# Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis sp. nov., a new bacterium isolated from the stool of a healthy adult

E. K. Yimagou<sup>1</sup>, N. Dione<sup>1</sup>, I. I. Ngom<sup>1</sup>, M. L. Tall<sup>1</sup>, J. P. Baudoin<sup>1</sup>, D. Raoult<sup>1,2</sup> and J. Y. Bou Khalil<sup>1</sup>

1) Aix Marseille Univ, IRD (Development Research Institute), AP-HM (Public Assistance of Marseille Hospitals), MEPHI (Microbes Evolution Phylogenie Et Infections), IHU (University Hospital Institute)-Méditerranée Infection, Marseille, France and 2) Special Infectious Agents Unit, King Fahd Medical Research Centre, King Abdulaziz University, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia

#### **Abstract**

Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis strain Marseille-P3763<sup>T</sup> (= CSURP3763) is a new species isolated from the stool of a heathy adult. © 2019 Published by Elsevier Ltd.

Keywords: Culturomics, new species, Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis, stool, taxono-genomics

Original Submission: 19 August 2019; Accepted: 10 December 2019

Article published online: 24 December 2019

Corresponding author: J.Y. Bou Khalil, MEPHI, Institut Hospitalo-Universitaire Méditerranée Infection, 19-21 Boulevard Jean Moulin, Marseille Cedex 05, 13385, France.

E-mail: boukhaliljacques@gmail.com

## Introduction

Culturomics is a concept developing different culture conditions in order to enlarge our knowledge of the human microbiota through the discovery of previously uncultured bacteria [1-4]. Once an isolate is obtained, we used a taxono-genomics approach including matrix-assisted laser desorption/ionization time-of-flight mass spectrometry (MALDI-TOF MS), phylogenetic analysis, main phenotypic description (Table I) and genome sequencing, to describe it [5,6].

## Isolation and growth conditions

In 2016, we isolated from human stool an unidentified bacterial strain. The study was validated by the ethics committee of IHU Méditerranée Infection under number 2016-011. A screening was performed using MALDI-TOF MS on a Microflex LT spectrometer (Bruker Daltonics, Bremen, Germany) as previously described [7]. The spectra obtained (Fig. I) were imported into MALDI BIOTYPER 3.0 software (Bruker Daltonics) and analysed against the main spectra of the bacteria included in the database (Bruker database constantly updated with MEPHI database: https://www.mediterranee-infection.com/urms-database/http://www.mediterraneeinfection.com/article.php? larub=280&titre=urms-database)). The initial growth was obtained after 48 h of culture on Columbia Agar with 5% sheep blood in anaerobic conditions at 37 °C and pH 7.5.

## Strain identification

The I6S rRNA gene was sequenced to classify this bacterium. Amplification was done by using the primer pair fDI and rP2 (Eurogentec, Angers, France) and sequencing using the Big Dye® Terminator vI.I Cycle Sequencing Kit and ABI Prism 3130xl Genetic Analyzer capillary sequencer (Thermofisher, Saint-Aubin, France), as previously described [8]. The 16S rRNA nucleotide sequences were assembled and corrected using CODONCODE ALIGNER software (http://www.codoncode. com). Strain Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis exhibited a 96.68% sequence identity with Parabacteroides chinchillae strain JCM 17104 (GenBank accession number NR\_113208.1, the phylogenetically closest species with standing in nomenclature (Fig. 2). We consequently classify this strain as a member of a new species within the genus Parabacteroides, family Tannerellaceae, phylum Bacteroidetes.

ว

TABLE I. Description of *Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis* according to the digitalized protologue TA00969 on the www.imedea.uib.es/dprotologue website

