PROKARYOTES



Complete Genome Sequence of *Pseudomonas protegens* H78, a Plant Growth–Promoting Rhizobacterium

Xianqing Huang, Zheng Wang, Yujie Liu, Xuehong Zhang

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR MICROBIOLOGY

State Key Laboratory of Microbial Metabolism and School of Life Sciences and Biotechnology, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai, China

gen@meAnnouncements™

ABSTRACT The plant growth–promoting rhizobacterium *Pseudomonas protegens* H78, which was isolated from the rhizosphere of oilseed rape in Shanghai, can produce a large array of antibiotics with a broad spectrum of activities. Here, we report the annotated complete genome sequence of *P. protegens* H78.

Pseudomonas protegens H78 can produce a set of antibiotics and siderophores, including pyoluteorin (Plt), 2,4-diacetylphloroglucinol (DAPG), pyrrolnitrin (Prn), orfamide, *P. fluorescens* insecticidal toxin, hydrogen cyanide, pyoverdine, and pyochelin (1). The sequencing of the *P. protegens* H78 genome will lay a foundation for further research on the molecular regulation and metabolic engineering of secondary metabolism, including antibiotic biosynthesis in H78.

The H78 genome was determined using the Illumina HiSeq 2000 sequencing platform and the PacBio RSII single-molecule real-time sequencing platform by BGI China. For the Illumina HiSeq 2000 sequencing, two genomic libraries with insert sizes of 0.5 kb and 6.0 kb, respectively, were constructed. A total of 1,058 Mb of clean data (707 Mb and 351 Mb), giving 150-fold coverage of the genome, were assembled into three scaffolds and 14 contigs. In the PacBio RSII sequencing, a total of 132,587 subreads (mean length of 8,363 bp) were *de novo* assembled with SMRT Analysis version 2.3.0. A total of 1,108 Mb of data were produced, giving 158-fold coverage of the genome. Based on these two sets of sequencing data, a complete circular chromosome was successfully assembled.

The complete genome of *P. protegens* H78 contains one circular chromosome of 7,032,394 bp with a G+C content of 63.4%; no plasmid was detected. The H78 complete genome was annotated using Prokka version 1.8 (2). It was predicted to contain 6,446 genes, including 6,290 protein-coding genes, 16 rRNAs, 75 tRNAs, one tmRNA, 17 sRNAs, and 47 miscellaneous RNAs. The H78 genome is homologous to those of *P. protegens* Pf-5 (3), CHA0 (4), and Cab57 (5). The *P. protegens* species can produce a specific spectrum of antibiotic compounds, including Plt, DAPG, and Prn, and has been isolated from the *P. fluorescens* species because of its obvious difference from other fluorescent *Pseudomonas* species (6). However, members of the *P. protegens* species also exhibit a certain degree of strain-specific diversity (5).

Accession number(s). The complete genome of *P. protegens* H78 has been deposited in GenBank under the accession number CP013184.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This work was supported by grants from the National Natural Science Foundation of China (31270083 and 31470196).

Received 26 February 2017 Accepted 2 March 2017 Published 20 April 2017

Citation Huang X, Wang Z, Liu Y, Zhang X. 2017. Complete genome sequence of *Pseudomonas protegens* H78, a plant growth– promoting rhizobacterium. Genome Announc 5:e00233-17. https://doi.org/10.1128/ genomeA.00233-17.

Copyright © 2017 Huang et al. This is an openaccess article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license.

Address correspondence to Xianqing Huang, xqhuang66@126.com.

REFERENCES

- Yang G, Wang Z, Wu L, Zhang X, Huang X. 2015. The pyoluteorin (Plt) biosynthesis and gene cluster analysis in *Pseudomonas protegens* H78. Genom Appl Biol 34:680–684.
- Seemann T. 2014. Prokka: rapid prokaryotic genome annotation. Bioinformatics 30:2068–2069. https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/ btu153.
- Paulsen IT, Press CM, Ravel J, Kobayashi DY, Myers GS, Mavrodi DV, DeBoy RT, Seshadri R, Ren Q, Madupu R, Dodson RJ, Durkin AS, Brinkac LM, Daugherty SC, Sullivan SA, Rosovitz MJ, Gwinn ML, Zhou L, Schneider DJ, Cartinhour SW, Nelson WC, Weidman J, Watkins K, Tran K, Khouri H, Pierson EA, Pierson LS III, Thomashow LS, Loper JE. 2005. Complete genome sequence of the plant commensal *Pseudomonas fluorescens* Pf-5. Nat Biotechnol 23:873–878. https://doi.org/10.1038/nbt1110.
- Jousset A, Schuldes J, Keel C, Maurhofer M, Daniel R, Scheu S, Thuermer A. 2014. Full-genome sequence of the plant growth-promoting bacterium *Pseudomonas protegens* CHA0. Genome Announc 2(2):e00322-14. https:// doi.org/10.1128/genomeA.00322-14.
- Takeuchi K, Noda N, Someya N. 2014. Complete genome sequence of the biocontrol strain *Pseudomonas protegens* Cab57 discovered in Japan reveals strain-specific diversity of this species. PLoS One 9:e93683. https:// doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0093683.
- Ramette A, Frapolli M, Fischer-Le Saux M, Gruffaz C, Meyer JM, Défago G, Sutra L, Moënne-Loccoz Y. 2011. *Pseudomonas protegens* sp. nov., widespread plant-protecting bacteria producing the biocontrol compounds 2,4-diacetylphloroglucinol and pyoluteorin. Syst Appl Microbiol 34: 180–188. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.syapm.2010.10.005.