Health system performance in Iran: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2019









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GBD 2019 Iran Collaborators*

Summary

Background Better evaluation of existing health programmes, appropriate policy making against emerging health threats, and reducing inequalities in Iran rely on a comprehensive national and subnational breakdown of the burden of diseases, injuries, and risk factors.

Methods In this systematic analysis, we present the national and subnational estimates of the burden of disease in Iran using the Global Burden of Disease Study 2019. We report trends in demographics, all-cause and cause-specific mortality, as well as years of life lost (YLLs), years lived with disability (YLDs), and disability-adjusted life-years (DALYs) caused by major diseases and risk factors. A multi-intervention segmented-regression model was used to explore the overall impact of health sector changes and sanctions. For this analysis, we used a variety of sources and reports, including vital registration, census, and survey data to provide estimates of mortality and morbidity at the national and subnational level in Iran.

Findings Iran, which had 84.3 million inhabitants in 2019, had a life expectancy of 79.6 years (95% uncertainty interval 79.2–79.9) in female individuals and 76.1 (75.6–76.5) in male individuals, an increase compared with 1990. The number of DALYs remained stable and reached 19.8 million (17.3–22.6) in 2019, of which 78.1% were caused by non-communicable diseases (NCDs) compared with 43.0% in 1990. During the study period, age-standardised DALY rates and YLL rates decreased considerably; however, YLDs remained nearly constant. The share of age-standardised YLDs contributing to the DALY rate steadily increased to 44.5% by 2019. With regard to the DALY rates of different provinces, inequalities were decreasing. From 1990 to 2019, although the number of DALYs attributed to all risk factors decreased by 16.8%, deaths attributable to all risk factors substantially grew by 43.8%. The regression results revealed a significant negative association between sanctions and health status.

Interpretation The Iranian health-care system is encountering NCDs as its new challenge, which necessitates a coordinated multisectoral approach. Although the Iranian health-care system has been successful to some extent in controlling mortality, it has overlooked the burden of morbidity and need for rehabilitation. We did not capture alleviation of the burden of diseases in Iran following the 2004 and 2014 health sector reforms; however, the sanctions were associated with deaths of Iranians caused by NCDs.

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Introduction

During the past four decades, Iran has experienced substantial turmoil in its economy and international policy. After the 1979 revolution, Iran was afflicted with the longest war in the 20th century with its neighbour Iraq.¹ After the end of the war in 1988, Iran entered an era of massive construction and investment in its health and non-health infrastructures, with an increase in gross domestic product (GDP) per person.2 The economic and social development included, but was not limited to, improvement in literacy, urbanisation, and investments in the transport and food industries. In the health sector, policies were designed and implemented in the four main domains of primary care, secondary and tertiary care, training health-care professionals, and research to reach universal health coverage (UHC);3 nevertheless, international sanctions against Iran in 2011 imposed some restrictions on these efforts.4 On the path towards UHC, Iran has undergone several major transformations, including expanding the primary health-care (PHC) system⁵ and integrating the Ministry of Health with Medical Education in the 1980s, the 2004 Universal Rural Health Insurance, and the 2014 Health Transformation Plan; however, existing evidence indicates unequal improvements in the distribution of specific health indicators across 31 provinces (appendix p 2). 89

Assessment of the performance of the health-care system is necessary for evaluating the success or failure of previous policies, assessing needs, setting priorities, and directing future evidence-based policies; nonetheless, this initiative requires a comprehensive national and subnational breakdown of the burden of diseases, injuries, and risk factors. ¹⁰⁻¹³ In this study, we aimed to provide this breakdown in Iran, using the Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study (GBD) 2019. This report is the first on the burden

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See Online for appendix

Research in context

Evidence before this study

We searched online databases including PubMed and Google Scholar for Farsi and English language articles using keywords including "Iran", "burden of disease", "subnational level", "epidemiological trends", "mortality", "morbidity", "health system performance", and "sanction". In 2019, a review paper was published in *The Lancet* entitled *Iran in Transition*, which reported a comprehensive history of Iran and its health-care system and presented the main turning points in the health-care system and infrastructure in Iran. The paper discussed the current health status and future directions on the basis of results and information from various sources. Additionally, several national and subnational studies on the burden of certain diseases and risk factors have been done and reported in Iran at certain points during the past three decades.

Added value of this study

To the best of our knowledge, the Global Burden of Diseases, Injuries, and Risk Factors Study 2019 is the most comprehensive, systematic, and concerted effort so far that reports life expectancy, mortality, and disability from 369 causes, and the burden attributable to 87 risk factors at the national and subnational level in Iran from 1990 to 2019.

This study includes special consideration of the Iranian health-care system's performance and action plans.

Implications of all the available evidence

This study shows a demographic transition leading to population growth and ageing, and an increase in life expectancy, along with an epidemiological transition. Evidence shows that the expanded health-care system has been quite successful in halting communicable, maternal, and neonatal diseases. Economic and social development in Iran is linked to the decreased burden of certain conditions, such as injuries and certain environmental risk factors; however, policies to control non-communicable diseases, such as substance-use disorders and mental disorders, and certain risk factors, including metabolic risk factors, have not been successful. Given the future burden of COVID-19 in the coming years, and the probable continuation of sanctions and their impact on Iran's economy and the function of the health-care system, policies should focus on maintaining the infrastructure and the financing of the health-care system, human resources, and equality and quality of health-care services, and setting priorities favouring fatal causes in vulnerable populations with restricted access to health care.

of diseases and risk factors that encompasses 30-year trends in all subnational records, to the best of our knowledge.

Methods

Overview

GBD 2019 provided estimates of the burden of 369 diseases and injuries and 87 risk factors for 204 countries and territories from 1990 to 2019, with subnational estimates for 21 countries, including Iran. The detailed estimation framework of GBD 2019 has been discussed previously. 10,12,14,15 All measures are reported in age-standardised rates derived from the GBD standard population structure that were developed as part of the GBD framework. Our article complies with the Guidelines for Accurate and Transparent Health Estimates Reporting (GATHER). Our full GATHER checklist is available in the appendix (p 25). All data sources used in this analysis and related code can be found on the Global Health Data Exchange. 16,17 Additional results from GBD 2019 can be viewed with our data visualisation tools.

For more on **the data visualisation tools** see https://

vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd
compare

Subnational estimation

We investigated subnational inequalities through comparing age-standardised rates. GBD 2019 used several databases from Iran, which have been summarised (appendix section 2). The data for national and subnational estimates of health in Iran were retrieved from various sources, including censuses and vital registration. A decomposition analysis was used to identify the

cause-specific contributions to changes in life expectancy.¹⁸ Detailed steps to achieve the decomposition analysis are included in the appendix (p 21). There were sharp declines in life expectancy because of earthquakes in 1990 (Gilan, Iran, and Zanjan, Iran) and 2003 (Kerman, Iran). Therefore, 1991 was chosen as the reference year for life expectancy and all-cause estimates. We reported 95% uncertainty intervals (UIs) for each measure that were generated using the 25th and 975th ordered 1000 draws of the posterior distribution.10 To investigate the impact of different health sector reforms (details on the history of major health policies in Iran are provided in the appendix, section 1) and the economic crisis caused by sanctions on the Iranian health-care system, we utilised two methods, the annual percentage change in age-standardised deaths and a multi-intervention segmented regression model to explore the changes in non-communicable diseases (NCDs) and under-5 mortality rate (U5MR).19 The U5MR incorporated death rates as the dependent variable and the two major changes (health sector changes and the economic crisis caused by sanctions) as independent variables adjusted to 2021 health expenditure per person (extracted from The World Bank).20 The segmented regression model is a method for statistically modelling interrupted time-series data, and to draw more formal inferences regarding the effect of an intervention or event on the response variable. Therefore, by using a multiintervention segmented regression model, we can specify more than one change point. In the multi-intervention segmented regression model, level (which is the value of the series at the beginning of a given time interval) and

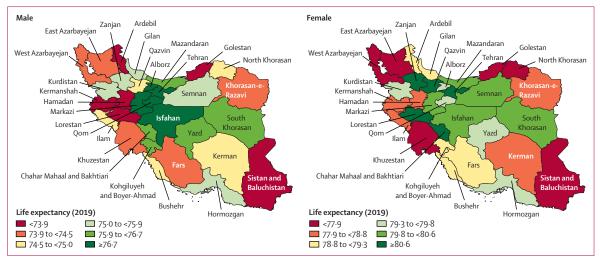


Figure 1: Life expectancy at birth (years) among provinces of Iran in male and female individuals, 2019

trend (which is the rate of change of a measure) in the preintervention segment and changes in level and trend after the interventions were estimated. Additional details on the methods are presented (appendix section 2).

Role of the funding source

The funder of the study had no role in study design, data collection, data analysis, data interpretation, or writing of the report.

Results

Outlines of population structure and health status

Iran is having a late demographic transition.1 Iran's total population increased from 58.5 million (95% UI 53·3-63·5) in 1990 to 84·3 million (77·3-91·9) in 2019 because of high fertility rates in the early 1990s (appendix pp 33, 56). From the late 1990s to 2019, the total fertility rate decreased steadily from 4.2 (95% UI 3.7-4.6) to 1.8 (1.4-2.4), which resulted in an apparent ageing of the population in this period (appendix pp 34, 62). In 2019, life expectancy for female individuals in Iran was 79 · 6 years (95% UI 79·2-79·9) and 76·1 years (75·6-76·5) for male individuals. From 1991 to 2019, life expectancy at birth increased from 68.9 (95% UI 68.2-69.6) to 77.8(77.5-78.0), with diverse provincial patterns by sex (figure 1; appendix pp 36, 58). The absolute difference between the highest and the lowest life expectancy across provinces was 12.5 years in 1991, which declined to $8 \cdot 2$ years in 2019, indicating a convergence (appendix p 37). The ratio of the highest-to-lowest age-standardised death rates in provinces remained almost constant from 1991 to 2019 (2.0 vs 1.9; appendix p 41). More information about the results can be found in the appendix (sections 3, 4).

All provinces observed increases in life expectancy (appendix p 37). The decline in age-standardised death rates of almost all causes improved life expectancy during the study period. The causes whose reductions made the largest contributions to improvement in life expectancy

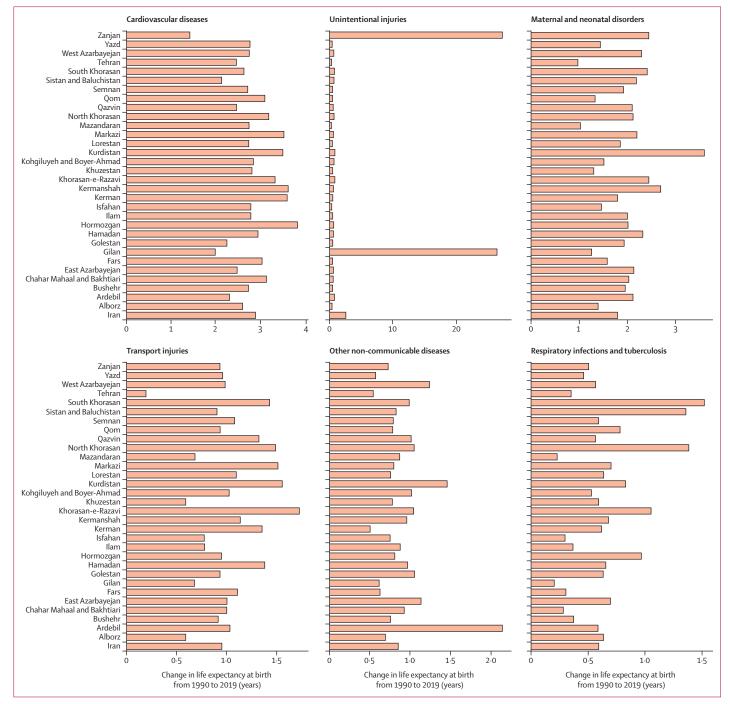
were cardiovascular diseases (2.9 years), unintentional injuries (2.6 years), maternal and neonatal diseases (1.8 years), and transport injuries (0.9 years). The alleviation of most infectious diseases substantially contributed to the improvement in life expectancy. Conversely, very few conditions quite minimally counteracted the progress in life expectancy, including diabetes and kidney diseases, HIV/AIDS and sexually transmitted infections, substanceuse disorders, musculoskeletal disorders, and mental disorders. Improvement in substance-use disorders led to increased life expectancy in six provinces, and neoplasms were associated with life expectancy decrease in five provinces (figure 2; appendix p 63).

In addition to the demographic transition, an epidemiological transition is ongoing, with a shift in burden from injuries and communicable, maternal, neonatal, and nutritional diseases (CMNNDs) towards NCDs. In 2019, the total number of DALYs reached 19.8 million (95% UI 17.3-22.6; appendix p 125). In 2019, 78.1% of disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) were caused by non-communicable diseases compared with 43.0% in 1990. The epidemiological transition level, defined as the ratio of the all-age DALY rate caused by CMNNDs to the DALY rate caused by NCDs and injuries together, ranged between 8.0% and 103.2% in 1990, and from 5.1% to 23.6% in 2019 among provinces (appendix p 38). Over the period studied, the number of DALYs attributed to all risk factors showed a decline of 16.8%, although deaths attributable to risk factors increased substantially by 43.8%. From 1991 to 2019, all-age numbers and age-standardised rates of DALYs and years of life lost (YLLs) due to all causes considerably decreased by more than 35%; however, estimates of years lived with disability (YLDs) were constant, underscoring the crucial role of infrastructure for managing morbidity (appendix p 40). In 2019, the share of age-standardised YLDs contributing to DALYs steadily increased to 44.5%.

