Characterization of the ADP-β-D-manno-heptose biosynthetic enzymes from two pathogenic Vibrio strains

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Chemical synthesis of β -D-mannose 1-phosphate

In brief, peracetylated D-mannose (1) was obtained by acetylation of D-mannose in the presence of 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP), pyridine, and acetic anhydride (AC₂O). And, selective deacetylation at C-1 position of 1 by treatment with N,N-diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA) and ammonium acetate yielded 2, which was phosphorylated using diphenyl chlorophosphate and DMAP in dichloromethane (DCM) to furnish 3. The deprotection of phenyl groups of 3 was achieved using catalyst PtO₂ under H₂ and the resultant product was further subjected to deacetylation in the presence of MeOH, Et₃N, and H₂O to afford the desired β -D-mannose 1-phosphate (Sabesan and Neira 1992).

Scheme 1 Synthesis of β -D-mannose 1-phosphate.

Synthesis of compound 1

$$\begin{array}{c}
OH \\
HO \\
HO \\
D-mannose
\end{array} \xrightarrow{pyridin, DMAP} AcO \xrightarrow{AcO O} AcO \\
Ac$$

Acetic anhydride (2.68 mL, 28.0 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) (0.14 g, 1.14 mmol) were added to a solution of D-mannose (0.50 g, 2.80 mmol) in pyridine (4.58 mL, 57.0 mmol) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The product was diluted by 50 mL dichloromethane, washed with 2 × 50 mL sat. aq. NaHCO₃, and 50 mL brine, sequentially. After dried over sodium sulfate, the solution was filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica-gel column chromatography to obtain compound 1 (0.90 g, 83%).

Synthesis of compound 2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OAc} \\ \text{AcO} \\ \text{AcO} \\ \text{OAc} \\ \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{DIPEA, DMF}} \begin{array}{c} \text{OAc} \\ \text{AcO} \\ \text{AcO} \\ \text{OAc} \\ \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{OAc}} \begin{array}{c} \text{OAc} \\ \text{AcO} \\ \text{OAc} \\ \end{array}$$

A solution of **1** (0.2 g, 0.51 mmol) in a mixture of dry DMF (10 mL) and *N*,*N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.42 mL, 2.50 mmol) with ammonium acetate (0.16 g, 2.04 mmol), which was prewashed with dry ether and dried over high vacuum pump overnight at 40 °C, was stirred overnight. After removing the insoluble crystals of ammonium acetate by filtration, the reaction mixture was diluted with 50 mL CH₂Cl₂, and then washed with 2 × 50 mL 1M HCl, 2 × 50 mL sat. aq. NaHCO₃, 50 mL brine sequentially, subsequently. It was then dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. Finally, the residue was purified by silica-gel column chromatography to give compound **2** (0.12 g, 68%).

Synthesis of compound 3

To a solution of compound **2** (0.1 g) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) containing DMAP (0.08 g), diphenyl chlorophosphate (0.14 mL) in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) was added during 1 h at room temperature. After 2 h, the products of the reaction were purified by silica-gel column chromatography to afford compound **3** (0.12 g, 70%).

Synthesis of β -D-mannose 1-phosphate.

A solution of compound 3 (0.1 g) in 2 mL EtOAc-EtOH (1:1) was hydrogenated in the presence of PtO₂ catalyst (2 mg) for 16 h. After removing the catalyst by filtration, the solution was neutralized with Et₃N and evaporated to give a syrup, which was dissolved in 4 mL MeOH-Et₃N-H₂O (2:1:1) and kept for 5 days at 0 °C. After evaporation, the dried residue was re-dissolved in water, lyophilized, and purified by sephadex LH-20 to afford β -D-mannose 1-phosphate as a colorless solid (0.03 g, 67% yield).

β-D-mannose 1-phosphate

¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O): δ 5.26 (dd, J = 1.6 and 8.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.85 (m, 1H, H-2), 3.80 (m, 1H, H-4), 3.78 (m, 1H, H-3), 3.75, 3.64 (m, 2H, H-6), 3.53 (m, 1H, H-5).

