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# Functionalization of $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates as a convenient route to $N$-tosyl- $\alpha$ aminophosphonates $\dagger$ 

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#### Abstract

Direct conversion of the $\alpha$-hydroxyl group by para-toluenesulfonamide to yield $\alpha$-( $N$-tosyl) aminophosphonates is reported. $\alpha$-Aminophosphonates $23 a, b-37 a, b$ were obtained from the corresponding $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates $6 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}-21 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ in the presence of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$, via the retro-Abramov reaction of the appropriate aldehydes, $1-5$. The subsequent formation of imines with simultaneous addition of diethyl phosphite provided access to the $\alpha$-sulfonamide phosphonates $23 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}-37 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ with better diastereoselectivity than in the case of the Pudovik reaction. The mechanism for this transformation is proposed herein. When Cbz $N$-protected aziridine $9 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and phenylalanine analogue 12a,b were exploited, intramolecular substitution was observed, leading to the corresponding epoxide 38 as the sole product, or oxazolidin-2-one 39 as a minor product. Analogous substitution was not observed in the case of proline $18 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and serine $21 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ derivatives.


## Introduction

$\alpha$-Sulfonamide phosphonates constitute a very interesting class of compounds. They can be potential candidates for fluores-cent- $\beta$-lactamase ${ }^{1}$ and matrix metalloproteinase (MMPs) inhibitors $^{2}$ such as compounds containing carboxylate and hydroxamate moieties, which are well known MMP inhibitors. Moreover, these compounds are promising substrates for the synthesis of $N$-deprotected $\alpha$-aminophosphonates, which are important isosteres of $\alpha$-amino acids, possessing a wide range of biological activities. They act as antibiotics, herbicides, antifungal agents, enzyme inhibitors, and pharmacological agents. ${ }^{3}$

There are several routes for the synthesis of $\alpha$-aminophosphonates. One of the most important protocols is the Kabachnik-Fields (or phospha-Mannich) reaction involving the condensation of dialkyl phosphite, carbonyl compounds and primary or secondary amines; ${ }^{4}$ however, the reaction mechanism is still under investigation. ${ }^{5}$ There are several other possibilities for the preparation of $\alpha$-aminophosphonates, among which a very convenient route is the addition of

[^0]phosphite nucleophiles to imines or enamines. ${ }^{6}$ The major disadvantage of this approach is the stability of the imine/ enamine prepared from the aliphatic amine. Transformation of the $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates seems to provide an encouraging method for achieving $\alpha$-aminophosphonates. These compounds are easily obtained using the Abramov reaction ${ }^{7}$ and its modifications, ${ }^{8}$ giving access to the synthesis of different types of $\alpha$-functionalized phosphonates. ${ }^{9}$
$\alpha$-Hydroxyphosphonates exhibit interesting medicinal properties as potential antibacterial, antiviral and anticancer agents, ${ }^{10}$ as well as enzyme inhibitors such as protease, EPSP synthase, human rennin, human calpain I and tyrosine-specific protein kinase. ${ }^{11}$ Among the methods of synthesis of $\alpha$-aminophosphonates utilizing $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates, Mitsunobu azidation followed by the Staudinger reduction is commonly applied with good yields and is well-known in the literature. ${ }^{12}$ Unfortunately, using the volatile and highly toxic hydrazoic acid is the main disadvantage of this method. Another type of conversion of $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates into $\alpha$-aminophosphonates is nucleophilic substitution at C1, but this method is rather difficult due to the hindered hydroxy function, ${ }^{13}$ although substitution of the hydroxyl group in primary $\alpha-$ hydroxyphosphonates by a good leaving group, e.g. triflate, ${ }^{14}$ mesylate, ${ }^{15}$ tosylates, ${ }^{16}$ or via acid-mediated displacement, ${ }^{17}$ has been described in the literature. To our knowledge, only one paper reported the substitution of the hydroxyl group by an amine at the secondary centre, under microwave-assisted and solvent-free conditions. ${ }^{18}$

In the literature there exist methods of conversion of primary $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates to $\alpha$-amino analogues, such as
intramolecular cyclodehydration via the alkoxyphosphonium salt ${ }^{19}$ or phosphonation via the retro-Abramov reaction, ${ }^{13 d}$ which is an effort to explain the Kabachnik-Fields reaction mechanism (Scheme 1).

In this mechanism, one possibility is that an imine is formed from the carbonyl compound and primary amine (or iminium salt when a secondary amine is applied). Then, the addition reaction of dialkyl phosphite to the imine leads to $\alpha$-aminophosphonate. ${ }^{4 b}$ The second possibility is based on the amine promoted (especially by the highly basic amines) addition of dialkyl phosphite to the carbonyl group, leading to $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonate, in a reversible step, and then nucleophilic substitution of the hydroxyl group by an amine moiety. ${ }^{20}$ The first approach is based on the reversibility of the addition of dialkyl phosphite to the carbonyl group (retro-Abramov reaction) with subsequent irreversible imine formation followed by immediate dialkyl phosphite addition. ${ }^{21}$ The second approach argues that $\alpha$-aminophosphonates are obtained at high temperatures. During heating, the disappearance of the $\alpha$ hydroxyphosphonate in favour of the $\alpha$-aminophosphonate formation is postulated. ${ }^{22}$ On the basis of kinetic studies, it is suggested that the mechanism depends on the nature of the reacting substrates. ${ }^{5 a}$ The reaction of benzaldehyde, aniline and dialkyl phosphite supports the imine pathway. The formation of the hydrogen bond between the phosphoryl group of the dialkyl phosphite and amine promotes the formation of imine without additional catalyst. ${ }^{23}$ On the other hand, aniline is too weak a base to promote the addition of dialkyl phosphite to the carbonyl group. Cherkasov et al. performed the reaction of the more nucleophilic cyclohexylamine with benzaldehyde and dialkyl phosphite and they suggested the hydroxyphosphonate path where the amine was basic enough to interact with the hydrogen of the phosphite to promote the attack of phosphite on the carbonyl carbon..$^{5 a, 24}$ Subsequent papers provided more evidence supporting the imine pathway, even when hard nucleophilic amines were applied to the reaction. ${ }^{24,25}$

## Results and discussion

In the course of our studies, we were able to synthesize a wide range of $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates that were subsequently used in reactions with para-toluenesulfonamide towards obtaining $\alpha$ aminophosphonate derivatives.

As the convenient starting materials, the N -protected amino aldehydes such as aziridine 1, as well as aldehydes 2-5
originating from amino acids, possessing various amino protecting groups, e.g. benzyl (Bn) 1a-5a, tert-butoxycarbonyl (Boc) $\mathbf{2 b} \mathbf{5 b}$, carboxybenzyl (Cbz) 2c-5c were chosen. All aldehydes were prepared from the corresponding alcohols according to the literature data (see Experimental section). The introduction of a new C-P bond, yielding $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates, was conducted by the three main methodologies. First, aldehydes 1a, 2, 3 were used in the reactions with lithium diethyl phosphite in dry THF at $-30{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$. This strategy afforded phosphonates $\mathbf{6 a , b}$, $\mathbf{1 0 a}, \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{1 2 a}, \mathbf{b}$ and 13a,b-15a,b. The yields varied from moderate in the case of $(S)$-phenylalanine $\mathbf{1 0 a}, \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{1 2 a}, \mathbf{b}$ and $(S)$-valine analogues 13a,b-15a,b, to very good for aziridines $\mathbf{6 a}, \mathbf{b}$, while the diastereoselectivity of this reaction varied from poor in the case of $\mathbf{6 a}, \mathbf{b}$, to very good for $\mathbf{1 0 a}, \mathbf{b}$. Moreover, phosphonates $\mathbf{6 a , b}$ were transformed to $N$-unprotected $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates $\mathbf{7 a}, \mathbf{b}$ with the subsequent introduction of the protecting groups, Boc $\mathbf{8 a}, \mathbf{b}$ and $\mathrm{Cbz} \mathbf{9 a}, \mathbf{b}$. In the case of transformations of $\mathbf{7 a}, \mathbf{b}$ yielding $\mathbf{9 a}, \mathbf{b}$, due to steric hindrance between the Cbz group and the phosphonate moiety in 9 a , we observed a small predominance of diastereoisomer $9 \mathbf{b}$ (1:1.2, d.r. ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F},{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR). Thus, the stereochemistry of aziridine 9 a was analogous to the major diastereoisomer of $\mathbf{6 a}$ and parallel to a study reported previously (for comparison see Fig. 1 and $N$ benzyl protected aziridines $\mathbf{6 a , b}$ ). ${ }^{26}$ In the case of Boc protected aziridine, the reaction gave only one diastereoisomer $\mathbf{8 b}$ as the sole product, where 7 a was left unreacted in the reaction mixture. Moreover, $\mathbf{8 b}$ existed as a mixture of two rotamers (1.9 : 1 NMR ratio) that could be separated by chromatography techniques. In the second route, the TEA-catalyzed addition of $\mathrm{HP}(\mathrm{O})(\mathrm{OEt})_{2}$ to appropriate aldehydes at room temperature with 0.1 eq. TEA or 0.2 eq. TEA at r.t. or $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ led to products $\mathbf{6 a}, \mathbf{b}$, 17a,b-21a,b, in yields ranging from moderate for 19a,b to excellent in the case of 20a,b; there was also good diastereoselectivity for $\mathbf{1 8 a , b}$ and excellent diastereoselectivity in the case of aziridines $\mathbf{6 a}, \mathbf{b}$ and serine analogues $\mathbf{2 0 a}, \mathbf{b}$. Only in case of the synthesis of $\mathbf{1 6 a}, \mathbf{b}$ was the application of $i-\mathrm{Pr}_{2} \mathrm{EtN}$ needed (Table 1).

The stereochemistry of the addition of dialkyl phosphite to $N$-protected $(S)$-amino aldehydes [or $(R)$ - in the case of $\mathbf{4 c}$ ] was a consequence of the steric hindrance on the adjacent stereogenic centre. Moreover, the Pudovik reaction conducted on N protected aldehydes 2, 3 derived from phenylalanine and valine led to anti addition, giving rise to major diastereoisomers $(1 R, 2 S)$ according to the data reported for nucleophilic additions to ( $N, N$-dibenzylamino)aldehydes. ${ }^{27}$ These assumptions


Scheme 1 Kabachnik-Fields reaction.


Fig. 1 A perspective view of 9 a , showing the numbering scheme. Ellipsoids were drawn at the 30\% probability level, hydrogen atoms are represented by spheres of arbitrary radii.
were confirmed by the absolute stereochemistry of compound 10a determined by X-ray diffraction analysis (Fig. 2).

At the same time, the addition performed on $(2 S)$-prolinal and $(4 S)$-serial derivatives yielded $(1 R, 2 S) \mathbf{1 6 a - 1 7 a}$, and $(R, 4 S)$ 19a-21a as major diastereoisomers, confirmed by NOESY experiments or X-ray diffraction analysis. The diastereoselectivity of the Pudovik reaction in the case of 20a,b-21a,b was analogous to that obtained by Wróblewski et al. ${ }^{28}$

Considering only a few examples of ring opening reactions of trifluoromethylated $N$-unactivated aziridines with nitrogen nucleophiles in the literature, ${ }^{29}$ we tried to open the ring of aziridin-2-ylphosphonates $\mathbf{6 a , b}$ with $\mathrm{BnNH}_{2}$ under acidic conditions, in the presence of $\mathrm{Sc}(\mathrm{OTf})_{3}, \mathrm{Yb}(\mathrm{OTf})_{3}, \mathrm{Bi}(\mathrm{OTf})_{3}$, $\mathrm{PBu}_{3}, \mathrm{~B}\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{~F}_{5}\right)_{3}, \mathrm{BiCl}_{3}, \mathrm{TiCl}_{4}$ in different solvents, but all attempts failed. Only unreacted $\mathbf{6 a}, \mathbf{b}$ were observed in the reaction mixtures. Then, we decided to carry out the reaction under basic conditions in the presence of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ and acetonitrile as a solvent. As a result, the phosphate $22\left(\delta=-5.01\right.$ in ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR) was formed (Scheme 2).

