

## (1*RS*,2*RS*,3*RS*)-1,2-Dimethoxy-3-methyl-2-phenyl-1-(2-thienyl)cyclopropane

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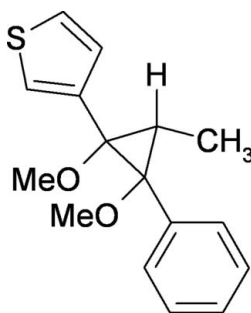
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.055;  $wR$  factor = 0.192; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.5.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2\text{S}$ , a new *cis*-1,2-dimethoxycyclopropane, the two methoxy groups are in a *cis* configuration and in *trans* positions with respect to the H atom and the phenyl and thienyl rings on the cyclopropyl group. The molecular packing is dominated by weak intermolecular C—H...O interactions, allowing the formation of zigzag chains propagating parallel to the  $c$  axis. The dihedral angle between the aromatic rings is  $86.12(8)^\circ$ .

### Related literature

For related literature on the chemistry, see: Lebel *et al.* (2003). For a general overview of the biological implications of cyclopropane-related derivatives, see: de Meijere *et al.* (2003). For their occurrence, see: Wessjohann *et al.* (2003).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2\text{S}$   
 $M_r = 274.36$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 12.9924(3)$  Å  
 $b = 9.7194(2)$  Å  
 $c = 14.7960(3)$  Å  
 $\beta = 128.395(1)^\circ$   
 $V = 1464.37(6)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 1.92$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 293$  K  
 $0.56 \times 0.35 \times 0.28$  mm

#### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Nova diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: refined from  $\Delta F$  (XABS2; Parkin *et al.*, 1995)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.330$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.581$   
 7070 measured reflections  
 2830 independent reflections  
 2435 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.192$   
 $S = 1.16$   
 2830 reflections  
 172 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.47$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.52$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C16}-\text{H16}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.93	2.55	3.469 (3)	172

Symmetry code: (i)  $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CS2110).

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**supplementary materials**

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## (1*RS*,2*RS*,3*RS*)-1,2-Dimethoxy-3-methyl-2-phenyl-1-(2-thienyl)cyclopropane

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### Comment

The cyclopropane ring is a quite common subunit of natural products isolated from plants, fungi, and microorganisms (Wessjohann, *et al.* 2003). Many of these natural products show biological activity, and some of them have found applications as drugs or insecticides (de Meijere *et al.*, 2003). Classical chemical synthesis of cyclopropane derivatives include the halomethyl-metal mediated cyclopropanation of olefins, the transition-metal-catalyzed carbene-transfer reaction from diazo compounds, and the nucleophilic-addition/ring-closing sequence (Lebel *et al.* 2003). A new method for the synthesis of *cis*-1,2-dimethoxycyclopropane through the cyclopropanation of lithium ketone enolates with Fischer carbene complex will be published elsewhere. The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. There are no unusual bonding features. O atoms of the two methoxy groups are in *cis* position to each other and in *trans* positions with the C3 hydrogen atom, and point away from the phenyl and from thienyl rings on the cyclopropyl group, respectively. The molecular packing is dominated by the weak intermolecular interaction C16—H16  $\cdots$  O2 allowing the formation of zig-zag chains roughly parallel to the *c* crystallographic axis and perpendicular to the *b* axis.

### Experimental

Lithium enolate of 2-acetylthiophene was prepared by treatment of a solution of the corresponding ketone (1.2 mmol, 151 mg) and lithium diisopropylamide (1.2 mmol, 0.39 M, 3.1 ml) at 195 K for 30 mins. Pentacarbonyl(1-methoxy-1-phenylmethylene)-chromium (1 mmol, 312 mg) in THF (10 ml) was added over lithium enolate solution at 195 K. Cooling bath was removed and the reaction mixture allowed to warm up to 273 K and stirred for a further 45 mins, concentrated in high vacuum, redissolved in Et<sub>2</sub>O (10 ml) and cooled to 195 K. TfOMe (2.0 mmol, 224  $\mu$ L) was added dropwise to the mixture. After 5 mins, cooling bath was removed and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min while allowing the temperature to reach 273 K. The reaction mixture was quenched with NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (20 ml). The resulting mixture was diluted with hexanes/ethyl acetate, 10/1 (110 ml) and subjected to air oxidation under sunlight. After 2–12 h the suspension was filtered through Celite and extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 10 ml). The organic layers were combined, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexanes/ethyl acetate, 20/1) to yield the title compound (277 mg, 77%) as a 1:1 diastereoisomer mixture of the *all-S* (1,2,3) and *all-R* forms.