Public health, infectious diseases, and the issue of emerging diseases

During the study period, reductions in major infectious diseases including malaria, measles, and diphtheria were among the major drivers of the nearly 95% of the decrease in the burden of communicable diseases based on the percentage change in the number of

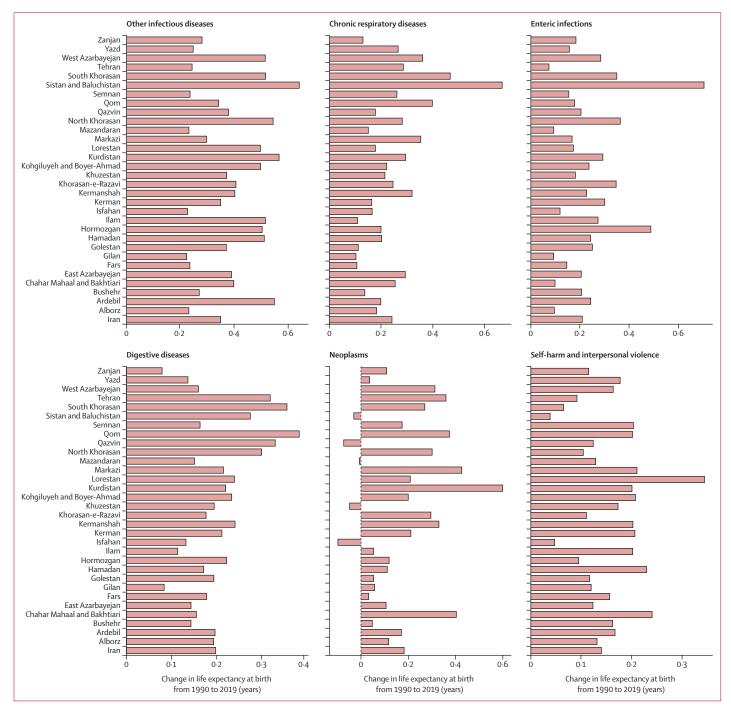
all-age DALYs. Within almost every subcategory of communicable diseases, a remarkable decrease in the DALY rate (range 93·4–59·0%) was detected, except for HIV/AIDS and sexually transmitted diseases, which had a substantial 197·6% increase. Among CMNNDs, the HIV/AIDS DALY rate increased by almost 13 times and climbed to the 6th rank (appendix pp 51, 52). Although



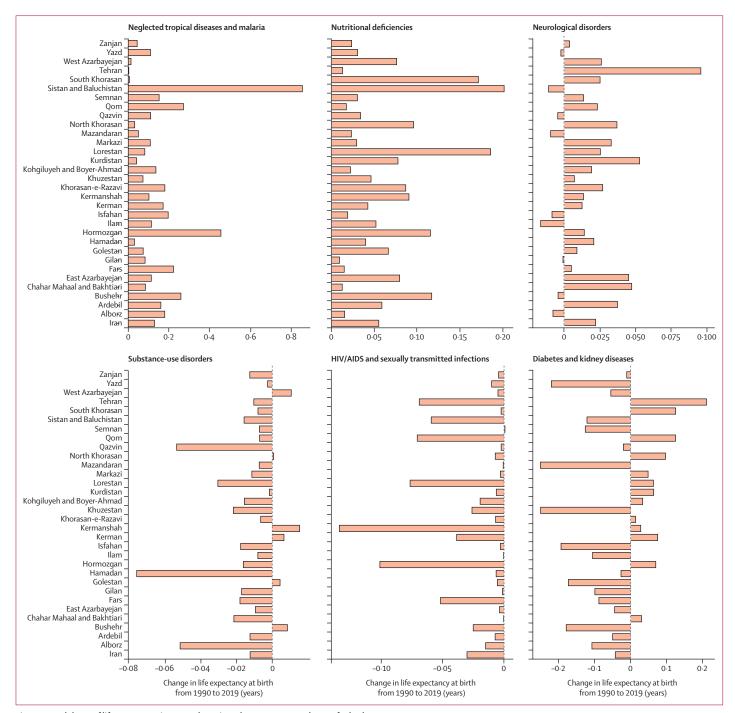
(Figure 2 continues on next page)

the burden of tuberculosis had a decreasing pattern (-64·0% in the number of DALYs), this halted in the mid-2000s with the large surge of HIV/AIDS in Iran. The burden of tuberculosis almost reached a steady state in the past two decades, highlighting the importance of the re-emerging condition of tuberculosis as the major comorbidity of HIV/AIDS.

Considering the emergence of HIV/AIDS in Iran, the age-standardised DALY rate of this disease increased in most provinces from 1990 to 2019; however, this rise was more pronounced in Sistan and Baluchistan (23-fold increase), Lorestan (20-fold increase), and Hormozgan (18-fold increase). The highest DALY rates were noted in Kermanshah (299·4 per 100 000 people,



(Figure 2 continues on next page)



 $\textit{Figure 2:} \ Breakdown \ of \ life \ expectancy \ in \ Iran \ and \ provinces \ between \ 1990 \ and \ 2019, for \ both \ sexes$

95% UI 229·9–388·8) and the lowest DALY rates were recorded in Semnan (3·5 per 100 000, $2\cdot5$ –4·8) in 2019. The increasing difference between HIV/AIDS rates of DALYs among provinces in the past three decades was remarkable, with the highest-to-lowest ratio being 17·3 in 1990 compared with 85·8 in 2019 (appendix p 152).

Given the high social stigma of HIV/AIDs in Iran,²¹ its burden has been substantially underestimated and control measures have been neglected, and there is also a pattern of behaviours associated with a higher risk of HIV acquisition coupled with a lower perception of individual risk in the Iranian population.²² Injection-drug use and substantially increasing sexual transmission of

HIV since the early 1990s are the main drivers of the increasing burden of HIV/AIDS. ²³⁻²⁵ Iran started triangular clinic services in the late 1990s to address the growing epidemic of HIV/AIDS. These clinics provided services for people at high risk of HIV infection and those who were infected in three domains of HIV units, addiction units, and sexually-transmitted-disease units. In the early 2000s, the health-care system integrated these clinics with the PHC system to effectively address the epidemic. ²⁶ However, shortages in several aspects of this policy resulted in the country's surge in HIV/AIDs cases. ²⁷

Improved sanitation and nutrition preceded profound improvements in the reduction of communicable diseases in Iran.28 Vaccination programmes have been largely successful in reducing the burden of bacterial and viral infections. Hepatitis B vaccination was launched in 1993 in Iran, requiring that all children born after this time receive vaccination for hepatitis B. Increasing vaccination coverage was followed by a sharp decline in cirrhosis caused by chronic hepatitis B since 2001.29 Another example is the success of the mumps-measlesrubella mass vaccination that reached more than 96.4% in 2008.30 Certain diseases have been systematically controlled with concerted efforts; for example, malaria (p vivax) has been largely controlled, with Iran in the WHO pre-elimination phase, with a directly observed therapy method in the PHC network.1

Primary health-care network and improvements in maternal and child health

One of the main drivers of the remarkable reduction in the burden of CMNNDs was improvements in the care of neonatal disorders, the leading cause of DALYs in 1990. By 2019, neonatal disorders had descended to the fourth rank among all causes of DALYs in Iran, decreasing by 81.5%. Furthermore, DALYs caused by maternal disorders substantially decreased by 68.0%. The top cause of DALYs among neonatal disorders was neonatal preterm birth in both 1990 and 2019. Among maternal disorders, the leading causes of DALYs were maternal hypertensive disorders in 1990 and indirect maternal deaths in 2019 (appendix p 130).

The distribution of the burden of maternal and neonatal disorders varied at the subnational level. The decreasing trend of age-standardised deaths caused by neonatal disorders had a converging pattern among provinces in the past three decades, indicating reduced differences between provinces, with the highest age-standardised deaths in Sistan and Baluchistan (19·3, 95% UI $15\cdot6-23\cdot7$) and the lowest in Gilan (5·5, 4·1–7·2) in 2019. The decreasing trend in age-standardised death rates caused by maternal disorders had a converging pattern, with the highest rates in female individuals in Sistan and Baluchistan (1·9, 1·4–2·4) and the lowest in Tehran (0·2, 0·1–0·3) in 2019 (appendix pp 818, 871).

Nutritional deficiencies, another major contributor to CMNNDs, showed a 59.4% decrease in the all-age

number of DALYs in the study period reaching 123514 (95% UI 81350–174299] in 2019. Dietary iron deficiency and protein-energy malnutrition were the top two causes of nutritional deficiencies in both 1990 and 2019; nevertheless, the DALYs associated with both these nutritional deficiencies declined in their number by 46·7% for dietary iron deficiency and 77·9% for proteinenergy malnutrition. Comparing the age-standardised DALY rates at the subnational level showed that provinces had a converging declining pattern, because the highest-to-lowest ratio of age-standardised DALY rates was 3·6 in 1990 against 1·8 in 2019. The Sistan and Baluchistan province had the highest rates of nutritional deficiencies in both 1990 and 2019 (appendix p 152).

The remarkable improvement in maternal, child, and nutritional health status occurred mainly because of improved health literacy, especially among women, urbanisation, and advances in the economic status of the country during specific periods.1 Iran implemented many strategies to advance maternal and child health. One of the earliest was the PHC system implemented in the 1980s, which provided health-care services, child nutritional support, better access to clean water and sanitation, and national vaccination programmes in deprived areas of the country.^{1,31-34} Furthermore, the Ministry of Health took responsibility for educating health-care personnel in 1986, which resulted in a considerable increase in the number of medical students and universities, and the number and density of hospitals, outpatient clinics, and health-care personnel. 1,35

Environmental and ecological changes as arising major risks in Iran

Ambient particulate matter pollution, unsafe water, and unsafe sanitation were among the major environmental risk factors with strong impacts on health status. In 2019, ambient particulate matter pollution was the fifth leading contributor to DALYs (137832, 95% UI 113167-163498) and deaths (4913, 3967-5931) in Tehran province, which has a large population. Ambient particulate matter showed a 46.7% increase in attributable DALYs and a 109.6% increase in deaths in this province (appendix p 971). In Tehran province, air pollution is estimated to have contributed to deaths from cardiovascular diseases (6.2%), diabetes and kidney diseases (2.1%), and chronic respiratory diseases (0.6%). The substantial adverse effect of air pollution on health and economics^{36,37} necessitates more rigorous legislative measures, as well as applying novel approaches, such as spatiotemporal screening tools, for the collection and analysis of environmental data.38

The number of all-age all-cause DALYs attributable to unsafe water sources declined to 99237 (95% UI 51328–151535) in 2019; the corresponding number for unsafe sanitation was 27018 (15392–43370). With a converging pattern at the subnational level, the highest age-standardised DALY rates attributable to unsafe water sources occurred in Sistan and Baluchistan (208-6,

	DALYs							
	DALIS		Deaths		DALYs		Deaths	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
All risk factors								
Both sexes	9 243 048	19 189·8	169 011	610·3	7 686 074	10286.0	243052	378·8
	(8 190 548 to 10 576 260)	(17 788·5 to 20 901·8)	(156 653 to 184 419)	(574·5 to 644·2)	(7 031 340 to 8 350 066)	(9481.9 to 11112.5)	(231290 to 254791)	(359·0 to 397·0)
Female	3 840 371	16154.7	69264	529.9	3 139 891	8730·3	104 <i>477</i>	344·1
	(3 369 936 to 4422 415)	(14864.1 to 17724.0)	(63613 to 76225)	(493.8 to 567.4)	(2 835 769 to 3 450 775)	(7945·0 to 9542·4)	(97 544to 110 417)	(320·5 to 363·9)
Male	5402677	21986.2	99 747	684.2	4546183	11839.9	138575	414·9
	(4787352 to 6184535)	(20298.9 to 24063.5)	(92 022 to 109 374)	(641.8 to 728.4)	(4169464 to 4933000)	(10930.0 to 12807.4)	(131522 to 146256)	(393·0 to 438·0)
Environmental and occupational risks	onal risks							
Overall								
Both sexes	2456746	5803·2	51471	200.2	2228 640	2943·2	75484	116.6
	(2149920to 2863083)	(5262·2 to 6431·0)	(46733 to 57175)	(180.4 to 221.9)	(1996 190 to 2470 780)	(2652·5 to 3249·9)	(68142 to 82329)	(104.6 to 128.0)
Female	941039	4484·1	20 072	168.2	812 357	2276·5	31179	102·2
	(802887to1106149)	(4025·4 to 5009·9)	(17 989 to 22 517)	(149.9 to 187.8)	(722 472 to 907 316)	(2029·0 to 2527·3)	(27 624 to 34 423)	(90·0 to 113·4)
Male	1515707	7024.7	31399	229.8	1416282	3606.9	44304	131.4
	(1332710 to 1768490)	(6341.4 to 7865.0)	(28434 to 35302)	(206.2 to 256.6)	(1269888 to 1576 426)	(3254.8 to 3992.0)	(40099 to 48555)	(117.5 to 144·3)
Unsafe water, sanitation, and handwashing	landwashing							
Both sexes	471 647 (345 822 to 645 280)	618.5 (460.3 to 830.8)	5164 (3648 to 7147)	9.4 (6.7 to 12.7)	127854 (82215to 179366)	169·1 (109·4 to 235·3)	1040 (655 to 1485)	$\frac{1.7}{(1.0 \text{ to } 2.4)}$
Female	222 041	595·1	2434	9·3	60569	163·4	470	1.6
	(154394 to 309 403)	(421·0 to 809·1)	(1614 to 3427)	(5·7 to 14·5)	(38195 to 85854)	(104·1 to 229·0)	(267 to 762)	(0.9 to 2.6)
Male	249 606 (181 133 to 352 778)	639·6 (475·2 to 874·1)	2730 (1912 to 3923)	9.4 (6.7 to 12.8)	67 285 (44 040 to 94 129)	174·7 (114·9 to 242·7)	569 (363 to 838)	$\frac{1.7}{(1.1 \text{ to } 2.6)}$
Air pollution								
Both sexes	1323247	3198.7	30463	116.4	1190330	1603·0	43203	65·5
	(1143429 to 1563808)	(2826.7 to 3625.6)	(26960to34732)	(102.5 to 131.3)	(1042443 to 1349 001)	(1404·7 to 1813·8)	(37478 to 48717)	(56·5 to 74·0)
Female	540 695	2686.9	12 304	100.4	489525	1364·8	18483	58·7
	(459 745 to 643 633)	(2370.6 to 3058.1)	(10 831 to 14 017)	(86.7to114·6)	(425747 to 556 544)	(1186·0 to 1549·4)	(15972 to 20998)	(50·6 to 67·0)
Male	782 552	3664·0	18 159	130.9	700 805	1841·6	24720	72·4
	(666167 to 932 336)	(3208·5 to 4195·8)	(15 903 to 20 825)	(114.4 to 148.3)	(610 488 to 789 456)	(1607·2 to 2070·8)	(21429 to 27990)	(62·5 to 82·0)
Non-optimal temperature								
Both sexes	301596	931·8	9641	48·3	348 406	510·2	19997	32·5
	(231651 to 397680)	(784·4 to 1104·7)	(8119 to 11428)	(40·2 to 56·9)	(300 862 to 398741)	(443·1 to 581·6)	(17 225 to 22 753)	(28·0 to 37·0)
Female	147 601	877.7	4481	45·4	159324	479·7	9445	31.9
	(116 551 to 190 597)	(749.9 to 1021.6)	(3833 to 5230)	(38·1 to 53·4)	(139092 to 181434)	(417·9 to 546·7)	(8153 to 10812)	(27.4 to 36.6)
Male	153 995	975·4	5159	50.7	189082	543·0	10553	33·2
	(112 461 to 210 598)	(800·4 to 1186·5)	(4248 to 6264)	(41.9 to 59.8)	(160424 to 221661)	(463·4 to 631·0)	(9035 to 12 063)	(28·5 to 37·9)
Other environmental risks								
Both sexes	266794	903·5	8319	39·3	331163	468·5	15318	24·6
	(199508 to 337867)	(665·9 to 1159·9)	(6007 to 10930)	(27·7 to 52·6)	(236863 to 430616)	(334·1 to 610·3)	(10786 to 20591)	(17·2 to 33·3)
Female	85838	626.8	2744	29·4	114358	338·1	5697	19·4
	(59562 to 113860)	(430.2 to 838.7)	(1818 to 3791)	(19·2 to 41·5)	(76 637to 157 236)	(229·0 to 462·3)	(3731 to 8098)	(12·8 to 27·7)
Male	180956	1158.0 (870.0†o1464.9)	5575 (4134 to 7195)	48.6 (35.1 to 64)	216805 (158961to 279515)	599.9 (444.3 to 768.4)	9620	29.8 (21.7 to 39.2)

