

N,N,N-Trimethyl-*N*-(methyl 5-deoxy-2,3-*O*-isopropylidene- β -*D*-ribofuranosid-5-yl)ammonium 4-methylbenzenesulfonate sesquihydrate

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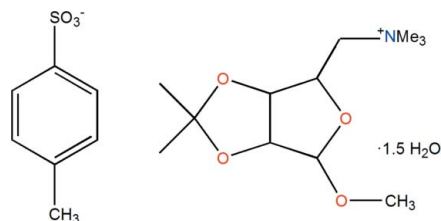
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 200$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; some non-H atoms missing; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.051; wR factor = 0.139; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.8.

The structure of the title compound, $[\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{24}\text{NO}_4][\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{O}_3\text{S}]\cdot 1.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$, contains alternating layers parallel to (001) of hydrophobic and polar character, stabilized by C—H...O hydrogen bonding. The furan ring adopts an envelope conformation with the C(OMe) atom as the flap, and the dioxolane ring is twisted about one of the O—C(methine) bonds. A comparison to related compounds is presented. The tosylate-O atoms were disordered over two positions with the major component having a site occupancy factor = 0.566 (12). The structure was refined as a rotary twin with regard to rotation about the c axis with the contribution of the second component being 0.0048 (6). Solvate water molecules are highly disordered and were removed using the SQUEEZE procedure; the unit cell characteristics take into account the presence of the disordered solvent. High-resolution ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectroscopic data are also presented.

Related literature

For background to quaternary ammonium compounds, see: Jones (1984); Śliwa (1996); Sajomsang *et al.* (2009); Obłąk & Gamian (2010); Binks *et al.* (2011); Singh *et al.* (2009); Cruz-Guzman *et al.* (2005); Rabea *et al.* (2003); Belalia *et al.*, 2008; McDonnell & Russell (1999); Boethling (1984); Levinson (1999); Cross & Singer (1994). For QAC sugar derivatives, see: Abel *et al.* (2002); Blizzard *et al.* (2002); Honda *et al.* (1988); Thomas *et al.* (2009); Maslov *et al.* (2010); Dmochowska *et al.* (2006, 2009, 2011); Pellowska-Januszek *et al.* (2004); Skorupa *et al.* (2004). For related synthetic methods, see: Gosh & Liu (1996); Sairam *et al.* 2003; Sarabia-Garcia & Lopez-Herrera

(1996); Dibrov *et al.* (2010). For ring puckering analysis, see: Cremer & Pople (1975).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{24}\text{NO}_4^+\cdot\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{O}_3\text{S}^- \cdot 1.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 444.53$
Monoclinic, $P2_1$
 $a = 11.4896$ (15) Å
 $b = 7.9311$ (11) Å
 $c = 13.4853$ (17) Å
 $\beta = 111.619$ (12)°

$V = 1142.4$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.19$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 200$ K
 $0.37 \times 0.2 \times 0.17$ mm

Data collection

Kuma KM4CCD (Sapphire2 detector) diffractometer
26053 measured reflections

4481 independent reflections
4325 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.139$
 $S = 1.07$
4481 reflections
283 parameters
40 restraints

H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.40$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.31$ e Å⁻³
Absolute structure: Flack & Bernardinelli (1999)
Flack parameter: 0.08 (12)

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C13}-\text{H13A}\cdots\text{O28A}^i$	0.98	2.45	3.412 (15)	167
$\text{C13}-\text{H13B}\cdots\text{O28A}^{ii}$	0.98	2.44	3.308 (13)	148
$\text{C14}-\text{H14B}\cdots\text{O26A}^i$	0.98	2.30	3.251 (9)	163
$\text{C14}-\text{H14C}\cdots\text{O27A}^{iii}$	0.98	2.22	3.161 (8)	162
$\text{C15}-\text{H15C}\cdots\text{O5}$	0.98	2.41	2.964 (4)	115
$\text{C19}-\text{H19}\cdots\text{O26A}$	0.95	2.26	2.712 (9)	108

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (ii) $x, y + 1, z$; (iii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); cell refinement: *CrysAlis CCD*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK5228).

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supplementary materials

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***N,N,N*-Trimethyl-*N*-(methyl 5-deoxy-2,3-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-ribofuranosid-5-yl)ammonium 4-methylbenzenesulfonate sesquihydrate**

Barbara Dmochowska, Karol Sikora, Jaroslaw Chojnacki, Wieslaw Wojnowski and Andrzej Wiśniewski

Comment

Scientists the world over have been interested in quaternary ammonium compounds (QACs) for over a hundred years (Jones, 1984; Śliwa, 1996; Sajomsang *et al.*, 2009; Obłąk & Gamian, 2010). These salts display both inorganic properties (*e.g.* their excellent solubility in water) and organic ones, and their hydrophilic properties are due to their ionic nature. They are present in fabric softeners and corrosion inhibitors (Binks *et al.*, 2011; Singh *et al.*, 2009), they act as fungicides, pesticides and insecticides (Cruz-Guzman *et al.*, 2005), they exhibit antibacterial and antifungal activities and are therefore constituents of antimicrobial drugs (Rabea *et al.*, 2003; Belalia *et al.*, 2008; McDonnell & Russell, 1999) and they are ingredients of shampoos and hair conditioners (Boethling, 1984; Levinson, 1999; Cross & Singer, 1994). Without doubt, QACs are used worldwide in industry, agriculture, healthcare and the home. Recent years have witnessed a resurgence of interest in the synthesis of QACs, especially their sugar derivatives, which have potential biological properties (Abel *et al.*, 2002; Blizzard *et al.*, 2002; Honda *et al.*, 1988; Thomas *et al.*, 2009; Maslov *et al.*, 2010).

