



Crystal structure of diaquabis(7-diethylamino-3-formyl-2-oxo-2*H*-chromen-4-olato- κ^2 O³,O⁴)-zinc(II) dimethyl sulfoxide disolvate

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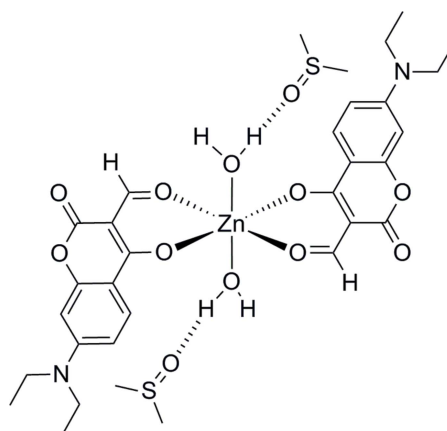
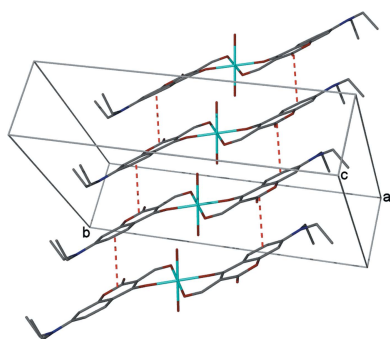
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Keywords: crystal structure; zinc complex; coumarin ligands; hydrogen bonding; DMSO solvate.**CCDC reference:** 1486125**Supporting information:** this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e

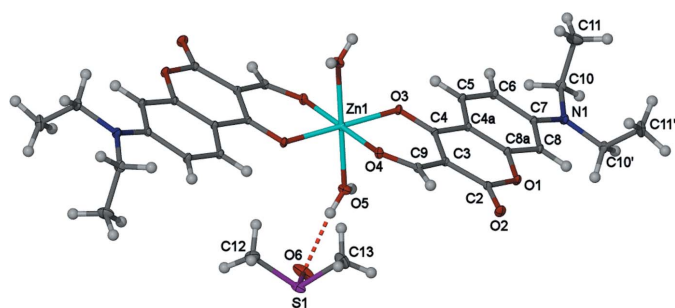
The structure of the title coordination complex, [Zn(C₁₄H₁₄NO₄)₂(H₂O)₂]-2C₂H₆OS, shows that the Zn^{II} cation adopts an octahedral geometry and lies on an inversion center. Two organic ligands occupy the equatorial positions of the coordination sphere, forming a chelate ring motif *via* the O atom on the formyl group and another O atom of the carbonyl group (a pseudo- β -diketone motif). Two water molecules occupy the remaining coordination sites of the Zn^{II} cation in the axial positions. The water molecules are each hydrogen bonded to a single dimethyl sulfoxide molecule that has been entrapped in the crystal lattice.

1. Chemical context

Fluorescent molecular probes have been utilized in the monitoring of anions, cations, and neutral species in many applications in supramolecular analytical chemistry (Lee *et al.*, 2015). In particular, derivatives of 1,2-benzopyrone (commonly known as coumarin) have been used extensively as fluorescent chemosensors for a wide range of applications due to their unusual photo-physical properties in different solvent systems and using theoretical calculations (Lanke & Sekar, 2015; Liu *et al.*, 2013). There is a plethora of coumarin dyes and their derivatives that have been used as colorimetric and fluorescent sensors (Lin *et al.*, 2008; Ray *et al.*, 2010). In fact our own group has used a coumarin–enamine organic compound as a chemosensor for the detection of cyanide ions, *via* a Michael addition approach (Davis *et al.*, 2014). Additionally, we have utilized a small family of the coumarin chemosensors to discriminate metal ions as their chloride salts utilizing Linear Discriminant Analysis (Mallet *et al.*, 2015).



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Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level, with a single DMSO molecule hydrogen bonded to a water molecule coordinating to the zinc cation.

The detection of one particular metal ion, Zn^{II} , is of special interest to our group. The Zn^{II} ion is ubiquitous in nature, playing important biological roles, and acting as a Lewis acid in the hydrolysis process involving carboxypeptides. Zinc also plays many structural roles and is often found accompanied with cysteine and histidine residues (the classic zinc finger motif; Osredkar & Sustar, 2011). As a consequence of the filled d shell with its d^{10} electron configuration, the zinc ion is found in all geometrical arrangements, with the tetrahedral and octahedral being the two most common motifs. Additionally Zn^{II} is spectroscopically silent, therefore direct monitoring of this ion is challenging, especially in aqueous media. Our intention was to synthesize a planar molecular chemosensor with a high degree of conjugation which can be easily perturbed to produce a spectroscopic response upon the coordination of Zn^{II} ions. In this paper we report the synthesis and the supramolecular architecture of $[\text{Zn}(\text{7-diethylamino-3-formyl-chromen-2,4-dione})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2] \cdot 2(\text{H}_2\text{O})$, (1).