HRMS (m/z): calculated for C₆H₁₄O₉P⁺ [M+H]⁺: 261.0370, found: 261.0380.

HRMS, ¹H NMR, and COSY spectra, see Fig. S1.

ADP-\(\beta\)-D-mannose

¹H NMR (500 MHz, D₂O): δ 8.60 (s, 1H, H-1), 8.38 (s, 1H, H-5), 6.17 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H, H-1'), 5.26 (d, J = 8.4 Hz,

1H, H-1"), 4.77 (m, 1H, H-2'), 4.54 (m, 1H, H-3'), 4.41 (m, 1H, H-4'), 4.26 (m, 2H, H-5'), 4.08 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-2"), 3.90, 3.70 (m, 2H, H-6") 3.67 (dd, J = 3.2 and 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-3"), 3.55 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-4"), 3.40 (m, 1H, H-5").

 13 C NMR (125 MHz, D₂O): δ 151.6, 148.6, 147.2, 141.6, 118.5, 95.6, 87.6, 84.0, 76.8, 74.5, 72.4, 70.6, 70.2, 66.4, 65.1, 61.0.

HRMS (m/z): calculated for C₁₆H₂₄N₅O₁₅P₂⁻ [M-H]⁻: 588.0750, found: 588.0754.

HRMS, ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR, COSY, and NOE spectra, see Fig. S2.

Table S1 Bacterial strains and plasmids used in this study.

Strains or plasmids	Characteristics (protein ID)	Reference		
or ams or plasmids	us Characteristics (protein 1D)			
E. coli		or sources		
JM109	General cloning host	Invitrogen		
BL21 (DE3) $\Delta gmhA_{EC}$	Host strain for protein expression	(Tang et al.		
$\Delta gmhB_{EC} \Delta hldE_{EC}$		2022)		
V. parahaemolyticus	Template for cloning the encoding genes of ADP-β-D-manno-	This study		
CGMCC 1.1997	heptose biosynthesis			
Plasmids				
pET28a	Kan ^r , protein expression vector	Novagen		
pET28a/GmhA _{VC}	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>V. cholerae O1</i> 2010EL-1786 derived GmhA _{VC} (OR656557)	This study		
pET28a/GmhB _{VC}	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>V. cholerae O1</i> 2010EL-1786 derived GmhB _{VC} (OR656558)	This study		
pET28a/HldE _{VC}	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>V. cholerae O1</i> 2010EL-1786 derived HldE _{VC} (OR656559)	This study		
pET28a/HldD _{VC}	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>V. cholerae O1</i> 2010EL-1786 derived HldD _{VC} (OR656560)	This study		
pET28a/Gmh A_{VP}	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>V. parahaemolyticus</i> CGMCC 1.1997 derived GmhA _{VP} (WP_005457680.1)	This study		
pET28a/GmhB _{VP}	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>V. parahaemolyticus</i> CGMCC 1.1997 derived GmhB _{VP} (WP 005459163.1)	This study		
pET28a/HldE $_{\mathrm{VP}}$	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>V. parahaemolyticus</i> CGMCC 1.1997 derived HldE _{VP} (WP 005497052.1)	This study		
pET28a/HldD _{VP}	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>V. parahaemolyticus</i> CGMCC 1.1997 derived HldD _{VP} (WP_015296139.1)	This study		
pET28a/GmhA _{EC}	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>E. coli</i> BL21(DE3) derived GmhA _{EC} (WP 000284050.1)	(Tang et al. 2018)		
pET28a/GmhB _{EC}	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>E. coli</i> BL21(DE3) derived GmhB _{EC} (WP 001140174.1)	(Tang et al. 2018)		
pET28a/HldE _{EC}	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>E. coli</i> BL21(DE3) derived HldE _{EC} (WP 000869178.1)	(Tang et al. 2018)		
pET28a/HldD _{EC}	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>E. coli</i> BL21(DE3) derived HldD _{EC} (WP 000587764.1)	(Tang et al. 2018)		
pET28a/HygP	Kan ^r , for the expression of <i>E. coli</i> BL21(DE3) derived HygP (WP_063817660.1)	(Tang et al. 2018)		

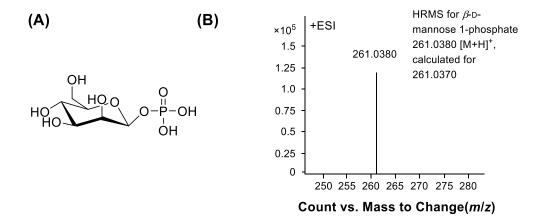
Table S2 Primers used in this study.