During the experiment, we observed the formation of diethyl phosphite ( $\delta=7.32$ in ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR) and an aldehyde $\mathbf{1 a}(\delta=9.30$ in ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR), which vanished at the end of the reaction. Apparently, besides the rearrangement of the $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonate, due to proton extraction from the hydroxyl group by base the aldehyde was formed with concomitant phosphonate elimination, supporting the retro-Abramov reaction mechanism proposed by Gancarz. ${ }^{13 d}$ Furthermore, the presence of the electronwithdrawing $\mathrm{CF}_{3}$ moiety in the aziridine ring allowed the $\alpha$ hydroxyphosphonate intramolecular rearrangement with subsequent aziridine ring opening to phosphate 22. The phosphonate/phosphate conversion was already studied in the

Table 1 Preparation of $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates ${ }^{a}$

${ }^{a}$ (i) $\operatorname{LiP}(\mathrm{O})(\mathrm{OEt})_{2},-30{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \rightarrow \mathrm{rt}, 16-18 \mathrm{~h}$; (ii) $\mathrm{HP}(\mathrm{O})(\mathrm{OEt})_{2}, 0.1$ or 0.2 eq. TEA, neat, r.t. or $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1 \mathrm{~d}$ or 7 d ; (iii) $\mathbf{6 a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{EtOH} ; 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \rightarrow \mathrm{rt}$; (iv) $7 \mathbf{7 a}, \mathbf{b}, \mathrm{Boc}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{DMAP}, \mathrm{MeCN}$, r.t., 1 d ; (v) $7 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{CbzCl}, \mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, 0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \rightarrow \mathrm{rt}, 1 \mathrm{~d}$; (vi) $\mathrm{HP}(\mathrm{O})(\mathrm{OEt})_{2}, 1$ eq. $i-\mathrm{Pr}_{2} \mathrm{EtN}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. ${ }^{b}$ Isolated yield. ${ }^{c}$ Crude reaction mixture ( ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR and/or ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR). ${ }^{d}$ Configuration (2S). ${ }^{e}$ Configuration (2R).
case of the fluorene molecule when stronger amines were used by Gancarz et al. ${ }^{30}$

Moreover, the application of $\mathrm{MeNH}_{2}$ or $\mathrm{BzNH}_{2}$ (instead of $\mathrm{BnNH}_{2}$ ), under the same conditions, as well as using $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$


Fig. 2 A perspective view of 10a, showing the numbering scheme. Ellipsoids were drawn at the 30\% probability level; hydrogen atoms are represented by spheres of arbitrary radii.


Scheme 2 Reactions of $6 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ with different nitrogen nucleophiles under $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ conditions.


Fig. 3 A perspective view of 23 a, showing the numbering scheme Ellipsoids were drawn at the 50\% probability level and hydrogen atoms are represented by spheres of arbitrary radii.
without nitrogen nucleophiles, gave phosphate 22 (Scheme 2). Surprisingly, when para-toluenesulfonamide $\left(\mathrm{TsNH}_{2}\right)$ was used along with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$, aminophosphonates 23a,b were obtained as the sole products. The structure and stereochemistry of compound 23a was determined by X-ray diffraction analysis and indicated the $\operatorname{rac}(1 S, 2 R, 3 S)$-23a configuration, analogous to 6a, ${ }^{26}$ obtained by Pudovik addition (Fig. 3).

The obtained results were contrary to known methods leading to N -tosylamide derivatives. Usually, the hydroxyl group reacts with sulfonamides under acidic conditions, ${ }^{17}$ or under basic conditions the substitution of leaving groups such as $O-$ mesyl is applied. ${ }^{15 a}$ On the other hand, a similar transformation of hydroxyphosphonates to aminophosphonates with amines in a basic environment was reported by Gancarz. ${ }^{20}$ Likewise, the application of Lewis bases such as $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$ with aniline was announced by Kaboudin et al. ${ }^{31}$ The results concerning the applied reaction conditions in the case of compounds $\mathbf{6 a}, \mathbf{b}$ with $\mathrm{TsNH}_{2}$ are presented below (Table 2).

The presented experiments indicate that the best conditions leading to $23 \mathrm{a}, \mathbf{b}$ involved 1.2 eq. ( 5 eq .) of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ and MeCN as a solvent, while the reaction mixture was refluxed for 8 h . When we monitored this reaction at lower temperatures $\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \rightarrow 60\right.$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ), only signals of substrates were detected ( ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F},{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR). Besides, increasing the amount of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ from 1.2 eq. to 12 eq. led to slightly better yields and higher diastereoselectivity (Table 2 , entry 2,5 ). The application of THF as a solvent gave no reaction, while reaction in DMF led to the decomposition of the starting material to a number of undefined products. Moreover, reaction in EtOH, contrary to results reported by Gancarz, ${ }^{13 d}$ decreased the reaction yield $\left(60 \%{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F},{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\right.$ NMR). On the other hand, the reaction without base failed. Surprisingly, the

Table 2 Optimization of the reaction of compounds $6 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ with para-toluenesulfonamide

|  |  |  | $\xrightarrow[\text { Solvent, T, 8h }]{\mathrm{TsNH}_{2}, \text { Base }}$ |  <br> or/and <br> rac 23a,b |  <br> rac 1a |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Entry | d.r. | Base (eq.) | Solvent | Temp. [ $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ | Product | Yield ${ }^{a}$ [\%] | d.r. ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| 1 | 20:1 | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (1.2 eq.) | MeCN | Reflux | 23a,b | 74 | 6:1 |
| 2 | 1:1 | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (1.2 eq.) | MeCN | Reflux | 23a,b | 87 | 6:1 |
| 3 | 1:1 | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (5 eq.) | MeCN | Reflux | 23a,b | 73 | 9:1 |
| 4 | 20:1 | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (12 eq.) | MeCN | Reflux | 23a,b | 80 | 9:1 |
| 5 | 1:1 | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (12 eq.) | MeCN | Reflux | 23a,b | 96 | 9:1 |
| 6 | 1:1 | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (1.2 eq.) | DMF | 100 | Decomp. | - | - |
| 7 | 1:1 | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (1.2 eq.) | THF | Reflux | n.r. | - | - |
| 8 | 1:1 | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (1.2 eq.) | EtOH | Reflux | 23a,b | 60 | 7:1 |
| 9 | 1:1 | None | MeCN | Reflux | n.r. | - | - |
| 10 | 1:1 | TEA (1.2 eq.) | MeCN | Reflux | n.r. | - | - |
| 11 | 1:1 | TEA (1.2 eq.) | EtOH | Reflux | n.r. | - | - |
| 12 | 1:1 | $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ (1.2 eq.) | MeCN | Reflux | 1a | 20 | - |
| 13 | 1:1 | $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ (12 eq.) | MeCN | Reflux | 1 a | 20 | - |
| 14 | 1:1 | NaH (1.2 eq.) | THF | Reflux | 23a,b | 18 | 8:1 |

employment of other bases led to distinct results. In the presence of TEA, there were no reactions in MeCN, neither in EtOH. When $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ was used, mainly unreacted substrates were observed, together with diethyl phosphite and aldehyde 1a (NMR) but with lower yield, likewise in the case of reactions with $\mathrm{BnNH}_{2}, \mathrm{MeNH}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{BzNH}_{2}$. The last examined base, NaH (in anhydrous THF), allowed $\alpha$-aminophosphonates 23a,b, but with very poor yields (Table 2, entry 14). Additionally, we decided to examine the reaction of $\mathbf{1 a}$ with $\mathrm{TsNH}_{2}$ in detail using ${ }^{19}$ F NMR monitoring. Similar to studies reported by Keglevich et al., ${ }^{5 b}$ the appropriate $N$-tosylaldimine $\mathbf{1 a}{ }^{\prime}$ as a transient species was detected during the reaction in a crude mixture but in very low concentration $\left(\delta=-78.16 \mathrm{ppm}\right.$ in ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR, which corresponded to the chemical shifts of $\beta-\mathrm{CF}_{3}-$ imines in the literature ref. 32). Subsequent addition of diethyl phosphite and $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (1.2 eq.) to the reaction led to 23a,b but in poor yields ( $30 \%$ in ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR, with accompanying dominance of the diethyl phosphite signal). Finally, we decided to monitor the reactions of $\mathbf{6 a}, \mathbf{b}$ with $\mathrm{TsNH}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (1.2 eq.). In the employed basic conditions, the elimination of the hydroxyl group gave rise to aldimine $\mathbf{1 a}^{\prime}$, which most probably occurred by the E1cB mechanism involving the participation of the sulfonimidate anion; we observed the same signal of imine $\mathbf{1 a}^{\prime}$ in the ${ }^{19}$ F NMR during the reaction. This signal was completely suppressed at the end of the reaction. Subsequent nucleophilic addition of dialkyl phosphite to the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{N}$ bond of imine $\mathbf{1 a}^{\prime}$ (Pudovik reaction) gave 23a,b (Scheme 3). These observations support the imine path of the Kabachnik-Fields reaction (KFR), proving that the imine is the most rational intermediate in the synthesis of $\alpha$-aminophosphonates.

The optimized results prompted us to examine the scope of this particular transformation in the reactions of aziridines $\mathbf{6 a}, \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{9 a}, \mathbf{b}$ as well as the amino acid origin of $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates $\mathbf{1 0 a}, \mathbf{b} \mathbf{- 1 2 a}, \mathbf{b}$ to $N$-tosylamide phosphonates $\mathbf{2 3 a}, \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{3 7 a}, \mathbf{b}$. Initially, we used 12 eq. of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ as a base, but


Scheme 3 Proposed reaction mechanism of $6 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ with $\mathrm{TsNH}_{2}$ under $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ conditions.
decreasing yields in some cases led us to choose 1.2 eq. as a standard base concentration (Table 3).

It is noteworthy that the stereoselectivity as well as the stereochemistry of the major diastereoisomers of $\mathbf{2 3 a}, \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{3 7 a}, \mathbf{b}$ were always analogous to the ratio and configurations of those obtained in the Pudovik reaction, the major isomers of $\mathbf{6 a , b} \mathbf{b}$ 21a,b; slightly different results were reported by Dimukhametov. ${ }^{33}$ Thus, higher stereoselectivity was obtained in the case of the application of chiral imines in the Pudovik reaction, compared to the use of chiral amines in the three-component Kabachnik-Fields reaction. The employment of two diastereoisomers of $\mathbf{6 a , b}(1: 1$, NMR ratio) under standard conditions led to the corresponding $23 \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}$ with very good yield. On the contrary, in the case of $\mathbf{1 2 a}, \mathbf{b}$ and $\mathbf{1 5 a}, \mathbf{b}$, the reactions proceeded with moderate yields. The stereochemistry of $\mathbf{2 4 a}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{2 6 a}, \mathbf{b}-$

Table 3 Preparation of $\alpha$-( $N$-tosyl)aminophosphonates



23a,b-37a,b

| Substrate | d.r. | Product |  | PG | Yield ${ }^{\text {a }}$ [\%] | d.r. ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6a,b | 1:1 | PG | 23a,b | Bn | 87 | 6:1 |
| 7a,b | 1:1 |  | 24a,b | H | 80 | 6:1 |
| 8a,b | 1:99 |  | 25a,b | Boc | - | - |




[^1]

Scheme 4 The Felkin-Ahn model of the addition of diethyl phosphite to $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonate 20a.