Table 1

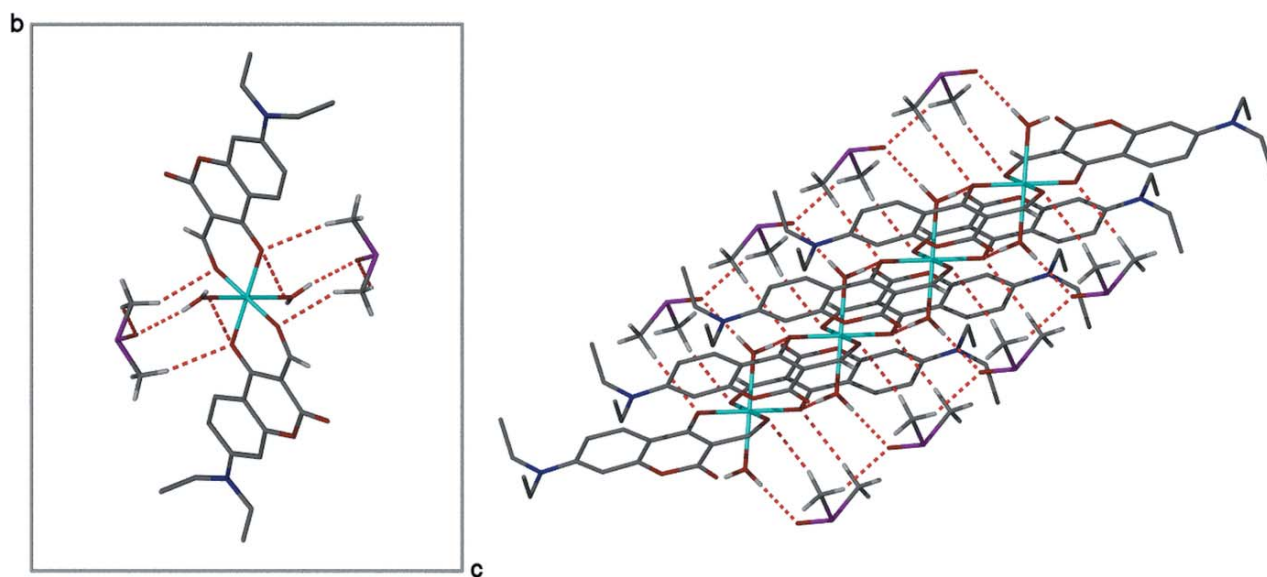
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{O5}-\text{H52} \cdots \text{O6}$	0.83 (1)	1.98 (1)	2.8030 (11)	171 (2)
$\text{O5}-\text{H51} \cdots \text{O4}^{\text{i}}$	0.83 (1)	1.99 (1)	2.8126 (9)	169 (1)
$\text{C12}-\text{H12B} \cdots \text{O3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.98	2.62	3.5805 (12)	167
$\text{C13}-\text{H13A} \cdots \text{O4}$	0.98	2.52	3.4050 (13)	151
$\text{C13}-\text{H13C} \cdots \text{O6}^{\text{iii}}$	0.98	2.29	3.1299 (14)	143

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (iii) $x + 1, y, z$.

2. Structural commentary

The molecular structure of (1) is shown in Fig. 1. The coumarin ligand is planar and is coordinated to the Zn^{II} ion in a chelating fashion by the two carbonyl functional groups that form a pseudo- β -diketone motif. This is indicated by the short $\text{C}=\text{O}$ bond of the dione ($\text{O3}-\text{C4}$) and the $\text{C}=\text{O}$ bond length of the formyl moiety ($\text{O4}-\text{C9}$), with values of 1.2686 (10) and 1.2603 (10) \AA , respectively. The $\text{Zn}-\text{O}$ bonds complete the stable six-membered chelating motif, which is favorable for smaller metal ions (Hancock & Martell, 1989). The lengths of the $\text{Zn}-\text{O}$ (carbonyl) bond $\text{Zn1}-\text{O3}$ [2.0221 (6) \AA] and the $\text{Zn}-\text{O}$ (formyl) bond $\text{Zn1}-\text{O4}$ [2.063 (6) \AA] in the equatorial positions are in excellent agreement with similar chelating motifs (Dong *et al.*, 2010). The metal ion is located on an inversion center. The axial positions are occupied with two water molecules, the $\text{Zn1}-\text{O5}$ bond length is at 2.1624 (7) \AA slightly longer than that in other hydrated Zn^{II} coordination complexes, whereby the average $\text{Zn}-\text{O}$ (aqua ligand) distance is 2.09 \AA (Nimmermark *et al.*, 2013). The coordination sphere of the Zn^{II} ion is a near perfect octahedron with all of the bond angles close to 90° , ranging from 86.82 (3) to


Figure 2

The crystal packing of the title compound highlighting the extensive hydrogen-bond network. The left side is the view down [100] and the right view highlights the five unique hydrogen-bonding interactions and three $R_2^2(8)$ systems.