Primers	Sequence (5' to 3')	Uses
pET28a-1	AACTCGAGCACCACCACC	Confirmation of
pET28a-2	GGATCCGCGACCCATTTGCT	pET28a derivatives
GmhA-VP-1	AGCAAATGGGTCGCGGATCCATGTACCAAGATCTGATTAG	For the expression of $GmhA_{VP}$ from V .
GmhA-VP-2	GGTGGTGGTGCTCGAGTTTATTCCATCTCTTTTTCAAT	parahaemolyticus CGMCC 1.1997
GmhB-VP-1	AGCAAATGGGTCGCGGATCCTTGGCAAAACCTGCTGTTTTTAT	For the expression of $GmhB_{VP}$ from V .
GmhB-VP-2	GGTGGTGGTGCTCGAGTTTATTTTTGTAAATACGCTG	parahaemolyticus CGMCC 1.1997
HldE-VP-1	AGCAAATGGGTCGCGGATCCATGAAACCAATTCTACCTGAT	For the expression of $HldE_{VP}$ from V .
HldE-VP-2	GGTGGTGGTGCTCGAGTTTAGCCTTTGCCGCCTTTAAT	parahaemolyticus CGMCC 1.1997
HldD-VP-1	AGCAAATGGGTCGCGGATCCATGATCATCGTAACTGGTGG	For the expression of $HldD_{VP}$ from V .
HldD-VP-2	GGTGGTGGTGCTCGAGTTTAACTGTTTTGGATAGTTA	parahaemolyticus CGMCC 1.1997

Table S3 Identity comparisons of the ADP-β-D-manno-heptose synthetic enzymes from Vibrio strains and E. coli.

	GmhA _{VC}	$GmhB_{VC}$	HldE _{VC}	HldD _{VC}	$GmhA_{VP}$	$GmhB_{VP}$	HldE _{VP}	HldD _{VP}
GmhA _{EC}	79	-	-	-	78	-	-	-
$GmhB_{EC} \\$	-	62	-	-	-	62	-	-
$HldE_{EC}$	-	-	70	-	-	-	69	-
$HldD_{EC}$	-	-	-	74	-	-	-	87

Notes: Enzymes from *E. coli*, *V. cholerae* O1 2010EL-1786, and *V. parahaemolyticus* CGMCC 1.1997 are indicated with a subscript EC, VC, and VP, respectively.



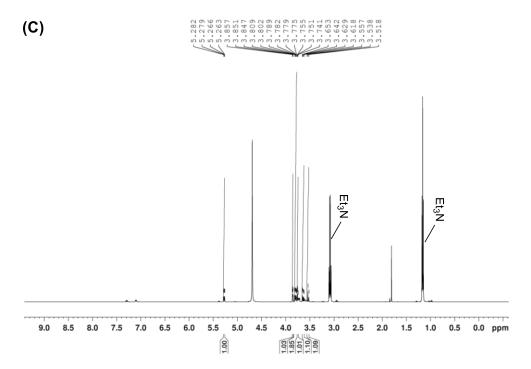


Fig. S1-1 Spectral data of *β***-D-mannose 1-phosphate.** (A) Structure of *β*-D-mannose 1-phosphate. (B) HRMS spectrum of *β*-D-mannose 1-phosphate. (C) 1 H NMR spectrum of *β*-D-mannose 1-phosphate.