One of our current research objectives is to find a correlation between the structure of the substituents around the quaternary nitrogen atom and the biological activity of the compounds concerned (Dmochowska *et al.*, 2011; Pellowska-Januszek *et al.*, 2004). The synthesis of QACs possessing a substituent that would increase the solubility of these salts appears to be interesting, and the incorporation into the QAC molecule of such a natural entity as a sugar unit could be very effective.

Synthetic work

Our research group synthesized numerous *N*-[(1,4-anhydro-5-deoxy-2,3-*O*-isopropylidene-D,L-ribitol)-5-yl]ammonium tosylates (Dmochowska *et al.*, 2006; 2009; Skorupa *et al.*, 2004). We thought it would be very interesting to examine the synthesis of analogous QACs with methyl 2,3-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-ribofuranoside and the influence of the *O*-Me substituent at the anomeric carbon atom on the course of the quaternization reaction at C-5 and on the conformation of the furanoic ring.

The synthesis of *N*-[(methyl 5-deoxy-2,3-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-ribofuranoside)-5-yl]ammonium tosylates began with commercially available D-ribose (**1**), Fig. 1, which was converted to methyl 2,3-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-ribofuranoside (**2**), (Gosh & Liu 1996; Sairam *et al.*, 2003). Next, the hydroxyl group at C-5 of compound **2** was activated with *p*-toluenesulfonyl chloride using a well known method (Sarabia-Garcia & Lopez-Herrera, 1996). The idea was to investigate the reactions of methyl 2,3-*O*-isopropylidene-5-*O*-tosyl- β -D-ribofuranoside (**3**) with tertiary amines, *viz.* triethylamine, trimethylamine, 4-(*N,N*-dimethylamino)pyridine, isoquinoline, 2-methylpyridine and pyridine. All the newly synthesized *N*-[(methyl 5-deoxy-2,3-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-ribofuranoside)-5-yl]ammonium tosylates were water-soluble. Their structures were determined by NMR. Here we report the X-ray structure of the product with NMe₃.

The reaction of **3** with 33% ethanolic solution of NMe₃ (70° C, 48 h) yielded *N*-[(methyl 5-deoxy-2,3-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-ribofuranoside)-5-yl]-*N,N,N*-trimethylammonium tosylate (**4**), (yield 67%). Its identity was also confirmed by ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra.

Description of the X-ray structure

Crystals belong to the monoclinic system, space group *P*2₁. The asymmetric unit of (**4**) contains one tertiary ammonium cation and one tosyl anion and one and half molecules of solvate water (Fig. 2). The charged parts of both ions are directed towards the middle of the cell, forming a hydrophilic layer, perpendicular to the *c* axis (Fig. 3). The structure is reinforced by non-conventional C—H···O hydrogen bonds, which are formed perhaps due to the strong acceptor properties of anionic oxygen atoms (see Table 1). The region of disordered solvent is located in the hydrophilic layer and use of SQUEEZE recovered 16.8 e⁻ from a void of volume *V* = 101.8 Å³. Electron density, found in the void, was interpreted as coming from one and half molecules of water per one ionic pair. Naturally, this leads to formation of additional hydrogen bonds in the hydrophilic layer.

Ring puckering analysis (Cremer & Pople 1975; Spek, 2009) of **4** shows that the five-membered furan ring adopts the envelope C1 – *endo* conformation (with *Q* = 0.301 (3) Å, φ = 227.4 (6)°, *P* = 314.5 (3)° and τ_m (C2—C3) = 32.8 (2)°). Noteworthy, C1 atom is substituted by the methoxy group which may be the reason for increased stability of the conformation. In the analogous compound, substituted by hydrogen at position 1, not a carbon atom but an oxygen atom defined the envelope (see Table 2). Apparently, the opposite is true for compounds without the protection of OH groups. However, electrostatic forces also contribute significantly to the free energy balance, leading in the case of iodide to formation of the twisted furan ring.

The oxolane ring, O6—C2—C3—O8—C7, is best described as having the twisted conformation about the O6—C2 bond (with *Q* = 0.319 (3) Å, φ = 11.5 (6)°, *P* = 100.3 (3)° and τ_m (C3—O8) = 34.9 (2)°). To facilitate comparisons, we also included data on, published recently, *trans*-3,4 dihydroxy substituted analogue, (3,4-dihydroxyoxolan-2-yl)methyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (Dibrov *et al.*, 2010) whose conformation was not described by the authors (*Q* = 0.397 Å, φ = 245.4°, *P* = 333.7° and τ_m (C1—C8) = 41.7°).

Experimental

General remarks

Commercial D-ribose (Fluka) was used. All reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) on Kieselgel 60 F₂₅₄ Silica Gel plates (E. Merck, 0.20 mm thickness) using eluent system (*v/v*) 3:1 CHCl₃ – MeOH. The spots were detected by spraying with 5% ethanolic H₂SO₄ and charring. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra (CDCl₃, internal Me₄Si) on a Varian Mercury 400 (400.49/100.70 MHz) instrument; positive-ion mode MALDITOF mass spectra on a Bruker Biflex III spectrometer with α -cyano-4-hydroxycinnamic acid as the matrix.