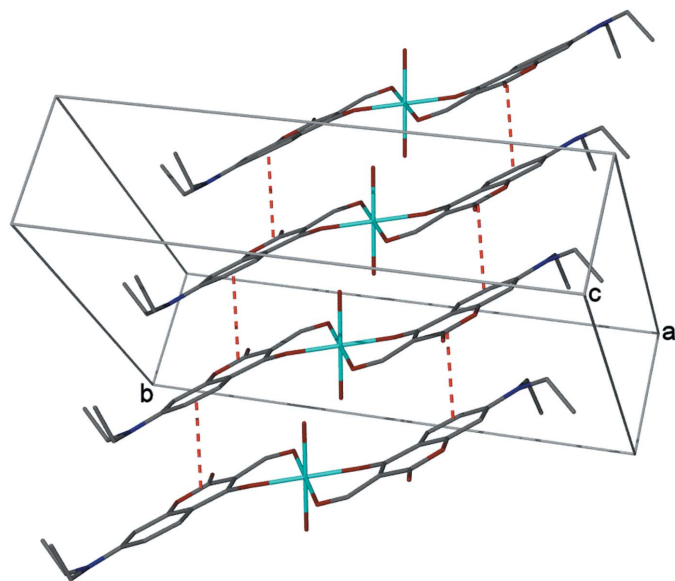


Figure 3
Side view of the crystal packing showing both the unit cell and the π - π stacking (3.734 Å). DMSO molecules have been removed for clarity.

93.18 (3)°. A single DMSO solvent molecule completes the asymmetric unit.

3. Supramolecular features

The crystal structure of the title compound shows an extensive array of hydrogen-bonding interactions (Table 1) forming hydrogen-bond ring systems and infinite chains (Fig. 2). The encapsulated DMSO solvent molecule forms a hydrogen-bonding interaction with a single water molecule that is coordinating to the Zn^{II} ion $S1-O6 \cdots H52-O5$ [1.983 (9) Å]. Interestingly, there are also two $C-H \cdots O$ hydrogen-bonding interactions from the methyl moiety of DMSO; one with the O atom on the formyl functional group in the equatorial position ($H13A \cdots O4 = 2.52$ Å) and an additional hydrogen-bonding

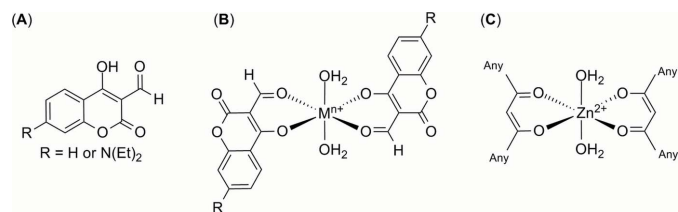


Figure 5
Chemical structures used in the CSD similarity search.

interaction from the carbonyldione group occupying another equatorial position ($H12B \cdots O3 = 2.62$ Å). Together these two interactions form three $R_2^2(8)$ systems. Furthermore, the DMSO solvent molecule encapsulated within the crystal structure forms a single hydrogen-bonding interaction with an adjacent DMSO molecule $H13C \cdots O6(x+1, y, z)$ (2.29 Å), forming an infinite chain.

It is well known that coumarin crystal packing displays π -stacking motifs as a consequence of the planarity of the organic framework (Guha *et al.*, 2013). Interestingly, the crystal packing of the title compound is influenced by off-set π - π interactions between the electron deficient coumarin ring system of one molecule (ring system O1-C8A) and the electron-rich region of the second coumarin ring system (C4A-C8A) of an adjacent compound, whereby the centroids are 3.734 Å apart (Fig. 3). This is in good agreement with other π -stacking motifs (Wallace *et al.*, 2005). As a consequence, the packing arrangement shows a distinct zigzag pattern (Fig. 4).

4. Database survey

For coumarin-derived molecular probes for the detection of neutral compounds, see: Wallace *et al.* (2006). A coumarin-based chemosensor for the detection of copper(II) ions was prepared by Xu *et al.* (2015). There are very few literature examples of Michael acceptors with cyanide that have been isolated, however Sun *et al.* (2012) have published an elegant