TAXONUMBER	TA00969
DATE OF THE ENTRY	2019-05-28
DRAFT NUMBER/DATE	001
VERSION	Submitted
TYPE OF DESCRIPTION	New Description
SPECIES NAME	Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis
GENUS NAME	Parabacteroides
SPECIFIC EPITHET	Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis
SPECIES STATUS	sp. nov.
PECIES ETYMOLOGY	bou.ches.du.rho.nen'sis, N.L. neut. adj. bouchesdurhonensis,
	pertaining to Bouches du Rhône, the name of the French territory
	where strain Marseille-P3763 was isolated
UBMITTER	KUETE YIMAGOU EDMOND
-MAIL OF THE SUBMITTER	edmondkuete@yahoo.fr
DESIGNATION OF THE TYPE STRAIN	Marseille-P3763T
TRAIN COLLECTION NUMBERS	CSURP 3763
6S rRNA GENE ACCESSION NUMBER	LT722681
GENOME ACCESSION NUMBER [RefSeq]	FYCK00000000
GENOME ACCESSION NUMBER [EMBL]	1 1 51.0000
GENOME STATUS	Complete
GC mol %	40.8
DATA ON THE ORIGIN OF THE SAMPLE FROM WHICH THE STRAIN	HAD BEEN ISOLATED
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	FRANCE
REGION OF ORIGIN	Bouches du Rhône
DATE OF ISOLATION	2016-03-15
OURCE OF ISOLATION	STOOL
AMPLING DATE	2016-03-12
GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION	MARSEILLE
OURCE OF ISOLATION OF NON-TYPE STRAINS	GUT
GROWTH MEDIUM, INCUBATION CONDITIONS [Temperature,	5% sheep's blood-enriched Columbia agar
pH, and further information] USED FOR STANDARD	37°C
CULTIVATION	PH: 7.5
GRAM STAIN	NEGATIVE
CELL SHAPE	Rod
MOTILITY	Non-motile
PORULATION (resting cells)	None
OWEST TEMPERATURE FOR GROWTH	28°C
HIGHEST TEMPERATURE FOR GROWTH	45°C
FEMPERATURE OPTIMUM	37°C
HABITAT	HUMAN

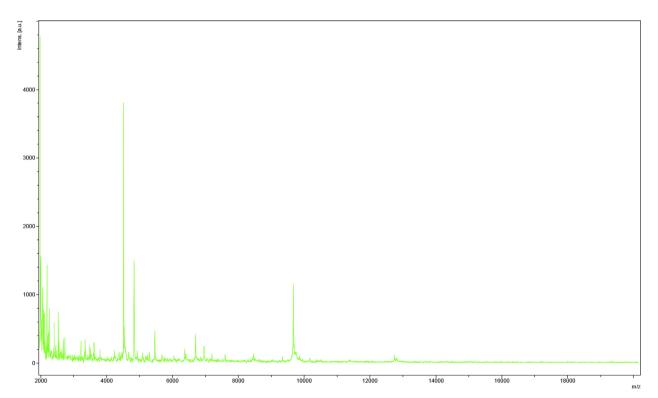


FIG. 1. MALDI-TOF MS Reference mass spectrum. Spectra from 12 individual colonies were compared and a reference spectrum was generated.
© 2019 Published by Elsevier Ltd, NMNI, 34, 100639

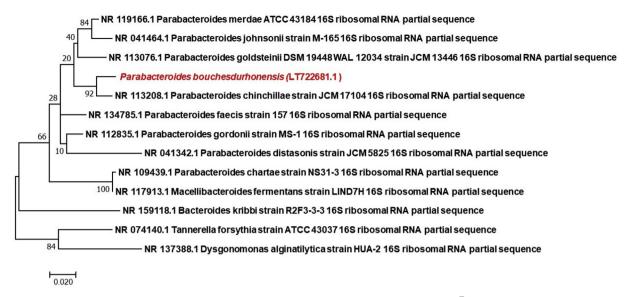


FIG. 2. Phylogenetic tree showing the position of *Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis* strain Marseille-P3763<sup>T</sup> relative to other phylogenetically close neighbours. The respective GenBank accession numbers for 16S rRNA genes are indicated in parenthesis. Sequences were aligned using Muscle v3.8.31 with default parameters and phylogenetic inferences were obtained using the maximum likelihood method within MEGA 7 software. Numbers at the nodes are percentages of bootstrap values obtained by repeating the analysis 100 times to generate a majority consensus tree. The scale bar indicates a 5% nucleotide sequence divergence.

# Phenotypic characteristics

Colonies were beige in colour and circular in shape with a mean diameter of 1 mm. Bacterial cells were Gram-negative, rod-shaped, ranging in length from 0.4 to 0.8 µm and in width from 0.7 to 1.2 µm and non-motile (Fig. 3). Strain Marseille-P3763<sup>T</sup> showed catalase-positive and oxidase-negative activities. Characteristics of the strain are summarized in Table 1. API 50CH and API ZYM tests were performed at 37 °C under anaerobic conditions and the results are summarized in Table 2.