Synthesis of *N*-[(methyl 5-deoxy-2,3-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-ribofuranoside)-5-yl]-*N,N,N*-trimethylammonium tosylate (**4**)

Methyl 2,3-*O*-isopropylidene-5-*O*-tosyl- β -D-ribofuranoside (**3**) (150 mg, 0.42 mmol) was dissolved in 33% ethanolic solution of NMe₃ (0.31 ml). The solution was stored for 48 h in a screw-capped ampoule at 70°C, then the solvents were evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in H₂O, then extracted with CHCl₃. The aqueous layer was evaporated and dried to yield quaternary aminium compound, which was recrystallized from 2-butanone, **4** (117.5 mg, 67%); M.pt: 348–351 K; [α]_D²⁰ -12.0 (*c* 1/5, H₂O); ¹H-NMR (D₂O): δ 7.71–7.39 (2 d, each 2H, Ph), 5.22 (s, 1H, H-1), 4.89 (dd, 1H, H-3, *J*_{2,3} 5.6; *J*_{3,4} 1.4), 4.81 (d, 1H, H-2, *J*_{2,3} 6.0), 4.77 (m, 1H, H-4, *J*_{4,5'} 9.6), 3.69 (dd, 1H, H-5, *J*_{4,5} 2.6, *J*_{5,5'} 14.0), 3.55 (dd, 1H, H-5', *J*_{4,5'} 9.6), 3.49 (s, 3H, –OCH₃), 3.26 (s, 9H, N(CH₃)₃), 2.42 (s, 3H, PhCH₃), 1.56–1.40 (2 s, each 3H, C(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (H₂O) δ 129.66–125.70 (C, Ph), 114.08 (C, C(CH₃)₂), 110.42 (C-1), 83.86 (C-2), 83.08 (C-3), 81.16

(C-4), 68.91 (C-5), 56.32 (OCH₃), 54.26 (N(CH₃)₃), 25.62- 24.02 (C, C(CH₃)₂), 20.70 (C, PhCH₃); MALDI TOF- MS (CCA): *m/z* 246 ([*M*-OTs]⁺).

Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were refined as riding with C–H distances in the range 0.95–1.00 Å and thermal ellipsoids $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5 U_{\text{iso}}(\text{C})$ for methyl groups or $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{iso}}(\text{C})$ for aromatic or tertiary hydrogen atoms. Oxygen atoms of the tosyl group were refined as disordered over two positions with occupancies of 0.434 (12) and 0.566 (12). Bonds S–O in the tosyl group were constrained to be all equal. The structure was refined as a rotary twin with regard to rotation about the *c* axis with a small contribution of the second component of 0.0048 (6); R-indices with no twinning were $wR^2 = 0.143$ and $R_1 = 0.052$. Structure contains voids at *x,y,z* (0, 0, 1/2) filled with a disordered solvent, which is difficult to model. Use of program SQUEEZE (Spek, 2009) revealed electron density in that place equivalent to 16.8 e⁻, and volume of the void of ca 102 Å³. It can be attributed to the presence of one and half strongly disordered water molecule positioned in the hydrophilic layer. Three peaks in the asymmetric unit in the region could be found which may mean that position of water molecules can be coupled with the local disorder of the tosyl group oxygen atoms. The original reflection data were corrected for this electron density by the mentioned program. The formula, formula weight, F(000), density and absorption coefficient were corrected for water content in the CIF file. Conformational analysis parameters were calculated using *PLATON* program by Spek (2009).

Computing details

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); cell refinement: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

