der Wulp 1891: 252. Syntypes 10 males, 8 females (BMNH) [examined by DMW]. Type localities: (1 male) Mexico, Guerrero, Rio Papagaio; (6 males, 4 females) Tierra Colorado 2000 feet; (3 males, 4 females) Tabasco, Teapa.

*septentrionalis* Townsend 1909: 250. Holotype female (USNM) [examined by DMW]. Type locality: USA, Maryland, Plummers Island. Synonymy established by (Thompson 1910: 212).

*nyomala* Townsend 1914: 93. Holotype male (USNM) [examined by DMW]. Type locality: Peru, Upper Piura Valley, Ñomala.

*petiolata* Wiedemann 1830: 374 (Dexia). Holotype male (SMF) [examined by DMW]. Type locality: Brazil.

*fuscifacies* Bigot 1888: 101. Holotype female (BMNH) [examined by DMW]. Type locality: "Java" [in error], presumably South America.

*tipuliformis* Walker 1858: 205. Holotype male (BMNH) [examined by DMW]. Type locality: South America.

*townsendi* Guimarães 1971: 101. Holotype male (MZSP). Type locality: Brazil, Mato Grosso, Pôsto Garapu, Rio Sete de Setembro.

## Taxon treatments

### *Cordyligaster capellii* Fleming & Wood, 2014, sp. n.

- ZooBank [urn:lsid:zoobank.org:act:23389AF1-D6FD-4455-AD01-33640EEE6C76](http://urnlsidzoobank.orgact:23389AF1-D6FD-4455-AD01-33640EEE6C76)

## Materials

### Holotype:

- a. scientificName: *Cordyligaster capelli*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *capelli*; scientificNameAuthorship: Fleming & Wood; continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Guanacaste; county: Sector Pitilla; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Amonias; verbatimElevation: 390; verbatimLatitude: 11.04249; verbatimLongitude: -85.40339; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 11.04249; decimalLongitude: -85.40339; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 20-Feb-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006938; individualCount: 1; sex: male; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006938; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H.

Janzen & W. Hallwachs, Manuel Rios; otherCatalogNumbers: 06-SRNP-30780,ASTAV180-06; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen

**Paratype:**

- a. scientificName: *Cordyligaster capelli*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *capelli*; scientificNameAuthorship: Fleming & Wood; continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Guanacaste; county: Sector Pitilla; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Pasmopa; verbatimElevation: 440; verbatimLatitude: 11.019; verbatimLongitude: -85.41; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 11.019; decimalLongitude: -85.41; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 23-Jan-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006939; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006939; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs, Manuel Rios; otherCatalogNumbers: 06-SRNP-30016,ASTAV181-06; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- b. scientificName: *Cordyligaster capelli*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *capelli*; scientificNameAuthorship: Fleming & Wood; continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Guanacaste; county: Sector Pitilla; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Pasmopa; verbatimElevation: 440; verbatimLatitude: 11.019; verbatimLongitude: -85.41; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 11.019; decimalLongitude: -85.41; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 02-Feb-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006940; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006940; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs, Manuel Rios; otherCatalogNumbers: 06-SRNP-30179,ASTAV182-06; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- c. scientificName: *Cordyligaster capelli*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *capelli*; scientificNameAuthorship: Fleming & Wood; continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Guanacaste; county: Sector Pitilla; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Pasmopa; verbatimElevation: 440; verbatimLatitude: 11.019; verbatimLongitude: -85.41; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 11.019; decimalLongitude: -85.41; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 29-Jan-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006941; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006941; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs, Manuel Rios; otherCatalogNumbers: 06-SRNP-30178,ASTAV183-06; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- d. scientificName: *Cordyligaster capelli*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *capelli*; scientificNameAuthorship: Fleming & Wood; continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Guanacaste; county: Sector Pitilla; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Pasmopa; verbatimElevation: 440; verbatimLatitude: 11.019; verbatimLongitude: -85.41; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 11.019; decimalLongitude: -85.41; samplingProtocol: Host

- Collection; verbatimEventDate: 29-Jan-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006942; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006942; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs, Manuel Rios; otherCatalogNumbers: 06-SRNP-30172,ASTAV184-06; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- e. scientificName: *Cordyligaster capelli*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *capelli*; scientificNameAuthorship: Fleming & Wood; continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Guanacaste; county: Sector Pitilla; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Pasmopa; verbatimElevation: 440; verbatimLatitude: 11.019; verbatimLongitude: -85.41; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 11.019; decimalLongitude: -85.41; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 30-Jan-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006943; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006943; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs, Manuel Rios; otherCatalogNumbers: 06-SRNP-30171,ASTAV185-06; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- f. scientificName: *Cordyligaster capelli*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *capelli*; scientificNameAuthorship: Fleming & Wood; continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Guanacaste; county: Sector Pitilla; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Pasmopa; verbatimElevation: 440; verbatimLatitude: 11.019; verbatimLongitude: -85.41; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 11.019; decimalLongitude: -85.41; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 28-Feb-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006944; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006944; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs, Petrona Rios; otherCatalogNumbers: 06-SRNP-30863,ASTAV186-06; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- g. scientificName: *Cordyligaster capelli*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *capelli*; scientificNameAuthorship: Fleming & Wood; continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Guanacaste; county: Sector Pitilla; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Pasmopa; verbatimElevation: 440; verbatimLatitude: 11.019; verbatimLongitude: -85.41; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 11.019; decimalLongitude: -85.41; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 30-Jan-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006945; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006945; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs, Manuel Rios; otherCatalogNumbers: 06-SRNP-30168,ASTAV187-06; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- h. scientificName: *Cordyligaster capelli*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *capelli*; scientificNameAuthorship: Fleming & Wood; continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Guanacaste; county: Sector Pitilla; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Pasmopa; verbatimElevation: 440;

verbatimLatitude: 11.019; verbatimLongitude: -85.41; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 11.019; decimalLongitude: -85.41; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 28-Jan-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006946; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006946; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs, Manuel Rios; otherCatalogNumbers: 06-SRNP-30017,ASTAV188-06; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen

- i. scientificName: *Cordyligaster capelli*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *capelli*; scientificNameAuthorship: Fleming & Wood; continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Palomo; verbatimElevation: 96; verbatimLatitude: 10.962; verbatimLongitude: -85.28; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.962; decimalLongitude: -85.28; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 18-Feb-2014; individualID: DHJPAR0055082; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0055082; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs, Keiner Aragon; otherCatalogNumbers: 14-SRNP-45262,ASHYH1629-14; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen

## Description

Male (Fig. 1); Head: fronto orbital plate with silver tomentosity; parafacial silver; pedicel black; antenna black with plumose arista; trichiae at base, 6 times as long as base of arista is wide tapering to half that length before apex; eye bare; ocellar bristles parallel and proclinate approximately twice the length of the ocellar triangle; fronto-orbital plate narrowing at apex enclosing only the ocellar triangle; proclinate orbital bristles absent in male; palpus black. Thorax: at first glance appears glabrous black, but under certain angles of light a very light tomentum is often apparent however no vittae are visible. Three post-sutural supra alar bristles, (two strong anterior, and third one weak; second bristle strongest, 1.5X thickness of first post sutural supra alar bristles) (Fig. 3), apical scutellar bristles long, up to 3/4 length of subapical scutellars; subapical scutellar bristles parallel or divergent (forming a wide V); katepisternum bearing 2 bristles, very lightly tomentose (same as dorsum), lacking the tomentose bands apparent in *C. petiolata*. Wing: smoky yellow, dark amber towards base; vein  $R_1$  haired, vein  $R_{4+5}$  haired up to crossvein r-m (Fig. 4b); crossvein dm-cu straight not undulated; calypteres enlarged and translucent. Legs: black. Abdomen: petiolate with both discal bristles and median marginal bristles present on T1+2, T3, T4 and T5. Silver pollinosity on upper margins of abdominal segments T3, and T4. Very light tomentosity present on T5 but as in the case of the thorax, only visible under certain angles of light. Terminalia: surstyli equilaterally oblong shaped, apically bare, bearing many stout bristles posterodorsally, tip with strong inwardly apical curve when viewed dorsally. Cercus sharply pointed, ventral surface bare, separation between cerci narrow, up to 85% as long as surstyli. Dorsal surface of sternite 5 bearing two long bristles.