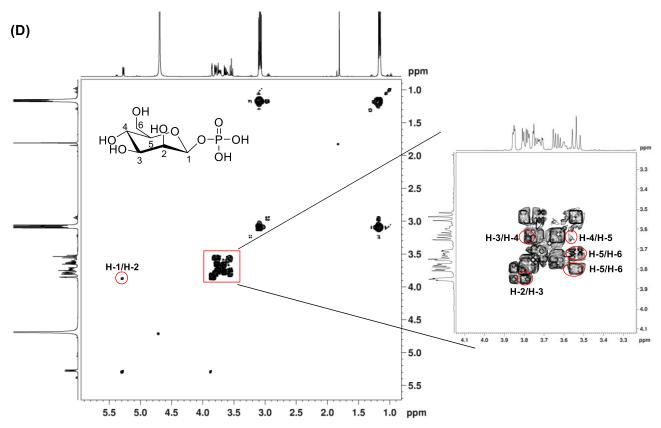


Fig. S1-2 Spectral data of *β***-D-mannose 1-phosphate.** (D) 1 H- 1 H COSY spectrum of *β*-D-mannose 1-phosphate. The key 1 H- 1 H COSY correlations are marked on the structure of *β*-D-mannose 1-phosphate with black bold lines and at the spectrum with red circles.

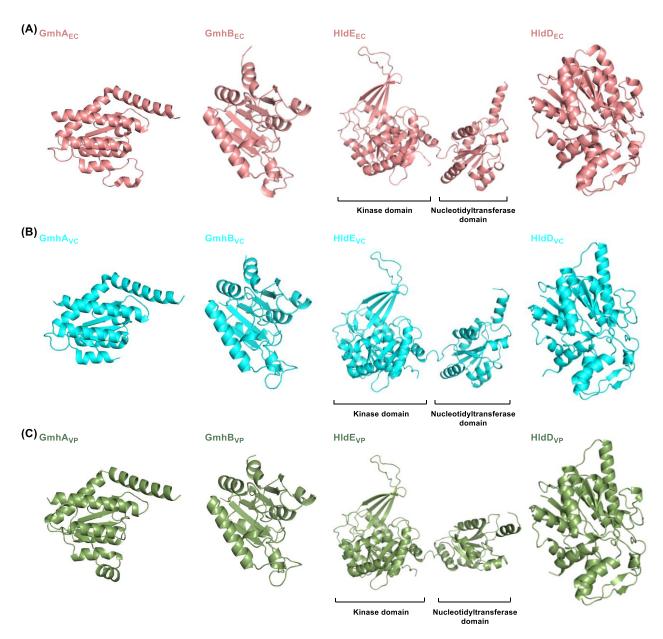


Fig. S2 The protein structures of ADP-β-D-manno-heptose biosynthetic enzymes from *E. coli* and *Vibrio* strains. (A) The crystal or predicted protein structure monomers of GmhA_{EC}, GmhB_{EC}, HldE_{EC}, and HldD_{EC} from *E. coli*; (B) The crystal or predicted protein structure monomers of GmhA_{VC}, GmhB_{VC}, HldE_{VC}, and HldD_{VC} from *V. cholerae* O1 2010EL-1786. (C) The predicted protein structure monomers of GmhA_{VP}, GmhB_{VP}, HldE_{VP}, and HldD_{VP} from *V. parahaemolyticus* CGMCC 1.1997. The crystal structures GmhA_{EC} (PDB code: 212W), HldD_{EC} (PDB code: 1EQ2), and GmhA_{VC} (PDB code: 1X94) were determined (Seetharaman et al. 2006; Taylor et al. 2008; Deacon et al. 2000) and the protein structures of the other ADP-β-D-manno-heptose biosynthetic enzymes were predicted by AlphaFold.

