# Crystal structure of bis(thiocyanato- $\kappa$ S)-bis(thiourea-kS)mercury(II) 

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In the title complex, $\left[\mathrm{Hg}(\mathrm{NCS})_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{4} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}\right)_{2}\right]$, the $\mathrm{Hg}^{\mathrm{II}}$ atom is four-coordinated having an irregular four-coordinate geometry composed of four thione S atoms of two thiocyanate groups and two thiourea groups. The $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{Hg}-\mathrm{S}$ angles are $172.02(9)^{\circ}$ for the trans-thiocyanate $S$ atoms and $90.14(5)^{\circ}$ for the cis-thiourea S atoms. The molecular structure is stabilized by an intramolecular $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ hydrogen bond, which forms an $S(6)$ ring motif. In the crystal, molecules are linked by a number of $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional framework. The first report of the crystal structure of this compound appeared in 1966 [Korczynski (1966). Rocz. Chem. 40, 547-569] with an extremely high $R$ factor of $17.2 \%$, and no mention of how the data were collected.

Keywords: crystal structure; thiourea; thiocyanate; mercury(II); molecular complex; hydrogen bonding.

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## 1. Related literature

For literature on thiourea- and thiocyanate-based metalorganic crystalline materials and their derivatives, see: Ramesh et al. (2012); Shihabuddeen Syed et al. (2013). For the concept of hard and soft acids and bases, see: Ozutsumi et al. (1989); Bell et al. (2001). For the crystal structures of similar compounds, see: Nawaz et al. (2010); Safari et al. (2009); Shihabuddeen Syed et al. (2013). For the first report of the crystal structure of the title compound, see: Korczynski (1966).


## 2. Experimental

### 2.1. Crystal data

$\left[\mathrm{Hg}(\mathrm{NCS})_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{4} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}\right)_{2}\right]$
$M_{r}=468.99$
Orthorhombic, $P b c 2_{1}$
$a=8.5359$ ( 5 ) A
$b=9.0337$ (5) $\AA$
$c=15.7575$ (10) $\AA$
$V=1215.07(12) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=13.33 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$

### 2.2. Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2004)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.176, T_{\text {max }}=0.240$

> 19798 measured reflections 2397 independent reflections 2158 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.058$

### 2.3. Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.029$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=1.44 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.075$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-1.03$ e $\AA^{-3}$
$S=1.15$
2397 reflections
Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1149 Freidel pairs.
137 parameters
Absolute structure parameter: 1 restraint
H -atom parameters constrained

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\mathrm{A}^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 B \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1$ | 0.86 | 2.55 | $3.404(7)$ | 174 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.86 | 2.37 | $3.103(10)$ | 143 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.86 | 2.17 | $2.952(10)$ | 151 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 B \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.86 | 2.56 | $3.085(11)$ | 121 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | 0.86 | 2.26 | $3.025(10)$ | 149 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 A \cdots \mathrm{~S} 4^{\mathrm{iv}}$ | 0.86 | 2.80 | $3.384(7)$ | 126 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 B \cdots \mathrm{~N} 2^{\mathrm{v}}$ | 0.86 | 2.21 | $3.025(10)$ | 158 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | 0.86 | 2.25 | $3.019(10)$ | 149 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 B \cdots \mathrm{~S} 2^{\mathrm{vi}}$ | 0.86 | 2.56 | $3.419(8)$ | 172 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y-\frac{1}{2}, z$; (ii) $x,-y+\frac{3}{2}, z+\frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $x-1, y, z$; (iv) $-x,-y+2, z-\frac{1}{2}$; (v) $x,-y+\frac{5}{2}, z-\frac{1}{2}$; (vi) $-x, y-\frac{1}{2}, z$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: APEX2 and SAINT (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT and XPREP (Bruker, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012) and PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 2012) and PLATON.

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU5058).

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## supporting information

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## Crystal structure of bis(thiocyanato- $\kappa$ S) bis(thiourea- $\kappa$ S $)$ mercury (II)

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## S1. Synthesis and crystallization

A mixture of thiourea, ammonium thiocyanate and mercury (II) chloride were dissolved in aqueous solution in the molar ratio 2:2:1 and thoroughly mixed for 1 h to obtain a homogeneous mixture. The solution was allowed to evaporate slowly at ambient temperature. Colourless block-like crystals were obtained in a week.

