Corrigendum

Corrigendum to "Fracture Risk in Type 2 Diabetes: Current Perspectives and Gender Differences"

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In the article titled "Fracture Risk in Type 2 Diabetes: Current Perspectives and Gender Differences" [1], with regard to the FRAX® tool, it has been reported that "Among the different tools to assess fracture risk, the WHO fracture risk assessment (FRAX) is a computer based algorithm (http://www.shef.ac.uk/FRAX/) primarily intended for use in primary care [56, 57]." We point out that the metabolic bone disease unit at the University of Sheffield that developed FRAX was a WHO Collaborating Centre from 1991 to 2010, but the World Health Organization (WHO) did not develop, test, or endorse the FRAX tool or its recommendations [2]. Additionally, the name of the fourth author was given incorrectly as Morabito Nunziata. The author's name should have been written as Nunziata Morabito. The revised authors' list is shown above.

References

- [1] G. T. Russo, A. Giandalia, E. L. Romeo et al., "Fracture risk in type 2 diabetes: current perspectives and gender differences," *International Journal of Endocrinology*, vol. 2016, Article ID 1615735, 11 pages, 2016.
- [2] N. Ford, S. L. Norris, and S. R. Hill, "Clarifying WHO's position on the FRAX® tool for fracture prediction," *Bulletin of the World Health Organization*, vol. 94, no. 12, p. 862, 2016.