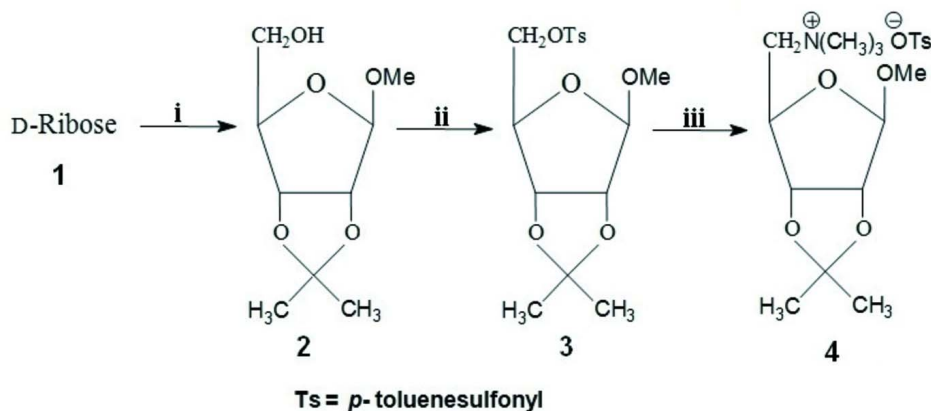
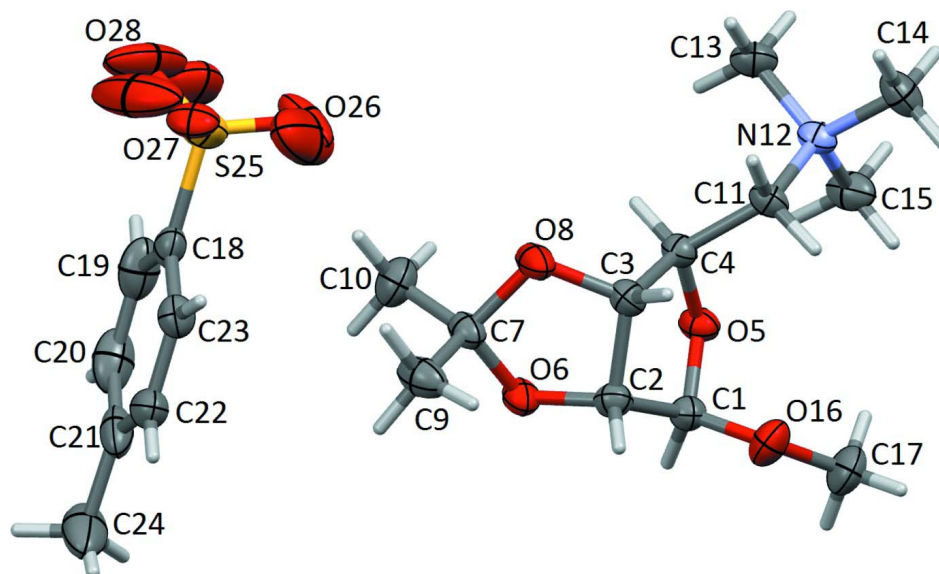
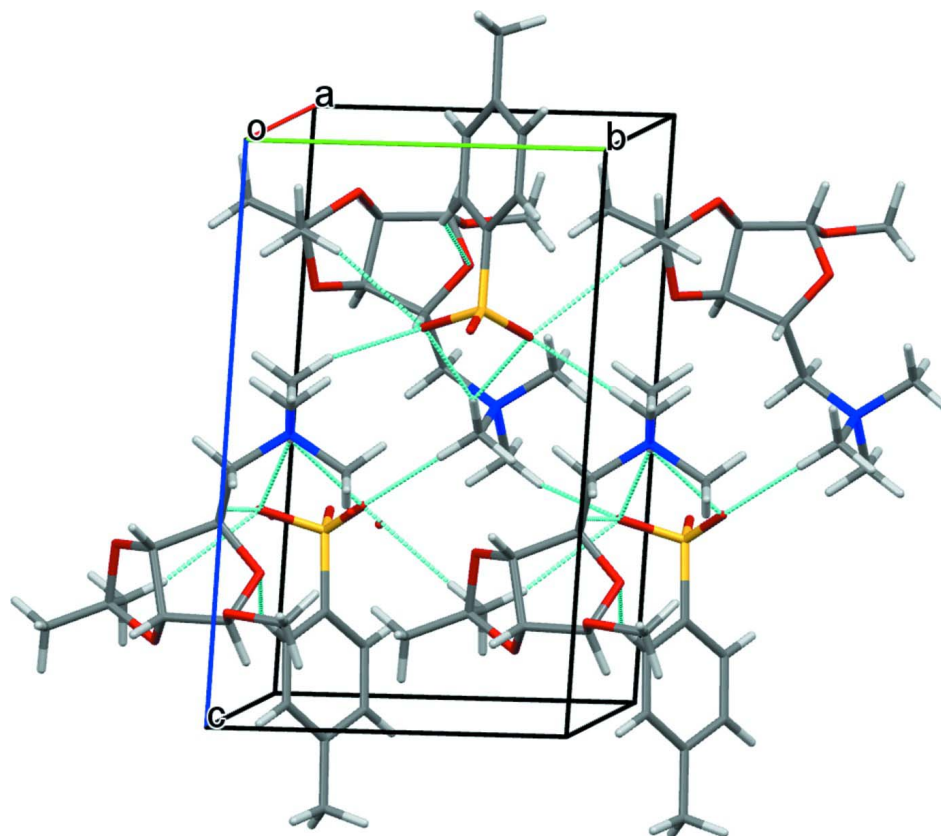


Figure 1

Preparation of *N*-[(methyl 5-deoxy-2,3-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-ribofuranoside)-5-yl]-*N,N,N*-trimethylammonium tosylate, (4). Reagents: (i) SnCl₂·2H₂O, conc. H₂SO₄, acetone, MeOH; (ii) TsCl, py; (iii) 33% ethanolic solution of NMe₃.

**Figure 2**

Molecular structure of *N*-[(methyl 5-deoxy-2,3-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-ribofuranoside)-5-yl]-*N,N,N*-trimethylammonium tosylate, (4). Displacement ellipsoids drawn at 50% probability level. Oxygen atoms in the tosyl anion are disordered over two positions.

**Figure 3**

Packing diagram of **4**, showing network of non-classical hydrogen bonds of the CH \cdots O type and the hydrophilic / hydrophobic layers.