	1990				2019			
	DALYs		Deaths		DALYs		Deaths	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
(Continued from previous page)								
Occupational risks	288541	695·1	3378	9.4	412 274	442.7	4398	5·5
Both sexes	(234 081 to 349374)	(565·1 to 838·1)	(2760 to 4089)	(7.7 to 11.2)	(327 667 to 496 133)	(353.2 to 530·6)	(3786 to 5106)	(4·7 to 6·4)
Female	19391	105·0	113	0.9	50459	108·3	251	0.7
	(13902 to 26 020)	(76·2 to 142·6)	(88 to 144)	(0.7 to 1.3)	(36995 to 65779)	(80·5 to 139·7)	(202 to 313)	(0.6 to 0.9)
Male	269150	1257.9	3264	17.6	361815	770.7	4147	10·1
	(217370 to 326 600)	(1023.7 to 1510.8)	(2652 to 3972)	(14·5 to 21·2)	(290663 to 434273)	(621.0 to 918.6)	(3540 to 4871)	(8·6 to 11·9)
Behavioural risks								
Overall								
Both sexes	7544925	13 448·6	121737	360·2	4418672	5822.1	125 194	189.5
	(6544210 to 8830843)	(12 215·6 to 14 960·7)	(110103 to 135956)	(332·8 to 387·5)	(4016468 to 4823401)	(5310.2 to 6336.0)	(114 285 to 135 637)	(172.2 to 205.9)
Female	3108223	10746·2	46731	276·3	1604156	4369·7	44848	144·3
	(2655801 to 3665420)	(9598·4 to 12131·3)	(41505 to 52618)	(248·1 to 302·8)	(1412276 to 1799568)	(3889·5 to 4862·5)	(39353 to 49440)	(125·9 to 160·0)
Male	4436702	15 972.9	75 006	441.6	2814515	7269.7	80346	235·0
	(3842634 to 5182530)	(14 507.1 to 17 811.2)	(67 712 to 84 089)	(408.2 to 479.6)	(2581287 to 3063686)	(6664.8 to 7909.3)	(74301 to 86800)	(216·5 to 254·5)
Child and maternal malnutrition								
Both sexes	5497708	6473·8	59 628	69.9	852 138	1237.9	7199	11·1
	(4494154 to 6691000)	(5314·1 to 7849·0)	(48 241 to 72 978)	(56.8 to 85.3)	(712 936 to 1011 606)	(1030.3 to 1478.3)	(5817 to 8869)	(8·9 to 13·6)
Female	2433922	5903·1	26223	63	390 403	1151·1	3124	9.9
	(1986834 to 2961190)	(4836·5 to 7176·3)	(21235 to 32090)	(51·2 to 76·7)	(327 344 to 461 032)	(964·2 to 1362·8)	(2519 to 3817)	(8.0 to 12.0)
Male	3 063 786	7013·7	33 405	76·4	461736	1319·1	4075	12.2
	(2 473 525 to 3 781 655)	(5678·2 to 8651·2)	(26 659 to 41349)	(61·1to 94·4)	(379751 to 556357)	(1078·5 to 1594·2)	(3218 to 5054)	(9.6 to 15.1)
Tobacco use								
Both sexes	1052471	3314·5	30711	120.3	1481171	1914·4	48 564	70·4
	(944533 to 1167768)	(3033·5 to 3599·9)	(27976 to 33274)	(110.8 to 130.1)	(1360879 to 1619268)	(1766·8 to 2083·2)	(45 319 to 52 061)	(65·6 to 75·8)
Female	249 542	1474·0	6511	51.4	323767	847.4	10319	30·5
	(201 341 to 300 925)	(1230·1 to 1728·7)	(5432 to 7629)	(43.2 to 60.2)	(275393 to 376425)	(718.5 to 980.3)	(8909 to 11711)	(26·2 to 34·7)
Male	802 928	5044·3	24201	188.9	1157 404	2983.7	38245	110·1
	(723 767 to 882 646)	(4601·4 to 5478·1)	(22108 to 26394)	(173.6 to 205.0)	(1067 589 to 1259 569)	(2757.0 to 3239.4)	(35862 to 41046)	(102·9 to 118·3)
Alcohol use								
Both sexes	50140	125·1	837	2.8	139833	158·9	2976	3.8
	(38 540 to 64703)	(96·7 to 159·7)	(627 to 1138)	(2·1 to 3·7)	(109766 to 175225)	(124·4 to 200·3)	(2244 to 3996)	(2.9 to 5.2)
Female	10373	53·3	154	1.2	22 610	52.9	416	1.2
	(8118 to 12 941)	(42·8 to 65·6)	(121 to 193)	(0.9 to 1.6)	(17 489 to 28 833)	(41.0 to 67.9)	(302 to 585)	(0.8 to 1.7)
Male	39767	193	683	4·3	117 223	263·3	2560	6.5
	(29902 to 52702)	(146·1 to 254·5)	(492 to 964)	(3·2 to 5·9)	(91 263 to 148 028)	(204·7 to 334·1)	(1922 to 3433)	(4.8 to 8.8)
Drug use								
Both sexes	171635	370.7	1962	5·5	444340	475·2	5980	7.0
	(141604 to 206 825)	(312.8 to 438.1)	(1707 to 2243)	(4·7 to 6·4)	(376720 to 521935)	(404·5 to 557·0)	(5470 to 6569)	(6.4 to 7.8)
Female	49753	209.4	434	2.4	103135	224·3	1080	2.6
	(39195 to 62668)	(167.9 to 258.3)	(371 to 513)	(2.0 to 2.9)	(83667 to 126514)	(183·1 to 274·3)	(906 to 1306)	(2·1 to 3·1)
Male	121882	523·3	1528	8.4	341205	720·1	4900	11·5
	(101042 to 145354)	(441·0 to 611·6)	(1307 to 1768)	(7.1 to 9.9)	(291777 to 396 501)	(617·1 to 832·9)	(4485 to 5358)	(10·4 to 12·6)
							(Table 1 cont	(Table 1 continues on next page)

(Continued from previous page)	DALYs							
(Continued from previous page)			Deaths		DALYs		Deaths	
(Continued from previous page)	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
2								
Dietalylisks								
Both sexes	1004233 (840580to1166327)	3788.0 (3155.0 to 4390.3)	37 273 (30 928 to 43 438)	182.8 (151.6 to 212.7)	1473685 (1208551to1739207)	1986.8 (1627.6 to 2346.4)	64 424 (52 234 to 76 488)	100.0 (80.6 to 118.5)
Female	361178 (302769 to 415925)	2987·3 (2507·6 to 3434·1)	14351 (11947 to 16553)	155·5 (128·1 to 180·1)	573 055 (473 687 to 663 363)	1624·1 (1333·1 to 1884·7)	27392 (22210to32074)	90·5 (73·3 to 106·1)
Male	643 055 (533 177 to 760 324)	4513·9 (3749·6 to 5353·1)	22 922 (18 893 to 27 346)	207·6 (172·1 to 247·8)	900 631 (728 882 to 1 092 221)	2352·3 (1899·7 to 2848·0)	37 032 (29787 to 44723)	110.0 (88.6 to 133.0)
Intimate partner violence								
Female	59 495 (13 668 to 110 038)	261.8 (57.3 to 493.7)	152 (99 to 207)	0.7 (0.4 to 0.9)	126718 (30 299 to 237 808)	276·0 (66·6 to 515·7)	342 (241 to 437)	0.8 (0.6 to 1.0)
Childhood sexual abuse and bullying	бr							
Both sexes	66060 (26079to125638)	104·8 (42·7 to 197·9)	17 (2 to 39)	0 (0 to 0·1)	103 460 (40147 to 202 055)	124·5 (49·6 to 238·7)	27 (4 to 63)	0 (0 to 0·1)
Female	21225 (8009 to 43058)	68.2 (27.8 to 135.7)	2 (0 t o 4)	0	34360 (13058 to 71940)	84·6 (32·2 to 174·2)	2 (0to 4)	0
Male	44836 (17800 to 83645)	140.0 (57.2 to 258.0)	16 (2 to 36)	0.1 (0 to 0.2)	69100 (27 055 to 130 477)	162.9 (66.3 to 300.0)	26 (3 to 59)	0·1 (0 to 0·1)
Unsafe sex								
Both sexes	19940 (14986 to 24076)	57.4 (43.3 to 68.7)	435 (317 to 524)	1.7 $(1.2 to 2.1)$	50884 (40983 to 63816)	56·2 (45·7 to 69·4)	1154 (914 to 1422)	$\frac{1.5}{(1.1 \text{ to } 1.8)}$
Female	17693 (13007 to 21037)	108·1 (80·1 to 129·3)	425 (304 to 513)	3·3 (2·4 to 4·2)	38152 (31239 to 46660)	87.2 (71.7 to 104.7)	959 (755 to 1127)	2·5 (2·0 to 2·9)
Male	2247 (1506 to 3270)	9.4 (6.3 to 13.8)	10 (5 to 15)	0.1 (0 to 0.1)	12 732 (8309 to 18 379)	25·3 (17·0 to 36·4)	195 (111 to 304)	0.4 (0.2 to 0.6)
Low physical activity								
Both sexes	128 650 (59 165 to 242 900)	585·5 (286·3 to 1031·7)	5490 (2548 to 10 053)	34·4 (17·3 to 58)	298 331 (164 409 to 506 086)	433·3 (243·2 to 722·0)	14446 (7800 to 23762)	24.0 (13·1 to 38·6)
Female	55765 (28 698 to 97 035)	542·6 (283·1 to 909·9)	2543 (1288 to 4314)	33·2 (17·6 to 54·1)	147116 (85245 to 233 837)	436·8 (258·7 to 688·1)	7252 (4150 to 11381)	25·1 (14·4 to 39·2)
Male	72 884 (29 488 to 149 871)	621.7 (275.5 to 1177.9)	2947 (1214 to 5808)	35·3 (16·3 to 62·0)	151215 (75241to 271785)	431.4 (221.8 to 748.3)	7194 (3601 to 12516)	23.0 (11.6 to 39.3)
Metabolic risks								
Overall								
Both sexes	2 264 132 (2 06 5 6 7 6 to 2 4 7 0 0 9 1)	8570·8 (7795·7 to 9358·4)	79 124 (72 173 to 86 453)	402·9 (364·8 to 442·6)	4490268 (4092380 to 4912190)	6175·4 (5643·6 to 6733·7)	179 522 (165 891 to 193 135)	283.5 (260.8 to 305.9)
Female	937318 (853989 to 1031052)	7632·3 (6916·2 to 8393·5)	34069 (30915 to 37 400)	375·8 (338·2 to 414·2)	2 013 201 (1820 664 to 2 216 579)	5727·1 (5202·3 to 6270·4)	84222 (76 996 to 91 071)	279·6 (254·2 to 302·9)
Male	1326814 (1198540 to 1465361)	9378·1 (8473·9 to 10381·0)	45 055 (40 579 to 49 971)	423·6 (377·6 to 469·3)	2477 067 (2255742 to 2712 522)	6634·7 (6049·3 to 7274·8)	95300 (87591to 103591)	289.2 (265.0 to 314·5)