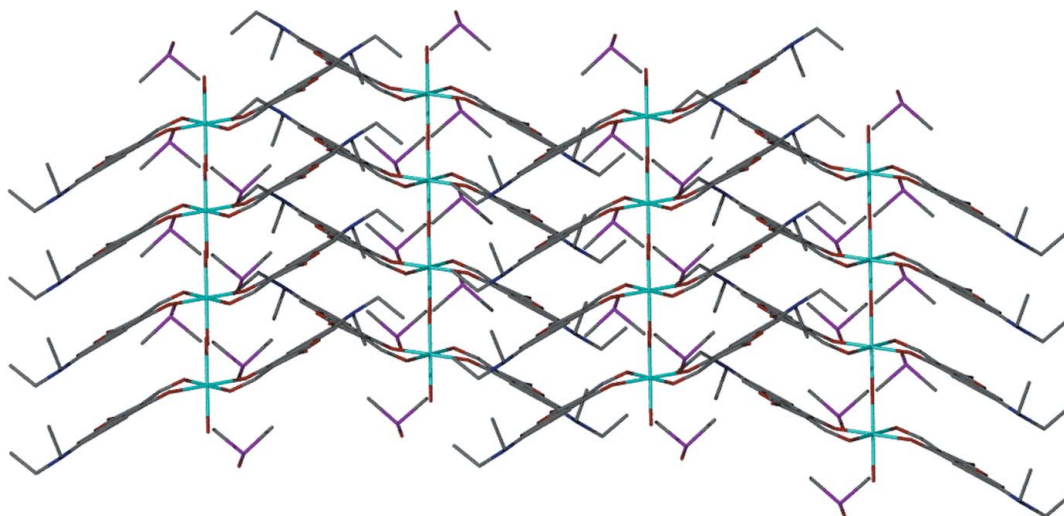


Figure 4
Side view of the crystal packing showing the π - π stacking of the coumarin of adjacent coordination complexes, emphasizing the zigzag motif.

crystal structure of a coumarin-cyanide adduct. There are over 25,000 zinc(II) coordination complexes in the Cambridge Structure Database (CSD; Groom *et al.*, 2016), both the tetrahedral and octahedral environments. Therefore, the authors carried out a refined structure search based on the structures shown in Figs. 5(a) and 5(b); however, these did not yield any results. Therefore a modification of the search by specifically searching structures that have a bidentate chelating β -diketone motif coordinated to the zinc(II) in the equatorial position, with two water molecules in the axial position, as shown in Fig. 5(c) was carried out. This refined search yielded two similar structures with Zn^{II} octahedrally coordinated, the first by Solans *et al.*, whereby two 1,3-bis(2-hydroxyphenyl)propane-1,3-dionate ligands coordinate to the Zn^{II} ion, with the remaining two coordination sites occupied by two ethanol molecules (Solans *et al.*, 1983). The other similar structure was reported by Dong *et al.* (2010) who incorporated two 2-(4-benzoyloxy-2-hydroxybenzoyl)-1-phenylethenolate ligands that were bound to the metal ion in the equatorial position and two ethanol molecules situated in the axial positions.

5. Synthesis and crystallization

7-(Diethylamino)-4-hydroxycoumarin (467 mg, 2.00 mmol) was dissolved in 2-propanol (20 mL), triethyl orthoformate (500 μ L, 3.00 mmol) and 2-aminopyrimidine (190 mg, 2.00 mmol) were added and the solution was heated to reflux for 4 h. Upon cooling, the solid was collected and used without further purification. This compound (200 mg, 0.59 mmol) was then dissolved in methanol (10 mL), to which Zn(OAc)₂ (130 mg, 0.59 mmol) was then added to the solution. After stirring for 20 min, a yellow solid formed, which was collected by filtration and dried. A small amount of the solid (20 mg) was redissolved in a 1:1 mixture of MeOH and DMSO to form a saturated solution (1 mL) which was allowed to stand for several weeks to form the title compound as colorless needles suitable for X-ray analysis. ¹H NMR (300 K, CHCl₃-*d*, 600 MHz p.p.m.): δ 9.68 (*s*, 2H, CHO), 7.91 (*d*, 2H, *J* = 2.4 Hz, ArH), 6.53 (*d*, *J* = 2.3 Hz, ArH), 6.33 (*s*, 2H, ArH), 3.41 (*q*, 8H, *J* = 7.1 Hz, CH₂), 1.23 (*t*, 12H, *J* = 7.1 Hz, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (300 K, CHCl₃-*d*, 150 MHz p.p.m.) δ 192.2, 169.1, 165.8, 159.5, 157.7, 153.3, 128.3, 108.4, 108.0, 102.8, 96.9, 44.9, 40.6, 29.7, 12.5; LRMS-ESI (negative mode), NaCl was added as a charging agent [*M* - 2H₂O + Cl]⁻ = 619 *m/z*, [*M* - H₂O - C₁₄H₁₅NO₄ + 2Cl]⁻ = 396 *m/z*, CID 396 yields [C₁₄H₁₅NO₄]⁻ = 261 *m/z*; IR (ATR solid); 3364 (*br, s*) ν_{OH} , 2972, 2926 (*m*) ν_{CH} , 1722 (*m*) ν_{CO} (δ -lactone), 1689 ν_{CO} (ketone), 1590 ν_{CO} (formyl), 564 ν_{CO} (Zn-O) cm⁻¹.