***N,N,N*-Trimethyl-*N*-(methyl 5-deoxy-2,3-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-ribofuranosid-5-yl)ammonium 4-methylbenzenesulfonate sesquihydrate**

Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{24}NO_4^+ \cdot C_7H_7O_3S^- \cdot 1.5H_2O$

$M_r = 444.53$

Monoclinic, $P2_1$

Hall symbol: P 2yb

$a = 11.4896$ (15) Å

$b = 7.9311$ (11) Å

$c = 13.4853$ (17) Å

$\beta = 111.619$ (12)°

$V = 1142.4$ (3) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 478$

$D_x = 1.292$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 3067 reflections

$\theta = 2\text{--}30^\circ$

$\mu = 0.19$ mm⁻¹

$T = 200$ K

Block, colourless

$0.37 \times 0.2 \times 0.17$ mm

Data collection

Kuma KM4CCD (Sapphire2 detector)
diffractometer

Graphite monochromator

ω scans, 1 deg frames

26053 measured reflections

4481 independent reflections

4325 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{int} = 0.038$

$\theta_{max} = 26^\circ$, $\theta_{min} = 2.9^\circ$

$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.139$
 $S = 1.07$
 4481 reflections
 283 parameters
 40 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0737P)^2 + 0.6709P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.007$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.40 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 Absolute structure: Flack & Bernardinelli
 (1999)
 Flack parameter: 0.08 (12)

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
C1	0.4006 (3)	0.9674 (4)	0.8428 (2)	0.0299 (6)	
H1	0.4517	1.0147	0.9144	0.036*	
C2	0.4217 (3)	0.7801 (4)	0.8398 (2)	0.0294 (6)	
H2	0.3676	0.7123	0.8683	0.035*	
C3	0.3957 (3)	0.7445 (4)	0.7215 (2)	0.0284 (6)	
H3	0.3089	0.701	0.6836	0.034*	
C4	0.4153 (3)	0.9195 (3)	0.6776 (2)	0.0261 (6)	
H4	0.4913	0.9144	0.6584	0.031*	
O5	0.43649 (19)	1.0397 (3)	0.76273 (15)	0.0295 (5)	
O6	0.5509 (2)	0.7393 (3)	0.88856 (15)	0.0322 (5)	
C7	0.5743 (3)	0.6006 (4)	0.8296 (2)	0.0314 (6)	
O8	0.4872 (2)	0.6252 (3)	0.72143 (15)	0.0392 (5)	
C9	0.5476 (4)	0.4340 (4)	0.8700 (3)	0.0447 (8)	
H9A	0.5643	0.3425	0.8281	0.067*	
H9B	0.4597	0.43	0.8628	0.067*	
H9C	0.6015	0.4207	0.9452	0.067*	
C10	0.7061 (3)	0.6147 (5)	0.8315 (3)	0.0457 (8)	
H10A	0.7229	0.5206	0.7916	0.069*	
H10B	0.7656	0.6114	0.9054	0.069*	
H10C	0.7154	0.7215	0.7985	0.069*	
C11	0.3025 (3)	0.9654 (4)	0.5787 (2)	0.0282 (6)	
H11A	0.2815	0.8671	0.53	0.034*	
H11B	0.2304	0.9857	0.6005	0.034*	
N12	0.3178 (2)	1.1180 (3)	0.51680 (16)	0.0272 (5)	

C13	0.4218 (3)	1.0949 (4)	0.4768 (2)	0.0378 (7)	
H13A	0.4081	0.9909	0.4347	0.057*	
H13B	0.5016	1.0875	0.5374	0.057*	
H13C	0.4239	1.1911	0.4319	0.057*	
C14	0.1974 (3)	1.1358 (5)	0.4218 (2)	0.0424 (7)	
H14A	0.1277	1.1511	0.4463	0.064*	
H14B	0.1833	1.034	0.3777	0.064*	
H14C	0.2028	1.2339	0.3796	0.064*	
C15	0.3408 (4)	1.2769 (4)	0.5807 (3)	0.0407 (8)	
H15A	0.2732	1.2939	0.6076	0.061*	
H15B	0.3434	1.3725	0.5354	0.061*	
H15C	0.4209	1.2686	0.6409	0.061*	
O16	0.2726 (2)	0.9863 (3)	0.8220 (2)	0.0411 (6)	
C17	0.2344 (4)	1.1544 (6)	0.8338 (3)	0.0527 (9)	
H17A	0.144	1.1564	0.8176	0.079*	
H17B	0.2545	1.2296	0.7847	0.079*	
H17C	0.2787	1.1924	0.9073	0.079*	
C18	0.8291 (3)	0.1549 (4)	0.8487 (2)	0.0322 (6)	
C19	0.9296 (3)	0.2527 (5)	0.9119 (4)	0.0503 (9)	
H19	0.9773	0.3154	0.8802	0.06*	
C20	0.9596 (3)	0.2581 (5)	1.0210 (4)	0.0550 (10)	
H20	1.028	0.3257	1.0638	0.066*	
C21	0.8916 (3)	0.1665 (5)	1.0694 (3)	0.0497 (10)	
C22	0.7906 (3)	0.0723 (4)	1.0053 (3)	0.0391 (7)	
H22	0.7424	0.0101	1.0368	0.047*	
C23	0.7587 (3)	0.0678 (4)	0.8952 (2)	0.0313 (6)	
H23	0.6881	0.0044	0.8519	0.038*	
C24	0.9289 (5)	0.1691 (8)	1.1889 (3)	0.086 (2)	
H24A	1.0139	0.124	1.2227	0.13*	
H24B	0.8705	0.0995	1.2089	0.13*	
H24C	0.9265	0.2852	1.2129	0.13*	
S25	0.78821 (10)	0.14712 (13)	0.70869 (7)	0.0533 (3)	
O26	0.6888 (12)	0.2652 (11)	0.6587 (9)	0.063 (4)	0.434 (12)
O27	0.7138 (7)	-0.0238 (7)	0.6715 (4)	0.039 (2)	0.434 (12)
O28	0.8913 (7)	0.138 (2)	0.6800 (6)	0.093 (6)	0.434 (12)
O26A	0.8903 (7)	0.2787 (11)	0.7015 (6)	0.074 (2)	0.566 (12)
O27A	0.8177 (15)	-0.0076 (8)	0.6870 (7)	0.115 (6)	0.566 (12)
O28A	0.6753 (10)	0.235 (2)	0.6701 (10)	0.109 (6)	0.566 (12)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0336 (15)	0.0316 (15)	0.0258 (13)	0.0032 (12)	0.0123 (11)	0.0008 (11)
C2	0.0327 (15)	0.0305 (15)	0.0276 (13)	-0.0006 (12)	0.0142 (11)	0.0016 (11)
C3	0.0305 (15)	0.0277 (14)	0.0249 (13)	-0.0006 (12)	0.0077 (11)	0.0011 (11)
C4	0.0288 (14)	0.0267 (14)	0.0220 (12)	-0.0006 (11)	0.0085 (10)	-0.0003 (10)
O5	0.0378 (11)	0.0260 (10)	0.0245 (9)	-0.0026 (8)	0.0112 (8)	-0.0017 (8)
O6	0.0363 (11)	0.0317 (11)	0.0238 (9)	0.0047 (9)	0.0053 (8)	-0.0036 (8)
C7	0.0411 (16)	0.0258 (15)	0.0239 (13)	0.0045 (12)	0.0080 (11)	-0.0005 (11)