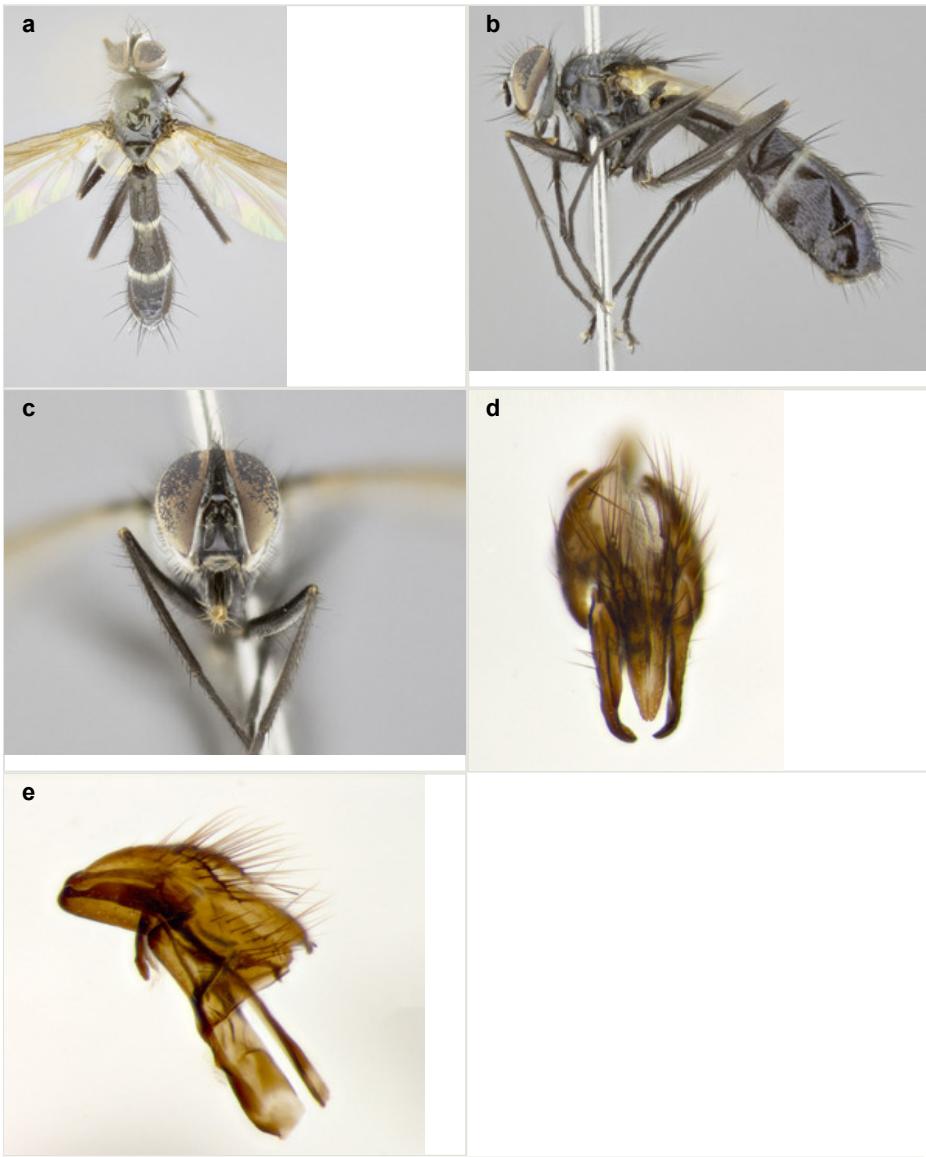


Figure 1.

General morphology of *Cordyligaster capellii* male.

**a:** Dorsal view of *Cordyligaster capellii* male

**b:** Lateral view of *Cordyligaster capellii* male

**c:** Frontal view of *Cordyligaster capellii* male head

**d:** Dorsal view of male terminalia

**e:** Lateral view of male terminalia

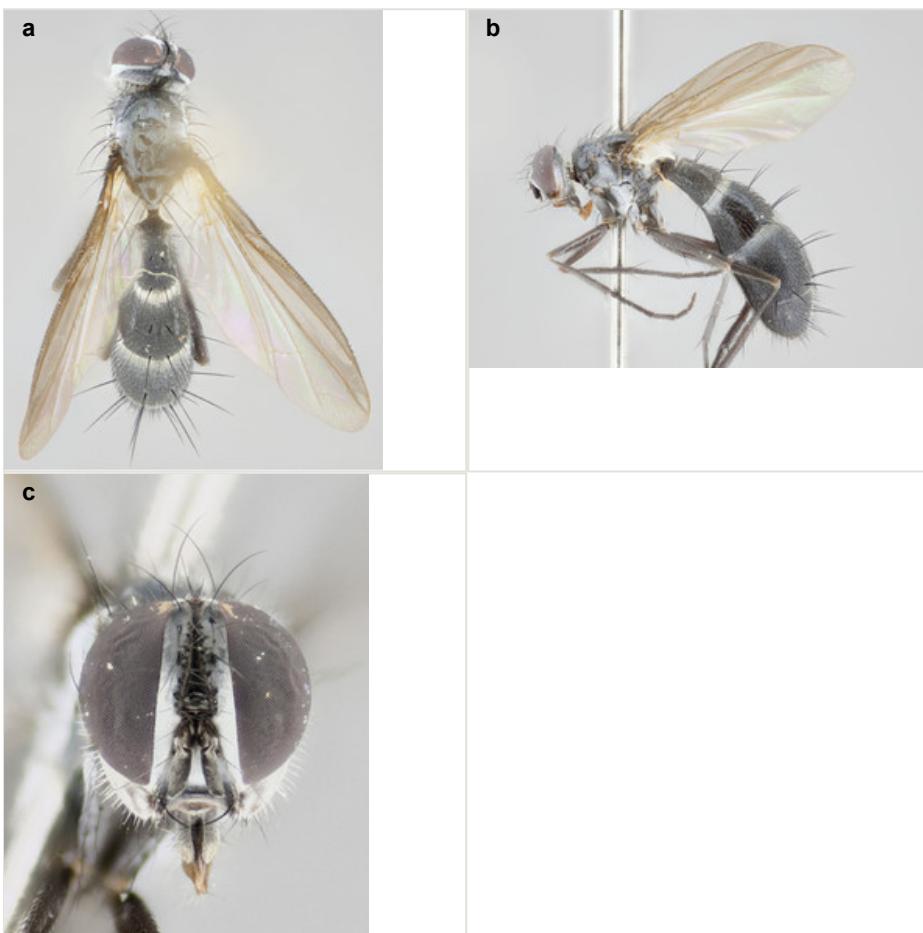


Figure 2.