31a,b/33a,b, 37a,b was confirmed by NMR as well as NOESY experimental analysis. Moreover, the steric hindrance in $\mathbf{8 b}$, between the $N$-Boc substituent and the phosphonate moiety (confirmed by interactions between protons on 1D ROESY experiments) caused no access to the hydroxyl group by the base $\left(\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}\right)$ and subsequently, only the substrate $\mathbf{8 b}$ was observed in the reaction mixture. On the other hand, the very good diastereoselectivity of the addition, yielding $\mathbf{3 6 a}, \mathbf{b}$ and $\mathbf{3 7 a}, \mathbf{b}$, can be explained by the Felkin-Ahn model as well as additional interactions substantiated the addition of the dialkyl phosphite on the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{N}$ unit of $N$-tosylimine $5 \mathbf{a}^{\prime}$ derived from the appropriate aldehyde 5a. According to this, a H -bond was formed between the $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{O}) \mathrm{H}$ moiety of the phosphite and the nitrogen atom of the pyrrolidine, arranging the five-membered transition state (Scheme 4). It seems probable that the actual mechanism is dependent on the components of the reaction since the reaction of carbohydrate derived $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates (e.g. two epimeric carbohydrates, 5 C -phosphonate with l-ido- or d-gluco-configurations) ${ }^{34}$ with $\mathrm{TsNH}_{2}$ failed, presumably due to a lack of nitrogen heteroatoms in the analogous neighborhood of the reaction center.

Additionally, the X-ray crystal structure determinations in the case of 34a and 36a (Fig. 4) were performed. Interestingly, both compounds existed as a racemic mixture $\operatorname{rac}(1 S, 2 R)$-34a and $\operatorname{rac}(R, 4 S)$-36a in the studied crystals. Apparently, during the reaction of 20a,b $\left(\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}, \mathrm{TsNH}_{2}\right)$ yielding $\mathbf{3 6 a}, \mathbf{b}$, besides the N tosylimine formation via aldehyde $\mathbf{5 b}$, the competitive enolization took place, followed by proton addition from both sides of the enol double bond leading to racemization at C 4 . The phenomenon of partial racemization during aldehyde formation was already reported in the case of serine derivatives. ${ }^{35}$

In the case of the reactions of $\mathbf{1 3 a}, \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{1 6 a}, \mathbf{b}$ and $\mathbf{1 9 a}, \mathbf{b}$ with $\mathrm{TsNH}_{2}$ in the presence of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$, the retro-Abramov reactions


Fig. 4 A perspective view of $34 a$ and 36 a showing the numbering scheme. Ellipsoids were drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level and hydrogen atoms are represented by spheres of arbitrary radii. Only one of the alternative conformations of the C4-C5 ethyl group is shown.
took place. Thus, in the reaction mixture only diethyl phosphite and the appropriate aldehydes 3a-5a were detected (monitored by NMR). Additionally, in the case of reactions of $\mathbf{1 0 a}, \mathbf{b}$ and 20a,b $[(R, S) /(S, S) 19: 1$ and 99:1 ratios, respectively] with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (1.2 eq.) as well as with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ and amines $\left(\mathrm{MeNH}_{2}\right.$, $\mathrm{BnNH}_{2}$ ) or benzamide $\left(\mathrm{BzNH}_{2}\right)$, partial racemization at carbon $\alpha$ regarding phosphonate moieties occurred, leading to 10a,b and 20a,b $[(R, S) /(S, S)$ in $1.5: 1$ ratio and $3.6: 1$ ratio, respectively]. These results confirmed the formation of aldehydes due to base treatment $\left(\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}\right)$ during the analyzed reactions. Similar observations were reported by Wróblewski et al. ${ }^{36}$ Thus, treatment of the single diastereomeric 1,2-oxaphospholane derivative with sodium methoxide led to the retro-Abramov reaction followed by phosphite addition and cyclization, yielding the corresponding mixture of diastereoisomers. On the other hand, these observations were in contradiction to the results of the analogous reactions of $\mathbf{6 a , b}$, which led almost exclusively to phosphate 22. Gancarz et al. explained the distinction between the retro-Abramov reaction yielding aldehyde and the intramolecular rearrangement towards phosphate, based on kinetic and NMR studies. ${ }^{30}$ Their observations were based on the reactions between various $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates and amines, assuming that the differentiation of these two routes was dependent on the electronic effect of the substituents. They concluded that the retro-Abramov reaction is preferred when the electron-donating substituents appear in the $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates. In our case, the presence of the strongly electron-withdrawing $\mathrm{CF}_{3}$ group in $\mathbf{6 a , b}$ facilitated the intramolecular rearrangement over the retro-Abramov reaction. In this particular reaction, the in situ formed alkoxide ion substituted the phosphorus atom, leading to the formation of the three-membered cyclic intermediate. Subsequent electron pair transfer led to phosphate while stabilization of the partial negative charge on the $\alpha$-carbon atom followed by aziridine ring opening finally gave the vinyl phosphate $22 .{ }^{37}$

On the other hand, the reactions of $\mathbf{9 a}, \mathbf{b}$ ( $1: 1.2$, d.r.) with $\mathrm{TsNH}_{2}$ (1.2 eq. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$, MeCN, reflux) after 8 h of heating, gave only one diastereoisomer of epoxide 38 (41\%), while the remaining diastereoisomer $\mathbf{9 b}$ was present in the reaction mixture. In the ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR spectrum, the signal of epoxide 38 was shifted distinctly upfield compared to the aziridinyl substrates $\mathbf{9 a}, \mathbf{b}$ and $\alpha$-sulfonamide derivatives 23a,b-24a,b $\left(\delta_{\mathrm{P}}=15.89 \mathrm{vs}\right.$. approx. 20 ppm ). Furthermore, additional heating of the remaining reaction mixture for 10 h under the same reaction conditions led to 38 ( $74 \%$ after isolation), due to the total consumption of starting materials 9a,b. The reaction was monitored by ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ and ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR. Apparently, treatment of $\alpha$ hydroxyphosphonate $9 \mathbf{9}$ with base led to aziridine ring opening


Scheme 5 Reaction of N -Cbz protected aziridines $9 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ under $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ conditions.
by the attack of a previously formed alkoxide anion on an adjacent nitrogen atom (anti to alkoxide ion) of the Cbz moiety. Furthermore, due to proton abstraction followed by aldehyde 1c ( $\mathrm{PG}=\mathrm{Cbz}$ ) formation, the racemization, such as in case of $\mathbf{5 b}$, via enol took place. Subsequent phosphite addition to the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ bond of aldehyde $\mathbf{1 c}$ led to $\mathbf{9 a}, \mathbf{b}$ as an equilibrating mixture of diastereoisomers, where only one diastereoisomer 9a reacted with base to give 38 (Scheme 5). The structure and stereochemistry of 38 as $\operatorname{rac}(1 S, 2 S, 3 S)$ were confirmed by NMR analysis and X-ray crystal structure determination (Fig. 5).

This aza-Payne rearrangement of non-fluorinated $N$ - $\mathrm{Boc}^{38}$ protected aziridinemethanols, as well as $\mathrm{Ts},{ }^{38,39} \mathrm{Mts}^{40}$ and $\mathrm{Ms}^{38}$ protected aziridinemethanols, was previously reported. To the best of our knowledge, there are limited numbers of publications reporting the synthesis of trifluoromethylated epoxide phosphonates ${ }^{41}$ that could be biologically promising derivatives of non-fluorinated epoxide phosphonates possessing antibiotic activity. ${ }^{42}$ On the other hand, epoxide 38 can easily provide trifluoromethylated hydroxyphosphonates, whose biological activities were already evaluated. ${ }^{43}$

When phenylalanine $N$-Cbz protected derivatives 12a,b (2.7 : 1, d.r.) were subjected to the reaction with $\mathrm{TsNH}_{2}$ under the same conditions, the $\alpha$-( $N$-tosyl)aminophosphonates 28a,b were obtained as major products, together with compound 39 (Scheme 6). Apparently, the alkoxide ion formed from $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonate attacked the carbonyl carbon atom of the Cbz moiety, instead of the adjacent carbon, as was in the case of $\mathbf{9 b}$ where the formation of fused three and five membered rings was excluded. Subsequent leaving of the benzyloxide ion led to the formation of the


Fig. 5 A perspective view of 38 showing the numbering scheme. Ellipsoids were drawn at the 50\% probability level, hydrogen atoms are represented by spheres of arbitrary radii.


Scheme 6 Reaction of $N$-Cbz protected phenylalanine derivatives 12a,b under $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ conditions.
oxazolidin-2-one function in 39. A similar displacement of the N -amide group leading to the corresponding oxazolidin-2-one was reported by Patel et al. ${ }^{11 f}$ Based on the detailed analysis of ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR data we were able to assign the stereochemistry of compound 39. Thus, diagnostic signals appeared at $4.45(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.1,0.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{P})$ and $4.33-4.25 \mathrm{ppm}$ ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{~N}$ ) in ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, which corresponded to the $(1 S, 2 S)$ diastereoisomer of $39 .{ }^{44}$ These data indicated that during the reaction of Cbz protected phenylalanine derivatives $\mathbf{1 2 a}, \mathbf{b}$ under basic conditions with $\mathrm{TsNH}_{2}$, only the $(1 S, 2 S)$-12b diastereoisomer reacted towards $(1 S, 2 S)-39$.

Fig. 1-5 show the perspective views of the molecules. Of all six compounds, only 10 a crystallized in the chiral $P 4_{1} 2_{1} 2$ space group as a single enantiomer $(1 R, 2 S)$. All other compounds crystallized in the centrosymmetric space group, which means that both enantiomers were present in the crystals. This difference was also visible in the supramolecular motifs created by hydrogen bonds in the crystal structures. In 10a the $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds connect molecules into infinite chains (Fig. 1 and Table 2 in ESI $\dagger$ ), expanding along the $z$-direction (molecules related by fourfold, righthand screw axis). In all other crystal structures, the welldefined, directional $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ or $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ (Fig. 2 and Table 2 in ESI $\dagger$ ) hydrogen bonds made centrosymmetric dimers, arranged by two different enantiomers. In compound 23a, each of the symmetry-independent molecules made the dimer with its own symmetry-related mate (i.e. A-A and B-B). It is possible that the relative ease of making centrosymmetric dimers is one of the reasons that all these compounds crystallized as racemates.

## Conclusions

In summary, our results demonstrate the synthesis of a wide range of $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates that subsequently underwent reactions with nitrogen nucleophiles. Only para-toluenesulfonamide provided access to fluorinated ${ }^{3 k, 45}$ and non-fluorinated $\alpha$-aminophosphonates, ${ }^{46}$ an important group of compounds that are mimics of the naturally occurring $\alpha$-amino acids, ${ }^{47}$ and could be explored as versatile substrates in the synthesis of biologically active species. Further deprotection of the $\alpha$-amino group could be considered in the design of important phosphonated building blocks employed in the synthesis of useful compounds such as peptide analogues. According to the establishments concerning the reaction mechanism, this study gives further proof that the Kabachnik-Fields reaction occurs via the imine intermediate, which immediately undergoes the
addition of dialkyl phosphite towards $N$-tosyl- $\alpha$ aminophosphonates.