6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. H atoms on C were idealized with a C-H distance of 0.95 Å for Csp², 0.99 Å for CH₂, and 0.98 Å for methyl groups. Those on O atoms were assigned from difference maps, and their positions refined, with O-H

Table 2
Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	[Zn(C ₁₄ H ₁₄ NO ₄) ₂ (H ₂ O) ₂] \cdot -2C ₂ H ₆ OS
<i>M_r</i>	778.18
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, <i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>n</i>
Temperature (K)	90
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	5.2704 (2), 20.2885 (8), 16.0314 (8)
β (°)	94.210 (2)
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	1709.59 (13)
<i>Z</i>	2
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> α
μ (mm ⁻¹)	0.91
Crystal size (mm)	0.42 \times 0.13 \times 0.06
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD DUO
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 2004)
<i>T_{min}</i> , <i>T_{max}</i>	0.839, 0.948
No. of measured, independent and observed [<i>I</i> > 2 σ (<i>I</i>)] reflections	52833, 7923, 6800
<i>R_{int}</i>	0.034
(<i>sin</i> θ / λ) _{max} (Å ⁻¹)	0.821
Refinement	
<i>R</i> [<i>F</i> ² > 2 σ (<i>F</i> ²)], <i>wR</i> (<i>F</i> ²), <i>S</i>	0.029, 0.074, 1.05
No. of reflections	7923
No. of parameters	233
No. of restraints	2
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}}$ (e Å ⁻³)	0.64, -0.29

Computer programs: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009), *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015).

distances restrained to 0.86 (1) Å. *U*_{iso} values for H atoms were assigned as 1.2 times *U*_{eq} of the attached atoms (1.5 for methyl and water groups).

Acknowledgements

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Crystal structure of diaquabis(7-diethylamino-3-formyl-2-oxo-2*H*-chromen-4-olato- κ^2O^3,O^4)zinc(II) dimethyl sulfoxide disolvate

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Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015).

Diaquabis(7-diethylamino-3-formyl-2-oxo-2*H*-chromen-4-olato- κ^2O^3,O^4)zinc(II) dimethyl sulfoxide disolvate

Crystal data

[Zn(C₁₄H₁₄NO₄)₂(H₂O)₂] \cdot 2C₂H₆OS

$M_r = 778.18$

Monoclinic, *P2₁/n*

$a = 5.2704$ (2) Å

$b = 20.2885$ (8) Å

$c = 16.0314$ (8) Å

$\beta = 94.210$ (2)°

$V = 1709.59$ (13) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 816$

$D_x = 1.512$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 9942 reflections

$\theta = 2.7$ – 35.6 °

$\mu = 0.91$ mm⁻¹

$T = 90$ K

Needle, colorless

$0.42 \times 0.13 \times 0.06$ mm

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD DUO
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

TRIUMPH curved graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2004)

$T_{\min} = 0.839$, $T_{\max} = 0.948$

52833 measured reflections

7923 independent reflections

6800 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$

$\theta_{\max} = 35.7$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 1.6$ °