General morphology of *Cordyligaster capellii* female.

- a:** Dorsal view of *Cordyligaster capellii* female
- b:** Lateral view of *Cordyligaster capellii* female
- c:** Frontal view of head of *Cordyligaster capellii* female

Female (Fig. 2); Head: fronto orbital plate with silver tomentosity except along facial ridge which appears red; pedicel black; antenna black with plumose arista; trichiae at base, 6 times as long as base of arista is wide tapering to half that length before apex; eye bare; ocellar bristles parallel and proclinate approximately twice the length of the ocellar triangle; fronto-orbital plate narrowing at apex enclosing only the ocellar triangle; 2 proclinate orbital bristles present; palpus black, with distinctive gold tomentosity on tip. Thorax: at first glance appears glabrous black, however under certain angles of light a very light tomentum is apparent. Three post-sutural supra alar bristles, (two strong anterior, and third one weak); second bristle strongest, 1.5X thickness of first post-sutural supra alar; apical scutellar bristles long, equal in length of subapical scutellars; scutellar bristles divergent (forming a wide V); katepisternum

bearing 2 bristles, very lightly tomentose (equal to dorsum), lacking the tomentose bands when viewed laterally that are apparent in *C. petiolata*. Wing: smoky yellow, dark amber towards base; vein  $R_1$  haired, vein  $R_{4+5}$  haired along  $\frac{3}{4}$  of its length; crossvein dm-cu straight not undulated; calypteres enlarged and translucent. Legs: black. Abdomen: petiolate with both discal bristles and median marginal bristles present on T1+2, T3, T4 and T5. Silver pollinosity on upper margins of abdominal segments T3, and T4. Very light tomentosity present on T5 but as in the case of the thorax, this is only visible under certain angles of light.

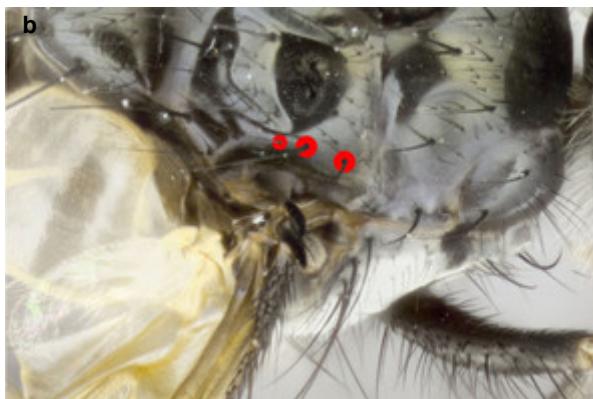


Figure 3.

Detailed dorsolateral view of *Cordyligaster capellii*; square indicates the magnified inset; circles indicate 3 post-sutural supra-alar bristles.

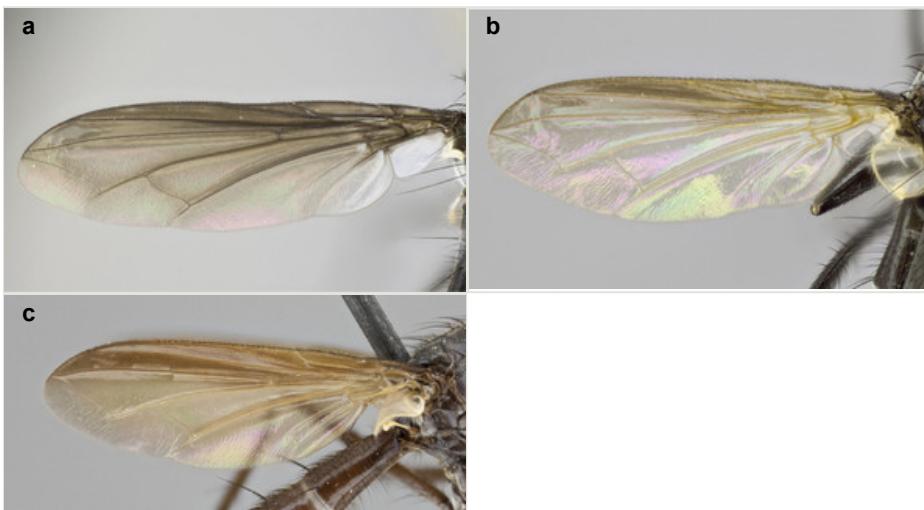


Figure 4.

Comparative figure, detailing the differences in colour and relative shape of wings between a) *Cordyligaster fuscipennis*, b) *Cordyligaster capellii*, and c) *Cordyligaster minuscula*; note the undulation of crossvein dm-cu, and the coloration of the wings.

a: *Cordyligaster fuscipennis*

b: *Cordyligaster capellii*

c: *Cordyligaster minuscula*

## Diagnosis

*Cordyligaster capellii* possesses exceptionally large calypteres, a trait also shared by *C. nyomala*, and *C. minuscula*. While *C. minuscula* (Wulp) can also sometimes have the variable character of 3 post-sutural supra alars, *C. capellii* is distinguished by the presence of 3 postsutural supra-alars (Fig. 3b), smoky yellow wings (Fig. 4), and a black antennal pedicel and black palpi. *C. minuscula* possesses a orange brown pedicel, and reddish brown palpi. A very light tomentum covers much of the thorax as well as T5, but this trait is visible only under certain angles of light. *C. minuscula* also possesses only the posterior katepisternal bristle, while *C. capellii* has two. The holotype specimen has the DNA barcode given below:

```
ACTTTATATTTATTTGGAGCATGAGCAGGTATATTAGAACATCTTAAGTATTTA
ATTCGAACAGAATTAGGACATCCTGGTCATTAATTGGAGATGATCAAATTATAATG
TTATTGTAACAGCTCATGCTTTATTATAATTTTTTATAGTTATACCAATTATAATTGG
AGGATTGAAATTGATTAGTCCTTAATATTAGGAGCACAGATAGCTTCCCT
CGAATAAATAATATAAGATTTGACTTCTCCTCCTTAAATTATTATTAGTTGGT
AGAATAGTTGAAAATGGAGCTGGAACAGGATGAACTGTTACCCCTTTATCTTCT
AATATTGCTCATAGAGGATCTCTGTAGATTAACTATTTTTCATTACATTAGCAGG
AATTCTTCTATTAGGAGCTGAAATTATTACAACAGTAATTATACGAGCAA
CAGGAATTACATTGATCGAATACCTTATTTGTATGATCTGTAGCTTACAGCTTA
```

TTACTTTATTATCATTACCTGTATTAGCCGGAGCTATTACTATATTAAACAGATCGA  
AATATAAATACCTCATTGGATCCTGCAGGAGGAGATCCTATTTATCAACA  
CTTATTT.

Genetic comparison to the type specimens of previously known species was outside the scope of this paper, however the authors have selected to give the barcode data here as a diagnostic character such that it is readily available for future works which may undertake the barcoding of those previously described types.