	DALYs		Deaths		DALYs		Deaths	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
(Continued from previous page)								
High fasting plasma glucose		0000	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		0000	, , ,	0	r T
both sexes	492 031	1988·1	16 /44	91.4	1/// 998	2511.2	68 121	109:5
	(400 079 to 607 114)	(1601·4 to 2516·0)	(13 015 to 21 907)	(68.4 to 127.3)	(1449 520 to 2170 035)	(2017.4 to 3108.7)	(51 370 to 91 493)	(80:8 to 150:7)
Female	209639	1808.2	7355	85.4	861064	2472·5	33687	112·2
	(171279 to 258 101)	(1450.0 to 2314.3)	(5718 to 9850)	(63.0 to 120.9)	(695980 to 1052758)	(1979·6 to 3062·7)	(25173 to 45 261)	(81·5 to 156·1)
Male	282391	2144·1	9390	96·2	916934	2555·6	34434	107·6
	(224 565 to 353 197)	(1708·5 to 2720·0)	(7209 to 12169)	(71·4 to 133·2)	(738525 to 1128130)	(2028·4 to 3194·5)	(25937 to 47345)	(79·8 to 148·9)
High LDLcholesterol								
Both sexes	848 799	3106.6	30291	145·5	1203791	1574·5	52530	79.9
	(712 609 to 999 261)	(2528.4 to 3789·1)	(24441 to 37 076)	(109·3 to 188·8)	(998464to 1437959)	(1268·6 to 1922·4)	(40050 to 66947)	(58.2 to 105.1)
Female	314726 (263599 to 373702)	2528·9 (2017·7 to 3120·2)	12 126 (9527 to 15 127)	129·2 (94·5 to 172·3)	460884 (369788 to 568383)	1287·6 (996·7 to 1626·7)	22 882 (16 693 to 30 058)	75.1 (52.4 to 101.7)
Male	534072	3620.9	18165	159·2	742 907	1862·3	29 648	85·2
	(445485 to 635284)	(2960.9 to 4398.9)	(14777 to 22205)	(120·9 to 202·5)	(624 494 to 874 498)	(1523·2 to 2233·1)	(23 001 to 36 975)	(63·9 to 109·5)
High systolic blood pressure								
Both sexes	1205800	4800·2	47 648	244·8	2 127 266	2973·4	99 939	157.8
	(1054681 to 1364300)	(4200·5 to 5423·5)	(41 787 to 53 977)	(209·5 to 279·6)	(1913 281 to 2 347 736)	(2652·2 to 3280·2)	(86758 to 112 458)	(135.3 to 179.1)
Female	487121	4266.4	20 663	231.5	908895	2657·4	46448	154·5
	(429 441 to 557118)	(3714.5 to 4858.0)	(17 866 to 23 588)	(197.1 to 265.8)	(806424 to 1012537)	(2331·5 to 2961·1)	(39687 to 52480)	(130·2 to 176·0)
Male	718 679	5247·5	26 986	253.4	1218371	3295·7	53 491	162·1
	(621097 to 826 401)	(4540·8 to 6009·4)	(23379 to 30 992)	(214.8 to 291.8)	(1091596 to 1348 440)	(2949·8 to 3650·7)	(46734 to 60346)	(140·5 to 183·4)
High body-mass index								
Both sexes	710771	2419·6	21127	89.2	1989457	2580.9	61415	91.7
	(443 039 to 990 856)	(1497·6 to 3414·7)	(12854 to 30040)	(52.9 to 131.7)	(1441100 to 2561406)	(1845.1 to 3337.3)	(43342 to 81358)	(63.9 to 122.1)
Female	357549	2589.6	10 693	96.7	952359	2545.9	30 603	96·1
	(236964 to 480587)	(1695.4 to 3516·8)	(6968 to 14 654)	(60.6 to 137.2)	(710774 to 1205407)	(1886.3 to 3238.4)	(22 263 to 39710)	(68·5 to 125·6)
Male	353 223	2248.7	10433	80.7	1037098	2617·7	30 812	88·1
	(200 530 to 523 534)	(1265.1 to 3376.4)	(5811to 15739)	(43.5 to 125.8)	(712749 to 1364782)	(1778·2 to 3468·9)	(20 622 to 42 064)	(57·9 to 121·5)
Low bone mineral density								
Both sexes	71668	261.0	1828	7.8	117725	154·0	3048	4·4
	(57602 to 82246)	(211.0 to 300.6)	(1428 to 2073)	(6.3 to 8.9)	(96750to 137753)	(126·9 to 180·5)	(2586 to 3396)	(3·8 to 5)
Female	21117	173·4	506	5·1	41 294	114·7	1018	3·2
	(17352 to 24514)	(142·0 to 202·0)	(413 to 584)	(4·1 to 6·2)	(33 393 to 49 855)	(92·9 to 138·5)	(848 to 1144)	(2·7 to 3·7)
Male	50550	341·3	1322	10·3	76 431	193·0	2030	5.6
	(39161 to 58053)	(265·0 to 391·0)	(967 to 1515)	(7·9 to 11·7)	(63 055 to 88 118)	(159·3 to 224·0)	(1715 to 2333)	(4.7 to 6.5)
Kidney dysfunction								
Both sexes	445 178	1596.7	15 111	78·4	790836	1127·2	35987	58·2
	(387 847 to 502 678)	(1377.8 to 1837.6)	(12 902 to 17 507)	(65 to 93·1)	(692731 to 897947)	(981·1to 1282·7)	(30559 to 41889)	(48·8 to 68·1)
Female	200663 (176741 to 226572)	1502·4 (1297·0 to 1733·1)	6868 (5843 to 7973)	75·1 (61·5 to 89·7)	368995 (321289 to 415 886)	1077.5 (933.4 to 1226·1)	17356 (14522 to 20245)	58·2 (48 to 68·7)
Male	244514	1673.4	8242	80.8	421841	1179.4	18631	58.4

Table 1: All-age DALYs and deaths attributable to risk factors for all causes, and age-standardised rates (per 100 000 people) in 1990 and 2019, by sex

 $113 \cdot 8 - 305 \cdot 3$) and the lowest in Tehran ($94 \cdot 4$, $43 \cdot 8 - 152 \cdot 5$) in 2019. The highest DALY rates attributable to unsafe sanitation were seen in Sistan and Baluchistan ($89 \cdot 5$, $48 \cdot 7 - 140 \cdot 1$) and the lowest in Tehran ($15 \cdot 0$, $6 \cdot 4 - 29 \cdot 6$) in 2019, with a converging decreasing pattern among all

	DALYs		Death	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
All risk factors				
Both sexes Female	-16·8%	-46·4%	43·8%	-37·9%
	(-28·0 to -5·2)	(-51·2 to -42·0)	(29·8 to 56·4)	(-42·0 to -34·8)
	-18·2%	-46·0%	50·8%	-35·1%
Male	(-30·5 to -5·5)	(-51·6 to -41·0)	(33·2 to 65·3)	(-39.8 to -30.9)
	-15·9%	-46·1%	38·9%	-39.4%
	(-27·1 to -4·3)	(-51·2 to -41·2)	(25·2 to 52·5)	(-43·6 to -35·1)
Environmental and occ	upational risks			
Overall				
Both sexes	-9·3%	-49·3%	46·7%	-41·8%
	(-22·9 to 3·5)	(-54·4 to -45·3)	(29·8 to 59·5)	(-46·1 to -38·1)
Female	-13·7%	-49·2%	55·3%	-39·2%
	(-28·2 to 1·0)	(-54·8 to -44·3)	(36·8 to 70·9)	(-44·3 to -34·0)
Male	-6.6%	-48·7%	41·1%	-42·8%
	(-19.8 to 5.9)	(-54·4 to - 43·6)	(23·5 to 55·2)	(-48·1 to -38·1)
Unsafe water, sanitation	, and handwashing			
Both sexes	-72·9%	-72·7%	-79·9%	-82·5%
	(-82·4 to -60·4)	(-81·7 to - 61·1)	(-86·9 to - 70·6)	(-87·3 to - 76·9)
Female	-72·7%	-72·5%	-80·7%	-83·1%
	(-83·0 to -58·9)	(-82·1 to - 59·3)	(-88·3 to - 69·5)	(-88·4 to -75·1)
Male	-73·0%	-72·7%	-79·1%	-81·5%
	(-82·8 to -59·9)	(-82·1 to -60·8)	(-86·5 to -67·8)	(-86·9 to -75·4)
Air pollution				
Both sexes	-10·0%	-49·9%	41·8%	-43·7%
	(-24·1 to 3·6)	(-55·0 to -45·3)	(26·6 to 54·2)	(-48·2 to -39·6)
Female	-9·5%	-49·2%	50·2%	-41·5%
	(-24·5 to 6·5)	(-54·8 to -44·0)	(33·9 to 65·6)	(-46·9 to -35·1)
Male	-10·4%	-49·7%	36·1%	-44·7%
	(-24·8 to 3·9)	(-55·9 to -44·3)	(19·3 to 50·9)	(-50·4 to -39·6)
Non-optimal temperatur	re			
Both sexes	15·5%	-45·2%	107·4%	-32·7%
	(-13·5 to 44·0)	(-52·7 to -39·9)	(78·4to 129·2)	(-38·6 to -27·3)
Female	7·9%	-45·3%	110·8%	-29·7%
	(-18·4 to 34·3)	(-52·9 to -39·6)	(82·0 to 133·9)	(-35·8 to -22·8)
Male	22·8%	-44·3%	104·5%	-34·5%
	(-10·8 to 57·9)	(-53·0 to -37·5)	(73·4 to 133·2)	(-41·4 to -28·3)
Other environmental risk	S			
Both sexes	24·1%	-48·2%	84·1%	-37·3%
	(9·7 to 38·4)	(-53·7 to -43·4)	(57·8 to 108·1)	(-44·4 to -30·6)
Female	33·2%	-46·1%	107·6%	-33·9%
	(13·0 to 52·1)	(-53·3 to - 39·4)	(72·1 to 140·8)	(-44·2 to - 24·2)
Male	19·8%	-48·2%	72·5%	-38·7%
	(5·9 to 34·2)	(-53·9 to - 42·5)	(48·0 to 96·5)	(-45·5 to - 31·4)
Occupational risks				
Both sexes	42·9%	-36·3%	30·2%	-41·6%
	(21·6 to 68·7)	(-44·8 to - 26·0)	(4·6 to 65·2)	(-51·9 to - 28·5)
Female	160·2%	3·2%	121·7%	-20·3%
	(108·8 to 227·7)	(-17·0 to 28·0)	(73·6 to 199·6)	(-37·7 to 11·3)
Male	34.4%	-38.7%	27.0%	-42.8%

provinces, showing the lessening of inequalities between provinces (tables 1, 2; appendix p 971).

These patterns showed that environmental risk factors are primarily dependent on socioeconomic development. An example is unsafe water and sanitation, with the highest burden in a deprived province—Sistan and Baluchistan—and the lowest burden in the capital, Tehran. Results show a slight peak in the burden attributable to unsafe water and sanitation and mortality caused by enteric infections in 1990, followed by a sharp decline until 2019, which coincides with the expansion of the piped water and sewerage network. Another example is the Iran Gas Trunk line associated with decreased household air pollution caused by using solid fuels for cooking and heating. Therefore, supporting development in deprived regions could prevent exposure to harmful environmental risks.

NCDs as a growing concern

The emergence of NCDs is a new challenge to Iranian health care.1 In 2019, 15.5 million (95% UI 13.2-18.1) DALYs were caused by NCDs, 44.2% more than in 1990, whereas the age-standardised DALY rate of NCDs substantially decreased by 25.9% (appendix p 125). Ischaemic heart disease was the leading cause of agestandardised DALY rates in 1990 and 2019 (figure 3; appendix p 45). The next leading causes were stroke, diabetes, lower back pain, and depressive disorders at the national level and in most provinces in 2019, with the largest 30-year change observed for diabetes, a nearly two-fold increase. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (age-standardised DALY rate 517.2 per 100000 people, $471 \cdot 0 - 560 \cdot 8$) and asthma (232 · 3 per 100 000, 185·0-299·3), are main WHO targets for Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs; target 3.4), with percentage changes of -7.0% and -56.1% from 1990 to 2019, respectively. The age-standardised death rate of most neoplasms showed a mixed pattern, with stomach (16.2, 95% UI 14·9-17·4), tracheal, bronchus, and lung (12·9, $11 \cdot 9 - 13 \cdot 9$), colorectal (9 · 3, 8 · 5 – 10 · 1), and prostate (6 · 5, 4.9-7.4) cancers occupying the leading ranks in 2019 (appendix p 125).

The pattern of all-cause health burden attributable to risk factors changed in favour of metabolic risk factors from 1990 to 2019 (appendix p 53–55). We estimate that 31.7% of total DALYs caused by NCDs (6.3 million, 95% UI 5.7-6.9) were attributable to at least one risk factor in 2019, including 22.0% attributable to metabolic (4.4 million, 4.0-4.8), 17.1% to behavioural (3.4 million, 3.0-3.7), and 9.3% to environmental and occupational (1.9 million, 1.7-2.1) risks. Implementation of the PHC system, Health Transformation Plan, and ease of access to screening programmes for cancer and metabolic disorders are believed to be the lower-stream sources of the changing trend of NCDs at the health-provider level, 30 which is in line with the upper-stream developments in the economy, literacy, and infrastructure, among other

areas. Variability at the subnational level of modified diet, urbanisation, sedentary lifestyle, and ageing of the population can be regarded as the cause of geographical disparities in NCDs.^{1,40}

In 2019, 326508 Iranians (95% UI 318268-335734) died from NCDs, 88.0% more than in 1990 (appendix p 125). The age-standardised YLL rate of NCDs significantly declined by 41.3%, whereas the age-standardised YLD rate remained statistically stable with a 1.4% increase. This observation implies that the share of DALYs consisting of YLDs increased compared with the share of YLLs in the past three decades. The number of premature (30-70 years of age) deaths caused by four main NCDs (neoplasms, cardiovascular diseases, chronic respiratory diseases, and diabetes) was 66818 (52.7% of all-age mortality caused by NCDs) in 1990 and reached 100893 (37.1%) in 2019. According to SDGs target 3.4, the share of premature deaths should reach 11.6% in 2025 in Iran, which might not be attainable with the current trend. As the top-ranked NCD, cardiovascular diseases caused about 54.6% of premature deaths in 2019. The unconditional probability of death (UPoD) has been estimated to be constantly decreasing in the past three decades and reached 14.6% in 2019 for both sexes (figure 4). Additionally, UPoD was estimated to be 1.5 times higher among male individuals, but both sexes showed a similar decreasing trend. The highest UPoD was estimated in the Golestan province with 21.6% probability, compared with 9.1% in Tehran (the lowest UPoD).

Primary, secondary, and tertiary prevention should be adopted to tackle the challenge of NCDs in Iran. Health policy makers should implement multisectoral approaches to address the high prevalence of modifiable cardiovascular risk factors, including obesity and overweight (60%),41 dyslipidaemia (80%),42 and hypertension (53%)³⁷ in Iranian adults. Since the early 2000s, lifesaving treatments for NCDs, such as primary percutaneous coronary intervention, fibrinolytic therapy, and emergency surgeries, became more extensively available with increasing hospital bed density and adoption of modern facilities. 43,44 Although the prevention of deaths is an important target, averting deaths can lead to higher rates of chronic conditions compared with previous time periods because of an ageing population, such as heart failure after an acute coronary syndrome, which cause disability and necessitate appropriate rehabilitation centres.

