

$b = 5.7026 (5) \text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 25.289 (2) \text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 98.776 (1)^\circ$   
 $V = 1290.8 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.29 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 293 \text{ K}$   
 $0.12 \times 0.10 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$

## 8-Chloro-4-cyclohexyl-2*H*-1,4-benzoxazin-3(4*H*)-one

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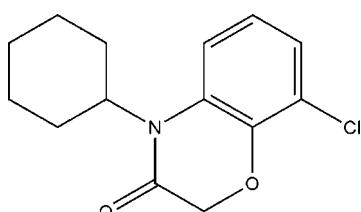
Received 5 March 2009; accepted 7 March 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293 \text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003 \text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.035;  $wR$  factor = 0.094; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.0.

In the crystal structure of title compound,  $C_{14}H_{16}\text{ClNO}_2$ , the cyclohexyl ring is in a chair conformation. The molecules are connected into centrosymmetric dimers *via* weak  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds.

## Related literature

For related structures, see: Li *et al.* (2008); Zuo *et al.* (2008).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{16}\text{ClNO}_2$   
 $M_r = 265.73$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 9.0570 (8) \text{ \AA}$

### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.967$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.985$

6491 measured reflections  
2284 independent reflections  
1865 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.094$   
 $S = 1.02$   
2284 reflections

163 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.15 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C8—H8A $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.97	2.44	3.407 (3)	174

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, -y + 1, -z$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

This study was supported by the Key Program Projects of the Municipal Natural Science Foundation of Chongqing, China (grant No. CSTC, 2007AC1042).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NC2137).

## References

- Bruker (2005). *SMART*, *SAINT* and *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  
Li, Z.-B., Luo, Y.-H., Dong, W.-L., Li, J. & Zuo, H. (2008). *Acta Cryst. E64*, o1610.  
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Zuo, H., Meng, L., Ghate, M., Hwang, K. H., Cho, Y. K., Chandrasekhar, S., Reddy, C. R. & Shin, D. S. (2008). *Tetrahedron Lett.* **49**, 3827–3830.

## **supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2009). E65, o762 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809008423]

## 8-Chloro-4-cyclohexyl-2*H*-1,4-benzoxazin-3(*4H*)-one

Z.-B. Li, X.-Y. He, W.-L. Dong and D.-D. Liao

### Comment

As part of our project on the study of the interactions between small molecules and proteins (Li *et al.*; 2008 and Zuo *et al.*; 2008), we report here the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound.

In the crystal structure of title compound, C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub>, the cyclohexyl ring is in a chair conformation. The molecules are connected via two weak C-H···O hydrogen bonds into dimers which are located on centres of inversion.

### Experimental

To a solution of *N*-cyclohexyl-2-(2,3-dichlorophenoxy)acetamide(0.604 g, 2.0 mmol) in DMF (20 ml), caesium carbonate (0.787 g, 2.4 mmol) was added. The mixture was refluxed for 2 h. After completion of the reaction (by TLC monitoring), the DMF was removed under vacuum. Water (20 ml) was added into to obtain a turbid solution and it was extracted by ethyl acetate (20 ml  $\times$  4). The combined organic layer was washed by 1 mol/L of hydrochloric acid (10 ml  $\times$  3) and saturated sodium chloride solution (10 ml  $\times$  3), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. And then the mixture was filtered and the filtrate obtained was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the corresponding crude product. The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethylacetate = 1/5 as eluent (yield 72%). Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of a solution of the solid dissolved in ethyl acetate/hexane at room temperature for 10 days.

### Refinement

All H atoms were placed in calculated positions and refined as riding, with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})=1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .

### Figures

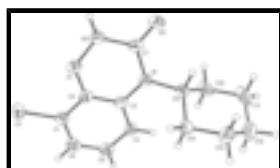


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

## 8-Chloro-4-cyclohexyl-2*H*-1,4-benzoxazin-3(*4H*)-one

### Crystal data

C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub>

$F_{000} = 560$

$M_r = 265.73$

$D_x = 1.367 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

# supplementary materials

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Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Cell parameters from 2520 reflections
$a = 9.0570 (8) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.3\text{--}26.2^\circ$
$b = 5.7026 (5) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.29 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 25.289 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 98.7760 (10)^\circ$	Block, colorless
$V = 1290.8 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.12 \times 0.10 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	2284 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1865 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$
$T = 293 \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.1^\circ$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.967, T_{\text{max}} = 0.985$	$k = -3 \rightarrow 6$
6491 measured reflections	$l = -30 \rightarrow 29$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.094$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0412P)^2 + 0.4617P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.02$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
2284 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.15 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
163 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.24 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

## Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	-0.15312 (6)	0.41531 (10)	0.22217 (2)	0.06310 (19)
O1	-0.02832 (15)	0.3875 (2)	0.12160 (5)	0.0532 (3)
O2	0.13476 (15)	0.2157 (3)	0.01039 (5)	0.0598 (4)
N1	0.18465 (15)	0.0827 (3)	0.09632 (5)	0.0423 (4)
C1	-0.02699 (18)	0.2077 (3)	0.20691 (7)	0.0440 (4)
C2	0.02332 (18)	0.2168 (3)	0.15761 (6)	0.0409 (4)
C3	0.12797 (18)	0.0547 (3)	0.14560 (6)	0.0389 (4)
C4	0.17380 (19)	-0.1228 (3)	0.18194 (7)	0.0447 (4)
H4	0.2398	-0.2371	0.1736	0.054*
C5	0.1216 (2)	-0.1303 (4)	0.23061 (7)	0.0500 (5)
H5	0.1542	-0.2486	0.2550	0.060*
C6	0.0224 (2)	0.0345 (4)	0.24338 (7)	0.0486 (5)
H6	-0.0112	0.0294	0.2763	0.058*
C7	0.0994 (2)	0.1974 (3)	0.05491 (7)	0.0459 (4)
C8	-0.0428 (2)	0.3028 (4)	0.06762 (7)	0.0556 (5)
H8A	-0.0722	0.4315	0.0432	0.067*
H8B	-0.1213	0.1855	0.0621	0.067*
C9	0.33367 (19)	-0.0012 (3)	0.08766 (7)	0.0408 (4)
H9	0.3555	0.0833	0.0560	0.049*
C10	0.3391 (3)	-0.2597 (4)	0.07334 (8)	0.0605 (6)
H10A	0.2618	-0.2945	0.0434	0.073*
H10B	0.3211	-0.3547	0.1035	0.073*
C11	0.4918 (3)	-0.3181 (4)	0.05863 (9)	0.0836 (8)
H11A	0.4973	-0.4852	0.0521	0.100*
H11B	0.5037	-0.2370	0.0258	0.100*
C12	0.6170 (3)	-0.2494 (5)	0.10186 (10)	0.0847 (8)
H12A	0.7118	-0.2796	0.0898	0.102*
H12B	0.6126	-0.3447	0.1333	0.102*
C13	0.6084 (2)	0.0065 (5)	0.11650 (10)	0.0701 (6)
H13A	0.6247	0.1024	0.0862	0.084*
H13B	0.6868	0.0420	0.1460	0.084*
C14	0.45753 (19)	0.0669 (3)	0.13235 (7)	0.0482 (5)
H14A	0.4451	-0.0164	0.1648	0.058*
H14B	0.4527	0.2337	0.1393	0.058*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cl1	0.0551 (3)	0.0751 (4)	0.0607 (3)	0.0114 (3)	0.0140 (2)	-0.0067 (3)
O1	0.0570 (8)	0.0561 (8)	0.0459 (7)	0.0134 (6)	0.0059 (6)	0.0113 (6)
O2	0.0662 (9)	0.0766 (10)	0.0368 (7)	0.0075 (7)	0.0084 (6)	0.0158 (7)
N1	0.0397 (8)	0.0521 (9)	0.0352 (7)	0.0022 (7)	0.0059 (6)	0.0101 (6)
C1	0.0338 (9)	0.0557 (11)	0.0421 (9)	-0.0043 (8)	0.0048 (7)	-0.0025 (8)
C2	0.0360 (9)	0.0455 (10)	0.0396 (9)	-0.0031 (8)	0.0008 (7)	0.0052 (8)