## S2. Refinement

All the H atoms were positioned geometrically with $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}=0.86 \AA$ and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{iso}}(\mathrm{H})=1.2 \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{N})$.

## S3. Comment

This work is part of a research project concerning the investigation of thiourea $\left(\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{CS}\right)$ and thiocyanate (SCN) based metal organic crystalline materials and their derivatives (Ramesh et al., 2012; Shihabuddeen Syed et al., 2013). Transition metal thiourea and thiocyanate coordination complexes are candidate materials for device applications including their nonlinear optical properties. As ligands, both thiourea and thiocyanate are interesting due to their potential formation of metal coordination complexes as they exhibit multifunctional coordination modes due to the presence of 'S' and ' N ' donor atoms. With reference to the hard and soft acids and bases) concept (Ozutsumi et al., 1989; Bell et al., 2001), the soft cations show a pronounced affinity for coordination with the softer ligands, while hard cations prefer coordination with harder ligands. Several crystallographic reports about mercury(II) complexes usually consist of discrete monomeric molecules with tetrahedral (somewhat distorted) coordination environments around mercury(II) (Nawaz et al., 2010). Herein, we report on the synthesis and crystal structure of the title complex.
The title monomeric complex is composed of two thiocyanate and two thiourea ligands coordinated to the Hg atom via the softer thione S atom (Fig. 1). The four-coordinate mercury atom adopts a severely distorted tetrahedral geometry. The $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{Hg}-\mathrm{S}$ angles are $\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 4=172.02(9)^{\circ}$ for the trans thiocyanate S atoms and $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 2=90.14(5)^{\circ}$ for the trans thiourea S atoms. The bond distances Hg1-S3 and Hg1-S4 are 2.390 (3) and 2.381 (3) $\AA$, respectively, while bond distances $\mathrm{Hg} 1 — \mathrm{~S} 1$ and $\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 2$ are 3.064818) and 3.0836 (18) $\AA$, respectively. Bond distances and angles are in agreement with those reported for related compounds (Shihabuddeen Syed et al., 2013; Safari et al., 2009; Nawaz et al., 2010). The SCN moiety is planar [to within 0.007 (1) $\AA$ with the C-N and C-S bond lengths corresponding to the values intermediate between single and double bonds. The S2-C2-N2 and S1-C1-N1 units are nearly linear with bond angles of 178.5 (7) and 179.4 (8) ${ }^{\circ}$, respectively. The compound is closely related with (thiocyanato- $k$ S)tris(thiourea- $k S$ S)mercury(II) chloride (Shihabuddeen Syed et al., 2013). The molecular structure is stabilized by intramolecular an N-H $\cdots \mathrm{S}$ hydrogen bond, which forms an $\mathrm{S}(6)$ ring motif (Fig. 1 and Table 1).
In the crystal, molecules are connected via $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonds, involving the thiourea $\mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{H}$ atoms and the thiocyanate N atom (Fig. 2 and Table 1). This gives rise to the formation of a three-dimensional framework which is
reinforced by $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2 and Table 1).
The first report of the crystal structure of the title compound appeared in 1966 (Korczynski, 1966) with an extremely high R factor of $17.2 \%$, and no mention of how the data were collected.


## Figure 1

A view of the molecular structure of the title complex, with atom labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50\% probability level. The intramolecular $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ hydrogen bond is shown as a double dashed line (see Table 1 for details).


Figure 2
The crystal packing of the title complex, viewed along the $a$ axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details).