O8	0.0576 (14)	0.0338 (12)	0.0235 (9)	0.0153 (11)	0.0117 (9)	0.0003 (9)
C9	0.071 (2)	0.0285 (17)	0.0331 (16)	0.0007 (16)	0.0170 (16)	0.0024 (13)
C10	0.0428 (18)	0.042 (2)	0.0556 (19)	0.0086 (16)	0.0216 (15)	-0.0026 (16)
C11	0.0317 (15)	0.0285 (15)	0.0232 (12)	-0.0037 (12)	0.0089 (11)	0.0035 (11)
N12	0.0320 (12)	0.0271 (12)	0.0213 (10)	-0.0037 (10)	0.0083 (9)	-0.0014 (9)
C13	0.0438 (17)	0.0425 (19)	0.0320 (14)	-0.0032 (15)	0.0199 (13)	0.0026 (13)
C14	0.0395 (17)	0.0455 (19)	0.0325 (14)	0.0001 (15)	0.0019 (12)	0.0118 (15)
C15	0.064 (2)	0.0266 (16)	0.0340 (16)	-0.0035 (15)	0.0214 (15)	-0.0020 (13)
O16	0.0346 (12)	0.0409 (13)	0.0544 (13)	0.0037 (10)	0.0242 (10)	-0.0032 (11)
C17	0.055 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.058 (2)	0.0229 (19)	0.0277 (18)	0.0015 (19)
C18	0.0295 (14)	0.0293 (15)	0.0397 (15)	0.0087 (13)	0.0150 (12)	0.0041 (13)
C19	0.0292 (17)	0.0359 (18)	0.085 (3)	-0.0051 (14)	0.0198 (17)	0.0035 (18)
C20	0.0311 (18)	0.047 (2)	0.071 (3)	-0.0012 (16)	0.0001 (17)	-0.020 (2)
C21	0.0426 (19)	0.052 (2)	0.0374 (17)	0.0237 (17)	-0.0054 (14)	-0.0122 (16)
C22	0.0429 (18)	0.0407 (18)	0.0365 (16)	0.0116 (14)	0.0178 (14)	0.0057 (13)
C23	0.0291 (14)	0.0267 (14)	0.0343 (15)	-0.0008 (11)	0.0073 (12)	-0.0011 (11)
C24	0.086 (3)	0.113 (4)	0.037 (2)	0.054 (3)	-0.005 (2)	-0.022 (2)
S25	0.0711 (7)	0.0562 (6)	0.0434 (4)	0.0187 (5)	0.0335 (4)	0.0176 (4)
O26	0.110 (10)	0.025 (3)	0.026 (4)	0.011 (4)	-0.006 (4)	-0.004 (3)
O27	0.055 (4)	0.034 (3)	0.028 (3)	-0.011 (3)	0.017 (3)	-0.012 (2)
O28	0.060 (5)	0.185 (16)	0.046 (4)	-0.043 (7)	0.034 (3)	-0.015 (6)
O26A	0.087 (5)	0.082 (5)	0.076 (4)	-0.001 (4)	0.057 (4)	0.013 (4)
O27A	0.261 (18)	0.043 (3)	0.077 (5)	0.007 (6)	0.105 (8)	-0.005 (3)
O28A	0.050 (5)	0.211 (15)	0.057 (5)	0.017 (6)	0.008 (4)	0.027 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—O16	1.400 (4)	C14—H14A	0.98
C1—O5	1.411 (3)	C14—H14B	0.98
C1—C2	1.508 (4)	C14—H14C	0.98
C1—H1	1	C15—H15A	0.98
C2—O6	1.421 (4)	C15—H15B	0.98
C2—C3	1.537 (4)	C15—H15C	0.98
C2—H2	1	O16—C17	1.431 (5)
C3—O8	1.414 (4)	C17—H17A	0.98
C3—C4	1.557 (4)	C17—H17B	0.98
C3—H3	1	C17—H17C	0.98
C4—O5	1.442 (3)	C18—C23	1.377 (4)
C4—C11	1.522 (4)	C18—C19	1.391 (5)
C4—H4	1	C18—S25	1.771 (3)
O6—C7	1.439 (3)	C19—C20	1.383 (6)
C7—O8	1.447 (3)	C19—H19	0.95
C7—C9	1.503 (4)	C20—C21	1.393 (6)
C7—C10	1.510 (5)	C20—H20	0.95
C9—H9A	0.98	C21—C22	1.383 (5)
C9—H9B	0.98	C21—C24	1.508 (5)
C9—H9C	0.98	C22—C23	1.393 (4)
C10—H10A	0.98	C22—H22	0.95
C10—H10B	0.98	C23—H23	0.95
C10—H10C	0.98	C24—H24A	0.98