### **Etymology**

This species is named to honor Sr. Luciano Capelli of San Jose, Costa Rica in recognition and appreciation of his enthusiastic and superb photography of all aspects of ACG specifically, and Costa Rica's conserved wildlands more broadly, and for allowing ACG and Costa Rican conservation in general to freely use these photographs to explain conserved wildlands to the public.

### **Distribution**

Costa Rica, ACG, Prov. Guanacaste, rain forest, 390 – 440m m elevation.

### **Ecology**

**Hosts:** Crambidae, *Syngamia florella* (Stoll, 1781). While more than 500 species of Crambidae have been reared from more than 65,000 leaf-rolling crambid caterpillars in ACG dry forest, rain forest and cloud forest (and intergrades among them), generating 3,000+ tachinid rearings, *Cordyligaster capellii* has been reared just 10 times and always from the leaf roller *Syngamia florella* feeding on *Spermacoce exilis* (L.O. Williams) (Rubiaceae) herbs in the dry-rain forest ecotone on the northern intermediate elevation slopes of Volcan Orosi and Cerro Orosilito, Sector Del Oro and Sector Pitilla, of ACG. These ten rearings were spread among 144 *S. florella* wild-caught caterpillars. It is likely to be the only species of host for this fly in ACG.

### ***Cordyligaster fuscipennis* (Macquart, 1851)**

#### **Materials**

- a. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Juntas; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.907; verbatimLongitude: -85.288; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.907; decimalLongitude: -85.288; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 01-Feb-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006720; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006720; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>;

- recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTA898-06,06-SRNP-40070; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- b. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 18-Jan-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006723; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006723; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTA901-06,05-SRNP-43874; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- c. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 21-Jan-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006724; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006724; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTA902-06,05-SRNP-43875; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- d. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Juntas; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.907; verbatimLongitude: -85.288; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.907; decimalLongitude: -85.288; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 29-Mar-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006935; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006935; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV177-06,06-SRNP-40889; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- e. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Juntas; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.907; verbatimLongitude: -85.288; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.907; decimalLongitude: -85.288; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 13-Mar-2006;

- individualID: DHJPAR0006936; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006936; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV178-06,06-SRNP-40664; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- f. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Juntas; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.907; verbatimLongitude: -85.288; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.907; decimalLongitude: -85.288; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 17-Mar-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0006937; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0006937; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV179-06,06-SRNP-40669; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- g. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 23-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010199; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010199; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV725-06,06-SRNP-41615; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- h. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 22-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010200; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010200; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV726-06,06-SRNP-41577; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- i. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29;

- verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 23-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010201; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010201; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV727-06,06-SRNP-41595; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- j. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 21-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010202; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010202; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV728-06,06-SRNP-41589; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- k. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 24-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010205; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010205; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV731-06,06-SRNP-41628; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- l. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 25-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010206; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010206; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV732-06,06-SRNP-41578; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- m. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest;

- locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 24-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010207; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010207; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV733-06,06-SRNP-41600; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- n. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 24-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010208; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010208; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV734-06,06-SRNP-41613; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- o. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 24-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010209; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010209; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV735-06,06-SRNP-41579; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- p. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 24-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010210; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010210; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV736-06,06-SRNP-41616; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- q. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*;

- scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 27-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010212; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010212; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV738-06,06-SRNP-41582; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- r. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Rio Francia Arriba; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.897; verbatimLongitude: -85.29; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.897; decimalLongitude: -85.29; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 26-May-2006; individualID: DHJPAR0010213; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0010213; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAV739-06,06-SRNP-41586; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- s. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Juntas; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.907; verbatimLongitude: -85.288; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.907; decimalLongitude: -85.288; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 11-Apr-2007; individualID: DHJPAR0019634; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0019634; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASTAB182-07,07-SRNP-40768; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- t. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Huerta; verbatimElevation: 527; verbatimLatitude: 10.931; verbatimLongitude: -85.372; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.931; decimalLongitude: -85.372; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 12-Feb-2009; individualID: DHJPAR0030036; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0030036; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASHYB780-09,09-SRNP-243; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen

- u. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Huerta; verbatimElevation: 527; verbatimLatitude: 10.931; verbatimLongitude: -85.372; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.931; decimalLongitude: -85.372; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 14-Feb-2009; individualID: DHJPAR0030037; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0030037; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASHYB781-09,09-SRNP-246; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- v. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Huerta; verbatimElevation: 527; verbatimLatitude: 10.931; verbatimLongitude: -85.372; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.931; decimalLongitude: -85.372; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 16-Feb-2009; individualID: DHJPAR0030038; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0030038; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASHYB782-09,09-SRNP-250; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- w. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Huerta; verbatimElevation: 527; verbatimLatitude: 10.931; verbatimLongitude: -85.372; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.931; decimalLongitude: -85.372; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 06-Feb-2009; individualID: DHJPAR0030039; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0030039; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASHYB783-09,09-SRNP-254; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- x. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Huerta; verbatimElevation: 527; verbatimLatitude: 10.931; verbatimLongitude: -85.372; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.931; decimalLongitude: -85.372; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 12-Feb-2009; individualID: DHJPAR0030462; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0030462; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASHYB1205-09,09-

- SRNP-242; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- y. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Huerta; verbatimElevation: 527; verbatimLatitude: 10.931; verbatimLongitude: -85.372; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.931; decimalLongitude: -85.372; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 04-Feb-2009; individualID: DHJPAR0030463; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0030463; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASHYB1206-09-09-SRNP-256; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- z. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Juntas; verbatimElevation: 400; verbatimLatitude: 10.907; verbatimLongitude: -85.288; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.907; decimalLongitude: -85.288; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 12-Feb-2010; individualID: DHJPAR0037670; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0037670; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASHYC4415-10,10-SRNP-40318; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- aa. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Melas; verbatimElevation: 153; verbatimLatitude: 10.958; verbatimLongitude: -85.284; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.958; decimalLongitude: -85.284; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 14-Jan-2010; individualID: DHJPAR0038713; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: DHJPAR0038713; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: ASHYD2286-10,09-SRNP-68574; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- ab. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Estacion San Cristobal; verbatimElevation: 640; verbatimLatitude: 10.87097; verbatimLongitude: -85.39144; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.87097; decimalLongitude: -85.39144; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: 22/Sep/98; individualID: 98-SRNP-7747; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned;

- catalogNumber: 98-SRNP-7747; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 98-SRNP-7747; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- ac. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Estacion San Cristobal; verbatimElevation: 640; verbatimLatitude: 10.87097; verbatimLongitude: -85.39144; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.87097; decimalLongitude: -85.39144; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Sep-22-1998; individualID: 98-SRNP-7766; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: 98-SRNP-7766; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 98-SRNP-7766; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- ad. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Cementerio Viejo; verbatimElevation: 570; verbatimLatitude: 10.88111; verbatimLongitude: -85.38889; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.88111; decimalLongitude: -85.38889; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Sep-25-1999; individualID: 99-SRNP-13079; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: 99-SRNP-13079; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 99-SRNP-13079; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- ae. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Cementerio Viejo; verbatimElevation: 570; verbatimLatitude: 10.88111; verbatimLongitude: -85.38889; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.88111; decimalLongitude: -85.38889; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Sep-25-1999; individualID: 99-SRNP-13070; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: 99-SRNP-13070; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 99-SRNP-13070; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- af. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Cementerio Viejo; verbatimElevation: 570; verbatimLatitude: 10.88111; verbatimLongitude: -85.38889; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.88111; decimalLongitude:

- 85.38889; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Sep-17-1999; individualID: 99-SRNP-12940; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: 99-SRNP-12940; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 99-SRNP-12940; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- ag. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Cementerio Viejo; verbatimElevation: 570; verbatimLatitude: 10.88111; verbatimLongitude: -85.38889; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.88111; decimalLongitude: -85.38889; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Sep-17-1999; individualID: 99-SRNP-12921; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: 99-SRNP-12921; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 99-SRNP-12921; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- ah. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Cementerio Viejo; verbatimElevation: 570; verbatimLatitude: 10.88111; verbatimLongitude: -85.38889; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.88111; decimalLongitude: -85.38889; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Sep-17-1999; individualID: 99-SRNP-12923; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: 99-SRNP-12923; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 99-SRNP-12923; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- ai. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Cementerio Viejo; verbatimElevation: 570; verbatimLatitude: 10.88111; verbatimLongitude: -85.38889; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.88111; decimalLongitude: -85.38889; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Sep-17-1999; individualID: 99-SRNP-12945; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: 99-SRNP-12945; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 99-SRNP-12945; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- aj. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Cementerio Viejo;

verbatimElevation: 570; verbatimLatitude: 10.88111; verbatimLongitude: -85.38889;  
verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.88111; decimalLongitude:  
-85.38889; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Sep-25-1999;  
individualID: 99-SRNP-13077; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned;  
catalogNumber: 99-SRNP-13077; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>;  
recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 99-SRNP-13077;  
identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC;  
collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen  
ak. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order:  
Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*;  
scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa  
Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality:  
Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Cementerio Viejo;  
verbatimElevation: 570; verbatimLatitude: 10.88111; verbatimLongitude: -85.38889;  
verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.88111; decimalLongitude:  
-85.38889; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Sep-17-1999;  
individualID: 99-SRNP-12895; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned;  
catalogNumber: 99-SRNP-12895; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>;  
recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 99-SRNP-12895;  
identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC;  
collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen  
al. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order:  
Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*;  
scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa  
Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector San Cristobal; locality:  
Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Cementerio Viejo;  
verbatimElevation: 570; verbatimLatitude: 10.88111; verbatimLongitude: -85.38889;  
verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.88111; decimalLongitude:  
-85.38889; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Sep-25-1999;  
individualID: 99-SRNP-13071; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned;  
catalogNumber: 99-SRNP-13071; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>;  
recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 99-SRNP-13071;  
identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC;  
collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen  
am. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order:  
Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*;  
scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa  
Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest;  
locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Camino Rio Francia;  
verbatimElevation: 410; verbatimLatitude: 10.90425; verbatimLongitude: -85.28651;  
verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.90425; decimalLongitude:  
-85.28651; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Jan-27-2001;  
individualID: 01-SRNP-4155; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned;  
catalogNumber: 01-SRNP-4155; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>;  
recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 01-SRNP-4155;  
identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; datelidentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC;  
collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen  
an. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order:  
Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*;  
scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa

- Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Camino Rio Francia; verbatimElevation: 410; verbatimLatitude: 10.90425; verbatimLongitude: -85.28651; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.90425; decimalLongitude: -85.28651; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Jan-27-2001; individualID: 01-SRNP-4156; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: 01-SRNP-4156; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 01-SRNP-4156; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- ao. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Parcelas; verbatimElevation: 375; verbatimLatitude: 10.90777; verbatimLongitude: -85.29137; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.90777; decimalLongitude: -85.29137; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Dec-13-2004; individualID: 04-SRNP-42944; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: 04-SRNP-42944; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 04-SRNP-42944; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen
- ap. scientificName: *Cordyligaster petiolata*; phylum: Arthropoda; class: Insecta; order: Diptera; family: Tachinidae; genus: *Cordyligaster*; specificEpithet: *fuscipennis*; scientificNameAuthorship: (Macquart, 1851); continent: Central America; country: Costa Rica; countryCode: CR; stateProvince: Alajuela; county: Sector Rincon Rain Forest; locality: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste; verbatimLocality: Sendero Parcelas; verbatimElevation: 375; verbatimLatitude: 10.90777; verbatimLongitude: -85.29137; verbatimCoordinateSystem: Decimal; decimalLatitude: 10.90777; decimalLongitude: -85.29137; samplingProtocol: Host Collection; verbatimEventDate: Dec-13-2004; individualID: 04-SRNP-42943; individualCount: 1; lifeStage: adult; preparations: pinned; catalogNumber: 04-SRNP-42943; occurrenceDetails: <http://janzen.sas.upenn.edu>; recordedBy: D.H. Janzen & W. Hallwachs; otherCatalogNumbers: 04-SRNP-42943; identifiedBy: AJ Fleming; dateIdentified: 2014; language: en; institutionCode: CNC; collectionCode: Insects; basisOfRecord: Pinned Specimen

## Description

Male (Fig. 5); Head: fronto orbital plate with silver tomentosity except at apex near ocellar triangle where silver gives way to black; antenna black with plumose arista; eye bare; ocellar bristles parallel and proclinate approximately twice the length of the ocellar triangle; fronto-orbital plate narrowing at apex enclosing only the ocellar triangle; proclinate orbital bristles absent in males; palpus black. Thorax: dorsal surface glabrous black, very slightly tomentose when viewed laterally. 3 post-sutural supra alar bristles, (one strong anterior, second and third bristles weak; first bristle strongest, almost 2X thickness of other post sutural supra alars); apical scutellar bristles long, equal in length of subapical scutellars; subapical scutellar bristles parallel or divergent (forming a wide V); katepisternum bearing 2 bristles, lateral view of thorax bearing 3

tomentose bands apparent (apparent when viewed from the side). Wings: dark smoky black in colour, clear to slightly smoky white towards wing base; vein  $R_1$  haired (Fig. 4a). Legs: black. Abdomen: all black, petiolate with both discal bristles and median marginal bristles present on T1+2, T3, T4 and T5. Silver pollinosity on upper margins of abdominal segments T3, and T4. Tomentosity covering T5 but as in the case of the thorax, this is only visible when viewed in certain angles of light, in this case dorsally.