# **Genome sequencing**

Genomic DNA was extracted using the EZI biorobot (Qiagen, Courtaboeuf, France) with the EZI DNA tissue kit and then sequenced on the MiSeq technology (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA) with the Nextera XT Paired end (Illumina), as previously described [9]. The assembly was performed with a pipeline incorporating different softwares (Velvet [10], Spades [11] and Soap Denovo [12]) on trimmed (Trimmomatic [13]) or raw data. GapCloser was used to reduce assembly gaps. Scaffolds <800 bp and scaffolds with a depth value <25% of the mean depth were removed. The best assembly was selected by using different criteria (17 scaffolds, 19 contigs). The genome of strain Marseille-P3763<sup>T</sup> is 3.7321 Mb long with a 40.8 mol% G + C

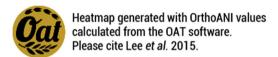
content and contains 3024 predicted genes. The degree of genomic similarity of strain Marseille-P3763<sup>T</sup> with closely related species was estimated using the OrthoANI software [14]. Values among closely related species (Fig. 4) ranged from 69.68% between *Parabacteroides distasonis* and *Parabacteroides chartae* to 90.65% between *Parabacteroides johnsonii* and *Parabacteroides merdae*. When the isolate was compared with these closely related species, values ranged from 70.54% with *Parabacteroides chartae* to 78.30% with *Parabacteroides chinchillae*.



FIG. 3. Electron micrograph of *Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis* strain Marseille-P3763<sup>T</sup> was acquired with a Hitachi TM4000Plus tabletop scanning electron microscope.

TABLE 2. Phenotypic characterization of *Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis* based on the biochemical tests: Profile Index: (A) API 50 CH, (B) API ZYM