Although the Iranian health-care system appears to be alleviating the risks of NCDs, this does not downgrade the importance of control measures for NCDs. ⁴⁵ Subnational geographical dissimilarity indicates uneven distribution of health system goods and urgent need for action. The PHC network, the 2004 Universal Rural Health Insurance, and the 2014 Health Transformation Plan partially contributed to resolving these disparities by easing accessibility and affordability of health-care

	DALYs		Death	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
(Continued from previo	ous page)			
Behavioural risks				
Overall				
Both sexes	-41·4%	-56·7%	2·8%	-47·4%
	(-50·2 to -31·0)	(-61·6 to -51·8)	(-9·4 to 15·6)	(-51·0 to -43·9)
Female	-48·4%	-59·3%	-4·0%	-47·8%
	(-57·4 to -38·2)	(-64·9 to -53·9)	(-17·4 to 9·7)	(-52·0 to -43·3)
Male	-36·6%	-54·5%	7·1%	-46·8%
	(-46·2 to -25·7)	(-59·7 to -49·3)	(-5·8 to 19·9)	(-51·2 to -42·5)
Child and maternal mal	nutrition			
Both sexes	-84·5%	-80·9%	-87·9%	-84·2%
	(-88·4 to -80·0)	(-85·6 to -75·3)	(-91·4 to -83·7)	(-88·7 to -78·8)
Female	-84·0%	-80·5%	-88·1%	-84·4%
	(-87·9 to -79·1)	(-85·3 to -74·7)	(-91·5 to -83·9)	(-88·7 to -78·9)
Male	-84·9%	-81·2%	-87·8%	-84%
	(-89·0 to -80·2)	(-86·3 to -75·5)	(-91·5 to -83·5)	(-88·9 to -78·5)
Tobacco use				
Both sexes	40·7%	-42·2%	58·1%	-41·4%
	(27·0 to 55·5)	(-46·9 to - 37·1)	(45·4 to 73·4)	(-46·1 to - 36·2)
Female	29·7%	-42·5%	58·5%	–40·6%
	(7·0 to 57·9)	(-51·7 to - 31·9)	(32·4 to 89·8)	(–50·3 to − 29·0)
Male	44·1%	-40·9%	58·0%	-41·7%
	(30·8 to 59·9)	(-45·6 to - 35·1)	(43·4 to 75·5)	(-46·9 to - 35·6)
Alcohol use				
Both sexes	178·9%	27·0%	255·5%	36·7%
	(128·1 to 251·6)	(3·6 to 59·5)	(167·7 to 389·3)	(2·7 to 89·6)
Female	118·0%	-0·7%	169·6%	-2·8%
	(86·3 to 165·4)	(-17·9 to 22·6)	(92·1 to 294·2)	(-34·7 to 49·7)
Male	194·8%	36·4%	275·0%	49·5%
	(134·7 to 281·1)	(8·1 to 76·0)	(176 to 427·9)	(10·9 to 106·7)
Drug use				
Both sexes	158·9%	28·2%	204·8%	28·3%
	(139·6 to 182·4)	(18·8 to 39·4)	(166·4 to 255·2)	(10·7 to 50·1)
Female	107·3%	7·1%	149·1%	6⋅5%
	(87·8 to 131·2)	(-2·2 to 17·3)	(107·3 to 204·5)	(-11⋅5 to 29⋅1)
Male	179·9%	37.6%	220·7%	36.9%
	(155·3 to 211·3)	(25.6 to 52.9)	(175·8 to 282·2)	(16.5 to 62.7)
Dietary risks				
Both sexes	46·7%	-47·5%	72·8%	-45·3%
	(32·3 to 59·2)	(-52·3 to -43·3)	(56·9 to 87·6)	(-49·8 to -40·7)
Female	58·7%	-45·6%	90·9%	-41·8%
	(41·9 to 76·6)	(-51·1 to -39·6)	(71·0 to 114·1)	(-47·7 to -33·9)
Male	40·1%	-47·9%	61·6%	-47·0%
	(25·1 to 55·1)	(-53·4 to - 42·6)	(43·3 to 78·1)	(-52·6 to -41·8)
Intimate partner violend	ce			
Female	113·0%	5·4%	125·4%	19·2%
	(90·3 to 135·0)	(1·6 to 15·6)	(84·9 to 186·9)	(-1·4 to 45·1)
Childhood sexual abuse	and bullying			
Both sexes	56.6%	18·8%	57·4%	–40·0%
	(35.1 to 80.5)	(8·8 to 27·9)	(28·4 to 127·1)	(–50·9 to −13·5)
Female	61·9%	24·1%	4·4%	-51·8%
	(38·5 to 88·1)	(10·7 to 38·8)	(-11·5 to 22·2)	(-58·4 to -43·9)
Male	54·1%	16·3%	62·5%	-38·0%
	(31·4 to 82·0)	(5·9 to 28·1)	(30·2 to 141·8)	(-49·9 to -8·8)

	DALYs		Death	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
(Continued from previou	us page)			
Unsafe sex				
Both sexes	155·2%	-2·0%	165·5%	-12·3%
	(112·8 to 220·2)	(-18·4 to 23·5)	(111·6 to 256·5)	(-33·3 to 13·8)
Female	115·6%	-19·4%	125·9%	-23·5%
	(82·5 to 173·1)	(-32·4 to 2·5)	(81·5 to 197·2)	(-41·5 to -1·2)
Male	466.7%	168·9%	1849·5%	569·4%
	(273.0 to 759.9)	(84·3 to 298·8)	(1034·1 to 3769·0)	(323·1 to 1055·1
Low physical activity				
Both sexes	131·9%	-26·0%	163·1%	-30·4%
	(93·3 to 216·6)	(-35·4 to -6·4)	(122·5 to 232·5)	(-36·7 to −19·9)
Female	163.8%	-19·5%	185·2%	-24·2%
	(118.9 to 244.9)	(-30·8 to 1·1)	(141·1 to 252·1)	(-32·9 to -9·9)
Male	107·5%	-30·6%	144·1%	-34·8%
	(73·3 to 190·1)	(-39·7 to −10·9)	(103·2 to 232·1)	(-41·5 to -24·0)
Metabolic risks				
Both sexes	98·3%	-27·9%	126·9%	-29·6%
	(84·1 to 112·1)	(-33·3 to - 23·3)	(108·2 to 142·4)	(-34·6 to - 25·2)
Female	114·8%	-25·0%	147·2%	-25.6%
	(96·6 to 132·6)	(-31·4 to -19·1)	(123·5 to 166·8)	(-31.9 to -19.6)
Male	86·7%	-29·3%	111·5%	-31·7%
	(70·4 to 102·6)	(-35·2 to - 23·6)	(93·1 to 129·7)	(-37·2 to - 26·3)
High fasting plasma glud	cose			
Both sexes	261·4%	26·3%	306-8%	19·9%
	(225·3 to 304·3)	(14·9 to 39·2)	(248-4 to 385-9)	(7·9 to 35·2)
Female	310·7%	36.7%	358·0%	31·3%
	(264·6 to 359·7)	(22.5 to 53.4)	(289·0 to 439·8)	(14·8 to 52·5)
Male	224·7%	19·2%	266.7%	11·9%
	(186·8 to 273·0)	(7·5 to 33·8)	(208.5 to 350.9)	(-1·4 to 28·5)
High LDL cholesterol				
Both sexes	41·8%	-49·3%	73·4%	-45·1%
	(24·0 to 56·8)	(-54·7 to -45·1)	(47·0 to 99·3)	(-50·7 to -40·3)
Female	46·4%	-49·1%	88.7%	-41·9%
	(24·8 to 66·2)	(-55·1 to -43·1)	(59.0 to 121.1)	(-48·6 to -34)
Male	39·1%	-48·6%	63·2%	-46·5%
	(22·0 to 55·0)	(-54·3 to -43·5)	(38·3 to 89·5)	(-53 to -41·2)
High systolic blood press	sure			
Both sexes	76·4%	-38·1%	109·7%	-35·6%
	(58·3 to 90·0)	(-43·8 to -33·8)	(85·0 to 127·1)	(-42·3 to -31·3)
Female	86.6%	-37·7%	124·8%	-33·3%
	(61.2 to 105.8)	(-45·8 to -32·0)	(90·5 to 148·5)	(-43·2 to -26·6)
Male	69.5%	-37·2%	98·2%	-36%
	(52.9 to 86)	(-42·4 to - 31·8)	(77·6 to 119·5)	(-41·2 to -30·6)
High body-mass index				
Both sexes	179·9%	6·7%	190·7%	2·8%
	(136·4 to 256·3)	(-9·5 to 35·6)	(148·0 to 270·2)	(-13·1 to 32·6)
Female	166·4%	-1·7%	186·2%	-0.7%
	(127·7 to 229·1)	(-15·3 to 22·5)	(141·0 to 261·6)	(-16.6 to 28.3)
Male	193.6%	16·4%	195·3%	9·1%
	(137.6 to 323.4)	(-4·9 to 68·8)	(141·1 to 315·7)	(-10·8 to 57·2)
Low bone mineral densit	ty			
Both sexes	64·3%	-41·0%	66·8%	-43·3%
	(50·6 to 89·1)	(-45·7 to -33·2)	(49·7 to 102·0)	(-48·9 to -32·5)
Female	95·5%	-33·8%	101·2%	-37·1%
	(79·3 to 120·0)	(-39·7 to -24·3)	(73·0 to 162·8)	(-47·5 to -14·1)
Male	51·2%	-43·4%	53·6%	-45·2%
	(36·3 to 85·8)	(-48·7 to -32·1)	(35·0 to 101·3)	(-51·3 to -31·8)

services in underserved locations.^{1,46} The estimated epidemiological measures indicate that health policies have been effective in modifying the burden of NCDs, but improvements have remained trivial in many sectors and geographical areas.

The unmet need for mental disorders care

Mental disorders accounted for 2295.8 (95% UI 1702 · 2-3033 · 6) of age-standardised DALYs per 100 000 people and substance-use disorders accounted for 399.9 (324.3-481.3) age-standardised DALYs per 100 000 in 2019, with 1.8% and 20.1% increases. respectively, compared with 1990 (appendix pp 46, 125). These disorders are responsible for an increasing percentage of total DALYs, up from 0.7% in 1990 to 1.9% in 2019 (a 193.6% increase). Depressive disorders (890.3, 605.8-1247.8), anxiety disorders (695.8, 695.8) $483 \cdot 3 - 954 \cdot 7$), and bipolar disorder (175 · 8, 107 · 9 - 270 · 0) were the mental conditions that most contributed to the age-standardised DALY rate in 2019. Depressive disorders had a particularly notable change with a 104.4% increase in burden. At the subnational level, the Fars province always had the greatest age-standardised DALY rate of mental disorders, whereas east Azarbayejan had the lowest rate during most of the study period (appendix p 152). Opioid use was the top cause of substance -use disorders, with an estimated 269 294 DALYs [212 575-333 596] in 2019 and a 146 · 4% increase. The trend of substance use is increasing all around the country, with no convergence or divergence. Hamadan, Tehran, and Sistan and Baluchistan were found to be the leading provinces by age-standardised DALYs rate; however, Kermanshah recorded an increasing trend from 1990 and reached a peak in 2007, followed by a decrease.

Access to mental health services did not grow sufficiently in response to the growing burden of mental and substance-use disorders. Concerns about psychological issues were highlighted after the end of the Iraq-Iran war as the Iranian Mental Health Survey demonstrated that the prevalence of psychiatric disorders in Iran is relatively high.^{1,47} In addition, mental health awareness and services remain inadequate with twothirds of Iranians diagnosed with a mental health disorder not receiving any care and treatment options for substance-use disorders. 48,49 Integration of mental health services into the PHC system by training Behvarzes (community health workers in Iran) from 1990 resulted in modest improvement of attitudes, knowledge, and satisfaction of these practitioners and the general population towards mental health and psychological conditions.⁵⁰ These integrated services were not systematically evaluated for their effectiveness or revisited considering they were made mainstream within community health services since the start of our study period and because of the multifactorial dynamic of mental disorders. Furthermore, actions and efforts should be revisited continuously and weighted on the basis of the burden of mental disorders at national and subnational levels.

Injuries, an emerging challenge for the health-care system

Road injuries climbed to the second rank by DALY rates from 1990 to 2019 (1302·1 per 100000, 95% UI 1147·4–1488·3) and caused 21122 deaths (95% UI 18110–24648) in 2019. DALY and death age-standardised rates substantially decreased by around 60% in this period, with a slightly steeper decline between 2002 and 2015. The reduction in the DALY rate might be associated with increased GDP per person, given the reverse-U-shaped association between this index and the burden of transport injuries. Therefore, the minimal reduction in DALYs from road injuries might be related to the impact of sanctions on GDP. It is noteworthy that, although Iran managed road injury mortality and decreased DALYs, the age-standardised rate of YLDs reduced by 41·0%, and the share of YLDs out of DALYs increased (appendix p 47).

The highest number of new cases of road injuries, 77143 (95% UI 63939–91908), occurred in Tehran province in 2019. Tehran had the lowest (303·8, 95% UI 216·9–667·2) age-standardised DALY rates and Sistan and Baluchistan provinces the highest (2286·8, 1978·1–2627·9) age-standardised DALY rates in 2019. All of the subnational DALY rates converged in this period. Qom, Khorasan-e-Razavi, and Zanjan recorded the greatest declines in age-standardised DALY rates, by 70%, and Tehran had one of the lowest percentage changes in this regard (appendix p 152).