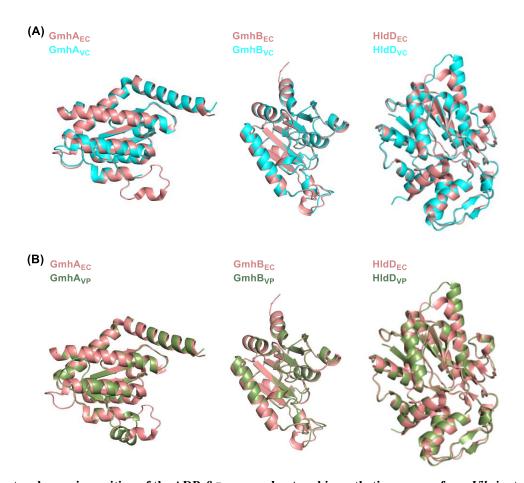


Fig. S3 Structural superimposition of the ADP-β-D-manno-heptose biosynthetic enzymes from Vibrio strains with E. coli. (A) Pairwise structural comparison of GmhA_{VC} with GmhA_{EC}, GmhB_{VC} with GmhB_{EC}, and HldD_{VC} with HldD_{EC}. (B) Pairwise structural comparison of GmhA_{VP} with GmhA_{EC}, GmhB_{VP} with GmhB_{EC}, HldD_{VP} with HldD_{EC}. The ADP-β-D-manno-heptose biosynthetic enzymes from E. coli, V. cholerae O1 2010EL-1786, V. parahaemolyticus CGMCC 1.1997 are indicated with a subscript of EC, VC, and VP, respectively.

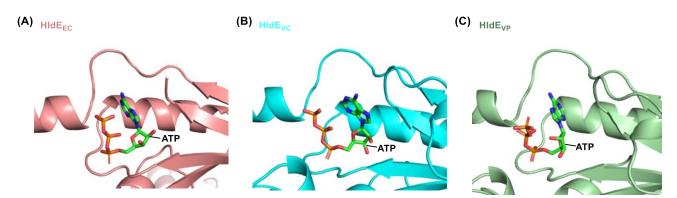


Fig. S4 The docking results of ATP in the substrate binding pockets of nucleotidyltransferase domains of HldEs. (A) The 'horseshoe' binding model of ATP in HldE $_{\text{CC}}$ -ATP; (B) The 'horseshoe' binding model of ATP in HldE $_{\text{VC}}$ -ATP. (C) The 'horseshoe' binding model of ATP in HldE $_{\text{VP}}$ -ATP.

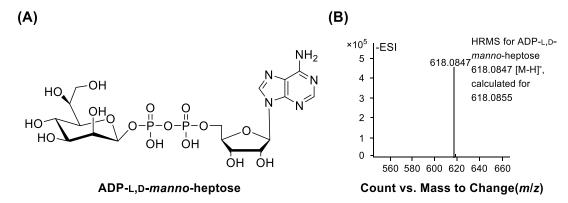


Fig. S5 HRMS data of ADP-L,D-*manno***-heptose.** (A) Structure of ADP-L,D-*manno*-heptose. (B) HRMS spectrum of ADP-L,D-*manno*-heptose prepared from the HldD_{VC} reaction.

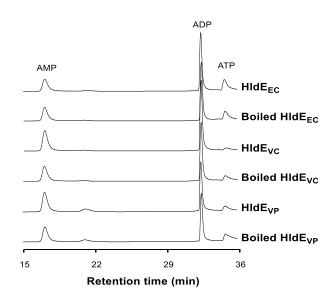


Fig. S6 HPLC profiles of the enzymatic assays catalyzed by the nucleotidyltransferase domain of HldEs using α -D-mannose 1-phosphate and ATP as substrates. The detection wavelength was set as 254 nm. HldE_{EC}, HldE_{VC}, and HldE_{VP} are bifunctional kinase/nucleotidyltransferases from *E. coli* BL21, *V. cholerae* O1 2010EL-1786, and *V. parahaemolyticus* CGMCC 1.1997, respectively.