Test	Results (+/-)	Test	Results (+/-)
(A) API 50 CH			
Control	_	Esculine	_
Glycerol	+	Salicine	+
Erythrol	+	D-cellobiose	•
D-arabinose	+	D-maltose	+
ı-arabinose	+	D-lactose	+
D-ribose	+	D-melibiose	+
D-xylose	+	D-saccharose	+
	+	p-trehalose	+
L-xylose	+ +	Inuline	+
D-adonitol	+		+
Methyl-βD-xylopyranoside	+	D-melezitose D-raffinose	+
D-galactose	+		+
D-glucose		Amidon	
D-fructose	<b>+</b>	Glycogene	+
D-mannose	+	Xylitol	+
L-sorbose	+	Gentibiose	+
L-rhammose	+	D-turanose	+
Dulcitol	+	D- <b>lyxose</b>	+
Inositol	+	D-tagatose	+
D-mannitol	+	D-fucose	+
D-sorbitol	+	L-fucose	+
Methyl-αD-mannopyranoside	+	D-arabitol	+
Methyl-αD-glucopyranoside	+	L-arabitol	+
N-acetylglucosamine	+	Potassium gluconate	+
Amygdaline	+		
		Potassium 2-cetogiuconate	_
Arbutine	+	Potassium 2-cetogluconate Potassium 5-cetogluconate	+
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur	+		+
Arbutine Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur Test	+		
Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur Test  (B) API ZYM	+		+ Results (+/-)
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM Control	+		+ Results (+/-) -
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM  Control  Alkaline phosphatase	+		+ Results (+/-) - +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM  Control  Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4)	+		+ Results (+/-) + +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM  Control  Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase (Dasse (C 8)	+		+ Results (+/-) - +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM  Control  Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase lipase (C 8) Lipase (C 14)	+		+ Results (+/-) - + + -
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM  Control  Alkaline phosphatase  Esterase (C 4)  Esterase lipase (C 8)  Lipase (C 14)  Leucine arylamidase	+		+ Results (+/-) + +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM  Control  Alkaline phosphatase  Esterase (C 4)  Esterase lipase (C 8)  Lipase (C 14)  Leucine arylamidase  Valine arylamidase	+		+  Results (+/-)  - + + + + -
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM  Control  Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase lipase (C 8) Lipase (C 14) Leucine arylamidase  Vyaline arylamidase  Cystine arylamidase	+		+ Results (+/-) - + + -
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM Control Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase lipase (C 8) Lipase (C 14) Leucine arylamidase Valine arylamidase Cystine arylamidase Trypsine	+		+  Results (+/-)  - + + + + -
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM Control Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase lipase (C 8) Lipase (C 14) Leucine arylamidase Valine arylamidase Cystine arylamidase Trypsine U-chymotrypsine	+		+ Results (+/-) - + + + +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM Control Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase lipase (C 8) Lipase (C 14) Leucine arylamidase Valine arylamidase Cystine arylamidase Trypsine Cystine arylamidase Acid phosphatase Acid phosphatase	+		+ Results (+/-) - + + + + - +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM  Control  Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4)  Esterase lipase (C 8)  Lipase (C 14)  Leucine arylamidase  Valine arylamidase  Trypsine  a-chymotrypsine  Acid phosphatase  Naphthalo-AS-BI-phosphohydrolase	+		+ Results (+/-) + + + + - + - + - + + +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM Control Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase (Base (C 8) Lipase (C 14) Leucine arylamidase Valine arylamidase Cystine arylamidase Trypsine C-chymotrypsine Acid phosphatase Naphthalo-AS-BI-phosphohydrolase Cryalactosidase	+		+  Results (+/-)  - + + + + - + - + + - + - + + - + + + + + +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM  Control  Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase lipase (C 8) Lipase (C 14) Leucine arylamidase  Cystine arylamidase Cystine arylamidase Trypsine  1-chymotrypsine Acid phosphatase  Naphthalo-AS-BI-phosphohydrolase  Tayalactosidase	+		+ Results (+/-) + + + + - + - + - + + +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM Control Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase lipase (C 8) Lipase (C 14) Leucine arylamidase Valine arylamidase Cystine arylamidase Trypsine ac-chymotrypsine Acid phosphatase Naphthalo-AS-BI-phosphohydrolase a-galactosidase B-galactosidase	+		+  Results (+/-)  - + + + + - + - + + - + - + + - + + + + + +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM  Control  Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4)  Esterase (Dasse (C 8)	+		+  Results (+/-)  - + + + + - + - + + - + - + + - + + + + + +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM Control Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase lipase (C 8) Lipase (C 14) Leucine arylamidase Valine arylamidase Valine arylamidase Trypsine  α-chymotrypsine Acid phosphatase Acid phosphatase α-galactosidase β-galactosidase β-galactosidase β-glucuronidase α-glucosidase α-glucosidase	+		+  Results (+/-)  - + + + + + - + + + +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM  Control  Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase lipase (C 8) Lipase (C 14) Leucine arylamidase Valine arylamidase Valine arylamidase Trypsine ac-chymotrypsine Acid phosphatase Naphthalo-AS-BI-phosphohydrolase  tr-galactosidase B-galactosidase B-galactosidase B-galactosidase B-glaucuronidase	+		+  Results (+/-)  - + + + + + - + + + +
Arbutine  Bacteria: Parabacteroides bouchesdur  Test  (B) API ZYM Control Alkaline phosphatase Esterase (C 4) Esterase lipase (C 8) Lipase (C 14) Leucine arylamidase Valine arylamidase Cystine arylamidase Trypsine ac-chymotrypsine Acid phosphatase Naphthalo-AS-BI-phosphohydrolase a-galactosidase B-glucorioidase a-glucosidase B-glucosidase B-glucosidase	+		+ Results (+/-) - + + + + - + - + - + + + +



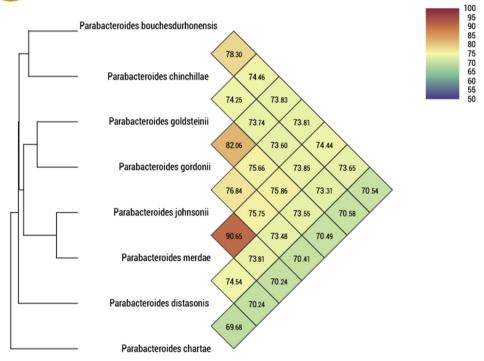


FIG. 4. Heatmap generated with ORTHOANI values calculated using the OAT software between genus species and other closely related species with standing in nomenclature.

#### Conclusion

Strain Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis exhibits a 16S rRNA sequence divergence <98.65% and an ORTHOANI value <95% with its phylogenetically closest species with standing in nomenclature, together with unique phenotypic features. It is consequently proposed as the type strain of the new species: Parabacteroides bouchesdurhonensis sp. nov.