Policies to control road traffic injuries showed many shortcomings in Iran, pointing to the need for more effective measures.53 The low prevalence of seatbelt (about 75%) and helmet use (about 14%) in the Iranian population is a major contributor to road traffic injuries.⁵⁴ Despite improvement in road infrastructure, low-quality domestic vehicles along with poor driving behaviours still contribute to this burden.55 Although control measures by the traffic police contributed to this,56 limitations in the widespread implementation of these measures highlight the importance of novel approaches such as telematics.⁵³ Towards this objective, the national action plan for NCD Prevention and Control provided by the Iranian Non-Communicable Diseases Committee (INCDC) was developed in 2015, with a specific target of a 20% relative reduction in the mortality rate caused by traffic injuries by 2025, which needs a multisectoral approach.57

Consequences of sanctions and major health sector reforms on the health of Iranians

Exploring the impacts of the 2011 sanctions and two major health sector reforms in 2004 (the Universal Rural Health Insurance) and 2014 (the Health Transformation Plan) revealed that NCD deaths had a smaller decreasing

	DALYs		Death	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
(Continued from previ	ious page)			
Kidney dysfunction				
Both sexes	77·6% (64·2 to 91·3)	-29·4% (-33·9 to -24·7)	138·2% (116·9 to 159·1)	-25·8% (-31·7 to -20·5)
Female	83·9% (69·6 to 100·3)	-28·3% (-33·9 to -22)	152·7% (126·4 to 180·9)	-22·4% (-30·6 to -12·9)
Male	72·5% (57·0 to 90·0)	-29·5% (-35·0 to -24·0)	126·0% (103·9 to 148·1)	-27·8% (-33·7 to -22)
Data in parentheses are 9	5% CIs. DALYs=disability	y-adjusted life-years.		
Table 2: All-age percen	tage change between	1990 and 2019. by	sex	

slope during the 5 years after the beginning of sanctions in 2011 compared with the previous and following periods. Among NCDs, neoplasms showed the most substantial change in this investigation (appendix p 1176). Concerning NCD deaths, the regression model showed that deaths from NCDs had a significant decreasing effect on temporal changes after 2004 (coefficient -10.58, SE 0.97; p<0.0001) and a significant increasing effect on temporal changes after 2011 (coefficient 11.21, SE 2.25; p=0.0001; appendix p 1177). In the case of U5MR, the model showed a mild increase in mortality after the 2004 health-care transformation (coefficient 0.64, SE 0.21; p=0.013), and the effects of other changes were not statistically significant (appendix p 1178). Overall, among these major changes, the 2011 sanctions had the most

remarkable and detrimental impact on the health of

Iranians, especially regarding deaths caused by NCDs

The neutral effect of the 2004 reform might be attributed to the fact that this strategy was not planned to address NCDs. Although there were some guidelines for managing NCDs and their risk factors, integrating multifactorial approaches to control NCDs was not done until the 2014 reform. Notably, the 2004 reform aimed to improve children's health; nevertheless, with Behvarzes in health houses, improved vaccination coverage and nutrition messaging had already achieved great strides in improving children's health. Therefore, the 2004 reform was not able to further decrease U5MR. The 2011 sanctions might have affected deaths of Iranians caused by NCDs, especially neoplasms, through decreasing timely diagnosis and reducing accessibility of modern pharmacological interventions.1,11 The wideranging impacts of sanctions constrained drug supplies and non-pharmaceutical resources necessary for healthcare services.58,59 The national pursuit of UHC coverage was dampened by the sanctions, leaving some health policy reforms underfunded or ineffective.60 We did not capture alleviation in the burden of disease following the 2014 reform, given that it aimed to enhance health infrastructure and improve health-care density, which needs more time to affect the health-care system. It

	National								Subs	itional							
Other cardiovascular and circulatory diseases			40	2.0		_	25	22			- 6		_				
Asthma	25	33	13	30	_		25	23	25	16	26	22	2		25	21	24
Cirrhosis and other chronic liver diseases	24	27	23	23		_	22	26	23	17	25	24	_	8	24	24	26
Tracheal, bronchus, and lung cancer	23 22	25	30	21		4	26	20	29	22	23	21	_	2	27	23	23
Oral disorders		1	19	17			18	22	21	23	22	23	2		21	16	19
Stomach cancer	21 20	20	22 7	20			24 12	21 24	20 13	24	21	20	1	0	19 22	20	21 22
Endocrine, metabolic, blood, and immune disorders	19	19	21	19			21			13	19 20	18			18	25 18	20
Drug-use disorders	18	12	24	22			20	19 13	19 22	19 27	9	12	1	.6	20	22	13
Blindness and vision loss	17	17	20	18			19	18	18	21	18	17	1		17	17	18
Alzheimer's disease and other dementias	16	15	18	16			17	16	16	20	16	16	1		14	14	17
Age-related and other hearing loss	15	16	16	15			16	17	15	18	15	15	1		16	15	16
Other musculoskeletal disorders	14	11	17	12			14	15	17	14	17	13	1		12	19	14
Neck pain	13	14	15	14			15	14	14	15	14	14		.4	13	13	15
Chronic kidney disease	12	13	10	11			11	12	11	10	12	10	_	6	11	10	10
Hypertensive heart disease	11	18	11	10			3	9	8	9	13	9	1	_	15	11	12
Gynaecological diseases	10	9	12	9		9	13	10	9	12	11	11	1		10	12	11
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	9	10	14	13			7	11	12	11	10	19	1		9	3	9
Anxiety disorders	8	7	9	8		6	10	8	7	7	7	8		9	8	9	8
Headache disorders	7	6	8	7		5	8	7	6	6	6	6		9 8	7	8	7
Congenital birth defects	6	8	3	6			5	5	10	5	4	7		5	6	6	5
Depressive disorders	5	4	4	4	4		9	3	5	8	5	2		3	5	4	3
Lower back pain	4	5	5	5		3	6	4	4	4	3	4		4	4	5	4
Diabetes	3	3	6	2		8	4	6	3	2	8	5		4 7	4	7	6
Stroke	2	2	2	3		_	2	2	2	2	2)	2	2	2
Ischaemic heart disease																	
	Iran	Alborz	Ardebil	Bushehr	Chahar Mahaal	and Bakhtiari	East Azarbayejan	Fars	Gilan	Golestan	Hamadan	Hormozgan	<u> </u>	liali I	Isfahan	Kerman	Kermanshah
Other cardiovascular and circulatory diseases	25	24	27	22	35	31	31	20	26	36	33	22	22	42	23	28	23
Asthma	24	29	24	26	24	23	22	22	25	25	23	14	17	28	22	24	24
Cirrhosis and other chronic liver diseases	22	22	29	23	23	24	29	24	12	21	25	19	24	29	24	29	25
Tracheal, bronchus, and lung cancer	20	21	21	18	22	22	21	25	23	20	22	26	25	23	14	20	
Oral disorders	23	20	20	21	20	21	20		21						24		22
Stomach cancer	14	23						21		17	20	23	23	19	21	19	19
Endocrine, metabolic, blood, and immune disorders	21		10	10	10	18	12	13	19	19	17	24	20	19 26	9	19 30	19 12
		17	17	20	21	20	12 19	13 19	19 22	19 18	17 18	24 20	20 19	19 26 14	9 20	19 30 17	19 12 20
Drug-use disorders	19	18	17 22	20 24	21 12	20 19	12 19 26	13 19 23	19 22 13	19 18 23	17 18 21	24 20 13	20 19 21	19 26 14 11	9 20 30	19 30 17 21	19 12 20 21
Blindness and vision loss	19 11	18 19	17 22 18	20 24 19	21 12 19	20 19 17	12 19 26 18	13 19 23 18	19 22 13 20	19 18 23 15	17 18 21 19	24 20 13 18	20 19 21 18	19 26 14 11 18	9 20 30 19	19 30 17 21 18	19 12 20 21 17
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias	19 11 17	18 19 15	17 22 18 15	20 24 19 16	21 12 19 17	20 19 17 15	12 19 26 18 15	13 19 23 18 17	19 22 13 20 16	19 18 23 15	17 18 21 19	24 20 13 18 17	20 19 21 18 15	19 26 14 11 18 15	9 20 30 19	19 30 17 21 18 14	19 12 20 21 17 15
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss	19 11 17 18	18 19 15 14	17 22 18 15 13	20 24 19 16 15	21 12 19 17 16	20 19 17 15 14	12 19 26 18 15 16	13 19 23 18 17 16	19 22 13 20 16 17	19 18 23 15 14	17 18 21 19 16 14	24 20 13 18 17 15	20 19 21 18 15	19 26 14 11 18 15	9 20 30 19 17 16	19 30 17 21 18 14 16	19 12 20 21 17 15 14
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders	19 11 17 18 15	18 19 15 14 16	17 22 18 15 13 16	20 24 19 16 15	21 12 19 17 16 18	20 19 17 15 14 16	12 19 26 18 15 16	13 19 23 18 17 16	19 22 13 20 16 17 18	19 18 23 15 14 13	17 18 21 19 16 14 15	24 20 13 18 17 15 21	20 19 21 18 15 16	19 26 14 11 18 15 13	9 20 30 19 17 16 18	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15	19 12 20 21 17 15 14
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain	19 11 17 18 15 16	18 19 15 14 16 13	17 22 18 15 13 16	20 24 19 16 15 17	21 12 19 17 16 18 14	20 19 17 15 14 16 13	12 19 26 18 15 16 13	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15	19 18 23 15 14 13 16	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16	20 19 21 18 15 16 13	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12	9 20 30 19 17 16 18	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain Chronic kidney disease	19 11 17 18 15 16	18 19 15 14 16 13	17 22 18 15 13 16 12	20 24 19 16 15 17 14	21 12 19 17 16 18 14	20 19 17 15 14 16 13	12 19 26 18 15 16 13 14	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15	19 18 23 15 14 13 16 12	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16	20 19 21 18 15 16 13 14	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12 10	9 20 30 19 17 16 18 15	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15 13	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18 13
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain Chronic kidney disease Hypertensive heart disease	19 11 17 18 15 16 12	18 19 15 14 16 13 10	17 22 18 15 13 16 12 11	20 24 19 16 15 17 14 12	21 12 19 17 16 18 14 13	20 19 17 15 14 16 13 10 8	12 19 26 18 15 16 13 14 11	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15 11	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15 11	19 18 23 15 14 13 16 12 10 22	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13 10	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16 3	20 19 21 18 15 16 13 14 11	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12 10 16	9 20 30 19 17 16 18 15 13	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15 13 12	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18 13 16
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain Chronic kidney disease Hypertensive heart disease Gynaecological diseases	19 11 17 18 15 16 12 10	18 19 15 14 16 13 10 11	17 22 18 15 13 16 12 11 14	20 24 19 16 15 17 14 12 9	21 12 19 17 16 18 14 13 8	20 19 17 15 14 16 13 10 8	12 19 26 18 15 16 13 14 11 8	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15 11	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15 11 14	19 18 23 15 14 13 16 12 10 22 11	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13 10 9	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16 3 9	20 19 21 18 15 16 13 14 11 12	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12 10 16 32	9 20 30 19 17 16 18 15 13	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15 13 12 10 11	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18 13 16
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain Chronic kidney disease Hypertensive heart disease Gynaecological diseases Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	19 11 17 18 15 16 12 10 13	18 19 15 14 16 13 10 11	17 22 18 15 13 16 12 11 14 9	20 24 19 16 15 17 14 12 9 11	21 12 19 17 16 18 14 13 8 9	20 19 17 15 14 16 13 10 8 11	12 19 26 18 15 16 13 14 11 8	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15 11 6	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15 11 14 9 10	19 18 23 15 14 13 16 12 10 22 11 9	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13 10 9 12 11	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16 3 9	20 19 21 18 15 16 13 14 11 12 10	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12 10 16 32 9	9 20 30 19 17 16 18 15 13 10	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15 13 12	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18 13 16 11
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain Chronic kidney disease Hypertensive heart disease Gynaecological diseases Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease Anxiety disorders	19 11 17 18 15 16 12 10 13 6	18 19 15 14 16 13 10 11 9 12 8	17 22 18 15 13 16 12 11 14 9 19	20 24 19 16 15 17 14 12 9 11 13 8	21 12 19 17 16 18 14 13 8 9 15	20 19 17 15 14 16 13 10 8 11 12	12 19 26 18 15 16 13 14 11 8 10	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15 11 6 12	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15 11 14 9	19 18 23 15 14 13 16 12 10 22 11 9 7	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13 10 9 12 11 7	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16 3 9 12 7	20 19 21 18 15 16 13 14 11 12 10 9	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12 10 16 32 9 17	9 20 30 19 17 16 18 15 13	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15 13 12 10 11 9	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18 13 16 11 10 8
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain Chronic kidney disease Hypertensive heart disease Gynaecological diseases Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease Anxiety disorders Headache disorders	19 11 17 18 15 16 12 10 13 6 9 8	18 19 15 14 16 13 10 11 9 12 8 7	17 22 18 15 13 16 12 11 14 9 19 6 5	20 24 19 16 15 17 14 12 9 11 13 8	21 12 19 17 16 18 14 13 8 9 15	20 19 17 15 14 16 13 10 8 11 12 7	12 19 26 18 15 16 13 14 11 8 10 17	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15 11 6 12 10 9	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15 11 14 9 10 7	19 18 23 15 14 13 16 12 10 22 11 9 7	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13 10 9 12 11 7 6	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16 3 9 12 7	20 19 21 18 15 16 13 14 11 12 10 9 8	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12 10 16 32 9 17 7	9 20 30 19 17 16 18 15 13 10	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15 13 12 10 11 9 7 8	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18 13 16 11 10 8 6
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain Chronic kidney disease Hypertensive heart disease Gynaecological diseases Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease Anxiety disorders Headache disorders Congenital birth defects	19 11 17 18 15 16 12 10 13 6 9 8	18 19 15 14 16 13 10 11 9 12 8 7	17 22 18 15 13 16 12 11 14 9 19	20 24 19 16 15 17 14 12 9 11 13 8 7	21 12 19 17 16 18 14 13 8 9 15 5 4	20 19 17 15 14 16 13 10 8 11 12	12 19 26 18 15 16 13 14 11 8 10 17 7 6	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15 11 6 12 10 9 8	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15 11 14 9 10 7 6	19 18 23 15 14 13 16 12 10 22 11 9 7	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13 10 9 12 11 7 6 8	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16 3 9 12 7 11 10 6	20 19 21 18 15 16 13 14 11 12 10 9	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12 10 16 32 9 17 7 6	9 20 30 19 17 16 18 15 13 10	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15 13 12 10 11 9 7 8	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18 13 16 11 10 8
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain Chronic kidney disease Hypertensive heart disease Gynaecological diseases Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease Anxiety disorders Headache disorders Congenital birth defects Depressive disorders	19 11 17 18 15 16 12 10 13 6 9 8 5 7	18 19 15 14 16 13 10 11 9 12 8 7	17 22 18 15 13 16 12 11 14 9 19 6 5 7	20 24 19 16 15 17 14 12 9 11 13 8 7	21 12 19 17 16 18 14 13 8 9 15	20 19 17 15 14 16 13 10 8 11 12 7	12 19 26 18 15 16 13 14 11 8 10 17 7 6	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15 11 6 12 10 9 8 7	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15 11 14 9 10 7 6 8	19 18 23 15 14 13 16 12 10 22 11 9 7 6 8	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13 10 9 12 11 7 6	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16 3 9 12 7 11 10 6	20 19 21 18 15 16 13 14 11 12 10 9 8	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12 10 16 32 9 17 7	9 20 30 19 17 16 18 15 13 10	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15 13 12 10 11 9 7 8	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18 13 16 11 10 8 6
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain Chronic kidney disease Hypertensive heart disease Gynaecological diseases Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease Headache disorders Congenital birth defects Depressive disorders Lower back pain	19 11 17 18 15 16 12 10 13 6 9 8 5 7	18 19 15 14 16 13 10 11 9 12 8 7	17 22 18 15 13 16 12 11 14 9 19 6 5 7	20 24 19 16 15 17 14 12 9 11 13 8 7 5 4	21 12 19 17 16 18 14 13 8 9 15 5 4 11 7	20 19 17 15 14 16 13 10 8 11 12 7	12 19 26 18 15 16 13 14 11 8 10 17 7 6	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15 11 6 12 10 9 8 7	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15 11 14 9 10 7 6 8	19 18 23 15 14 13 16 12 10 22 11 9 7 6 8 3 4	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13 10 9 12 11 7 6 8	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16 3 9 12 7 11 10 6 4 5	20 19 21 18 15 16 13 14 11 12 10 9 8	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12 10 16 32 9 17 7 6	9 20 30 19 17 16 18 15 13 10 12 11 8 7 5 3 4	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15 13 12 10 11 9 7 8	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18 13 16 11 10 8 6 5 7
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain Chronic kidney disease Hypertensive heart disease Gynaecological diseases Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease Anxiety disorders Headache disorders Congenital birth defects Depressive disorders Lower back pain Diabetes	19 11 17 18 15 16 12 10 13 6 9 8 5 7 4 3	18 19 15 14 16 13 10 11 9 12 8 7	17 22 18 15 13 16 12 11 14 9 19 6 5 7	20 24 19 16 15 17 14 12 9 11 13 8 7 5 4	21 12 19 17 16 18 14 13 8 9 15 5 4	20 19 17 15 14 16 13 10 8 11 12 7	12 19 26 18 15 16 13 14 11 8 10 17 7 6	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15 11 6 12 10 9 8 7	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15 11 14 9 10 7 6 8	19 18 23 15 14 13 16 12 10 22 11 9 7 6 8	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13 10 9 12 11 7 6 8	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16 3 9 12 7 11 10 6	20 19 21 18 15 16 13 14 11 12 10 9 8	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12 10 16 32 9 17 7 6 8 8 4 3 2	9 20 30 19 17 16 18 15 13 10	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15 13 12 10 11 9 7 8	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18 13 16 11 10 8 6 5
Blindness and vision loss Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Age-related and other hearing loss Other musculoskeletal disorders Neck pain Chronic kidney disease Hypertensive heart disease Gynaecological diseases Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease Headache disorders Congenital birth defects Depressive disorders Lower back pain	19 11 17 18 15 16 12 10 13 6 9 8 5 7	18 19 15 14 16 13 10 11 9 12 8 7	17 22 18 15 13 16 12 11 14 9 19 6 5 7	20 24 19 16 15 17 14 12 9 11 13 8 7 5 4	21 12 19 17 16 18 14 13 8 9 15 5 4 11 7	20 19 17 15 14 16 13 10 8 11 12 7	12 19 26 18 15 16 13 14 11 8 10 17 7 6	13 19 23 18 17 16 14 15 11 6 12 10 9 8 7	19 22 13 20 16 17 18 15 11 14 9 10 7 6 8	19 18 23 15 14 13 16 12 10 22 11 9 7 6 8 3 4	17 18 21 19 16 14 15 13 10 9 12 11 7 6 8	24 20 13 18 17 15 21 16 3 9 12 7 11 10 6 4 5	20 19 21 18 15 16 13 14 11 12 10 9 8	19 26 14 11 18 15 13 12 10 16 32 9 17 7 6	9 20 30 19 17 16 18 15 13 10 12 11 8 7 5 3 4	19 30 17 21 18 14 16 15 13 12 10 11 9 7 8	19 12 20 21 17 15 14 18 13 16 11 10 8 6 5