## Experimental section

## General methods

${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR, ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR and ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR spectral measurements were performed on Bruker ASCEND $400(400 \mathrm{MHz})$, Bruker ASCEND $600(600 \mathrm{MHz})$ spectrometers. All 2D and 1D selective NMR spectra were recorded on the Bruker ASCEND 600 ( 600 MHz ) spectrometer. Chemical shifts of ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR were expressed in parts per million downfield from tetramethylsilane (TMS) as an internal standard ( $\delta=0$ ) in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ or using the residual solvent peak in the case of $\mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}(\delta=1.96)$. Chemical shifts of ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR were expressed in parts per million downfield and upfield from $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ as an internal standard ( $\delta=77.0$ ). Chemical shifts of ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR were expressed in parts per million upfield from $\mathrm{CFCl}_{3}$ as an internal standard $(\delta=0)$ in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$. Chemical shifts of ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR were expressed in parts per million in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$. All d.r. ratios were evaluated on the basis of ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR or/and ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR in the crude reaction mixture. Highresolution mass spectra were recorded by electron spray (MSESI) techniques using a QToF Impact HD Bruker spectrometer. The melting points were measured on a Boetius apparatus and were uncorrected. Reagent grade chemicals were used. Solvents were dried by refluxing with sodium metal-benzophenone $\cdot(\mathrm{THF}), \mathrm{CaH}_{2} \cdot\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right)$ and $\mathrm{NaH} \cdot\left(\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$, then distilled under an argon atmosphere. Absolute ethanol was stored under argon and over molecular sieves ( 3 A ). All moisture sensitive reactions were carried out under an argon atmosphere using oven-dried glassware. Reactions at temperatures below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ were performed using a cooling bath (liquid $\mathrm{N}_{2} / n$-hexane or liquid $\mathrm{N}_{2} / i-\mathrm{PrOH}$ ). TLC was performed on Merck Kieselgel 60F254 with EtOAc/ $n$-hexane and $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ as developing systems, and products were detected by inspection under UV light ( 254 nm ) and with a solution of potassium permanganate. Merck Kieselgel 60 ( $0.063-0.200 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ ), Merck Kieselgel 60 ( $0.040-$ $0.063 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ ), Merck Kieselgel $60(0.015-0.004 \mu \mathrm{~m})$, were used for column chromatography. X-ray diffraction data were collected by the $\omega$-scan technique on a Rigaku four-circle Xcalibur (Eos detector) diffractometer with graphite-monochromatized $\mathrm{MoK}_{\alpha}$ radiation $(\lambda=0.71073 \AA)$ : for 9a, 10a and 36a at room temperature, for 23 a and 38 at 130(1) K, and for 34a at 100(1) K. The data were corrected for Lorentz-polarization and absorption effects. ${ }^{48}$ Accurate unit-cell parameters were determined by a least-squares fit of 7906 (9a), 4321 (10a), 6595 (23a), 3219 (34a), 7252 (36a) and 1078 (38) reflections of highest intensity, chosen from the whole experiment. The structures were solved with SHELXT ${ }^{49}$ and refined with the full-matrix least-squares procedure on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ by SHELXL-2014/7. ${ }^{49}$ All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically, hydrogen atoms were placed in the calculated positions and refined as the 'riding model' with the isotropic displacement parameters set at 1.2 ( 1.5 for methyl groups) times the $U_{\text {eq. }}$ value for the appropriate non-hydrogen atoms. In 9a, 34a, 36a and 38, the lengths of terminal $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}$ bonds in the ethyl groups C4-C5 and C7-C8 were constrained to the typical values, due to the significant shortening resulting
from large thermal motion; additionally, in 9a, 34a and 38 weak constraints were applied to the selected anisotropic displacement parameters. Relevant crystal data are listed in Table 1 (see ESI $\dagger$ ), together with refinement details. In structure 34a one of the ethyl groups was disordered over two alternative conformations; an s.o.f. of 0.5 was assigned to both positions.

Crystallographic data for the structural analysis was deposited with the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre, no. CCDC - 1568454 (9a), CCDC - 1569663 (10a), CCDC - 1568455 (23a), CCDC - 1568456 (34a), CCDC - 1568457 (36a) and CCDC 1568458 (38).

## Procedure for the synthesis of aldehydes 1-5

All aldehydes were prepared from the corresponding alcohols. Compounds 1a, ${ }^{26}{ }^{2-3},{ }^{27 b} \mathbf{4 a},{ }^{50} \mathbf{4 c},{ }^{51} \mathbf{5 a},{ }^{52} 5 \mathbf{b b}^{53}$ were prepared as described. The NMR data for $\mathbf{2 - 3},{ }^{54} \mathbf{4 b},{ }^{27 b} 5 \mathbf{c}^{55}$ were in good agreement.

Racemic mixture of ( $2 R, 3 S$ )-1-benzyl-3-(trifluoromethyl) aziridine-2-carbaldehyde (rac 1a). Pale yellow oil (1 g, >99\% ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H},{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=9.30(\mathrm{dq}, J=5.3$, $2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHO}), 7.45-7.31(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 3.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}$ ), 3.75 (d, $J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 2.65 ("quintet", $J$ $\left.=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}\right), 2.50\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}\right) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ $\left\{/{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\right\}$ NMR $\left(376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=9.30(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHO})$, $7.44-7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 3.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}), 3.75(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 2.68-2.61\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}\right), 2.50(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=196.74$ (q, $J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, C=\mathrm{O}), 135.66,128.77,128.23,128.14(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph})$, $123.46\left(\mathrm{q}, J=274.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 62.37\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 47.39$ (s, $C \mathrm{HCHCF}_{3}$ ), $44.47\left(\mathrm{q}, J=40.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $(376 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-66.26(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.2,2.7 \mathrm{~Hz})$.

## Procedure for the addition of diethyl phosphite to aldehyde 1a

Compounds 6a, $\mathbf{b}^{26}$ were prepared as described. The NMR data for $\mathbf{6 a}$ were in good agreement.

## Procedure for $\boldsymbol{N}$-deprotection of $\mathbf{6 a , b}$

To a round-bottom flask with aziridinyl phosphonates $\mathbf{6 a , b}$ ( $1: 1$, d.r.) ( $1.68 \mathrm{mmol}, 616 \mathrm{mg}$ ) dissolved in ethanol ( 10 mL ), a catalytic amount of palladium hydroxide was added. The flask was then connected by three-way valve to a vacuum pump and a gasbag filled with gaseous hydrogen. Hydrogen was then introduced inside the flask at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and vigorously stirred. This cycle was repeated 10 times and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The catalyst was then filtered out and crude products $\mathbf{7 a}, \mathbf{b}$ were isolated using column chromatography (chloroform/methanol $99: 1, \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ).

Racemic mixture of $\operatorname{diethyl}((S)$-hydroxy $((2 R, 3 S)$-3-(trifluoromethyl)aziridin-2-yl)methyl)phosphonate (rac 7a). Pale yellow oil ( $228 \mathrm{mg}, 49 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=$ $4.24\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.19(\mathrm{q}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 3.76 (br t, $J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), $2.84-2.70(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CHCF}_{3}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}$ ), $2.05(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 1.63(\mathrm{brt}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{N} H), 1.38\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.37(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=124.58(\mathrm{q}, J=$ $\left.274.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 66.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=158.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 63.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$,
$\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 63.18\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 34.51(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $C \mathrm{HCHCF}_{3}$ ), $33.28\left(\mathrm{dq}, J=39.7,12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCF}_{3}\right), 16.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.43\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR (376 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=-66.75$ (br s). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( 376 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-66.76(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $(162 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=22.53(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz})$. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{15^{-}}$ $\mathrm{F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{PNa}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right): 300.0589$, found: 300.0589.

Racemic mixture of diethyl((R)-hydroxy $((2 R, 3 S)$-3-(trifluoromethyl)aziridin-2-yl)methyl)phosphonate (rac 7b). Pale yellow oil ( $227 \mathrm{mg}, 49 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=$ 4.28-4.17 (m, 4H, $2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $3.90(\mathrm{t}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP})$, 2.94-2.75 (m, 2H, $\mathrm{CHCF}_{3}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}$ ), 1.86 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}$ ), 1.81 (br t, $J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 1.37\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.36$ $\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ $124.29\left(\mathrm{q}, J=273.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 65.72(\mathrm{dd}, J=167.1,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P)$, $63.25\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.98\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $36.06\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCHCF}_{3}\right), 35.27\left(\mathrm{q}, J=39.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCF}_{3}\right)$, $16.38\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.34\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right)$. ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR (376 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=-66.65(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=-66,65(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $(162 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=20.87(\mathrm{~s})$. HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{PNa}([\mathrm{M}+$ $\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$): 300.0589, found: 300.0585 .

## Procedure for the introduction of the Boc protecting group into 7a,b

Aziridinyl phosphonates $7 \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b}(1: 1$, d.r.) $(0.72 \mathrm{mmol}, 200 \mathrm{mg}, 1$ eq.) were dissolved in acetonitrile ( 5 mL ) under argon at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. DMAP ( $0.87 \mathrm{mmol}, 106 \mathrm{mg}, 1.2 \mathrm{eq}$. ) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min . Next, di-tert-butyl dicarbonate ( $99 \%, 1.08 \mathrm{mmol}, 238 \mathrm{mg}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$.$) was introduced and the$ reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then diluted with water $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$, extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(3 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and the layers were separated. The organic layers were dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product $\mathbf{8 b}$ was isolated using column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/ethyl acetate $10: 90, \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v} \rightarrow$ ethyl acetate/methanol $99: 1, \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v})$.

Racemic mixture of tert-butyl( $2 R, 3 S$ )-2-((R)-(diethox-yphosphoryl)(hydroxy)methyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)aziridine-1-
carboxylate (rac 8b). Pale yellow oil ( $117 \mathrm{mg}, 43 \%, 1.9$ : 1 r.r. that could be isolated). Major rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $\delta=5.03(\mathrm{t}, J=9.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}), 4.30-4.15(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times$ $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 2.97-2.84 (m, 2H, $\mathrm{CHCF}_{3}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}$ ), 1.53 (s, 9H, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.36\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}(151$ $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=152.13(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O}), 124.08\left(\mathrm{q}, J=274.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right)$, $83.54\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 69.87(\mathrm{~d}, J=169.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 63.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.95\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 35.02(\mathrm{q}, J=$ $41.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCF}_{3}$ ), 34.27 (d, $J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCHCF}_{3}$ ), 27.68 ( s , $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 16.36\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $\left(565 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-66.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \mathrm{NMR}\left(565 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-66.94(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR (243 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=16.47$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{PNa}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right): 400.1112$, found: 400.1119 . Minor rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=4.88(\mathrm{t}, J=9.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CHP}), 4.32-4.18\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.00-2.70(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CHCF}_{3}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}\right), 1.51\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.38(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}$,
$\left.2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=151.60(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, $124.13\left(\mathrm{q}, J=275.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 83.43\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 69.42(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $164.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 63.32\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 63.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $33.58\left(\mathrm{dq}, J=39.7,11.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCF}_{3}\right), 32.66$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCHCF}_{3}\right), 27.54\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 16.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $16.35\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $(376 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=-66.95$ (br s). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \operatorname{NMR}\left(376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ -66.96 (s). ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=17.64$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{PK}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{K}]^{+}\right)$: 416.0852, found: 416.0846.

## Procedure for the introduction of the Cbz protecting group

 into 7a,bAziridinyl phosphonates 7a,b (1 : 1, d.r.) ( $0.72 \mathrm{mmol}, 200 \mathrm{mg}, 1$ eq.) were dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ under argon at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(0.87 \mathrm{mmol}, 67 \mathrm{mg}, 1.2$ eq.) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min . Benzyl chloroformate ( $95 \%$, $1.08 \mathrm{mmol}, 194 \mathrm{mg}, 162 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$.$) was introduced and the$ reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. Next, the reaction mixture was diluted with water $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ then extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(3 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$. The organic layers were dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude products $\mathbf{9 a}, \mathbf{b}$ were isolated using column chromatography ( $n$-hexane/ethyl acetate $10: 90, \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v} \rightarrow$ ethyl acetate/methanol $99: 1, \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ).