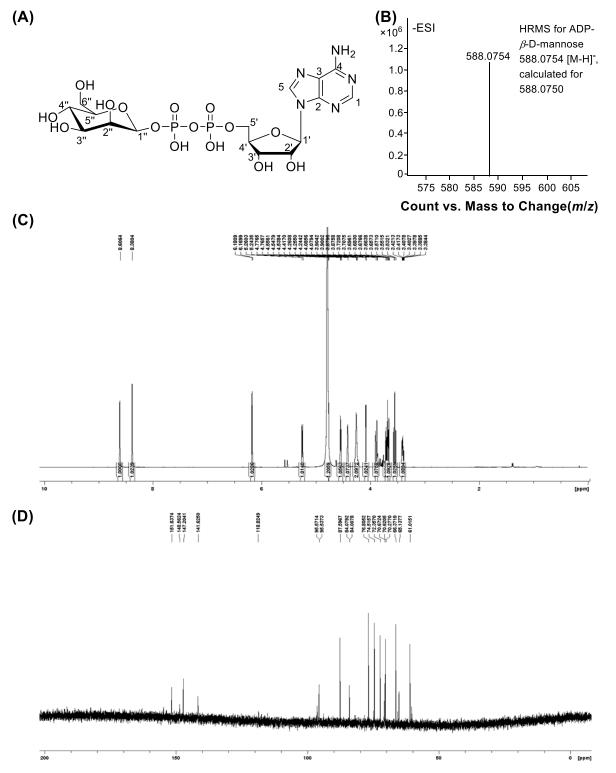


Fig. S7-1 Spectral data of ADP-β-D-mannose. (A) Structure of ADP-β-D-mannose. (B) HRMS spectrum of ADP-β-D-mannose. (C) ¹H NMR spectrum of ADP-β-D-mannose. (D) ¹³C NMR spectrum of ADP-β-D-mannose.

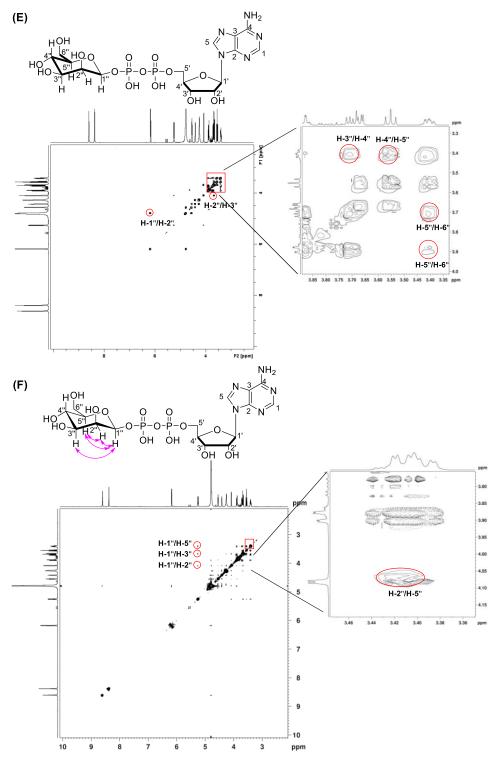


Fig. S7-2 Spectral data of ADP-β-D-mannose. (E) 1 H- 1 H COSY spectrum of ADP-β-D-mannose. (F) NOE spectrum of ADP-β-D-mannose. The key 1 H- 1 H COSY correlations are marked on the structure of ADP-β-D-mannose with black bold lines and at the spectrum with red circles. The key NOE correlations are marked on the structure of ADP-β-D-mannose with pink arrows and at the spectrum with red circles.

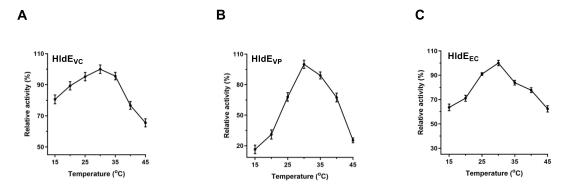


Fig. S8 Determination of the optimal temperatures of HldEvc, HldEvp, and HldEec. (A) The effect of temperature on HldEvc activity. (B) The effect of temperature on HldEvp activity. (C) The effect of temperature on HldEec activity. All the reactions were performed in a 50 μ L volume mixture containing 2 mM MgCl₂, 0.2 mM ATP, 0.2 mM β -D-mannose 1-phosphate, 5 μ M HldE, and 0.1 U PPase at their optimal pH values (HldEvc, pH 8.5; HldEvp, pH 8.0; HldEec, pH 7.5) for 0.5 h. All the reactions were detected using the colorimetric assay. Values and error bars represented means and standard deviations of biological triplicates.