Figure 3: Ranking of age-standardised rates of disability-adjusted life-years caused by level 3 non-communicable diseases at national and subnational levels, 2019

	Nationa	l							Subna	ational						
019	14.6%	13.7%	18.1%	16-2%	13.8%	16.2%	15.0%	16.5%	21.6%	16-4%	15.0%	17-2%	13.6%	15.4%	17.0%	16.6%
018	14.7%	13.8%	18.3%	16.3%	14.0%	16.3%	15.1%	16.5%	21.7%	16.5%	15.2%	17-3%	13.6%	15.4%	17.1%	16.7%
017	14.9%	14.1%	18.6%	16.7%	14.4%	16.4%	15.2%	16.6%	21.8%	16.8%	15.6%	17.5%	13.7%	15.4%	17.7%	17.1%
016	15.0%	14.0%	19.0%	17.1%	15.2%	16.7%	15.4%	16.8%	21.8%	16.8%	15.9%	17.7%	13.8%	15.5%	17.6%	17.2%
015	15·1% 15·1%	13.9%	19·2% 18·9%	17.6% 17.8%	16.0% 16.2%	17·0% 16·9%	15.6%	17·0% 17·0%	21·5% 21·0%	16.8%	16.4%	18.1%	13.9%	15.7%	17.6%	17.3%
014 013	15.0%	13·7% 13·6%	18.6%	18.1%	16.3%	16.6%	15·7% 15·7%	17.0%	20.4%	16·9% 17·1%	16·7% 17·0%	17·9% 17·9%	13.6% 13.4%	15·7% 15·8%	17·5% 17·6%	17·39 17·59
012	15.0%	13.6%	18.3%	18-3%	16.3%	16.5%	15.5%	17.6%	19.9%	17.0%	17.2%	18.0%	13.1%	16.1%	17.7%	17.5%
011	15.1%	13.8%	18.0%	18.6%	16.4%	16.5%	15.4%	18.0%	19.8%	17.0%	17.3%	18.1%	12.9%	16.5%	17.8%	17.1%
010	15.4%	14.1%	17.9%	19.0%	16.7%	16.8%	15.7%	18.3%	20.1%	17.3%	17.6%	18.3%	13.1%	17.2%	18.4%	17:39
009	16.0%	14-5%	18.3%	19.5%	17.0%	17-3%	16.3%	19.3%	20.8%	17.7%	20.1%	18.5%	13.8%	17.7%	19.2%	18-19
800	16.4%	15.1%	18.4%	19.9%	17-3%	17.8%	16.6%	20.2%	21.2%	17.9%	20.3%	18.8%	14.2%	18-4%	19.7%	18.59
007	16.9%	15.9%	19.0%	20.3%	17.7%	18-4%	17.0%	20.6%	21.7%	18-1%	20.5%	20.3%	14.5%	19.2%	20-4%	19-29
006	17-6%	16.5%	19.4%	20.9%	18-2%	19.1%	17.8%	21.2%	22.5%	18.5%	21.0%	20.7%	15.2%	20.3%	21.6%	20.29
005	18.1%	16.9%	19.8%	21.2%	18.5%	19.5%	18.3%	21.6%	24.1%	18-4%	21.3%	20.8%	15.5%	21.1%	23.1%	21.09
004	18.5%	17-4%	20.2%	21.4%	18-9%	20.0%	18.8%	21.9%	24.5%	18.5%	21.7%	20.9%	15.9%	22.0%	23.8%	21.9
003	19.0%	17.9%	20.2%	21.6%	19.2%	20.5%	19.2%	22.1%	24.8%	18.7%	22.2%	21.1%	16.3%	22.5%	24.5%	22.8
002	19.4%	18.4%	20.3%	21.7%	19.5%	21.0%	19.5%	22.2%	25.0%	19.2%	22.5%	21.3%	16.6%	23.2%	25.1%	23.4
001	19.7%	18.8%	20.4%	21.8%	19.8%	21.4%	19.7%	22.4%	25.3%	19.6%	22.9%	21.4%	16.9%	23.7%		23.5
000	20.0%	19.1%	20.6%	22.0%	20.0%	21.7%	20.0%	22.7%	25.5%	20.0%	23.2%	21.5%	17.1%	24.0%		23.8
999 998	20·3% 20·6%	19·4% 19·6%	20·9% 21·2%	22·2% 22·3%	20·2% 20·5%	21.9%	20.3%	23.0%	25·7% 25·8%	20.3%	23.4%	21.7%	17.4%	24.3%		24.2
990 997	20.0%	19.8%	21.6%	22.5%	20.8%	22·2% 22·4%	20·7% 21·1%	23.2%	26.0%	20·7% 21·1%	23·7% 24·1%	21·9% 22·2%	17.6% 17.9%	24·6% 24·9%		24·5 24·9
997 996	21.1%	19.9%	22.1%	22.6%	21.1%	22.6%	21.1%	23·5% 23·6%		21.5%	24.1%	22.5%	18.0%	25.2%		25.2
995	21.5%	20.2%	22.5%	23.1%	21.5%	22.9%	21.8%	23.9%		22.0%	24.6%	22.9%	18.3%	25.5%		25.8
994	21.8%	20.4%	23.2%	23.3%	21.8%	23.1%	22.2%	24.1%		22.5%	24.8%	23.2%	18.6%	25.9%		
993	22.1%	20.6%	23.7%	23.4%	22.1%	23.4%	22.3%	24.3%		23.0%	25.2%	23.6%	18.8%	26.1%		
992	22.5%	20.8%	24.3%	23.6%	22.5%	23.7%	23.0%	24.6%		23.5%	25.7%	24.0%	19.0%	26.3%		
991	22.8%	20.8%	24.8%	23.8%	22.8%	24.2%	23.1%	24.8%		24.0%		24.1%	19.3%	26.6%		
990	23.2%	20.7%	25-3%	23.8%	23.1%	24.7%	23.6%	25.1%	27.5%	24-6%	25.9%	24.5%	19.6%	26.8%	29.6%	28-0
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019	18-3%	13.1%	15.8%	17-3%	13.6%	ž 15·3%	17-4%	Subna 14·8%	ational 13·4%	15.3%	18-3%	13.2%	9.1%	17.2%	13.7%	13.8
019 018	18·3% 18·4%	13·1% 13·2%	15·8% 16·0%	17·3% 17·5%			17·4% 17·4%			15·3% 15·5%	18·3% 18·4%	13·2% 13·3%	9·1% 9·1%	17·2% 17·2%	13·7% 13·8%	13·8 ⁶ 14·0
-	18·4% 18·5%	13·2% 13·4%	16·0% 16·2%	17·5% 17·8%	13.6%	15·3%		14·8% 15·0% 15·4%	13·4% 13·5% 13·5%	15·5% 15·9%	18·4% 18·5%					
018 017 016	18·4% 18·5% 18·7%	13·2% 13·4% 13·5%	16·0% 16·2% 16·6%	17·5% 17·8% 18·1%	13.6% 13.6% 13.9% 14.0%	15·3% 15·4% 15·6% 15·6%	17·4% 17·6% 17·7%	14·8% 15·0% 15·4% 15·9%	13·4% 13·5% 13·5% 13·6%	15·5% 15·9% 16·4%	18·4% 18·5% 18·6%	13·3% 13·5% 13·5%		17-2%	13.8%	14·0 14·1
018 017 016 015	18·4% 18·5% 18·7% 18·8%	13·2% 13·4% 13·5% 13·5%	16.0% 16.2% 16.6% 17.1%	17·5% 17·8% 18·1% 18·5%	13·6% 13·6% 13·9% 14·0% 13·9%	15·3% 15·4% 15·6% 15·6%	17·4% 17·6% 17·7% 17·8%	14·8% 15·0% 15·4% 15·9% 16·5%	13·4% 13·5% 13·5% 13·6% 13·7%	15·5% 15·9% 16·4% 17·0%	18·4% 18·5% 18·6% 18·9%	13·3% 13·5% 13·5% 13·6%		17·2% 17·3% 17·4% 17·5%	13·8% 13·9% 14·1% 14·2%	14·0 14·1 14·2 14·3
018 017 016 015 014	18·4% 18·5% 18·7% 18·8% 18·6%	13·2% 13·4% 13·5% 13·5% 13·2%	16·0% 16·2% 16·6% 17·1% 17·3%	17·5% 17·8% 18·1% 18·5% 18·6%	13·6% 13·6% 13·9% 14·0% 13·9% 13·6%	15·3% 15·4% 15·6% 15·6% 15·6% 15·5%	17·4% 17·6% 17·7% 17·8% 17·9%	14·8% 15·0% 15·4% 15·9% 16·5%	13·4% 13·5% 13·5% 13·6% 13·7% 13·8%	15·5% 15·9% 16·4% 17·0% 17·2%	18·4% 18·5% 18·6% 18·9% 18·8%	13·3% 13·5% 13·5% 13·6% 13·6%		17·2% 17·3% 17·4% 17·5% 17·3%	13·8% 13·9% 14·1% 14·2% 14·1%	14·0 14·1 14·2 14·3 14·5
018 017 016 015 014 013	18·4% 18·5% 18·7% 18·8% 18·6% 18·5%	13·2% 13·4% 13·5% 13·5% 13·2% 12·8%	16·0% 16·2% 16·6% 17·1% 17·3% 17·5%	17·5% 17·8% 18·1% 18·5% 18·6% 18·7%	13·6% 13·6% 13·9% 14·0% 13·9% 13·6%	15·3% 15·4% 15·6% 15·6% 15·5%	17·4% 17·6% 17·7% 17·8% 17·9%	14.8% 15.0% 15.4% 15.9% 16.5% 16.5%	13·4% 13·5% 13·5% 13·6% 13·7% 13·8% 14·2%	15·5% 15·9% 16·4% 17·0% 17·2% 17·4%	18·4% 18·5% 18·6% 18·9% 18·8% 18·7%	13·3% 13·5% 13·5% 13·6% 13·6%		17·2% 17·3% 17·4% 17·5% 17·3% 16·8%	13·8% 13·9% 14·1% 14·2% 14·1%	14·0 14·1 14·2 14·3 14·5
018 017 016 015 014 013 012	18-4% 18-5% 18-7% 18-8% 18-6% 18-5% 18-3%	13·2% 13·4% 13·5% 13·5% 13·2% 12·8% 12·5%	16·0% 16·2% 16·6% 17·1% 17·3% 17·5% 17·6%	17·5% 17·8% 18·1% 18·5% 18·6% 18·7%	13-6% 13-6% 13-9% 14-0% 13-6% 13-6% 13-8%	15·3% 15·4% 15·6% 15·6% 15·5% 15·5% 15·5%	17·4% 17·6% 17·7% 17·8% 17·9% 17·9% 17·8%	14·8% 15·0% 15·4% 15·9% 16·5% 16·5% 16·5%	13·4% 13·5% 13·5% 13·6% 13·7% 13·8% 14·2% 14·4%	15·5% 15·9% 16·4% 17·0% 17·2% 17·4% 17·5%	18·4% 18·5% 18·6% 18·9% 18·8% 18·7% 18·3%	13·3% 13·5% 13·5% 13·6% 13·6% 13·6% 13·7%		17·2% 17·3% 17·4% 17·5% 17·3% 16·8%	13.8% 13.9% 14.1% 14.2% 14.1% 14.1% 14.4%	14·0 14·1 14·2 14·3 14·5 14·7 15·1
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018 017 016 015 014 013 012 011 010 009 008 007 006 005 004 000 999 998 997 9996 9995 9994 9993	18.4% 18.5% 18.7% 18.8% 18.6% 18.5% 18.3% 18.4% 19.4% 19.2% 20.7% 21.7% 22.1% 22.6% 23.0% 23.5% 23.5% 24.0% 24.1% 24.3% 24.5% 24.7%	13-2% 13-4% 13-5% 13-5% 12-8% 12-5% 12-3% 12-5% 12-3% 12-5% 12-9% 13-1% 13-6% 14-4% 16-0% 16-5% 16-9% 17-7% 18-1% 18-1% 18-1% 19-2% 19	16-0% 16-2% 16-6% 17-1% 17-3% 17-5% 17-6% 17-8% 18-9% 19-3% 19-8% 21-5% 21-5% 21-6% 22-1% 22-1% 22-1% 22-1% 22-1% 22-1% 22-1% 23-1%	17.5% 17.8% 18.1% 18.5% 18.6% 18.7% 18.7% 19.0% 20.2% 20.8% 21.1% 22.2% 22.6% 23.3% 23.5% 23.8% 24.1% 24.8% 25.0% 25.4%	13.6% 13.6% 13.9% 14.0% 13.6% 13.6% 13.6% 14.1% 14.8% 15.5% 16.1% 16.8% 17.7% 18.2% 20.2% 20.2% 21.2% 21.6% 21.8% 22.26% 23.0% 23.4%	15-3% 15-4% 15-6% 15-6% 15-5% 15-5% 16-0% 16-3% 17-3% 17-6% 17-9% 18-3% 18-9% 19-0% 19-2% 19-3% 19-4% 19-5% 19-7%	17-4% 17-6% 17-7% 17-8% 17-9% 17-8% 17-6% 17-7% 18-2% 20-1% 20-6% 21-3% 21-9% 22-6% 24-4% 24-4% 24-8% 25-3% 25-8% 26-8% 27-4%	14:8% 15:0% 15:4% 15:9% 16:5% 16:5% 16:5% 16:5% 17:2% 17:4% 17:8% 18:3% 18:4% 18:7% 18:7% 18:8% 19:0% 19:2% 19:6% 19:9% 19:6% 19:9% 19:9%	13.4% 13.5% 13.6% 13.6% 13.7% 14.2% 14.4% 15.0% 15.9% 20.5% 21.1% 21.7% 21.6% 21.7% 21.9% 22.4% 22.4% 22.6% 22.8% 23.1% 23.2%	15-5% 15-9% 16-4% 17-0% 17-2% 17-4% 17-5% 17-6% 18-0% 18-0% 19-9% 20-3% 20-7% 21-0% 21-4% 22-0% 22-3% 22-4% 22-6% 23-2% 23-1%	18.4% 18.5% 18.6% 18.9% 18.1% 18.1% 18.1% 18.1% 19.0% 19.0% 19.7% 20.3% 20.6% 21.2% 21.7% 22.0% 22.4% 22.8% 23.3% 23.6% 24.1%	13-3% 13-5% 13-5% 13-6% 13-6% 13-6% 14-7% 14-7% 15-1% 15-9% 16-2% 16-4% 16-7% 16-9% 17-3% 18-9% 18-9% 19-4% 20-0% 20-5% 21-1%	9-1% 9-1% 9-1% 9-1% 9-1% 9-1% 9-1% 9-5% 9-7% 10-0% 10-7% 11-7% 12-0% 12-2% 12-5% 13-6% 13-8% 13-8% 13-8%	17-2% 17-3% 17-4% 17-3% 16-8% 16-4% 16-1% 16-18 17-3% 18-19 20-3% 21-2% 22-17 22-7% 23-2% 23-6% 24-3% 24-6% 24-9% 25-6% 26-0% 26-0% 26-0%	13.8% 13.9% 14.1% 14.1% 14.1% 14.4% 15.1% 16.7% 17.6% 17.6% 18.4% 19.1% 19.2% 19.5% 19.7% 20.0% 20.2% 20.4% 20.6% 20.8% 21.1% 21.1% 21.4%	14-0-14-14-14-14-14-15-1-15-15-15-15-16-14-17-3-19-9-19-8-19-9-19-9-19-9-19-9-19-9-20-2-20-4
018 017 016 015 014 013 012 011 010 009 008 007 006 005 004 003 002 001 000 999 998 998 9995 9994 9993	18.4% 18.5% 18.7% 18.8% 18.6% 18.5% 18.3% 18.4% 19.7% 19.4% 20.2% 20.7% 21.3% 21.7% 22.1% 22.6% 23.7% 23.7% 24.1% 24.1% 24.3% 24.5% 24.7% 25.0%	13-2% 13-4% 13-5% 13-5% 12-8% 12-5% 12-9% 13-1% 13-6% 14-4% 15-4% 16-0% 16-5% 16-9% 17-3% 17-7% 18-1% 18-5% 18-8% 19-2% 19	16-0% 16-2% 16-6% 17-1% 17-5% 17-6% 17-8% 18-4% 18-9% 21-5% 21-5% 21-5% 21-6% 22-1% 22-4% 22-7% 23-1% 23-1% 24-1% 24-6% 25-1% 25-1% 26-3% 26-8%	17.5% 17.8% 18.1% 18.5% 18.6% 18.7% 19.0% 19.4% 19.4% 20.2% 20.8% 21.16% 21.6% 22.2% 22.6% 23.3% 23.5% 24.1% 24.5% 24.5% 25.4% 25.7%	13.6% 13.6% 13.9% 14.0% 13.6% 13.6% 13.6% 14.1% 14.1% 15.5% 16.1% 16.8% 19.9% 20.2% 20.5% 20.9% 21.2% 22.6% 23.4% 23.7%	15-3% 15-4% 15-6% 15-6% 15-5% 15-5% 16-0% 16-3% 16-9% 17-3% 17-8% 17-9% 18-3% 18-6% 19-0% 19-2% 19-3% 19-1% 19-5% 19-1% 20-3% 20-6%	17-4% 17-6% 17-7% 17-8% 17-9% 17-8% 17-6% 17-7% 18-2% 20-1% 20-6% 21-3% 22-6% 23-1% 23-6% 24-0% 24-0% 24-8% 25-3% 26-8% 26-8% 26-8% 27-4% 27-8%	14.8% 15.0% 15.4% 15.9% 16.5% 16.5% 16.5% 16.5% 17.2% 17.4% 17.4% 18.3% 18.4% 18.6% 19.0% 19.2% 19.6% 19.6% 19.6% 19.8% 19.9%	13.4% 13.5% 13.6% 13.6% 13.7% 14.2% 14.4% 15.0% 15.9% 17.1% 20.5% 21.17% 21.6% 21.7% 21.9% 22.4% 22.6% 22.8% 23.1% 23.0%	15-5% 15-9% 16-4% 17-2% 17-4% 17-5% 17-6% 18-0% 18-7% 19-1% 19-6% 20-3% 20-7% 21-0% 21-6% 22-3% 22-4% 22-6% 22-9% 23-2% 23-1% 23-3%	18.4% 18.5% 18.6% 18.9% 18.1% 18.1% 18.1% 18.1% 19.0% 19.7% 20.3% 20.6% 21.0% 21.2% 22.4% 22.8% 23.6% 24.1% 24.5%	13:3% 13:5% 13:5% 13:6% 13:6% 13:6% 13:7% 13:8% 14:5% 14:7% 15:1% 15:6% 16:2% 16:2% 16:4% 16:7% 16:9% 17:3% 17:6% 18:4% 18:9% 19:4% 20:05% 21:1% 21:6%	9-1% 9-1% 9-1% 9-1% 9-1% 9-1% 9-1% 9-5% 9-5% 10-0% 10-4% 10-7% 11-0% 12-2% 12-5% 13-0% 13-2% 13-6% 13-6% 13-8% 14-0% 14-2%	17-2% 17-3% 17-4% 17-5% 16-8% 16-4% 16-1% 16-8% 17-3% 18-1% 19-4% 20-3% 21-2% 22-7% 23-6% 24-3% 24-6% 24-9% 25-2% 26-6% 26-9%	13.8% 13.9% 14.1% 14.1% 14.1% 14.4% 15.1% 16.7% 17.6% 18.4% 19.1% 19.2% 19.5% 19.7% 20.2% 20.4% 20.6% 21.1% 21.1% 21.4% 21.5%	14-0-14-14-14-14-14-15-1-15-15-15-16-1-15-15-16-1-17-3-17-9-19-9-19-9-19-9-19-9-19-9-19
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Figure 4: Time trend of the unconditional probability of death at national and subnational levels, 1990-2019