Racemic mixture of benzyl( $2 R, 3 S$ )-2-((S)-(diethox-yphosphoryl)(hydroxy)methyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)aziridine-1-carboxylate (rac 9a). Pale yellow oil, slowly crystallizing $(118 \mathrm{mg}, 34 \%):{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.42-7.33(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}$, Ph), 5.19 (d, $J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHHPh}), 5.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 4.25-4.10\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.80(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), 3.17 (br q, $J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}$ ), 3.11 ("quintet", $\left.J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}\right), 1.28\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.27$ $\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ $160.52(\mathrm{~s}, ~ C=\mathrm{O}), 134.92,128.61,128.44,128.16(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph})$, $122.98\left(\mathrm{q}, J=275.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 69.06\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 65.22(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $161.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 63.42\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 63.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 40.88\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCHCF}_{3}\right), 38.71(\mathrm{dq}, J$ $\left.=40.6,12.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCF}_{3}\right), 16.34\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right), 16.28$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $\left(565 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ -67.26 (br s). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \mathrm{NMR}\left(565 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-67.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=20.68(\mathrm{~s}) . \mathrm{HRMS}$ (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{PNa}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right): 434.0956$, found: 434.0952.

Racemic mixture of benzyl(2R,3S)-2-((R)-(diethox-yphosphoryl)(hydroxy)methyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)aziridine-1carboxylate (rac 9b). Pale yellow oil, slowly crystallizing (101 mg, $40 \%)^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.41-7.36(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 5.23$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=12.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}), 5.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph})$, 4.28-4.18 (m, $4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 3.98 (br t, $J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHP ), 3.24 ("quintet", $J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}$ ), $3.21-3.15(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OH}), 3.09\left(\mathrm{dt}, J=9.3,4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}\right), 1.36(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.35\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (151 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=160.62(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O}), 134.84,128.52,128.35,128.06$ $(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 122.91\left(\mathrm{q}, J=275.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 68.95\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 65.09$ $(\mathrm{dd}, J=161.7,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 63.32\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$,
$63.15\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 40.82\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}\right)$, 38.61 (dq, $\left.J=40.5,12.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCF}_{3}\right), 16.25(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $16.19\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $(565 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=-67.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $(565 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-67.18(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \operatorname{NMR}\left(243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=19.15$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{PNa}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right.$): 434.0956, found: 434.0935.

## Procedure for the addition of diethyl phosphite to aldehydes

 2-5Compounds 10-15 were prepared according to the previously reported procedure. ${ }^{27 b}$ The NMR data for $10,{ }^{27 b} 13,{ }^{27 b} 17,{ }^{56} \mathbf{2 0}^{28}$ were in good agreement.

Procedure A. To the respective aldehydes, diethyl phosphite ( 1 eq.) and TEA ( 0.2 eq.) were added and the reaction mixture was kept at $50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day (monitored by TLC or NMR). The reaction mixture was then diluted with water $(20 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(3 \times 20 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were washed with aqueous sodium bicarbonate then brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude products were isolated using column chromatography (chloroform/methanol 99:1, v/v $\rightarrow$ chloroform/ methanol 95 : 5).

Procedure B. Analogous treatment of aldehyde $\mathbf{4 a}$ and diethyl phosphite (1 eq.) and $i-\mathrm{Pr}_{2} \mathrm{EtN}$ ( 1.1 eq.) in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, (reflux) for 1 day gave crude products $\mathbf{1 6 a}, \mathbf{b}$, which were isolated using column chromatography (chloroform/methanol $99: 1, \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v} \rightarrow$ chloroform/methanol 95 : 5).
tert-Butyl((1R,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1-hydroxy-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate (11a). A white solid was isolated as a mixture with 11b, which could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study ( 396 mg , $61 \%):{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=7.31-7.16(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 5.84$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H), 5.73-5.65(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.32-4.00(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 3.92-3.82(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}), 2.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.32(\mathrm{t}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $1.25\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (151 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=155.50(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O}), 138.07,129.37,128.25,126.22$ $(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 78.95\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 67.63(\mathrm{~d}, J=163.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP})$, $62.96\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.43\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $52.89\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 38.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 28.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 16.42-$ $16.27\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ 23.25 (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{30} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{PNa}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right)$: 410.1708, found: 410.1701.
tert-Butyl((1S,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1-hydroxy-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate (11b). ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \quad$ NMR (162 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=22.89$ (s).

Benzyl((1R,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1-hydroxy-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate (12a). Pale yellow oil, isolated as a mixture with 12b, which could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study ( 412 mg , $52 \%):{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=7.33-7.17(\mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph})$, $6.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H), 5.41(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 5.07-$ $4.99\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.22-3.96\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$, $\mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 3.89-3.82 (m, 1H, CHP), $2.98(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 1.38-1.24 (m, 3H, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 1.23-1.17 (m, 3H,
$\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=156.09(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O})$, 137.84, 136.66, 129.43, 128.43, 128.39, 128.34, 127.88, 126.44 (8 $\times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 67.52(\mathrm{~d}, J=162.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 66.43\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 63.15$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.64\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 53.51$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $38.03\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 16.28\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $16.24\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \mathrm{NMR}\left(243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $\delta=23.06$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{PNa}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right):$ 444.1552, found: 444.1543.

Benzyl((1S,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphory)-1-hydroxy-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate (12b). ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=$ 22.63 (s).
tert-Butyl((1R,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1-hydroxy-3-methylbutan-2-yl)carbamate (14a). The white solid was isolated as a mixture with $\mathbf{1 4 b}$ that could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study ( 351 mg , $55 \%):{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=5.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NH}), 5.06(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.26-4.08(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times$ $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), 3.52 (tdd, $J=8.5,4.5,2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.11\left(\mathrm{dq}, J=13.4,7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.44(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.38-1.30\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.97$ ("t", $J=$ $\left.6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=156.38(\mathrm{~s}$, $C=\mathrm{O}), 79.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 68.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=162.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H \mathrm{H}), 63.02(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.55\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 56.76(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.C H C H\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 29.89\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 28.38$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 19.67\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right), 19.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.48(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right), 16.45\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $(162$ $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=23.47$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{31} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{P}$ ( $\left.[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right): 340.1889$, found: 340.1882 .
tert-Butyl((1S,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1-hydroxy-3-methylbutan-2-yl)carbamate (14b). ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( 162 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=23.04$ (s).

Benzyl((1R,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1-hydroxy-3-methylbutan-2-yl)carbamate (15a). A white oil, slowly crystallizing, was isolated as a mixture with 15b that could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study ( $298 \mathrm{mg}, 41 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=7.40-$ 7.27 (m, 5H, Ph), 5.99 (d, $J=9.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H), 5.30(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.1$, $2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 5.08\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.15-4.01(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times$ $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), 3.64 (tdd, $J=9.1,4.6,2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.07-2.01\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.29(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.20\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.00-0.95(\mathrm{~m}$, $6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=156.57(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, $136.79,128.35,127.99,127.96(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 67.84(\mathrm{~d}, J=163.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $C H P), 66.51\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 63.19\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.57$ (d, $\left.J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 56.90\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 30.39(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 19.54\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right), 19.21\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right), 16.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $16.30\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=23.23$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{P}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right): 374.1732$, found: 374.1736 .

Benzyl((1S,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1-hydroxy-3-methylbutan-2-yl)carbamate (15b). ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=$ 23.17 (s).

Diethyl((R)-((S)-1-benzylpyrrolidin-2-yl)(hydroxy)methyl) phosphonate (16a). A white solid was isolated as a mixture with 16b, which could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study ( $1062 \mathrm{mg}, 61 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=7.50-7.42(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 7.34-7.31(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$,

Ph), 7.24-7.26 (m, 1H, Ph), 4.73 (d, $J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh})$, 4.35-4.20 (m, $4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 4.12 (ddd, $J=10.3,8.3$, $7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{P}), 3.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{CHP}), 3.67$ (d, $J=$ $13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 3.41(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 3.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}$ ), 2.96 (ddd, $J=10.0,7.5,2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HCH}), 2.49$ (td, $J=9.3,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{CH}), 2.24$ (dt, $J=13.5,10.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}$ ), 2.09 (ddd, $J=13.6,8.7,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}$ ), $1.37\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.26(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=138.26,128.41$, 128.21, $126.71(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 71.76$ (d, $J=154.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H \mathrm{P}), 69.42$ (d, $J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P), 62.75\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.22(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $\left.=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 53.56\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 53.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 36.25(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=12.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 23.17\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 16.50(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $\left.=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right), 16.36\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=23.21$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{P}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right): 328.1672$, found: 328.1667.

Diethyl((S)-((S)-1-benzylpyrrolidin-2-yl)(hydroxy)methyl) phosphonate (16b). $\delta{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=7.48-7.43$ (m, 1H, Ph), 7.38-7.29 (m, 2H, Ph), 7.30-7.25 (m, 2H, Ph), 4.59 $(\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 4.36-4.25\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.26-4.16(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHP), 3.99 (d, $J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}$ ), 3.97 (d, $J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHCHP), 3.82 (d, $J=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 3.38 ( $\mathrm{d}, J=14.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 3.05(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 2.82(\mathrm{td}, J=9.0$, $4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHHCH}), 2.35(\mathrm{td}, J=9.6,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{CH})$, 2.26-2.19 (m, 1H, NCH ${ }_{2} \mathrm{CHH}$ ), 2.14 (ddd, $J=13.2,9.3,3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}$ ), $1.43\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=139.02,128.69,128.13$, 127.17 (4 $\times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 69.55(\mathrm{~d}, J=166.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 69.51(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $C H C H P), 63.17$ (d, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $62.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 52.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 51.13\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 30.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}$ ), $20.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 16.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $16.57\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $(243$ $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=24.22(\mathrm{~s})$.

Benzyl(R)-2-((S)-(diethoxyphosphoryl)(hydroxy)methyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (18a). White solid ( $860 \mathrm{mg}, 76 \%$ ). Compound 18a is a mixture of two rotamers ( $3: 1$, r.r.). Major rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.39-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph})$, 5.18 (d, $J=12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}), 5.12(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHHPh), 4.35 (br d, $J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), $4.26-4.14(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times$ $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CHCHP}$ ), 3.64 (ddd, $J=11.3,7.9,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}$ ), 3.46-3.41 (m, 1H, NCHH), 2.35-2.25 (m, 1H, СHНCH), 2.13-2.04 $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{CH}), 2.04-1.96\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}\right), 1.77-1.70(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH} H\right), 1.35\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.29(\mathrm{t}, J=$ 7.1 Hz, 3H, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=156.60$ (s, $C=\mathrm{O}$ ), 136.46, 128.49, 128.06, $127.88(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 70.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $156.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 67.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 62.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.53\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 60.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, CHCHP), $47.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, ~ \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2}\right), 27.51\left(\mathrm{~s}, ~ C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 24.54(\mathrm{~s}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 16.51-16.44 (m, $2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR (162 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=21.90(\mathrm{~s})$. Minor rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.39-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 5.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHHPh), $5.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 4.45(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), 4.15-4.05 (m, 5H, $2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CHCHP}$ ), 3.61-3.57 (m, 1H, NCHH), 3.46-3.41 (m, 1H, NCHH), 2.35-2.25 (m, 1H, СННСН), 2.13-2.04 (m, 1H, СННСН), 2.04-1.96 (m, 1H, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}$ ), 1.77-1.70 (m, 1H, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}\right), 1.29(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.24\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101
$\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=154.70(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O}), 136.46,128.49,128.06,127.88$ $(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 70.08(\mathrm{~d}, J=156.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 67.19\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $62.68\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.53\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 58.16 (d, $J=10.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P), 47.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 26.53$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 24.34\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 16.51-16.44\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{\mid{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=22.47$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{P}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right): 372.1571$, found: 372.1579.