$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$

$k = -32 \rightarrow 33$

$l = -26 \rightarrow 26$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$

$wR(F^2) = 0.074$

$S = 1.05$

7923 reflections

233 parameters

2 restraints

Hydrogen site location: mixed

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.037P)^2 + 0.4839P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.64$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Zn1	1.0000	0.5000	0.5000	0.00796 (3)
O1	0.76292 (12)	0.75420 (3)	0.39084 (4)	0.01077 (11)
O2	1.07150 (13)	0.72578 (3)	0.31308 (4)	0.01409 (12)
O3	0.84598 (12)	0.58615 (3)	0.53466 (4)	0.00965 (10)
O4	1.23910 (12)	0.55264 (3)	0.42845 (4)	0.01070 (11)
O5	0.71499 (13)	0.49969 (3)	0.39585 (4)	0.01339 (12)
H51	0.5673 (19)	0.5100 (7)	0.4057 (10)	0.020*
H52	0.697 (3)	0.4765 (7)	0.3534 (7)	0.020*
N1	0.08901 (14)	0.83166 (4)	0.54592 (5)	0.01113 (12)
C2	0.95013 (16)	0.71005 (4)	0.37136 (5)	0.00949 (13)
C3	0.97983 (15)	0.64990 (4)	0.42057 (5)	0.00849 (12)
C4	0.82637 (15)	0.63719 (4)	0.48897 (5)	0.00782 (12)
C4A	0.64144 (15)	0.68716 (4)	0.50673 (5)	0.00800 (12)
C5	0.48155 (16)	0.68183 (4)	0.57310 (5)	0.00925 (13)
H5	0.4947	0.6441	0.6082	0.011*
C6	0.30707 (16)	0.72985 (4)	0.58833 (5)	0.01032 (13)
H6	0.2068	0.7257	0.6349	0.012*
C7	0.27487 (16)	0.78592 (4)	0.53494 (5)	0.00915 (13)
C8	0.43691 (16)	0.79177 (4)	0.46922 (5)	0.00975 (13)
H8	0.4241	0.8291	0.4335	0.012*
C8A	0.61446 (16)	0.74331 (4)	0.45661 (5)	0.00859 (12)
C9	1.18006 (16)	0.60867 (4)	0.39914 (5)	0.00982 (13)
H9	1.2830	0.6251	0.3576	0.012*
C10	-0.05833 (17)	0.83018 (5)	0.61973 (6)	0.01397 (15)
H10A	-0.1134	0.7843	0.6292	0.017*
H10B	-0.2132	0.8573	0.6086	0.017*
C11	0.0875 (2)	0.85532 (6)	0.69888 (6)	0.0237 (2)
H11A	0.2527	0.8331	0.7061	0.036*
H11B	-0.0103	0.8461	0.7473	0.036*
H11C	0.1138	0.9030	0.6943	0.036*
C10'	0.05448 (17)	0.88743 (4)	0.48901 (6)	0.01302 (14)
H10C	-0.1202	0.9048	0.4918	0.016*
H10D	0.0711	0.8718	0.4312	0.016*
C11'	0.24407 (19)	0.94345 (5)	0.50790 (7)	0.01896 (18)
H11D	0.2154	0.9628	0.5624	0.028*
H11E	0.2204	0.9773	0.4644	0.028*
H11F	0.4179	0.9261	0.5089	0.028*
S1	0.92308 (4)	0.42229 (2)	0.19940 (2)	0.01629 (5)
O6	0.68156 (15)	0.43188 (5)	0.24310 (6)	0.0304 (2)

C12	1.0926 (2)	0.35719 (6)	0.25330 (6)	0.02078 (19)
H12A	1.0056	0.3153	0.2408	0.031*
H12B	1.0995	0.3654	0.3137	0.031*
H12C	1.2659	0.3551	0.2351	0.031*
C13	1.1280 (2)	0.48866 (6)	0.23282 (8)	0.0241 (2)
H13A	1.1447	0.4902	0.2941	0.036*
H13B	1.0559	0.5303	0.2110	0.036*
H13C	1.2959	0.4819	0.2117	0.036*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Zn1	0.00668 (6)	0.00682 (6)	0.01065 (6)	0.00185 (4)	0.00248 (4)	-0.00008 (4)
O1	0.0130 (3)	0.0096 (3)	0.0103 (2)	0.0026 (2)	0.0048 (2)	0.00221 (19)
O2	0.0158 (3)	0.0148 (3)	0.0124 (3)	0.0006 (2)	0.0065 (2)	0.0027 (2)
O3	0.0115 (3)	0.0071 (2)	0.0107 (2)	0.0026 (2)	0.00331 (19)	0.00131 (18)
O4	0.0085 (2)	0.0094 (2)	0.0147 (3)	0.0012 (2)	0.0038 (2)	-0.0001 (2)
O5	0.0082 (3)	0.0180 (3)	0.0140 (3)	0.0031 (2)	0.0009 (2)	-0.0041 (2)
N1	0.0107 (3)	0.0101 (3)	0.0127 (3)	0.0043 (2)	0.0020 (2)	0.0003 (2)
C2	0.0098 (3)	0.0096 (3)	0.0092 (3)	0.0001 (3)	0.0018 (2)	-0.0003 (2)
C3	0.0086 (3)	0.0084 (3)	0.0088 (3)	0.0007 (2)	0.0028 (2)	0.0002 (2)
C4	0.0074 (3)	0.0077 (3)	0.0084 (3)	0.0004 (2)	0.0008 (2)	-0.0006 (2)
C4A	0.0079 (3)	0.0073 (3)	0.0090 (3)	0.0012 (2)	0.0020 (2)	0.0001 (2)
C5	0.0094 (3)	0.0088 (3)	0.0097 (3)	0.0015 (2)	0.0024 (2)	0.0014 (2)
C6	0.0105 (3)	0.0095 (3)	0.0113 (3)	0.0024 (3)	0.0031 (3)	0.0013 (2)
C7	0.0088 (3)	0.0081 (3)	0.0105 (3)	0.0017 (2)	0.0006 (2)	-0.0009 (2)
C8	0.0110 (3)	0.0077 (3)	0.0107 (3)	0.0023 (3)	0.0017 (2)	0.0010 (2)
C8A	0.0094 (3)	0.0079 (3)	0.0086 (3)	0.0005 (2)	0.0019 (2)	0.0005 (2)
C9	0.0086 (3)	0.0102 (3)	0.0110 (3)	-0.0003 (3)	0.0031 (2)	-0.0008 (2)
C10	0.0112 (3)	0.0149 (4)	0.0163 (4)	0.0037 (3)	0.0041 (3)	-0.0010 (3)
C11	0.0239 (5)	0.0321 (6)	0.0155 (4)	0.0050 (4)	0.0034 (3)	-0.0067 (4)
C10'	0.0106 (3)	0.0103 (3)	0.0180 (4)	0.0031 (3)	0.0001 (3)	0.0014 (3)
C11'	0.0153 (4)	0.0106 (4)	0.0312 (5)	0.0008 (3)	0.0028 (4)	-0.0005 (3)
S1	0.00995 (9)	0.02305 (11)	0.01552 (9)	0.00354 (8)	-0.00148 (7)	-0.00841 (8)
O6	0.0089 (3)	0.0480 (5)	0.0346 (4)	0.0016 (3)	0.0025 (3)	-0.0249 (4)
C12	0.0204 (4)	0.0264 (5)	0.0155 (4)	0.0024 (4)	0.0017 (3)	0.0002 (3)
C13	0.0160 (4)	0.0238 (5)	0.0319 (5)	0.0009 (4)	-0.0015 (4)	-0.0105 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Zn1—O3 ⁱ	2.0221 (6)	C7—C8	1.4090 (11)
Zn1—O3	2.0221 (6)	C8—C8A	1.3823 (11)
Zn1—O4	2.0631 (6)	C8—H8	0.9500
Zn1—O4 ⁱ	2.0632 (6)	C9—H9	0.9500
Zn1—O5	2.1624 (7)	C10—C11	1.5224 (14)
Zn1—O5 ⁱ	2.1624 (7)	C10—H10A	0.9900
O1—C8A	1.3762 (10)	C10—H10B	0.9900
O1—C2	1.3852 (10)	C11—H11A	0.9800