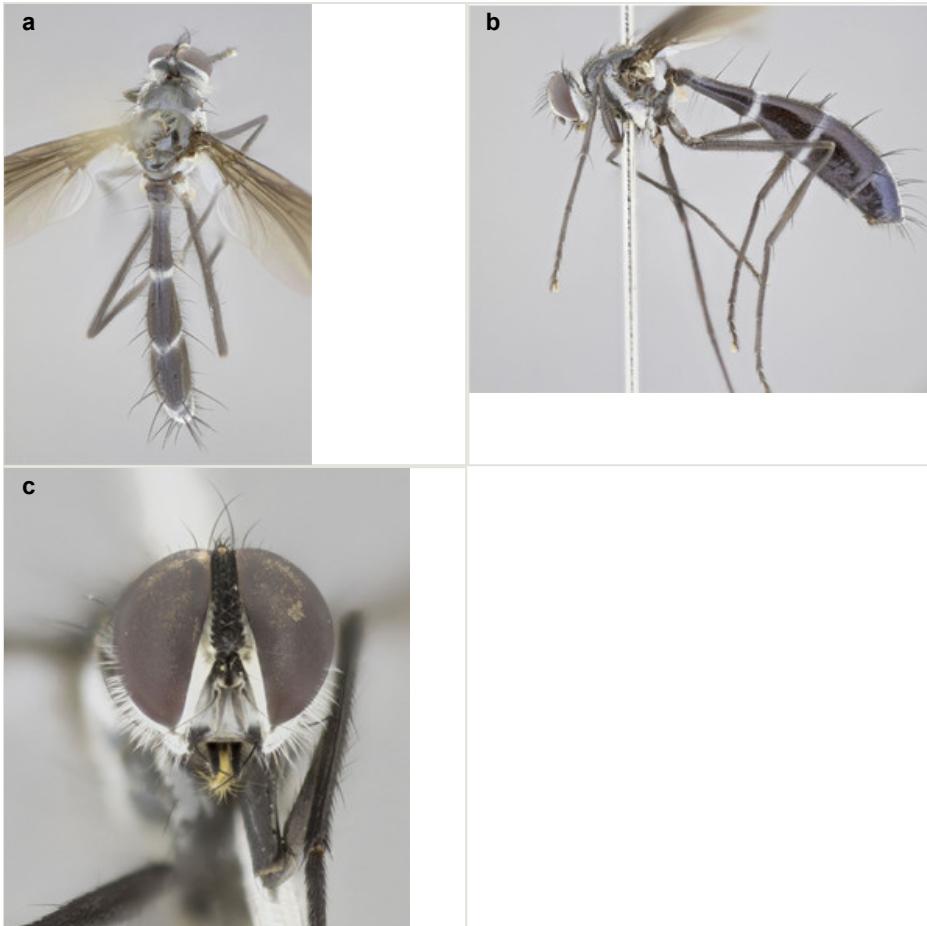


Figure 5.

General morphology of *Cordyligaster fuscipennis* male.

a: Dorsal view of *Cordyligaster fuscipennis* male

b: Lateral view of *Cordyligaster fuscipennis* male

c: Frontal view of head of *Cordyligaster fuscipennis* male

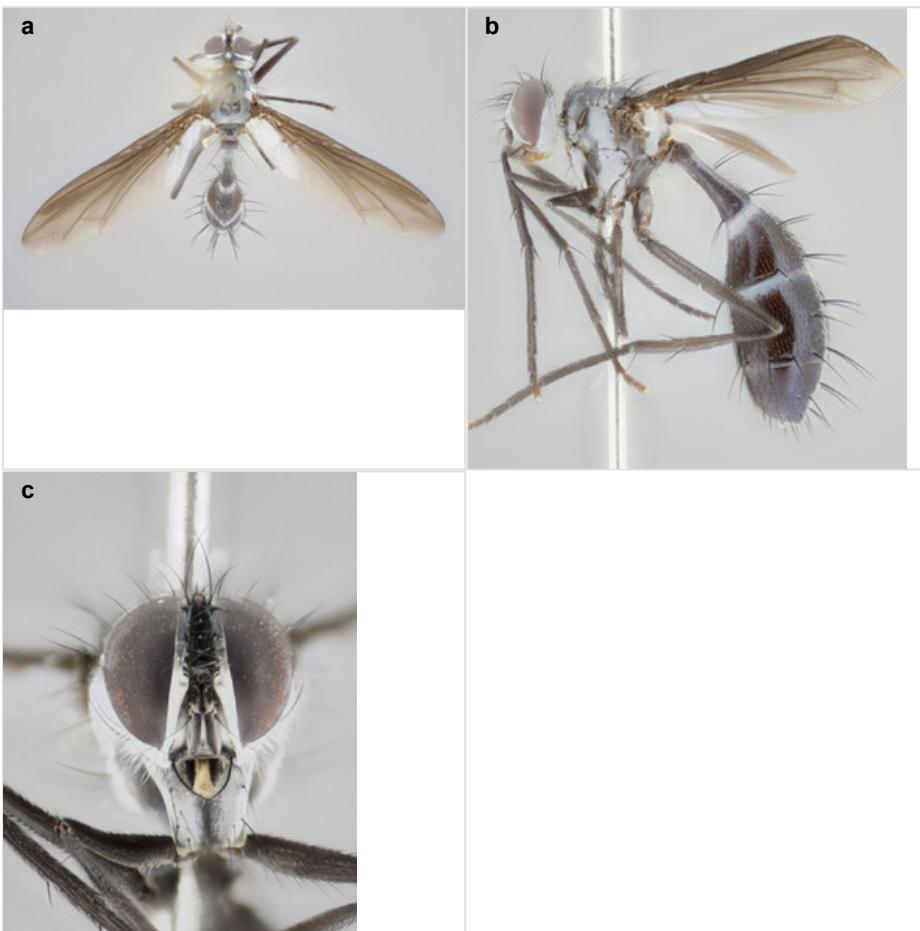


Figure 6.

General morphology of *Cordyligaster fuscipennis* female.

a: Dorsal view of *Cordyligaster fuscipennis* female

b: Lateral view of *Cordyligaster fuscipennis* female

c: Frontal view of head of *Cordyligaster fuscipennis* female

Female (Fig. 6); Head: fronto orbital plate with silver tomentosity; parafacial silver; antenna black with plumose arista; eye bare; ocellar bristles parallel and proclinate approximately twice the length of the ocellar triangle; fronto-orbital plate slightly narrowing at apex to almost the width of the ocellar triangle; frontal vitta 2 times as wide as face; proclinate orbital bristles present; palpus black. Thorax: at first glance appears glabrous black, however under certain angles of light a very light tomentum becomes apparent. Three post-sutural supra alar bristles, (two strong anterior, and third one weak; second bristle strongest, 1.5X thickness of first pssa; apical scutellar bristles long, equal in length of subapical scutellars; scutellar bristles divergent (forming a wide V); katepisternum bearing 2 bristles, tomentose bands as in male, these bands apparent when viewed laterally. Wings: smoky black in colour, dark amber towards

wing base; vein R<sub>1</sub> haired, vein R<sub>3</sub> haired along ½ of its length. Legs: black. Abdomen: all black, petiolate petiolate with both discal bristles and median marginal bristles present on T1+2, T3, T4 and T5. Silver pollinosity on upper margins of abdominal segments T3, and T4. Very light tomentosity present on T5 but as in the case of the thorax, this is only visible under certain angles of light.