Benzyl(R)-2-((R)-(diethoxyphosphoryl)(hydroxy)methyl) pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (18b). Mixture of two rotamers (8.3 : 1, r.r.). Major rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=$ 7.39-7.32 (m, 5H, Ph), 5.21 (br s, 1H, OH), 5.17 (d, J=12.0 Hz, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}), 5.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 4.32(\mathrm{ddd}, J=$ $10.1,6.9,3.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHP}), 4.28-4.14\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 3.83 (dd, $J=9.4,4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), 3.53 (br q, $J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, NCHH ), 3.43 (ddd, $J=11.0,7.5,4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH} H$ ), $2.26-2.21$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HCH}), 2.08-2.03(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{CH}), 1.96-1.90(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}\right), 1.90-1.85\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}\right), 1.37(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=158.65(\mathrm{~s}$, $C=\mathrm{O}$ ), 136.14, 128.54, 128.20, $127.96(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 72.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $159.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 67.77\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 63.14(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.55\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 59.88(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, CHCHP), 46.96 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 28.27 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}$ ), 24.10 ( s , $\mathrm{NCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{2}$ ), $16.51\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.45(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=21.22(\mathrm{~s})$. Minor rotamer: ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=22.08$ (s).

Diethyl((R)-((S)-3-benzyl-2,2-dimethyloxazolidin-4-yl)(hydroxy) methyl)phosphonate (19a). Slightly yellow oil ( $269 \mathrm{mg}, 40 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=7.35-7.31(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 7.30-7.26(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 4.23-4.18\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.20(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.2,3.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), 4.16 ("quintet", $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $3.86(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $14.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}$ ), 3.57 (d, $J=14.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $3.42-$ $3.40(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}), 3.40-3.39(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHP}), 3.28(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $11.9,3.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} H), 1.38\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.36(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $1.33\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.32$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=139.38,128.59$, 127.84, $127.43(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 98.14\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 72.09$ (d, $J=170.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 65.43$ (d, $J=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P), 62.97$ (d, $J$ $\left.=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.37\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 59.47(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $\left.=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 52.63\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 28.13\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 22.16(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 16.36\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.34(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}$ ) $\cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=22.36$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{NO}_{5} \mathrm{P}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right)$: 358.1778, found: 358.1775.

Diethyl((S)-((S)-3-benzyl-2,2-dimethyloxazolidin-4-yl)(hydroxy) methyl)phosphonate (19b). Isolated as a mixture with 19a, which could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ 7.34-7.25 (m, 4H, Ph), 7.27-7.18 (m, 1H, Ph), 4.16 ("quintet", $J=$ $7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 4.10 ("quintet", $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.02-3.96\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.87(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}$ ), 3.57 (d, $J=13.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 3.40-3.39(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CHP}), 3.39-3.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHP}), 1.31\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.28(\mathrm{t}, J$ $\left.=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.27\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.23(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=139.13$, 128.56, 128.03, $127.44(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 95.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 65.41(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=166.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 63.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P), 63.37(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 62.66\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=$
$\left.6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 53.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 27.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 19.73$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 16.26\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=21.86$ (s).

Benzyl(S)-4-((R)-(diethoxyphosphoryl)(hydroxy)methyl)-2,2-dimethyloxazolidine-3-carboxylate (21a). Pale yellow oil ( $477 \mathrm{mg}, 67 \%$ ). Compound 21a is a mixture of two rotamers (1.8 : 1, r.r.). Major rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right) \delta=$ 7.45-7.36 (m, 5H, Ph), 5.17-5.11 (m, 2H, CH2 Ph), 4.36 (dd, $J=$ $12.4,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}), 4.32(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{dd}, J=9.2,2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}$ ), 4.26-4.21 (m, 1H, СНСНР), 4.15-4.10 (m, 2H, OCH $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 4.08$3.96\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} H, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.59\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.50(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.25\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.22(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ ) $\delta=153.54$ (s, $C=\mathrm{O}$ ), 138.28, 129.96, 129.45, $129.30(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 95.44$ (s, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 68.03(\mathrm{~d}, J=159.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 67.78\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 64.80$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 64.02\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 63.56(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $59.04(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P), 26.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $24.16\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 17.27\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right), 17.25(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}\left(243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right) \delta=21.72(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ $\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=21.84$ (s). Minor rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ ) $\delta=7.45-7.36(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 5.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}$ ), $5.17-5.11$ (m, 1H, CHHPh), 4.52 (dd, $J=$ $11.4,7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), 4.28 (br dd, $J=8.3,3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}$ ), 4.26-4.21 (m, 1H, СНСНР), 4.15-4.10 (m, 1H, ОСНH), 4.08-3.96 $\left(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.54\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.47(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.25\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.22(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right) \delta=154.32(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=$ O), 138.28, 129.96, 129.45, $129.30(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 95.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, 68.12 (s, $C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $66.70(\mathrm{~d}, J=159.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 64.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right)$, $64.16\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 63.56\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 60.17 (d, $J=12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P), 26.99\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 25.94$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 17.27\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 17.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right) \delta=22.04(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ $\left\{\mid{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=22.13$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{NO}_{7} \mathrm{PNa}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right): 424.1496$, found: 424.1495 .

Benzyl(S)-4-((S)-(diethoxyphosphoryl)(hydroxy)methyl)-2,2-dimethyloxazolidine-3-carboxylate (21b). Detected in the crude reaction mixture as one rotamer (not isolated, signals in NMR overlapped by major diastereoisomer): ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( 243 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right) \delta=21.72$ (s). ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=$ 22.13 (s).

Procedure for reactions of $\mathbf{6 a , b}, 10 a, b$ and $20 a, b$ with nitrogen nucleophiles ( $\mathrm{BnNH}_{2}, \mathrm{MeNH}_{2}, \mathrm{BzNH}_{2}$ ) and/or with $\mathbf{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
To a solution of benzylamine or methylamine ( HCl salt) or benzamide ( 1.2 eq .) in acetonitrile ( 5 mL ), potassium carbonate ( 1.2 eq. or 2.2 eq. in the case of methylamine HCl ) was added. After 30 min , the $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates ( 1 eq .) were added to the stirred solution. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 8 h . When the reaction was completed, water was added ( 10 mL ) followed by extraction with a few portions of $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The organic layers were dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude products were isolated using column chromatography (chloroform/methanol or $n$ hexane/ethyl acetate $\rightarrow$ ethyl acetate/methanol).

Racemic mixture of (E)-3-(benzylamino)-4,4,4-trifluorobut-1-en-1-yl-diethyl phosphate (rac 22). Pale yellow oil ( $33 \mathrm{mg}, 65 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.40-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 6.68(\mathrm{dd}, J$ $=12.1,6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}=\mathrm{CH}), 5.33(\mathrm{ddd}, J=12.1,9.0,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}=\mathrm{CH}), 4.23-4.15\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}), 3.79$ (d, $J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 3.53(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}\right), 1.38\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.37(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=141.86$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}=\mathrm{CH}), 138.71,128.62,128.13,127.45(4 \times \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{Ph}), 125.25\left(\mathrm{q}, J=281.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 109.3(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.5,1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}=\mathrm{CH}), 64.74\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 50.56(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 16.07\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.06(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $\left(565 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-75.84(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9$ Hz ). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $565 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=-75.84(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=-5.02$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}_{4} \mathrm{P}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right): 368.1239$, found: 368.1236.

Note 1: An analogous reaction of $\mathbf{6 a}, \mathbf{b}$ with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ ( 1.2 eq.) in acetonitrile (reflux, 8 h ) according to the above procedure gave 22.

Note 2: Reaction of 10a,b (19: 1, d.r.) with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (1.2 eq.) or $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (1.2 eq.) and $\mathrm{BzNH}_{2}$ ( 1.2 eq.) or with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ ( 1.2 eq.) and $\mathrm{BnNH}_{2}$ ( 1.2 eq.) in acetonitrile (reflux, 8 h ) according to the above procedure gave a partially racemized mixture of $\mathbf{1 0 a}, \mathbf{b}$ (1.5: 1, d.r.).

Note 3: Reaction of 20a,b (99: 1, d.r.) with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ ( 1.2 eq.) or $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ ( 1.2 eq.) and $\mathrm{BzNH}_{2}$ ( 1.2 eq.) or with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ ( 1.2 eq.) and $\mathrm{BnNH}_{2}$ ( 1.2 eq.) in acetonitrile (reflux, 8 h ) according to the above procedure gave a partially racemized mixture of $\mathbf{2 0 a}, \mathbf{b}$ (3.6 : 1, d.r.). ${ }^{12}$

## Procedure for the reactions of $\mathbf{6 a , b - 2 1 a , b}$ with $\mathbf{T s N H}_{\mathbf{2}}$

To a solution of para-toluenesulfonamide (1.2 eq.) in acetonitrile ( 5 mL ), potassium carbonate ( 1.2 eq .) was added. After 30 min , the $\alpha$-hydroxyphosphonates $\mathbf{6 a , b - 2 1 a , b}$ ( 1 eq .) were added to the stirred reaction mixture. The solution was refluxed for 8 hours. When the reaction was completed, the reaction mixture was diluted with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with a few portions of $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The organic layers were dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude products 23a,b-39 were isolated using column chromatography (chloroform/methanol or $n$-hexane/ethyl acetate $\rightarrow$ ethyl acetate/methanol).

Racemic mixture of diethyl((S)-((2R,3S)-1-benzyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)aziridin-2-yl)((4-methylphenyl)sulfonamido) methyl)phosphonate (rac 23a). Pale yellow oil, slowly crystallising ( $44 \mathrm{mg}, 75 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=7.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.30-7.10(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.30(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHSO})_{2}\right)$, $4.30(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}), 4.18-3.95(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times$ $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $3.76(\mathrm{dt}, J=17.8,8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}), 2.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 2.31\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 2.12(\mathrm{brt}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}$ ), 1.91 ("quintet", $J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}$ ), $1.25(\mathrm{t}, J$ $\left.=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.22\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=143.31,138.08,135.94,129.39$, $128.58,128.46,127.69,127.08(8 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph}), 124.12(\mathrm{q}, J=$ $\left.274.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 63.66\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 63.31(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $61.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 47.95(\mathrm{~d}, J=153.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$,

CHP), 42.74 (d, $J=3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCHCF}_{3}$ ), 40.93 (dq, $J=38.6$, $\left.12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}\right), 21.50\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times$ $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $\left(565 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-65.85(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.8$ Hz ). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $565 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=-65.85(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=20.79$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{PS}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right): 521.1487$, found: 521.1500 .

Racemic mixture of $\quad \operatorname{diethyl}((R)-((2 R, 3 S)-1-b e n z y l-3-$ (trifluoromethyl)aziridin-2-yl)((4-methylphenyl)sulfonamido) methyl)phosphonate (rac 23b). Pale yellow oil slowly crystallising ( $7 \mathrm{mg}, 12 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=7.74$ (d, $J=$ $8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.30-6.90(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.52\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHSO}{ }_{2}\right)$, $4.25-4.00\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.83$ ("quintet", $J=9.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}), 3.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}), 2.63(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 2.18\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 2.10-2.02\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}\right)$, 1.98 ("quintet", $J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}$ ), $1.29(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $1.25\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (151 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=143.43,138.30,136.11,129.45,128.28,128.10$, $127.49,127.41(8 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph}), 124.05\left(\mathrm{q}, J=274.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 64.59$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.90\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.61$ (s, $C_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 49.98 (dd, $\left.J=157.8,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P\right), 43.29$ (d, $J=$ $11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}$ ), 42.58 (q, $J=39.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}$ ), 21.38 ( s , $\left.\mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.43\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $\left(376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-65.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.1$ Hz ). ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $565 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=-65.69(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=19.55$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{PSNa}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right): 543.1306$, found: 543.1290.