## supplementary materials

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C3	0.0348 (8)	0.0466 (10)	0.0344 (8)	-0.0051 (7)	0.0026 (7)	0.0053 (7)
C4	0.0419 (9)	0.0481 (11)	0.0445 (9)	0.0028 (8)	0.0075 (8)	0.0084 (8)
C5	0.0482 (10)	0.0590 (12)	0.0426 (10)	-0.0023 (9)	0.0070 (8)	0.0165 (9)
C6	0.0434 (10)	0.0650 (13)	0.0385 (9)	-0.0073 (9)	0.0094 (8)	0.0047 (9)
C7	0.0465 (10)	0.0502 (11)	0.0392 (10)	-0.0027 (8)	0.0005 (8)	0.0090 (8)
C8	0.0501 (11)	0.0736 (14)	0.0413 (10)	0.0074 (10)	0.0009 (8)	0.0161 (10)
C9	0.0457 (10)	0.0435 (10)	0.0344 (8)	0.0037 (8)	0.0097 (7)	0.0025 (7)
C10	0.0896 (16)	0.0463 (12)	0.0438 (10)	0.0013 (11)	0.0047 (10)	-0.0079 (9)
C11	0.143 (2)	0.0577 (14)	0.0608 (14)	0.0345 (15)	0.0488 (16)	0.0026 (11)
C12	0.0815 (17)	0.102 (2)	0.0784 (16)	0.0455 (16)	0.0383 (14)	0.0203 (15)
C13	0.0440 (11)	0.0946 (18)	0.0733 (14)	0.0063 (12)	0.0146 (10)	0.0075 (13)
C14	0.0447 (10)	0.0530 (12)	0.0472 (10)	-0.0001 (9)	0.0082 (8)	-0.0058 (9)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

C11—C1	1.7292 (19)	C8—H8B	0.9700
O1—C2	1.366 (2)	C9—C14	1.516 (2)
O1—C8	1.435 (2)	C9—C10	1.521 (3)
O2—C7	1.221 (2)	C9—H9	0.9800
N1—C7	1.369 (2)	C10—C11	1.523 (3)
N1—C3	1.427 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9700
N1—C9	1.479 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9700
C1—C6	1.378 (3)	C11—C12	1.502 (4)
C1—C2	1.392 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9700
C2—C3	1.390 (2)	C11—H11B	0.9700
C3—C4	1.388 (2)	C12—C13	1.510 (4)
C4—C5	1.385 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9700
C4—H4	0.9300	C12—H12B	0.9700
C5—C6	1.372 (3)	C13—C14	1.521 (3)
C5—H5	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9700
C6—H6	0.9300	C13—H13B	0.9700
C7—C8	1.500 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9700
C8—H8A	0.9700	C14—H14B	0.9700
C2—O1—C8	111.50 (15)	N1—C9—H9	105.3
C7—N1—C3	119.02 (14)	C14—C9—H9	105.3
C7—N1—C9	117.53 (14)	C10—C9—H9	105.3
C3—N1—C9	123.43 (13)	C9—C10—C11	109.46 (18)
C6—C1—C2	120.58 (17)	C9—C10—H10A	109.8
C6—C1—Cl1	119.96 (14)	C11—C10—H10A	109.8
C2—C1—Cl1	119.46 (14)	C9—C10—H10B	109.8
O1—C2—C3	120.24 (15)	C11—C10—H10B	109.8
O1—C2—C1	119.88 (16)	H10A—C10—H10B	108.2
C3—C2—C1	119.87 (16)	C12—C11—C10	112.22 (17)
C4—C3—C2	119.04 (15)	C12—C11—H11A	109.2
C4—C3—N1	123.27 (16)	C10—C11—H11A	109.2
C2—C3—N1	117.69 (14)	C12—C11—H11B	109.2
C5—C4—C3	120.20 (17)	C10—C11—H11B	109.2
C5—C4—H4	119.9	H11A—C11—H11B	107.9
C3—C4—H4	119.9	C11—C12—C13	111.6 (2)