C11—N12	1.516 (3)	C24—H24B	0.98
C11—H11A	0.99	C24—H24C	0.98
C11—H11B	0.99	S25—O27A	1.334 (6)
N12—C13	1.493 (4)	S25—O28	1.377 (7)
N12—C15	1.494 (4)	S25—O28A	1.396 (9)
N12—C14	1.507 (4)	S25—O26	1.438 (9)
C13—H13A	0.98	S25—O27	1.582 (6)
C13—H13B	0.98	S25—O26A	1.599 (7)
C13—H13C	0.98		
O16—C1—O5	112.6 (2)	N12—C14—H14A	109.5
O16—C1—C2	105.5 (3)	N12—C14—H14B	109.5
O5—C1—C2	106.5 (2)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
O16—C1—H1	110.7	N12—C14—H14C	109.5
O5—C1—H1	110.7	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C2—C1—H1	110.7	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
O6—C2—C1	111.3 (2)	N12—C15—H15A	109.5
O6—C2—C3	102.1 (2)	N12—C15—H15B	109.5
C1—C2—C3	103.7 (2)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
O6—C2—H2	113	N12—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C2—H2	113	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C3—C2—H2	113	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
O8—C3—C2	105.2 (2)	C1—O16—C17	114.8 (3)
O8—C3—C4	112.7 (2)	O16—C17—H17A	109.5
C2—C3—C4	103.3 (2)	O16—C17—H17B	109.5
O8—C3—H3	111.7	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C2—C3—H3	111.7	O16—C17—H17C	109.5
C4—C3—H3	111.7	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
O5—C4—C11	112.3 (2)	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
O5—C4—C3	107.0 (2)	C23—C18—C19	119.6 (3)
C11—C4—C3	110.6 (2)	C23—C18—S25	119.9 (2)
O5—C4—H4	109	C19—C18—S25	120.4 (3)
C11—C4—H4	109	C20—C19—C18	119.7 (3)
C3—C4—H4	109	C20—C19—H19	120.2
C1—O5—C4	109.2 (2)	C18—C19—H19	120.2
C2—O6—C7	107.1 (2)	C19—C20—C21	121.2 (3)
O6—C7—O8	104.7 (2)	C19—C20—H20	119.4
O6—C7—C9	111.6 (2)	C21—C20—H20	119.4
O8—C7—C9	109.0 (3)	C22—C21—C20	118.4 (3)
O6—C7—C10	109.0 (3)	C22—C21—C24	121.1 (5)
O8—C7—C10	108.9 (3)	C20—C21—C24	120.4 (4)
C9—C7—C10	113.4 (3)	C21—C22—C23	120.7 (3)
C3—O8—C7	109.1 (2)	C21—C22—H22	119.7
C7—C9—H9A	109.5	C23—C22—H22	119.7
C7—C9—H9B	109.5	C18—C23—C22	120.3 (3)
H9A—C9—H9B	109.5	C18—C23—H23	119.9
C7—C9—H9C	109.5	C22—C23—H23	119.9
H9A—C9—H9C	109.5	C21—C24—H24A	109.5
H9B—C9—H9C	109.5	C21—C24—H24B	109.5