O2—C2	1.2132 (10)	C11—H11B	0.9800
O3—C4	1.2683 (10)	C11—H11C	0.9800
O4—C9	1.2603 (10)	C10'—C11'	1.5289 (14)
O5—H51	0.832 (9)	C10'—H10C	0.9900
O5—H52	0.827 (9)	C10'—H10D	0.9900
N1—C7	1.3700 (11)	C11'—H11D	0.9800
N1—C10'	1.4565 (11)	C11'—H11E	0.9800
N1—C10	1.4624 (12)	C11'—H11F	0.9800
C2—C3	1.4552 (11)	S1—O6	1.5100 (8)
C3—C9	1.4088 (11)	S1—C12	1.7822 (11)
C3—C4	1.4330 (11)	S1—C13	1.7836 (11)
C4—C4A	1.4490 (11)	C12—H12A	0.9800
C4A—C8A	1.3953 (11)	C12—H12B	0.9800
C4A—C5	1.4091 (11)	C12—H12C	0.9800
C5—C6	1.3739 (11)	C13—H13A	0.9800
C5—H5	0.9500	C13—H13B	0.9800
C6—C7	1.4263 (12)	C13—H13C	0.9800
C6—H6	0.9500		
O3 ⁱ —Zn1—O3	180.00 (3)	C7—C8—H8	119.9
O3 ⁱ —Zn1—O4	91.19 (2)	O1—C8A—C8	115.27 (7)
O3—Zn1—O4	88.81 (2)	O1—C8A—C4A	122.18 (7)
O3 ⁱ —Zn1—O4 ⁱ	88.81 (2)	C8—C8A—C4A	122.55 (7)
O3—Zn1—O4 ⁱ	91.19 (2)	O4—C9—C3	127.84 (8)
O4—Zn1—O4 ⁱ	180.0	O4—C9—H9	116.1
O3 ⁱ —Zn1—O5	93.18 (3)	C3—C9—H9	116.1
O3—Zn1—O5	86.82 (3)	N1—C10—C11	113.70 (8)
O4—Zn1—O5	89.44 (3)	N1—C10—H10A	108.8
O4 ⁱ —Zn1—O5	90.56 (3)	C11—C10—H10A	108.8
O3 ⁱ —Zn1—O5 ⁱ	86.83 (3)	N1—C10—H10B	108.8
O3—Zn1—O5 ⁱ	93.17 (3)	C11—C10—H10B	108.8
O4—Zn1—O5 ⁱ	90.56 (3)	H10A—C10—H10B	107.7
O4 ⁱ —Zn1—O5 ⁱ	89.44 (3)	C10—C11—H11A	109.5
O5—Zn1—O5 ⁱ	180.00 (4)	C10—C11—H11B	109.5
C8A—O1—C2	121.56 (6)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C4—O3—Zn1	124.36 (5)	C10—C11—H11C	109.5
C9—O4—Zn1	122.01 (5)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
Zn1—O5—H51	117.4 (11)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
Zn1—O5—H52	131.9 (11)	N1—C10'—C11'	113.80 (8)
H51—O5—H52	104.3 (15)	N1—C10'—H10C	108.8
C7—N1—C10'	120.21 (7)	C11'—C10'—H10C	108.8
C7—N1—C10	121.15 (7)	N1—C10'—H10D	108.8
C10'—N1—C10	118.26 (7)	C11'—C10'—H10D	108.8
O2—C2—O1	115.34 (7)	H10C—C10'—H10D	107.7
O2—C2—C3	126.61 (8)	C10'—C11'—H11D	109.5
O1—C2—C3	118.04 (7)	C10'—C11'—H11E	109.5
C9—C3—C4	123.69 (7)	H11D—C11'—H11E	109.5
C9—C3—C2	114.74 (7)	C10'—C11'—H11F	109.5