### Refinement

At the end of the refinement the highest peak in the electron density was 0.47 e  $\text{\AA}^{-3}$ . The deepest hole was -0.52 e  $\text{\AA}^{-3}$ .

## Figures

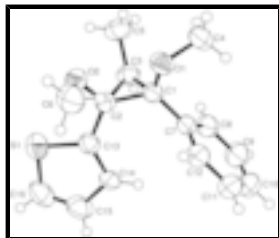


Fig. 1. A view of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at 50% probability level.

## (1RS,2RS,3RS)-1,2-Dimethoxy-3-methyl-2-phenyl-1-(2-thienyl)cyclopropane

### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{18}O_2S$	$F_{000} = 584$
$M_r = 274.36$	$D_x = 1.244 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Cu $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	$\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 12.9924 (3) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 5163 reflections
$b = 9.7194 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 4.3\text{--}74.9^\circ$
$c = 14.7960 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.92 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 128.395 (1)^\circ$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$V = 1464.37 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$	Prism, colourless
$Z = 4$	$0.56 \times 0.35 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Nova diffractometer	2830 independent reflections
Radiation source: Nova (Cu) X-ray Source	2435 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$
Detector resolution: $8.2640 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 75.0^\circ$
$T = 293 \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 4.3^\circ$
$\omega$ scans	$h = -15 \rightarrow 15$
Absorption correction: part of the refinement model ( $\Delta F$ ) (XABS2; Parkin <i>et al.</i> , 1995)	$k = -12 \rightarrow 11$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.330$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.581$	$l = -16 \rightarrow 18$
7070 measured reflections	

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$	H-atom parameters constrained

$wR(F^2) = 0.192$

$S = 1.16$

2830 reflections

172 parameters

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1086P)^2 + 0.4259P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.47 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.52 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Extinction correction: none

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.20782 (8)	-0.21540 (8)	0.43464 (7)	0.0761 (3)
O1	0.21967 (15)	-0.00779 (16)	0.12428 (13)	0.0513 (4)
O2	0.17975 (16)	-0.20993 (15)	0.22182 (15)	0.0549 (4)
C2	0.24847 (18)	-0.0958 (2)	0.29248 (17)	0.0431 (5)
C14	0.2341 (2)	0.0488 (3)	0.43703 (18)	0.0521 (5)
H14	0.2479	0.1376	0.4230	0.063*
C13	0.22814 (19)	-0.0728 (2)	0.37976 (18)	0.0473 (5)
C7	0.2809 (2)	0.1667 (2)	0.26751 (17)	0.0462 (5)
C8	0.3982 (3)	0.2360 (3)	0.3460 (2)	0.0597 (6)
H8	0.4776	0.1894	0.3840	0.072*
C4	0.2883 (3)	0.0554 (3)	0.0888 (2)	0.0654 (7)
H4B	0.2447	0.0343	0.0091	0.098*
H4A	0.3767	0.0211	0.1350	0.098*
H4C	0.2898	0.1533	0.0982	0.098*
C1	0.27813 (19)	0.0184 (2)	0.24060 (17)	0.0435 (5)
C12	0.1637 (2)	0.2390 (3)	0.2108 (2)	0.0566 (6)
H12	0.0844	0.1941	0.1575	0.068*
C3	0.38579 (19)	-0.0804 (2)	0.32878 (19)	0.0499 (5)
H3	0.4492	-0.0403	0.4056	0.060*
C16	0.2013 (3)	-0.1224 (4)	0.5271 (2)	0.0744 (8)
H16	0.1892	-0.1606	0.5775	0.089*
C5	0.4434 (3)	-0.1874 (3)	0.2983 (3)	0.0680 (7)
H5C	0.5304	-0.1603	0.3283	0.102*
H5B	0.3894	-0.1960	0.2160	0.102*
H5A	0.4471	-0.2742	0.3312	0.102*
C6	0.0420 (3)	-0.1869 (3)	0.1399 (2)	0.0707 (7)
H6C	0.0000	-0.2683	0.0944	0.106*
H6A	0.0258	-0.1117	0.0904	0.106*
H6B	0.0073	-0.1650	0.1795	0.106*
C9	0.3975 (3)	0.3743 (3)	0.3681 (3)	0.0770 (8)

## supplementary materials

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H9	0.4764	0.4199	0.4213	0.092*
C15	0.2154 (3)	0.0112 (3)	0.5202 (2)	0.0725 (8)
H15	0.2134	0.0758	0.5654	0.087*
C10	0.2806 (4)	0.4449 (3)	0.3115 (3)	0.0805 (9)
H10	0.2808	0.5378	0.3265	0.097*
C11	0.1640 (3)	0.3783 (3)	0.2333 (3)	0.0722 (7)
H11	0.0851	0.4260	0.1953	0.087*