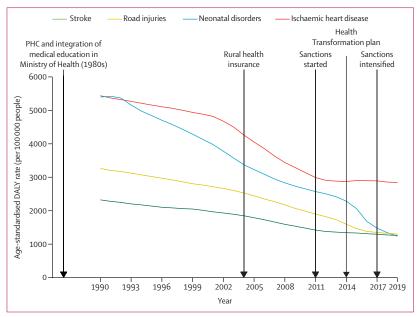


Figure 5: Timeline of major events in Iranian history from 1990 to 2019 DALY=disability-adjusted life-years. PHC=primary health care.

should be noted that the transformation plan expanded hospital and intensive care unit beds, which helped the Iranian health-care system better cope with the COVID-19 pandemic, in addition to other capacities of the health system. This expansion of health-care-system infrastructures should also be used for prevention. Although the 2014 reform might be a step towards UHC, the absence of a clear and sufficient budget line is an important drawback.

Call to action

Altogether, the results of this study should be translated into practical actions and strategies. National and international agencies and policy makers should be prompted and informed that sanctions indirectly had major adverse effects on the health of Iranians by diminishing access to quality care. Delayed or inaccessible treatment exacerbated health burdens, especially in those with cancers. Although sanctions do not include health and medical issues, their effects on financial transactions, such as those required for the importation of medicines, have had unfavourable consequences, as represented in this study.

Future policies in the health sector should be prioritised to integrate health-care services to address NCDs, especially cardiovascular diseases, and modifiable risk factors, into the existing health-care infrastructure, such as the Iranian Package of Essential NCD Interventions for primary health care. Because the PHC system is unable to manage NCDs alone, this issue needs an integrated intersectoral collaboration such as the INCDC. Examples in this regard are dietary improvements that require an alliance between the

health sector and the food industry, and improvements in ambient air pollution in major cities that require cooperation to shift from using fossil fuels to cleaner sources of energy. Further, strategies should focus on providing integrated care to those with mental health and substance use disorders to combat their increasing and unmet burden. The concurrent HIV/AIDS epidemic and re-emergence of tuberculosis in Iran require continued prevention efforts such as the directly-observed therapy short course.

Regarding the existing health disparities among provinces, closing the health equity gaps in Iran needs a two-part approach of health sector policies and cross-government actions to effectively use all resources to address this concern. ⁶² One of the major steps in resolving health disparities is monitoring health inequalities; that includes practical and continuous measurement and reporting of disparities, which is an essential step in low-income and middle-income countries that do not have adequate data sources. ⁶² These disparities should encourage multisectoral policy making, collaboration, and resource allocation on the basis of affirmative action to resolve disparities through equal distribution of education, sanitation, nutrition, road infrastructure, and PHC across the country. ⁶³

Ultimately, the emergence of COVID-19 and its confluence with socioeconomic gaps, economic recession, and the heavy burden of NCDs in Iran could have direct and indirect effects on the care provided for major diseases and expand inequalities in the care provided. Therefore, careful evidence-based policies should be made to prevent the further adverse effects of COVID-19, which requires integrated collaboration and effort. Limitations of this study are presented in the appendix (section 6).

Conclusion

A remarkable improvement in life expectancy has happened in the past three decades in Iran. The Iranian health-care system has successfully managed CMNNDs; however, it is encountering NCDs and injuries as its new challenges. In the study period, the Iranian health-care system has been more effective at averting deaths than managing morbidity and mental disorders, indicating an unmet need for rehabilitation centres and integration of mental health services into PHC. Environmental changes as developing risks threaten the population. Besides addressing the current challenges and subnational disparities, the Iranian health-care system must be more prepared for emerging diseases, such as the COVID-19 pandemic.

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Affiliations are listed in the appendix (pp 1189-94).

Contributors

For more detailed information about individual author contributions to the research, divided into the following categories, please see the appendix (pp 1185–88): managing the estimation or publication process; writing the first draft of the manuscript; primary responsibility for applying analytical methods to produce estimates; primary responsibility for seeking, cataloguing, extracting, or cleaning data; designing or coding figures and tables; providing data or critical feedback on data sources; developing methods or computational machinery; providing critical feedback on methods or results; drafting the manuscript or revising it critically for important intellectual content; and managing the overall research enterprise.

Declaration of interests

MA-L reports leadership or fiduciary roles in a board, society, committee, or advocacy groups, paid or unpaid with International Affairs in the Ministry of Health, Iran as Director General, all outside the submitted work. SBor reports support for the present manuscript from medical writing. All other authors declare no competing interests.

Data sharing

This study follows the Guidelines for Accurate and Transparent Health Estimates Reporting. All data sources used in this analysis are found on the Global Health Data Exchange (http://ghdx.healthdata.org/gbd-2019/data-input-sources), and related code is available at http://ghdx. healthdata.org/gbd-2019/code. Additional results from this study and the larger GBD 2019 analysis can be explored using our data visualisation tools at https://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare.

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