C4—C3—C2	121.43 (7)	H11D—C11'—H11F	109.5
O3—C4—C3	124.22 (7)	H11E—C11'—H11F	109.5
O3—C4—C4A	119.03 (7)	O6—S1—C12	106.27 (6)
C3—C4—C4A	116.75 (7)	O6—S1—C13	106.01 (5)
C8A—C4A—C5	117.14 (7)	C12—S1—C13	98.22 (6)
C8A—C4A—C4	119.98 (7)	S1—C12—H12A	109.5
C5—C4A—C4	122.88 (7)	S1—C12—H12B	109.5
C6—C5—C4A	121.67 (7)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.2	S1—C12—H12C	109.5
C4A—C5—H5	119.2	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	120.71 (7)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.6	S1—C13—H13A	109.5
C7—C6—H6	119.6	S1—C13—H13B	109.5
N1—C7—C8	121.16 (7)	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
N1—C7—C6	121.18 (7)	S1—C13—H13C	109.5
C8—C7—C6	117.64 (7)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C8A—C8—C7	120.23 (7)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C8A—C8—H8	119.9		
C8A—O1—C2—O2	-178.59 (8)	C10'—N1—C7—C6	-178.06 (8)
C8A—O1—C2—C3	2.40 (11)	C10—N1—C7—C6	9.15 (12)
O2—C2—C3—C9	3.39 (13)	C5—C6—C7—N1	175.22 (8)
O1—C2—C3—C9	-177.73 (7)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-3.26 (12)
O2—C2—C3—C4	179.19 (8)	N1—C7—C8—C8A	-176.64 (8)
O1—C2—C3—C4	-1.93 (11)	C6—C7—C8—C8A	1.84 (12)
Zn1—O3—C4—C3	-22.08 (11)	C2—O1—C8A—C8	179.44 (7)
Zn1—O3—C4—C4A	159.09 (6)	C2—O1—C8A—C4A	-0.73 (12)
C9—C3—C4—O3	-3.62 (13)	C7—C8—C8A—O1	-179.82 (7)
C2—C3—C4—O3	-179.04 (8)	C7—C8—C8A—C4A	0.35 (13)
C9—C3—C4—C4A	175.24 (7)	C5—C4A—C8A—O1	179.02 (7)
C2—C3—C4—C4A	-0.18 (11)	C4—C4A—C8A—O1	-1.52 (12)
O3—C4—C4A—C8A	-179.20 (7)	C5—C4A—C8A—C8	-1.16 (12)
C3—C4—C4A—C8A	1.88 (11)	C4—C4A—C8A—C8	178.30 (8)
O3—C4—C4A—C5	0.24 (12)	Zn1—O4—C9—C3	13.02 (12)
C3—C4—C4A—C5	-178.68 (7)	C4—C3—C9—O4	8.25 (14)
C8A—C4A—C5—C6	-0.29 (12)	C2—C3—C9—O4	-176.05 (8)
C4—C4A—C5—C6	-179.74 (8)	C7—N1—C10—C11	75.54 (11)
C4A—C5—C6—C7	2.53 (13)	C10'—N1—C10—C11	-97.39 (10)
C10'—N1—C7—C8	0.37 (12)	C7—N1—C10'—C11'	-80.01 (10)
C10—N1—C7—C8	-172.43 (8)	C10—N1—C10'—C11'	92.99 (10)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O5—H52 \cdots O6	0.83 (1)	1.98 (1)	2.8030 (11)	171 (2)
O5—H51 \cdots O4 ⁱⁱ	0.83 (1)	1.99 (1)	2.8126 (9)	169 (1)

C12—H12B \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.98	2.62	3.5805 (12)	167
C13—H13A \cdots O4	0.98	2.52	3.4050 (13)	151
C13—H13C \cdots O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.98	2.29	3.1299 (14)	143

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $x-1, y, z$; (iii) $x+1, y, z$.