C7—C10—H10A	109.5	H24A—C24—H24B	109.5
C7—C10—H10B	109.5	C21—C24—H24C	109.5
H10A—C10—H10B	109.5	H24A—C24—H24C	109.5
C7—C10—H10C	109.5	H24B—C24—H24C	109.5
H10A—C10—H10C	109.5	O27A—S25—O28	65.0 (8)
H10B—C10—H10C	109.5	O27A—S25—O28A	131.0 (9)
N12—C11—C4	116.1 (2)	O28—S25—O28A	134.3 (8)
N12—C11—H11A	108.3	O27A—S25—O26	135.9 (7)
C4—C11—H11A	108.3	O28—S25—O26	121.2 (8)
N12—C11—H11B	108.3	O27A—S25—O27	45.1 (6)
C4—C11—H11B	108.3	O28—S25—O27	106.7 (7)
H11A—C11—H11B	107.4	O28A—S25—O27	89.6 (7)
C13—N12—C15	108.5 (2)	O26—S25—O27	99.6 (5)
C13—N12—C14	108.1 (2)	O27A—S25—O26A	109.6 (6)
C15—N12—C14	108.8 (3)	O28A—S25—O26A	104.6 (7)
C13—N12—C11	111.8 (2)	O26—S25—O26A	91.2 (7)
C15—N12—C11	112.8 (2)	O27—S25—O26A	149.6 (3)
C14—N12—C11	106.7 (2)	O27A—S25—C18	106.1 (4)
N12—C13—H13A	109.5	O28—S25—C18	112.6 (3)
N12—C13—H13B	109.5	O28A—S25—C18	103.0 (6)
H13A—C13—H13B	109.5	O26—S25—C18	109.3 (5)
N12—C13—H13C	109.5	O27—S25—C18	105.6 (2)
H13A—C13—H13C	109.5	O26A—S25—C18	97.4 (3)
H13B—C13—H13C	109.5		
O16—C1—C2—O6	-163.4 (2)	C9—C7—O8—C3	105.0 (3)
O5—C1—C2—O6	76.7 (3)	C10—C7—O8—C3	-130.9 (3)
O16—C1—C2—C3	87.6 (3)	O5—C4—C11—N12	70.6 (3)
O5—C1—C2—C3	-32.4 (3)	C3—C4—C11—N12	-170.0 (2)
O6—C2—C3—O8	24.8 (3)	C4—C11—N12—C13	60.4 (3)
C1—C2—C3—O8	140.5 (2)	C4—C11—N12—C15	-62.1 (3)
O6—C2—C3—C4	-93.5 (3)	C4—C11—N12—C14	178.4 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	22.2 (3)	O5—C1—O16—C17	-71.4 (3)
O8—C3—C4—O5	-118.6 (2)	C2—C1—O16—C17	172.8 (3)
C2—C3—C4—O5	-5.5 (3)	C23—C18—C19—C20	1.6 (5)
O8—C3—C4—C11	118.8 (3)	S25—C18—C19—C20	179.5 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C11	-128.1 (2)	C18—C19—C20—C21	0.4 (6)
O16—C1—O5—C4	-85.3 (3)	C19—C20—C21—C22	-1.6 (6)
C2—C1—O5—C4	30.0 (3)	C19—C20—C21—C24	177.7 (4)
C11—C4—O5—C1	106.6 (3)	C20—C21—C22—C23	0.8 (5)
C3—C4—O5—C1	-14.9 (3)	C24—C21—C22—C23	-178.5 (3)
C1—C2—O6—C7	-144.6 (2)	C19—C18—C23—C22	-2.4 (5)
C3—C2—O6—C7	-34.5 (3)	S25—C18—C23—C22	179.6 (2)
C2—O6—C7—O8	31.5 (3)	C21—C22—C23—C18	1.2 (5)
C2—O6—C7—C9	-86.3 (3)	C23—C18—S25—O27	-24.9 (4)
C2—O6—C7—C10	147.8 (3)	C19—C18—S25—O27	157.2 (4)
C2—C3—O8—C7	-6.3 (3)	C23—C18—S25—O26A	175.2 (4)
C4—C3—O8—C7	105.6 (3)	C19—C18—S25—O26A	-2.7 (4)
O6—C7—O8—C3	-14.5 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C13—H13A \cdots O28A ⁱ	0.98	2.45	3.412 (15)	167
C13—H13B \cdots O28A ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.44	3.308 (13)	148
C14—H14B \cdots O26A ⁱ	0.98	2.30	3.251 (9)	163
C14—H14C \cdots O27A ⁱⁱⁱ	0.98	2.22	3.161 (8)	162
C15—H15C \cdots O5	0.98	2.41	2.964 (4)	115
C19—H19 \cdots O26A	0.95	2.26	2.712 (9)	108

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1$; (ii) $x, y+1, z$; (iii) $-x+1, y+3/2, -z+1$.

Conformations of six selected compounds. Atom numbering schema taken from the original papers. Qualitative puckering descriptors (envelope, twisted) are the ones closest to the observed data.

Conformation of the furanoic ring	Conformation of the dioxolane ring	C1 substitution	C2–C3 substitution	C4 substitution	Reference
Envelope on the O5 atom (E ₀)	Envelope on C7 (E ¹)	H	2,3- <i>O</i> -isopropylidene	CH ₂ NMe ₃ (+), OTs(-)	Dmochowska <i>et al.</i> (2006); Skorupa <i>et al.</i> (2004)
Twisted about the O5–C1 bond (⁰ T ₁)	Envelope on C7 (E ₀)	H	2,3- <i>O</i> -isopropylidene	CH ₂ NMe ₃ (+), I(-)	Dmochowska <i>et al.</i> (2006)
Envelope on the C1 atom (E ¹)	Twisted about the O6–C2 bond (⁰ T ₁)	OCH ₃	2,3- <i>O</i> -isopropylidene	CH ₂ NMe ₃ (+), OTs(-)	this work
Envelope on the O5 atom (E ⁰)	Twisted about the O18–C20 bond (² T ₃)	H	2,3- <i>O</i> -isopropylidene	CH ₂ OTs	Dmochowska <i>et al.</i> (2009)
Envelope on the C3 atom (E ³)		H	<i>cis</i> -2,3-dihydroxy	CH ₂ OTs	Dmochowska <i>et al.</i> (2009)
Envelope on the C1 atom (E ²)		H	<i>trans</i> -2,3-dihydroxy	CH ₂ OTs	Dibrov <i>et al.</i> (2010)