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0953 (6)	0.0630 (5)	0.0924 (6)	0.0042 (3)	0.0694 (5)	0.0161 (3)
O1	0.0570 (8)	0.0570 (9)	0.0485 (8)	-0.0101 (7)	0.0369 (7)	-0.0091 (6)
O2	0.0592 (9)	0.0437 (9)	0.0685 (10)	-0.0084 (6)	0.0430 (8)	-0.0110 (7)
C2	0.0444 (10)	0.0407 (10)	0.0474 (10)	-0.0004 (7)	0.0300 (8)	-0.0020 (8)
C14	0.0751 (14)	0.0535 (12)	0.0511 (11)	0.0033 (10)	0.0508 (11)	0.0016 (9)
C13	0.0455 (10)	0.0502 (12)	0.0485 (11)	0.0042 (8)	0.0304 (9)	0.0057 (8)
C7	0.0570 (11)	0.0442 (11)	0.0512 (10)	-0.0057 (9)	0.0404 (10)	-0.0038 (8)
C8	0.0634 (13)	0.0580 (14)	0.0687 (14)	-0.0138 (11)	0.0464 (12)	-0.0144 (11)
C4	0.0861 (17)	0.0669 (16)	0.0714 (15)	-0.0114 (13)	0.0628 (14)	-0.0076 (12)
C1	0.0441 (10)	0.0458 (11)	0.0454 (10)	-0.0042 (8)	0.0302 (8)	-0.0044 (8)
C12	0.0645 (13)	0.0530 (13)	0.0613 (13)	0.0040 (10)	0.0435 (11)	0.0036 (10)
C3	0.0434 (10)	0.0512 (12)	0.0545 (11)	0.0004 (8)	0.0301 (9)	-0.0065 (9)
C16	0.0739 (16)	0.095 (2)	0.0701 (15)	0.0119 (15)	0.0523 (14)	0.0275 (15)
C5	0.0604 (13)	0.0686 (16)	0.0820 (17)	0.0100 (11)	0.0477 (13)	-0.0076 (13)
C6	0.0588 (14)	0.0811 (18)	0.0701 (15)	-0.0210 (12)	0.0389 (13)	-0.0191 (13)
C9	0.104 (2)	0.0571 (15)	0.0944 (19)	-0.0321 (15)	0.0740 (18)	-0.0298 (14)
C15	0.0888 (18)	0.088 (2)	0.0629 (15)	0.0051 (15)	0.0579 (15)	0.0005 (13)
C10	0.134 (3)	0.0452 (13)	0.106 (2)	-0.0082 (16)	0.096 (2)	-0.0102 (14)
C11	0.099 (2)	0.0547 (15)	0.0890 (18)	0.0175 (14)	0.0713 (17)	0.0124 (13)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

S1—C16	1.686 (3)	C1—C3	1.521 (3)
S1—C13	1.708 (2)	C12—C11	1.394 (4)
O1—C1	1.407 (2)	C12—H12	0.9300
O1—C4	1.425 (3)	C3—C5	1.504 (3)
O2—C2	1.400 (2)	C3—H3	0.9800
O2—C6	1.424 (3)	C16—C15	1.324 (5)
C2—C13	1.487 (3)	C16—H16	0.9300
C2—C3	1.518 (3)	C5—H5C	0.9600
C2—C1	1.529 (3)	C5—H5B	0.9600
C14—C13	1.428 (3)	C5—H5A	0.9600
C14—C15	1.441 (3)	C6—H6C	0.9600
C14—H14	0.9300	C6—H6A	0.9600
C7—C8	1.389 (3)	C6—H6B	0.9600
C7—C12	1.389 (3)	C9—C10	1.378 (5)
C7—C1	1.490 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
C8—C9	1.384 (4)	C15—H15	0.9300