### Diagnosis

This species is easily recognized by its relatively large size, black palpus, black antenna, and all black abdomen. It is distinguished from *C. petiolata* (Wiedemann 1830), by the lack of yellow spots on T3 (Sabrosky 1973). Species has the DNA barcode recorded below:

```
AACTTTATACTTATTTCGGTGCTTGATCAGGAATACTAGGAACATCTTAAGAATT  
TAATTCGAACAGAATTAGGACATCCAGGTTCACTAATTGGAGATGATCAAATTATAA  
CGTAATTGTAACAGCTCATGCTTTATTATAATTAAAAATTAGTTACCAATTATAATT  
GGAGGATTGGAAATTGATTAGTCCTTAATATTAGGAGCTCCAGATATAGCTTTTC  
CTCGAATAAAATAATAAGATTGACTACTTCCCCCTTTATTACTTCTCCTAATT  
GGTAGAATAGTTGAAAATGGAGCTGGAACAGGATGAACAGTTACCCCTCCTTATCT  
TCTAATATTGCACATAGAGGATCTCTGTTGACTTAACTATTTTCACTACATTAGC  
AGGTATTCTCTTATTAGGAGCTGTAATTTATTACAACAGTAATTATAACGATC  
AACAGGAATTACATTGATCGAACACCTTATTGTTGATCTGTAGCAATTACAGCA  
TTATTATTACTTTATCTTACCTGTATTAGCAGGAGCTTACCATATTAACTGAT  
CGAAATATAAAACTTCTTTTGACCCAGCAGGAGGAGGANCCTATTTATACC  
AACATTATT
```

Genetic comparison to the type specimens of previously known species was outside the scope of this paper, however the authors have selected to give the barcode data here as a diagnostic character such that it is readily available for future works which may undertake the barcoding of those previously described types.

### Distribution

Costa Rica, ACG, Prov. Guanacaste, rain forest, 153 – 640m elevation. Originally described from "South America", this species has been found to be very widely distributed, from Brazil, west to Bolivia and Peru, and North to Guatemala.

### Ecology

**Hosts:** Three species of leaf-rolling spilomeline Crambidae feeding on leaves of rain forest Urticaceae.

## Identification keys

### Revised key to the species of *Cordyligaster* Macquart

Key adapted from Sabrosky 1973 to include all species presently occurring within the genus.

1	Calyptere reduced to mere rounded rims	2
-	Calyptere normal in size	6
2	Thorax yellow on sides, only mesonotum largely black; antenna entirely yellowish; all coxae, femora, and tibiae yellow	<i>C. analis</i> (Macquart)
-	Thorax black; at least third antennal segment black; legs black except in <i>tipuliformis</i>	3
3	Legs chiefly yellowish, including fore coxae, femora more or less infuscated centrally; palpi yellow	<i>C. tipuliformis</i> Walker
-	Legs black; palpi black	4
4	Terga1+2, T3, and base of T4 yellow except for narrow black dorsal vitta	<i>C. townsendi</i> Guimaraes
-	Abdomen predominantly shining black, at most narrowly yellow at base of T3 (apparent T1+2), and with usual silvery tomentose bands at bases of T3 and T4	5
5	Disk of mesonotum brilliantly shining; T3 with a pair of yellow spots at base, in ground color beneath band of tomentum	<i>C. petiolata</i> (Wiedemann)
-	Mesonotum thinly tomentose; T3 black in ground color, without yellow spots beneath band of tomentum	<i>C. fuscipennis</i> (Macquart)
6	Thorax covered with golden pollinosity, with faint dark stripes; antenna dark red; palpi yellow	<i>C. nyomala</i> Townsend
-	Thorax with dark ground colour and no golden pollen; antenna either entirely black or only pedicel reddish	7
7	Thorax with faintly visible silver pollinosity forming the appearance of visible dark vittae; crossvein dm-cu undulated appearing vaguely S shaped; pedicel and palpus appearing rusty brown almost orange; only posterior katepisternal bristle present; wings smoky reddish/brown	<i>C. minuscula</i> Wulp
-	Thorax glabrous black with very little silver pollinosity; crossvein dm-cu not undulated; vein R <sub>4+5</sub> haired up to crossvein r-m; pedicel and palpus black; 2 katepisternal bristle present; wings smoky yellow	<i>C. capellii</i> n. sp.

## Analysis

Mitochondrial DNA barcodes from the two species of *Cordyligaster* displayed no heteroplasmy or double banding that might suggest the inadvertent amplification and sequencing of a nuclear pseudogene. Sequences displayed the characteristic AT bias of insect mitochondrial DNA (70%) and showed very little intraspecific variation within their DNA barcode region (min 0.05%, min 0.31% respectively) with greater inter-specific variation evident between them (6.83%).

## Acknowledgements

We gratefully acknowledge the unflagging support of the team of ACG parataxonomists (Janzen et al. 2009, Janzen & Hallwachs 2011) who found and reared the specimens used in this study, and the team of biodiversity managers who protect and manage ACG forests that host these tachinids and their caterpillar hosts. The study has been supported by U.S. National Science Foundation grants BSR 9024770 and DEB 9306296, 9400829, 9705072, 0072730, 0515699, and grants from the Wege Foundation, International Conservation Fund of Canada, Jessie B. Cox Charitable Trust, Blue Moon Fund, Guanacaste Dry Forest Conservation Fund, Area de Conservación Guanacaste, Permian Global, and University of Pennsylvania (DHJ&WH). This study has been supported by the Government of Canada through its ongoing support of the Canadian National Collection, Genome Canada, the Biodiversity Institute of Ontario, and the Ontario Genomics Institute (2008–0GI–ICI–03) (MAS), and by a Discovery Grant from Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada (MAS). The authors also wish to acknowledge the efforts and time of the editor and reviewers, who provide insights and suggestions which allow us to make our work better.

## References

- Bigot JM (1888) Diptères nouveaux ou peu connus. 33<sup>e</sup> partie, XLI: Tachinidae. Annales de Société entomologique de France 8: 77.
- Cumming J, Wood D (2009) Adult morphology and terminology. Chapter 2. In: *Manual of Central American Diptera*. 1. National Research Council of Canada Monograph Publishing Program., Ottawa, Canada, 9-50 pp.
- Fernández-Triana JL, Whitfield JB, Rodriguez JJ, Smith MA, Janzen DH, Hallwachs WD, Hajibabaei M, Burns JM, Solis MA, Brown J, Cardinal S, Goulet H, Hebert PDN (2014) Review of *Apanteles* sensu stricto (Hymenoptera, Braconidae, Microgastrinae) from Area de Conservación Guanacaste, northwestern Costa Rica, with keys to all described species from Mesoamerica. ZooKeys 383: 1-565. DOI: [10.3897/zookeys.383.6418](https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.383.6418)
- Giglio-Tos E (1894) Ditteri del Messico. Parte Terza. Muscidae calypteratae, Ocypterinae, Gymnosominae, Phasinae, Phaninae, Tachininae, Dexinae, Sarcophaginae. C. Clausen, Torino, 76 + 1 pl. pp.