Racemic mixture of diethyl((S)-((4-methylphenyl)sulfonami-do)((2R,3S)-3-(trifluoromethyl)aziridin-2-yl)methyl)
phosphonate (rac 24a). Pale yellow oil, isolated as a mixture with rac 24b, which could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study ( $35 \mathrm{mg}, 80 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.30\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHSO}_{2}\right), 4.22-4.02(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times$ $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 3.76 (dt, $J=18.2,8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), 2.67-2.55 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}$ ), $2.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.32(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $1.27\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 151 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=143.25,138.28,129.36,126.98(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar})$, $124.29\left(\mathrm{q}, J=274.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 63.65\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $63.50\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.28(\mathrm{~d}, J=154.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP})$, 35.15 (br s, CHCHCF $_{3}$ ), 34.16 (dq, $J=39.6,13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, CHCF $_{3}$ ), $21.51\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.30\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $\left(376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-67.10(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \mathrm{NMR}\left(376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-67.10(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ $\left\{\left.\right|^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=21.08$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{PSNa}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right): 453.0837$, found: 453.0839.

Racemic mixture of diethyl((R)-((4-methylphenyl)sulfona-mido)((2R,3S)-3-(trifluoromethyl)aziridin-2-yl)methyl)
phosphonate (rac 24b). ${ }^{19}$ F NMR ( $376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=-66.98$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-66.98(\mathrm{~s})$. ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=19.60$ (s).

Diethyl((1R,2S)-2-(dibenzylamino)-1-((4-methylphenyl) sulfonamido)-3-phenylpropyl)phosphonate (26a). Pale yellow solid ( $42 \mathrm{mg}, 81 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=7.32-$ 7.03 (m, 19H, Ar, Ph), 5.28 (dd, $J=9.2,1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHSO})_{2}$ ), 4.13-3.74 (m, 6H, $\left.2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 3.61-3.45(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, CHP, $\mathrm{NHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 3.24 (dd, $J=13.3,9.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, C H \mathrm{HPh}$ ), $3.14-$ $2.94\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 2.80(\mathrm{dd}, J=13.3,5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph})$,
$2.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.17\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.14(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=142.89$, 139.09, 138.97, 136.84, 129.51, 129.38, 128.87, 128.40, 128.31, 127.18, 127.11, $126.17(12 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph}), 63.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.C \mathrm{HCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 63.08\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.38(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $54.50\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 48.66(\mathrm{~d}, J=154.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P)$, 31.46 (s, CHHPh), $21.50\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.18\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR (162 $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=22.27$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{34} \mathrm{H}_{42} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{PS}$ $\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right): 621.2552$, found: 621.2560 .
tert-Butyl((1R,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1-((4-methylphenyl) sulfonamido)-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate (27a). White solid $(37 \mathrm{mg}, 72 \%):{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD}_{3} \mathrm{CN}\right) \delta=7.89-7.78(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.26-7.15(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar})$, $7.03-6.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.41\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHSO}_{2}\right), 5.41(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=9.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H \mathrm{Boc}), 4.27-3.87\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CHP}\right.$, $\left.\mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 2.88(\mathrm{dd}, J=13.9,3.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, C H \mathrm{HPh}), 2.60(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $13.9,10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, C \mathrm{H} H \mathrm{Ph}), 2.44\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.31(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.27\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.22(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=155.56(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 143.40, 138.02, 137.54, 129.53, 129.36, 128.35, 127.17, 126.46 (8 $\times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph}), 79.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 63.15-62.87\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 53.37 (d, $J=153.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 52.25\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 37.94$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 28.20\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 21.49\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $16.24\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR (162 $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=21.41$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7^{-}}$ PSNa ([M + Na] ${ }^{+}$): 563.1957, found: 563.1954.
tert-Butyl((1S,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1-((4-methylphenyl) sulfonamido)-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate (27b). White solid, isolated as a mixture with $\mathbf{2 7 a}$, which could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study ( 3 mg , $6 \%):{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.59(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar})$, 7.26-7.19 (m, 5H, Ar), 6.96 (dd, $J=6.7,2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.02-5.93$ (br d, 1H, NHSO ${ }_{2}$ ), $5.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHBoc}), 4.25-4.06(\mathrm{~m}$, $4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $3.83-3.62\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}, \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 2.96$ (dd, $J=13.9,7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, C H \mathrm{HPh}), 2.73(\mathrm{dd}, J=14.0,8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $C \mathrm{H} H \mathrm{Ph}), 2.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.36-1.27(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=156.10(\mathrm{~s}$, $C=\mathrm{O}$ ), 143.44, 137.17, 137.04, 129.76, 129.08, 128.50, 127.25, $126.63(8 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph}), 79.95\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 64.08(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $62.82\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 53.39(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $159.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}$ ), $51.92\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 38.07\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 28.27(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 21.55\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.43\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.30$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ 20.34 (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{PSNa}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right)$: 563.1957, found: 563.1964.

Benzyl((1R,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1-((4-methylphenyl) sulfonamido)-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate (28a). White solid, isolated as a mixture with $\mathbf{2 8 b}$, which could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study ( $26 \mathrm{mg}, 40 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=7.75(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.38-7.01$ (m, 12H, Ar, Ph), 5.76 (s, 1H, NHSO ${ }_{2}$ ), 5.31 (d, $J=9.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCbz}), 5.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OC} H \mathrm{HPh}), 4.97$ (d, $J=12.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 4.22-4.11\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right)$, 4.12-3.92 (m, 5H, $\left.2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CHP}\right), 2.96(\mathrm{dd}, J=14.0$, $5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}$ ), 2.81 (dd, $J=14.1,9.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $2.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.26-1.18\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR
(151 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=156.11$ (s, $C=\mathrm{O}$ ), 143.56, 139.10, 137.99, 137.23, 136.36, 129.69, 129.63, 129.23, 128.41, 127.88, 127.14, $126.46(12 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph}), 66.67\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 63.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $63.12\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 53.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $152.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 52.73$ (s, $\mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 37.66 (s, $C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 21.51 (s, $\left.\mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.32\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{\left.\right|^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=20.97$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{PS}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right)$: 575.1981, found: 575.1980.

Benzyl((1S,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-1-((4-methylphenyl) sulfonamido)-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)carbamate (28b). ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=19.66$ (s).
tert-Butyl ((1R,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-methyl-1-((4-methylphenyl)sulfonamido)butan-2-yl)carbamate (30a). Pale yellow oil, slowly crystallising ( $37 \mathrm{mg}, 51 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 600 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{Ar}), 5.83\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.4,4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H \mathrm{SO}_{2}\right), 4.85(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H \mathrm{Boc}), 4.07-3.86\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.84$ (ddd, $J=$ $18.9,9.1,5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{P}$ ), 3.67 (ddd, $J=13.2,10.6,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 2.04(\mathrm{sep}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.43\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.21(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times$ $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.95\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.88(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=156.43(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O}), 143.23$, $138.29,129.38,127.09(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 79.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 62.87(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 56.03\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 52.09$ (d, $J=155.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 29.21\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 28.30(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 21.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 20.38\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 17.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.32$ (d, $J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $16.23\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ $\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=22.29$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{PSNa}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right): 515.1957$, found: 515.1952.
tert-Butyl((1S,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-methyl-1-((4-methylphenyl)sulfonamido)butan-2-yl)carbamate (30b). Could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study, detected in the crude reaction mixture. ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=20.58$ (s).

Benzyl((1R,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-methyl-1-((4-methylphenyl)sulfonamido)butan-2-yl)carbamate (31a). Pale yellow oil, slowly crystallising ( $26 \mathrm{mg}, 42 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.75(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.35(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph})$, $7.28-7.22$ ( $\mathrm{m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{Ar}$ ), 5.83 (dd, $J=9.3,4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHSO} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ ), $5.22(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H \mathrm{Cbz}), 5.13(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, ОС $H \mathrm{HPh}$ ), $5.02(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 4.07-3.80(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CHP}\right), 3.82-3.68\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 2.39(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH})_{3}\right), 2.06\left(\mathrm{sep}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.19(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.18\left(\mathrm{t}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.95$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.86\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=156.98(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 143.29,138.26,136.43$, 129.41, 128.45, 128.03, 127.98, 127.02 ( $8 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 66.89 (s, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 62.95\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 56.62\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CHCH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 52.06(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $155.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 29.12\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 21.47$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 20.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CCH}_{3}\right), 17.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CCH}_{3}\right), 16.28(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $16.21\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR (162 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=21.79$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{PS}$ ([M + H] $\left.]^{+}\right): 527.1981$, found: 527.1978.

Benzyl((1S,2S)-1-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-3-methyl-1-((4-methylphenyl)sulfonamido)butan-2-yl)carbamate (31b).

Could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study, detected in the crude reaction mixture: ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=20.24$ (s).
tert-Butyl (S)-2-((R)-(diethoxyphosphoryl)(4-methylphenyl-sulfonamido)methyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (33a). Transparent oil, slowly crystallising, isolated as a mixture with 33b, which could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study ( $68 \mathrm{mg}, 59 \%$ ). Compound 33 a is a mixture of two rotamers (1.5: 1, r.r.), mp. 119-121 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Major rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.76(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{Ar}), 7.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.30(\mathrm{dd}, J=21.4,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CHP}), 4.18-4.05\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.04-3.91(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHCHP), 3.13-2.96 (m, 2H, NCH $)_{2}$, $2.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 2.10-$ $1.98(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HCH}), 1.98-1.81\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{CH}\right)$, 1.64-1.58 (m, 1H, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH} H\right), 1.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.33(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.31\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=155.34(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O}), 142.95,138.36$, $129.44,127.18(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 79.66\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 62.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 58.26 (d, $\left.J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P\right), 52.25(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $150.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 47.10\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.99(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 24.38\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.52-16.22(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=21.03(\mathrm{~s})$. Minor rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta=7.68$ (d, $J=$ $8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.27$ (d, $J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.60$ (dd, $J=22.9$, $1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), $4.04-3.91\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.93-3.86$ (m, 1H, CHCHP), 3.86-3.79 (m, 1H, NCHH), 3.36-3.25 (m, 1H, NCHH ), 2.41 (br s, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}$ ), 2.23-2.10 (m, 1H, CHHCH), 1.98-1.81 ( $\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{CH}$ ), $1.64-1.58(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH} H\right), 1.55\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.26(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $1.19\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=153.67(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O}), 142.86,138.91,129.53,126.58$ $(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 80.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 63.02(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times$ $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 57.03 (d, $\left.J=14.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P\right), 52.17$ (d, $J=$ $147.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 46.01\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.31(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 23.92\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.52-16.22(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=21.54$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{PS}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right): 491.1975$, found: 491.1986.
tert-Butyl(S)-2-((S)-(diethoxyphosphoryl)(4-methylphenyl-sulfonamido)methyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (33b). Mixture of two rotamers (2.2: 1, r.r.). Major rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{Ar}), 4.18-4.05\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{CHP}\right), 3.55(\mathrm{dd}, J=14.6$, $10.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHP}), 3.36-3.25(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 2.79-2.71$ (m, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}), 2.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 2.23-2.10(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHHCH})$, 1.81-1.74 ( $\left.\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH} H\right), 1.64-1.58(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHHCH}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}\right), 1.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.26(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $1.19\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=157.30(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O}), 142.90,138.45,129.37,127.07$ $(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 80.05\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 62.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times$ $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 56.62 (d, $\left.J=11.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P\right), 55.13$ (d, $J=$ $156.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 46.55\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 29.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 28.41(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 23.38\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.52-16.22(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=21.27(\mathrm{~s})$. Minor rotamer: ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=21.40(\mathrm{~s})$.

