

CORRECTION

Open Access



Correction to: Genetic polymorphism of IDOL gene was associated with the susceptibility of coronary artery disease in Han population in Xinjiang, China

Dilare Adi^{1,2†}, Jialin Abuzhalihan^{1,2†}, Jing Tao^{1,3}, Yun Wu⁴, Ying-Hong Wang⁵, Fen Liu⁶, Yi-Ning Yang^{1,2}, Xiang Ma^{1,2}, Xiao-Mei Li^{1,2}, Xiang Xie^{1,2}, Zhen-Yan Fu^{1,2} and Yi-Tong Ma^{1,2*}

Correction to: *Hereditas* 158, 12 (2021)

<https://doi.org/10.1186/s41065-021-00178-w>

Following the publication of the original article [1], it was noted that the following equal contribution note was missing.

Dilare Adi and Jialin Abuzhalihan contributed equally to this work.

The original article has been updated.

Reference

1. Adi D, Abuzhalihan J, Tao J, et al. Genetic polymorphism of IDOL gene was associated with the susceptibility of coronary artery disease in Han population in Xinjiang, China. *Hereditas*. 2021;158:12. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s41065-021-00178-w>.

Author details

¹Department of Cardiology, First Affiliated Hospital of Xinjiang Medical University, Urumqi 830054, PR China. ²Xinjiang Key Laboratory of Cardiovascular Disease Research, Urumqi 830054, PR China. ³People's Hospital of Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region, Urumqi 830001, PR China. ⁴Department of General Practice, First Affiliated Hospital of Xinjiang Medical University, Urumqi 830054, PR China. ⁵Health Checkup Department of The First Affiliated Hospital of Xinjiang Medical University, Urumqi 830054, PR China. ⁶State Key Laboratory of Pathogenesis, Prevention and Treatment of High Incidence Diseases in Central Asia, Clinical Medical Research Institute, the First Affiliated Hospital of Xinjiang Medical University, Urumqi 830054, PR China.

Published online: 05 June 2021

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1186/s41065-021-00178-w>.

*Correspondence: myt_xj@sina.com

[†]Dilare Adi and Jialin Abuzhalihan contributed equally to this work.

² Xinjiang Key Laboratory of Cardiovascular Disease Research, Urumqi 830054, PR China

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



© The Author(s) 2021. **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (<http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/>) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data.