C8—H8	0.9300	C10—C11	1.369 (5)
C4—H4B	0.9600	C10—H10	0.9300
C4—H4A	0.9600	C11—H11	0.9300
C4—H4C	0.9600		
C16—S1—C13	92.92 (13)	C11—C12—H12	119.7
C1—O1—C4	112.78 (17)	C5—C3—C2	121.32 (19)
C2—O2—C6	113.11 (18)	C5—C3—C1	122.9 (2)
O2—C2—C13	113.14 (17)	C2—C3—C1	60.40 (13)
O2—C2—C3	113.99 (17)	C5—C3—H3	114.0
C13—C2—C3	118.79 (17)	C2—C3—H3	114.0
O2—C2—C1	116.28 (16)	C1—C3—H3	114.0
C13—C2—C1	124.24 (18)	C15—C16—S1	112.6 (2)
C3—C2—C1	59.91 (13)	C15—C16—H16	123.7
C13—C14—C15	108.7 (2)	S1—C16—H16	123.7
C13—C14—H14	125.6	C3—C5—H5C	109.5
C15—C14—H14	125.6	C3—C5—H5B	109.5
C14—C13—C2	131.81 (19)	H5C—C5—H5B	109.5
C14—C13—S1	110.92 (15)	C3—C5—H5A	109.5
C2—C13—S1	116.98 (16)	H5C—C5—H5A	109.5
C8—C7—C12	118.8 (2)	H5B—C5—H5A	109.5
C8—C7—C1	121.7 (2)	O2—C6—H6C	109.5
C12—C7—C1	119.55 (19)	O2—C6—H6A	109.5
C9—C8—C7	120.3 (3)	H6C—C6—H6A	109.5
C9—C8—H8	119.9	O2—C6—H6B	109.5
C7—C8—H8	119.9	H6C—C6—H6B	109.5
O1—C4—H4B	109.5	H6A—C6—H6B	109.5
O1—C4—H4A	109.5	C10—C9—C8	120.4 (3)
H4B—C4—H4A	109.5	C10—C9—H9	119.8
O1—C4—H4C	109.5	C8—C9—H9	119.8
H4B—C4—H4C	109.5	C16—C15—C14	114.8 (3)
H4A—C4—H4C	109.5	C16—C15—H15	122.6
O1—C1—C7	114.01 (17)	C14—C15—H15	122.6
O1—C1—C3	116.44 (17)	C11—C10—C9	120.1 (3)
C7—C1—C3	121.67 (17)	C11—C10—H10	119.9
O1—C1—C2	111.72 (16)	C9—C10—H10	119.9
C7—C1—C2	122.67 (16)	C10—C11—C12	119.9 (3)
C3—C1—C2	59.69 (13)	C10—C11—H11	120.1
C7—C12—C11	120.6 (2)	C12—C11—H11	120.1
C7—C12—H12	119.7		
C6—O2—C2—C13	73.1 (2)	C3—C2—C1—O1	108.80 (19)
C6—O2—C2—C3	-147.1 (2)	O2—C2—C1—C7	145.90 (19)
C6—O2—C2—C1	-80.2 (2)	C13—C2—C1—C7	-4.1 (3)
C15—C14—C13—C2	-175.9 (2)	C3—C2—C1—C7	-110.3 (2)
C15—C14—C13—S1	-2.4 (3)	O2—C2—C1—C3	-103.76 (19)
O2—C2—C13—C14	-153.1 (2)	C13—C2—C1—C3	106.2 (2)
C3—C2—C13—C14	69.2 (3)	C8—C7—C12—C11	-0.6 (3)
C1—C2—C13—C14	-2.2 (3)	C1—C7—C12—C11	-179.0 (2)
O2—C2—C13—S1	33.7 (2)	O2—C2—C3—C5	-5.1 (3)

## supplementary materials

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C3—C2—C13—S1	-103.9 (2)	C13—C2—C3—C5	132.3 (2)
C1—C2—C13—S1	-175.39 (15)	C1—C2—C3—C5	-112.6 (2)
C16—S1—C13—C14	1.88 (18)	O2—C2—C3—C1	107.59 (19)
C16—S1—C13—C2	176.44 (17)	C13—C2—C3—C1	-115.1 (2)
C12—C7—C8—C9	0.8 (3)	O1—C1—C3—C5	9.3 (3)
C1—C7—C8—C9	179.2 (2)	C7—C1—C3—C5	-137.9 (2)
C4—O1—C1—C7	62.3 (2)	C2—C1—C3—C5	110.2 (2)
C4—O1—C1—C3	-87.4 (2)	O1—C1—C3—C2	-100.84 (19)
C4—O1—C1—C2	-153.32 (19)	C7—C1—C3—C2	112.0 (2)
C8—C7—C1—O1	-118.9 (2)	C13—S1—C16—C15	-0.8 (2)
C12—C7—C1—O1	59.4 (2)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.7 (4)
C8—C7—C1—C3	29.0 (3)	S1—C16—C15—C14	-0.5 (4)
C12—C7—C1—C3	-152.6 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C16	1.8 (4)
C8—C7—C1—C2	101.0 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.3 (4)
C12—C7—C1—C2	-80.6 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.1 (4)
O2—C2—C1—O1	5.0 (2)	C7—C12—C11—C10	0.3 (4)
C13—C2—C1—O1	-145.00 (18)		

### Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C16—H16···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.55	3.469 (3)	172

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, -*y*-1/2, *z*+1/2.



Fig. 1