Racemic mixture of benzyl ( $R$ )-2-((S)-(diethoxyphosphoryl)(4-methylphenylsulfonamido)methyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate
(rac 34a). Transparent oil, slowly crystallising ( $60 \mathrm{mg}, 75 \%$ ). Isolated as a mixture with rac 34b, which could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study. Compound rac 34a is a mixture of two rotamers ( $2.5: 1$, r.r.), mp. $136-138{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Major rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ 7.74 (d, $J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.42-7.35(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 7.22$ (d, $J=$ $8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.35(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 5.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHHPh), 5.12 (d, $J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 4.36(\mathrm{dd}, J=22.1$, $9.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}), 4.17-4.09\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.07-4.00(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $3.97-3.91$ (m, 1H, СНСНР), 3.43 (ddd, $J=12.0$, $7.8,4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}$ ), $3.15-3.11$ (m, 1H, NCHH), 2.36 (br s, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}$ ), 2.13-2.07 (m, 1H, CHHCH), 2.01-1.94 (m, 1H, CHHCH), 1.92-1.88 (m, 1H, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH} H\right), 1.66-1.59(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH} H$ ), $1.30\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.21(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=155.61$ (s, $C=\mathrm{O}$ ), 143.05, 138.3, 136.63, 129.48, 128.45, 127.96, 127.83, $127.04(8 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph}), 66.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 63.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.89\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 58.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, CHCHP), 51.94 (d, $\left.J=150.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 46.89(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH})_{2}\right), 27.87$ ( s , $\left.C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 24.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{2}\right), 21.44\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.30(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $\left.5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=$ 20.49 (s). Minor rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.57(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.42-7.35(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 7.22(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, Ar), 5.55 (dd, $J=9.7,6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H), 5.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHHPh), 5.12 (d, $J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 4.49$ (ddd, $J=22.5$, $9.7,2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}), 4.24-4.20\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.00-3.91$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.92-3.87(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCHP}), 3.27(\mathrm{dt}, J=9.8$, $6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}$ ), 2.61 (dt, $J=10.7,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHH}$ ), 2.41 (s, 3H, $\mathrm{ArCH}_{3}$ ), 2.28-2.20 (m, 1H, CHHCH), 2.00-1.94 (m, 1H, $\mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{CH}$ ), 1.92-1.88 (m, 1H, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}$ ), 1.66-1.59 (m, 1 H , $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH} H\right), 1.25\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.19(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=154.15$ (s, $C=\mathrm{O}$ ), 143.00, 138.56, 136.16, 129.48, 128.53, 127.96, 127.83, $126.65(8 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph}), 67.43\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 63.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 62.89 (d, $\left.J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 57.13(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $13.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P), 51.71$ (d, $J=146.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}$ ), 46.40 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $27.60\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 23.94\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.50\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.48(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \mathrm{NMR}\left(162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ 20.71 (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{PS}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right)$: 525.1819, found: 525.1834.

Racemic mixture of benzyl(R)-2-((R)-(diethoxyphosphoryl)(4-methylphenylsulfonamido)methyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (rac 34b). Isolated as a mixture with rac 34a, which could not be separated by the chromatography techniques employed in this study. Mixture of two rotamers ( $4.5: 1$, r.r.). Major rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=7.67$ (d, $\left.J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}\right), 7.42-7.35$ $(\mathrm{m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 7.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.22(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{N} H), 5.09(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}), 5.02(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHHPh), 4.29-4.25 (m, 3H, СНСНР, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 4.07-4.00 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 3.66-3.60 (m, 1H, CHP), 3.15-3.11 (m, 1 H , NCHH ), 2.72 (ddd, $J=10.3,7.1,3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH} H), 2.31(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{ArCH}_{3}$ ), 2.13-2.07 (m, 1H, CHHCH), 2.01-1.94 (m, 1H, CHHCH), 1.84-1.81 (m, 1H, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHH}\right), 1.74-1.70\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH} H\right)$, $1.30\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.19(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=157.43(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 143.05 (br s), 138.36, 136.40, 129.52, 128.57, 127.83, 126.14,
$126.69(8 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph}), 67.38\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 63.48(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.63\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 57.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $11.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P), 55.15$ (d, $J=156.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 46.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, $29.20\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 23.37\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.38\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.21(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ 20.49 (s). Minor rotamer: ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ 20.88 (s).

Racemic mixture of tert-butyl(S)-4-((R)-(diethox-yphosphoryl)(4-methylphenylsulfonamido)methyl)-2,2-dimethyloxazolidine-3-carboxylate (rac 36a). White solid ( $54 \mathrm{mg}, 72 \%$ ). Compound rac 36 a is a mixture of two rotamers (1.4: 1, r.r.), mp. $152-153{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Major rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.78(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.39$ (dd, $J=10.0,4.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H), 4.53-4.45(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, СНР), 4.28-4.22 (m, 2H, СНСНР, ОСНН), 4.07-4.00 (m, 2H, ОСНН, ОСН $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 3.96-3.90 (m, 1H, ОСН $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 3.90-3.86 $\left(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} \mathrm{HCH}_{3}\right), 3.62-3.56\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} H \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.42(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.67\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.56\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.47(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.25-1.21\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.10(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=152.57(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 143.06, 138.47, 129.33, $127.35(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 94.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $80.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 63.83\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 62.66(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $62.56\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 57.28(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P), 49.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=151.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 28.45$ (s, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.10\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 21.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right)$, $16.29\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} C \mathrm{H}_{3}\right), 16.18\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=21.34(\mathrm{~s})$. Minor rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.76(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.29$ (d, $J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.08$ (dd, $J=9.2,3.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $4.53-$ 4.45 ( $\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{P}$ ), 4.28-4.22 (m, 2H, СНСНР, ОС $H \mathrm{H}$ ), 4.07-4.00 $\left(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} H, \mathrm{OCH} \mathrm{HCH}_{3}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.90-3.86(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCHHCH}_{3}\right), 2.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.58\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.44(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.28(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.25-1.21\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(101 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=151.43(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O}), 143.27,138.84,129.44,126.98$ (4 $\times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 94.61\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 80.66\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 64.06\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right)$, $62.97\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.45\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 56.36 (d, $J=14.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, CHCHP), 51.59 (d, $J=152.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P)$, $28.45\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 24.99\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 22.51\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 21.46(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.\mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.35\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.31(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=21.19$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{38} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{8} \mathrm{PS}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right)$: 521.2081, found: 521.2090.
tert-Butyl(S)-4-((S)-(diethoxyphosphoryl)(4-methylphenyl-sulfonamido)methyl)-2,2-dimethyloxazolidine-3-carboxylate (36b). Detected in the crude reaction mixture as one rotamer (not isolated): ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $162 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=21.03$ (s).

Benzyl(S)-4-((R)-(diethoxyphosphory))(4-
methylphenylsulfonamido)methyl)-2,2-dimethyloxazolidine-3carboxylate (37a). White solid ( $47 \mathrm{mg}, 75 \%$ ). Compound 37 a is a mixture of two rotamers (1.2: 1, r.r.). Major rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.60(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.50-7.47(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 7.41-7.36(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 7.22(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.47$ (dd, $J=9.6,4.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H), 5.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh})$, $5.12(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} H \mathrm{Ph}), 4.36(\mathrm{ddd}, J=19.2,9.5,2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}), 4.28-4.22(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHH}, \mathrm{CHCHP}), 4.07-4.02(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH} H, \mathrm{OC} H \mathrm{HCH}_{3}\right), 3.98-3.95\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.90-3.85$
(m, 1H, OCHHCH $)_{3}$, 3.80-3.75 (m, 1H, OCHHCH3), $2.40(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.56\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.49\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.09(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.10\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=152.03(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O}), 143.33,138.51$, 136.29, 128.67, 128.31, 128.08, 127.41, $127.14(8 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph})$, $95.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 67.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 64.37\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 63.02(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $\left.=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.70\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 56.41(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=14.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H C H P), 50.77$ (d, $J=150.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P), 25.06(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 23.03\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 21.57\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $16.31\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=20.56$. Minor rotamer: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 600 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.41-7.34(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{Ph}), 7.24$ (d, $J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 5.65 (dd, $J=9.7,4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{N} H), 5.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H \mathrm{HPh}), 5.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHHPh), 4.58 (ddd, $J=19.7,9.6,2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}$ ), 4.28-4.22 $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, О \mathrm{OCHH}, \mathrm{CHCHP}), 4.07-4.02(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}), 3.98-3.95$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} \mathrm{HCH}_{3}\right), 3.75-3.62\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $\left.2.38(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH})_{3}\right), 1.54\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$, $1.24\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.14(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=153.42(\mathrm{~s}, C=\mathrm{O})$, 143.29, 138.42, 136.14, 128.67, 128.23, 128.08, 127.41, 127.14 (8 $\times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}, \mathrm{Ph}), 94.71\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 67.61\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 64.03\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right)$, $63.10\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 62.94\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 57.79 (d, $J=13.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, CHCHP), 49.63 (d, $J=151.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, C H P)$, $25.97\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 24.81\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 21.55\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 16.36(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}$ $\left.=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.23\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \cdot{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=20.89$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{8} \mathrm{PS}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right): 555.1924$, found: 555.1919.

Benzyl(S)-4-((S)-(diethoxyphosphoryl)(4-methylphenyl-sulfonamido)methyl)-2,2-dimethyloxazolidine-3-carboxylate (37b). Detected in the crude reaction mixture as one rotamer (not isolated): ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR ( $243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=20.50$ (s).

Racemic mixture of benzyl((S)-1-((2S,3S)-3-(diethoxyphosphoryl)-oxiran-2-yl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamate (rac 38). Pale yellow oil slowly crystallising ( $44 \mathrm{mg}, 74 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ 7.44-7.32 (m, 5H, Ph), $5.16\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 4.81-4.70(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP})$, 4.28-4.11 (m, 4H, $2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 3.69-3.64 (m, 1H, $\left.\mathrm{CHCHCF}_{3}\right)$, $2.93\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=27.6,2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCF}_{3}\right), 1.68(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 1.38(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta=155.58$ (s, $C=\mathrm{O}$ ), 135.34, 128.68, 128.59, $128.25(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ph}), 124.04(\mathrm{q}, J=$ $\left.282.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{~F}_{3}\right), 68.04\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 63.59\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $63.29\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 51.72\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCHCF}_{3}\right)$, $51.24\left(\mathrm{q}, J=31.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HCF}_{3}\right), 45.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=204.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{HP}), 16.45(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.43\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $\left(376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-75.49(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}) .{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\} \operatorname{NMR}(565$ $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=-75.49(\mathrm{~s}) .{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=$ 15.89 (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}_{6} \mathrm{P}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}\right)$: 434.0956, found: 434.0955.

Diethyl((4S,5S)-4-benzyl-2-oxooxazolidin-5-yl)phosphonate (39). Pale yellow oil, slowly crystallising ( $4 \mathrm{mg}, 11 \%$ ): ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=7.35(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 7.29(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 7.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ph}), 5.06(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H)$, $4.45(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.1,0.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHP}), 4.33-4.25\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right)$, 4.26-4.17 (m, 4H, $2 \times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $3.06(\mathrm{dd}, J=13.6,4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHHPh), 2.80 (dd, $J=13.6,9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, C H H P h), 1.35$ (m, 6H, 2 $\left.\times \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(151 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=157.05(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, $135.46,129.16,129.13,127.52(4 \times \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{Ar}), 74.98(\mathrm{~d}, J=171.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$,
$C H P), 64.03\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 63.54(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.90\left(\mathrm{~s}, C \mathrm{HCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 42.22\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, C \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $16.49\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 16.46\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\left\{/{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right\}$ NMR $\left(243 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta=15.91$ (s). HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{5} \mathrm{P}\left([\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}\right): 314.1157$, found: 314.1155.

## Conflicts of interest

There are no conflicts to declare.

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[^1]:    ${ }^{a}$ Isolated yield. ${ }^{b}$ Crude reaction mixture ( ${ }^{19}$ F NMR and/or ${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}$ NMR). ${ }^{c}$ After additional 10 hours of heating. ${ }^{d}$ Configuration (2S).
    ${ }^{e}$ Configuration (2R).

