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Letter on the article “Long-COVID: Cognitive deficits (brain fog) and brain lesions in non—hospitalized patients ”



In “LONG-COVID: COGNITIVE DEFICITS (BRAIN FOG) AND BRAIN LESIONS IN NON—HOSPITALIZED PATIENTS”, Hugon concluded that “neurological complications of COVID may be detected in moderately affected individuals and extensive[1].” For long COVID, brain fog is an important clinical problem [2,3]. In a recent report, female is more affected than male. For the pathogenesis, it is still not conclusive. The brain fog might be associated with immunopathology. Also, after COVID-19, there is an increased blood viscosity [4,5]. The excessive high blood viscosity might affect brain function [6].

Conflict of interest

None.

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