## Nucleotide sequence accession number

The I6S rRNA gene and genome sequences were deposited in GenBank under accession number LT722681 and FYCK00000000, respectively.

### Deposit in culture collections

Strain Marseille-P3763T was deposited in the collections under number CSURP3763.

# **Conflict of interest**

None to declare.

# **Acknowledgements**

This work was funded by the IHU Méditerranée Infection (Marseille, France) and by the French Government under the Investissements d'avenir (Investments for the Future) programme managed by the Agence Nationale de la Recherche (ANR, fr: National Agency for Research) (reference: Méditerranée Infection 10-IAHU- 03). The authors thank the Hitachi Corporation for providing the TM4000 Plus Tabletop microscope. They also thank Magdalen Lardière from IHU-Méditerranée Infection, Marseille for reviewing the English and Aurelia Caputo from IHU-Méditerranée Infection, Marseille for submitting the genomic sequences to GenBank.

#### References

- Lagier J-C, Armougom F, Million M, Hugon P, Pagnier I, Robert C, et al. Microbial culturomics: paradigm shift in the human gut microbiome study. Clin Microbiol Infect 2012;18:1185–93.
- [2] Lagier J-C, Hugon P, Khelaifia S, Fournier P-E, La Scola B, Raoult D. The rebirth of culture in microbiology through the example of culturomics to study human gut microbiota. Clin Microbiol Rev 2015;28:237–64.
- [3] Lagier J-C, Khelaifia S, Alou MT, Ndongo S, Dione N, Hugon P, et al. Culture of previously uncultured members of the human gut microbiota by culturomics. Nat Microbiol 2016;1:16203.
- [4] Lagier JC, Edouard S, Pagnier I, Mediannikov O, Drancourt M, Raoult D. Current and past strategies for bacterial culture in clinical microbiology. Clin Microbiol Rev 2015;28:208–36.
- [5] Fournier PE, Lagier JC, Dubourg G, Raoult D. From culturomics to taxonomogenomics: a need to change the taxonomy of prokaryotes in clinical microbiology. Anaerobe 2015;36:73–8.
- [6] Ramasamy D, Mishra AK, Lagier J-C, Padhmanabhan R, Rossi M, Sentausa E, et al. A polyphasic strategy incorporating genomic data for the taxonomic description of novel bacterial species. Int J Syst Evol Microbiol 2014;64:384–91.
- [7] Seng P, Drancourt M, Gouriet F, La Scola B, Fournier P-E, Rolain JM, et al. Ongoing revolution in bacteriology: routine identification of bacteria by matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization time-of-flight mass spectrometry. Clin Infect Dis 2009;49:543–51.
- [8] Morel A-S, Dubourg G, Prudent E, Edouard S, Gouriet F, Casalta J-P, et al. Complementarity between targeted real-time specific PCR and conventional broad-range I6S rDNA PCR in the syndrome-driven diagnosis of infectious diseases. Eur J Clin Microbiol Infect Dis 2015;34:561-70.
- [9] Diop A, Khelaifia S, Armstrong N, Labas N, Fournier P-E, Raoult D, et al. Microbial culturomics unravels the halophilic microbiota repertoire of table salt: description of *Gracilibacillus massiliensis* sp. nov. Microb Ecol Health Dis 2016:27:32049.
- [10] Zerbino DR, Birney E. Velvet: algorithms for de novo short read assembly using de Bruijn graphs. Genome Res 2008;18:821–9.
- [11] Bankevich A, Nurk S, Antipov D, Gurevich AA, Dvorkin M, Kulikov AS, et al. SPAdes: a new genome assembly algorithm and its applications to single-cell sequencing. J Comput Biol 2012;19:455–77.
- [12] Luo R, Liu B, Xie Y, Li Z, Huang W, Yuan J, et al. SOAPdenovo2: an empirically improved memory-efficient short-read de novo assembler. GigaScience 2012;1:18.
- [13] Bolger AM, Lohse M, Usadel B. Trimmomatic: a flexible trimmer for Illumina sequence data. Bioinformatics 2014;30:2114–20.
- [14] Lee I, Ouk Kim Y, Park S-C, Chun J. OrthoANI: an improved algorithm and software for calculating average nucleotide identity. Int J Syst Evol Microbiol 2016;66:1100–3.