- Guimarães JH (1971) Notes on the genus *Cordyligaster* Macquart, with the description of a new species from Brazil (Diptera, Tachinidae). *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia*: 99-103.
- Guimarães JH (1982) A Study of the South American Sophiini, with the description of new genera and species from Brazil (Diptera, Tachinidae). *Revista Brasileira Entomologica* 26: 163-171.
- Ivanova N, Deward J, Hebert PN (2006) An inexpensive, automation-friendly protocol for recovering high-quality DNA. *Molecular Ecology Notes* 6 (4): 998-1002. DOI: [10.1111/j.1471-8286.2006.01428.x](https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1471-8286.2006.01428.x)
- Janzen D, Hallwachs W (2011) Joining Inventory by Parataxonomists with DNA Barcoding of a Large Complex Tropical Conserved Wildland in Northwestern Costa Rica. *PLoS ONE* 6 (8): e18123. DOI: [10.1371/journal.pone.0018123](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0018123)
- Janzen DH, Hallwachs W, Blandin P, Burns JM, Cadiou J, Chacon I, Dapkey T, Deans AR, Epstein ME, Espinoza B, Franclemont JG, Haber WA, Hajibabaei M, Hall JP, Hebert PD, Gauld ID, Harvey DJ, Hausmann A, Kitching I, Lafontaine D, Landry J, Lemaire C, Miller JY, Miller JS, Miller L, Miller SE, Montero J, Munroe E, Rab Green S, Ratnasingham S, Rawlins JE, Robbins RK, Rodriguez JJ, Rougerie R, Sharkey MJ, Smith MA, Solis MA, Sullivan JB, Thiaucourt P, Wahl DB, Weller SJ, Whitfield JB, Willmott KR, Wood DM, Woodley NE, Wilson JJ (2009) Integration of DNA barcoding into an ongoing inventory of complex tropical biodiversity. *Molecular Ecology Resources* 9 (Supplement 1): 1-26. DOI: [10.1111/j.1755-0998.2009.02628.x](https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1755-0998.2009.02628.x)
- Macquart J (1844) Diptères exotiques nouveaux ou peu connus. *Mémoires de la Société des Sciences, de l'Agriculture et des Arts de Lille* 2: 5-304.
- Macquart J (1851) Diptères exotiques nouveaux ou peu connus. Suite du 4<sup>e</sup> Supplement. *Mémoires de la Société des Sciences, de l'Agriculture et des Arts de Lille* 1850(1851): 134-294.
- O'Hara JE (1983) Classification, phylogeny and zoogeography of the North American species of *Siphona* Meigen (Diptera: Tachinidae). *Quaestiones Entomologicae* (1982): 261-380.
- Ratnasingham S, Hebert PDN (2007) BOLD: The Barcode of Life Data System ([www.barcodinglife.org](http://www.barcodinglife.org)). *Molecular Ecology Notes* 7: 355-364. DOI: [10.1111/j.1471-8286.2007.01678.x](https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1471-8286.2007.01678.x)
- Rodriguez J, Fernández-Triana J, Smith MA, Janzen D, Hallwachs W, Erwin T, Whitfield J (2012) Extrapolations from field studies and known faunas converge on dramatically increased estimates of global microgastriine parasitoid wasp species richness (Hymenoptera: Braconidae). *Insect Conservation and Diversity* 6 (4): 530-536. DOI: [10.1111/icad.12003](https://doi.org/10.1111/icad.12003)
- Sabrosky C (1973) A revised key to the species of *Cordyligaster* Macquart (Diptera: Tachinidae). *Studia Entomologica* 16: 217-222.
- Saitou N, Nei M (1987) The neighbor-joining method: a new method for reconstructing phylogenetic trees. *Molecular Biology and Evolution* 4: 406-425.
- Smith D, Janzen D, Hallwachs W, Smith A (2012) Hyperparasitoid wasps (Hymenoptera, Trigonidae) reared from dry forest and rain forest caterpillars of Area de Conservación Guanacaste, Costa Rica. *Journal of Hymenoptera Research* 29: 119-144. DOI: [10.3897/jhr.29.3233](https://doi.org/10.3897/jhr.29.3233)
- Smith MA, Fernandez-Triana J, Roughley R, Hebert PD (2009) DNA barcode accumulation curves for understudied taxa and areas. *Molecular Ecology Resources* 9 (1): 208-216. DOI: [10.1111/j.1755-0998.2009.02646.x](https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1755-0998.2009.02646.x)

- Smith MA, Wood DM, Janzen DH, Hallwachs W, Hebert PD (2007) DNA barcodes affirm that 16 species of apparently generalist tropical parasitoid flies (Diptera, Tachinidae) are not all generalists. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences* 104: 4967-4972. DOI: [10.1073/pnas.0700050104](https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.0700050104)
- Smith MA, Woodley NE, Janzen DH, Hallwachs W, Hebert PD (2006) DNA barcodes reveal cryptic host-specificity within the presumed polyphagous members of a genus of parasitoid flies (Diptera: Tachinidae). *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences* 103: 3657-3662. DOI: [10.1073/pnas.0511318103](https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.0511318103)
- Smith MA, Rodriguez JJ, Whitfield JB, Deans AR, Janzen DH, Hallwachs W, Hebert PD (2008) Extreme diversity of tropical parasitoid wasps exposed by iterative integration of natural history, DNA barcoding, morphology, and collections. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences* 105: 12359-12364. DOI: [10.1073/pnas.0805319105](https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.0805319105)
- Thompson WR (1910) Synonymical and Other Notes on Diptera. *Psyche* 17: 210-218. DOI: [10.1155/1910/16852](https://doi.org/10.1155/1910/16852)
- Townsend CH (1909) Descriptions of some new Tachinidae. *Annals of the Entomological Society of America* 2: 243-250.
- Townsend CH (1914) New muscoid flies mainly Hystricidae and Pyrrhosinae from the Andean Montanya (cont.). *Insecutor Inscitiae Menstruus* 2: 81-96.
- Townsend CH (1915) An acalyprate genus of Muscoidea. *Insecutor Inscitiae Menstruus* 3: 41.
- Townsend CH (1917) Miscellaneous muscoid notes and descriptions. *Insecutor Inscitiae Menstruus* 4: 121-128.
- Townsend CH (1936) Manual of Myiology. Part IV: Oestroid Classification and Habits; Dexiidae and Exoristidae. Charles Townsend & Filhos, Itaquaquecetuba, São Paulo, Brasil, 303 pp.
- van der Wulp FM (1891) Fam. Muscidae. [Cont.]. In: Godman FD, Salvin O (Eds) *Biologia Centrali-Americana or, contributions to the knowledge of the fauna and flora of Mexico and Central America. Zooloogia. Class Insecta. Order Diptera.* 2. Taylor & Francis, London, 489 pp.
- Walker F (1858) Characters of undescribed Diptera in the collection of W.W. Saunders, Esq., F.R.S., & c. *Transactions of the Entomological Society of London* 4: 190-235.
- Wiedemann CR (1830) *Aussereuropäische zweiflügelige Insekten. Als Fortsetzung des Meigenschen Werks.* [Non-European two-winged insects. As a continuation of Meigen's work]. Theil Schulz, Hamm, 684 pp.
- Wood DM, Zumbado MA (2010) Tachinidae (tachinid flies, parasitic flies). In: Brown BV, Borkent A, Cumming JM, Wood DM, Woodley NE, Zumbado MA (Eds) *Manual of Central American Diptera.* Volume 2. NRC Research Press, Ottawa, 715-1442 pp.

## Supplementary materials

### Suppl. material 1: *Cordyligaster* NJ 7Oct14

**Authors:** DHJ, WH

**Data type:** Neighbor Joining Tree

**Filename:** *Cordyligaster* NJ 7oct14.pdf - [Download file](#) (88.22 kb)

### Suppl. material 2: *Cordyligaster* exel 7Oct14

**Authors:** DHJ, WH

**Data type:** Excel spreadsheet displaying relevant data from Neighbor Joining tree

**Filename:** *Cordyligaster* exel 7oct14.xls - [Download file](#) (7.91 kb)