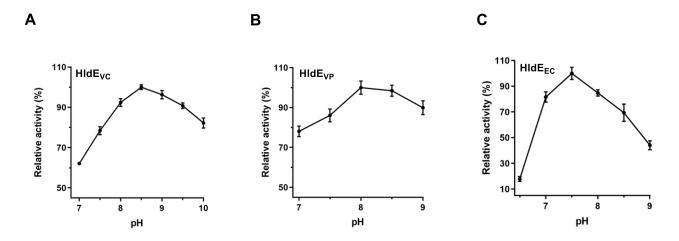


Fig. S9 Determination of the optimal pHs of HldEvc, HldEvr, and HldEvc. (A) The effect of pH on HldEvc activity. (B) The effect of pH on HldEvc activity. (C) The effect pH of on HldEvc activity. All the reactions were performed in a 50 μ L volume mixture containing 2 mM MgCl₂, 0.2 mM ATP, 0.2 mM β -D-mannose 1-phosphate, 5 μ M HldE, and 0.1 U PPase at 30 °C for 0.5 h. All the reactions were monitored using the colorimetric assay. Values and error bars represented means and standard deviations of biological triplicates.

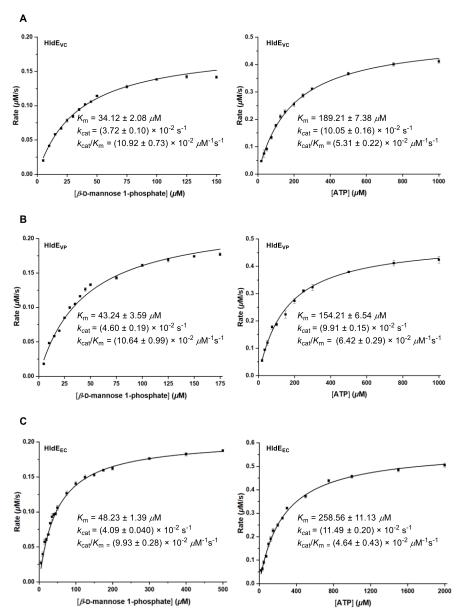


Fig. S10 The steady-state kinetic analyses of HldE_{VC}, **HldE**_{VP}, **and HldE**_{EC}. (A) The kinetic parameters of HldE_{VC} against β -D-mannose 1-phosphate (left) and ATP (right). (B) The kinetic parameters of HldE_{VP} against β -D-mannose 1-phosphate (left) and ATP (right). (C) The kinetic parameters of HldE_{EC} against β -D-mannose 1-phosphate (left) and ATP (right). Values and error bars represented means and standard deviations of biological triplicates.

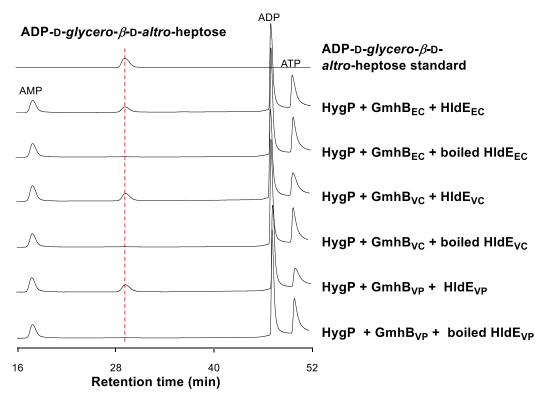


Fig. S11 HPLC profiles of the enzymatic assays of ADP-D-glycero-β-D-altro-heptose catalyzed by HygP and the *Vibrio* **enzymes.** HygP is an isomerase from *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* DSM 40578. The ADP-β-D-manno-heptose biosynthetic enzymes from *E. coli*, *V. cholerae* O1 2010EL-1786, *V. parahaemolyticus* CGMCC 1.1997 are indicated with a subscript of EC, VC, and VP, respectively. The detection wavelength was set as 254 nm.

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