C6—C5—C4	120.82 (17)	C11—C12—H12A	109.3
C6—C5—H5	119.6	C13—C12—H12A	109.3
C4—C5—H5	119.6	C11—C12—H12B	109.3
C5—C6—C1	119.38 (16)	C13—C12—H12B	109.3
C5—C6—H6	120.3	H12A—C12—H12B	108.0
C1—C6—H6	120.3	C12—C13—C14	111.4 (2)
O2—C7—N1	123.31 (17)	C12—C13—H13A	109.3
O2—C7—C8	121.21 (16)	C14—C13—H13A	109.3
N1—C7—C8	115.47 (15)	C12—C13—H13B	109.3
O1—C8—C7	112.45 (14)	C14—C13—H13B	109.3
O1—C8—H8A	109.1	H13A—C13—H13B	108.0
C7—C8—H8A	109.1	C9—C14—C13	109.76 (16)
O1—C8—H8B	109.1	C9—C14—H14A	109.7
C7—C8—H8B	109.1	C13—C14—H14A	109.7
H8A—C8—H8B	107.8	C9—C14—H14B	109.7
N1—C9—C14	113.26 (14)	C13—C14—H14B	109.7
N1—C9—C10	114.32 (16)	H14A—C14—H14B	108.2
C14—C9—C10	112.25 (15)		
C8—O1—C2—C3	36.1 (2)	C3—N1—C7—O2	-175.04 (17)
C8—O1—C2—C1	-145.10 (16)	C9—N1—C7—O2	6.4 (3)
C6—C1—C2—O1	179.06 (16)	C3—N1—C7—C8	5.2 (2)
Cl1—C1—C2—O1	-0.7 (2)	C9—N1—C7—C8	-173.32 (16)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-2.1 (3)	C2—O1—C8—C7	-54.4 (2)
Cl1—C1—C2—C3	178.15 (13)	O2—C7—C8—O1	-145.51 (18)
O1—C2—C3—C4	-177.29 (15)	N1—C7—C8—O1	34.2 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	3.9 (2)	C7—N1—C9—C14	130.77 (17)
O1—C2—C3—N1	3.6 (2)	C3—N1—C9—C14	-47.7 (2)
C1—C2—C3—N1	-175.20 (15)	C7—N1—C9—C10	-98.95 (19)
C7—N1—C3—C4	155.62 (17)	C3—N1—C9—C10	82.6 (2)
C9—N1—C3—C4	-25.9 (3)	N1—C9—C10—C11	172.94 (15)
C7—N1—C3—C2	-25.3 (2)	C14—C9—C10—C11	-56.3 (2)
C9—N1—C3—C2	153.11 (16)	C9—C10—C11—C12	54.7 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-3.4 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-55.0 (3)
N1—C3—C4—C5	175.67 (16)	C11—C12—C13—C14	55.3 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.0 (3)	N1—C9—C14—C13	-171.56 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.8 (3)	C10—C9—C14—C13	57.1 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.3 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C9	-55.7 (2)
Cl1—C1—C6—C5	179.49 (14)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C8—H8A···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.97	2.44	3.407 (3)	174

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y+1, -z$ .

## supplementary materials

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Fig. 1