## Bis(thiocyanato- $\kappa$ S)bis(thiourea- $\kappa$ S) mercury (II)

## Crystal data

$\left[\mathrm{Hg}(\mathrm{NCS})_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{4} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}\right)_{2}\right]$
$M_{r}=468.99$
Orthorhombic, $\mathrm{Pbc} 2_{1}$
Hall symbol: P 2c - 2 b
$\begin{aligned} a & =8.5359(5) \AA \\ b & =9.0337(5) \AA \\ c & =15.7575(10) \AA \\ V & =1215.07(12) \AA^{3} \\ Z & =4\end{aligned}$

## $F(000)=872$

$D_{\mathrm{x}}=2.564 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 2397 reflections
$\theta=2.4-31.2^{\circ}$
$\mu=13.33 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
Block, colourless
$0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\omega$ and $\varphi$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2004)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.176, T_{\text {max }}=0.240$

19798 measured reflections
2397 independent reflections
2158 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.058$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=26.0^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=2.4^{\circ}$
$h=-10 \rightarrow 10$
$k=-11 \rightarrow 11$
$l=-19 \rightarrow 19$

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters constrained
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{0}^{2}\right)+(0.0237 P)^{2}+4.6956 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{0}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }=0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=1.44 \mathrm{e}_{\AA^{-3}}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-1.02$ e $\AA^{-3}$
Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008), $\mathrm{Fc}^{*}=\mathrm{kFc}\left[1+0.001 \mathrm{xFc}^{2} \lambda^{3} / \sin (2 \theta)\right]^{-1 / 4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.0082 (3)
Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1149 Freidel pairs.
Absolute structure parameter: 0.034 (12)

## Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles etc. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors $(\mathrm{gt}) \mathrm{etc}$. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hg 1 | $0.25569(4)$ | $0.89378(3)$ | $0.72851(8)$ | $0.0374(1)$ |
| S1 | $0.4564(2)$ | $1.1691(2)$ | $0.69569(13)$ | $0.0336(6)$ |
| S2 | $-0.0283(2)$ | $1.0924(2)$ | $0.76929(13)$ | $0.0334(6)$ |
| S3 | $0.2017(3)$ | $0.8900(3)$ | $0.57967(14)$ | $0.0329(7)$ |
| S4 | $0.3068(3)$ | $0.8610(3)$ | $0.87589(15)$ | $0.0353(7)$ |
| N1 | $0.6053(9)$ | $1.0000(9)$ | $0.5700(5)$ | $0.041(3)$ |
| N2 | $0.0984(9)$ | $1.2628(8)$ | $0.9017(5)$ | $0.037(3)$ |
| N3 | $0.6051(8)$ | $0.9346(7)$ | $0.8444(5)$ | $0.034(2)$ |
| N4 | $0.5630(8)$ | $0.7508(9)$ | $0.9391(4)$ | $0.039(2)$ |
| N5 | $-0.0507(8)$ | $1.0248(7)$ | $0.5262(4)$ | $0.031(2)$ |
| N6 | $-0.0982(7)$ | $0.8404(8)$ | $0.6204(5)$ | $0.032(2)$ |
| C1 | $0.5444(9)$ | $1.0700(9)$ | $0.6213(5)$ | $0.026(2)$ |
| C2 | $0.0478(9)$ | $1.1927(9)$ | $0.8463(5)$ | $0.025(2)$ |
| C3 | $0.5073(8)$ | $0.8485(9)$ | $0.8853(5)$ | $0.026(2)$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C4 | $0.0009(9)$ | $0.9200(8)$ | $0.5772(4)$ | $0.022(2)$ |
| H3A | 0.70430 | 0.92670 | 0.85300 | $0.0410^{*}$ |
| H3B | 0.57020 | 0.99910 | 0.80900 | $0.0410^{*}$ |
| H4A | 0.66240 | 0.74400 | 0.94710 | $0.0460^{*}$ |
| H4B | 0.50010 | 0.69370 | 0.96640 | $0.0460^{*}$ |
| H5A | -0.14960 | 1.04050 | 0.52150 | $0.0370^{*}$ |
| H5B | 0.01460 | 1.07740 | 0.49760 | $0.0370^{*}$ |
| H6A | -0.19710 | 0.85630 | 0.61570 | $0.0380^{*}$ |
| H6B | -0.06470 | 0.77190 | 0.65370 | $0.0380^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hg 1 | $0.0319(2)$ | $0.0600(2)$ | $0.0205(2)$ | $-0.0029(1)$ | $-0.0073(2)$ | $0.0032(3)$ |
| S 1 | $0.0359(11)$ | $0.0344(10)$ | $0.0304(10)$ | $-0.0005(9)$ | $-0.0003(8)$ | $-0.0009(9)$ |
| S2 | $0.0319(11)$ | $0.0370(10)$ | $0.0314(11)$ | $0.0017(9)$ | $0.0016(9)$ | $-0.0026(9)$ |
| S3 | $0.0231(10)$ | $0.0548(14)$ | $0.0209(11)$ | $0.0038(9)$ | $-0.0006(9)$ | $-0.0002(9)$ |
| S4 | $0.0243(11)$ | $0.0616(14)$ | $0.0200(11)$ | $0.0005(10)$ | $0.0013(9)$ | $-0.0005(10)$ |
| N 1 | $0.035(4)$ | $0.051(5)$ | $0.038(4)$ | $0.000(4)$ | $0.003(4)$ | $-0.005(4)$ |
| N 2 | $0.039(4)$ | $0.035(4)$ | $0.037(5)$ | $0.002(3)$ | $-0.002(3)$ | $0.002(3)$ |
| N 3 | $0.026(4)$ | $0.033(4)$ | $0.044(4)$ | $-0.001(3)$ | $-0.005(3)$ | $0.011(3)$ |
| N 4 | $0.041(4)$ | $0.044(4)$ | $0.031(4)$ | $0.010(3)$ | $-0.005(3)$ | $0.009(3)$ |
| N 5 | $0.031(4)$ | $0.031(4)$ | $0.030(4)$ | $0.000(3)$ | $-0.003(3)$ | $0.006(3)$ |
| N 6 | $0.026(3)$ | $0.036(4)$ | $0.033(4)$ | $-0.001(3)$ | $-0.007(3)$ | $0.007(3)$ |
| C1 | $0.024(4)$ | $0.032(4)$ | $0.022(4)$ | $-0.004(3)$ | $-0.004(3)$ | $0.008(3)$ |
| C2 | $0.025(4)$ | $0.036(4)$ | $0.015(4)$ | $0.003(3)$ | $0.005(3)$ | $0.011(3)$ |
| C3 | $0.028(4)$ | $0.031(4)$ | $0.019(4)$ | $0.008(3)$ | $-0.002(3)$ | $-0.010(3)$ |
| C4 | $0.028(4)$ | $0.026(4)$ | $0.012(4)$ | $0.001(3)$ | $-0.005(3)$ | $-0.001(3)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| Hg1-S1 | 3.0641 (18) | N4-C3 | 1.313 (11) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hg 1 - $\mathrm{S}^{2}$ | 3.0836 (18) | N5-C4 | 1.318 (9) |
| Hg1-S3 | 2.390 (3) | N6-C4 | 1.302 (10) |
| $\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 4$ | 2.381 (3) | N3-H3A | 0.8600 |
| S1-C1 | 1.655 (8) | N3-H3B | 0.8600 |
| S2-C2 | 1.648 (8) | N4-H4A | 0.8600 |
| S3-C4 | 1.736 (8) | N4-H4B | 0.8600 |
| S4-C3 | 1.722 (7) | N5-H5A | 0.8600 |
| N1-C1 | 1.151 (11) | N5-H5B | 0.8600 |
| N2-C2 | 1.162 (11) | N6-H6A | 0.8600 |
| N3-C3 | 1.310 (10) | N6-H6B | 0.8600 |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 2$ | 90.14 (5) | C3-N3-H3A | 120.00 |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 3$ | 87.35 (8) | $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 120.00 |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 4$ | 99.39 (8) | H3A-N3-H3B | 120.00 |
| $\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 3$ | 93.51 (8) | S3-C4-N5 | 117.1 (6) |
| $\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 4$ | 90.75 (8) | S3-C4-N6 | 122.9 (6) |

supporting information

| $\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 4$ | 172.02 (9) | N5-C4-N6 | 119.9 (7) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 86.2 (3) | C3-N4-H4A | 120.00 |
| $\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 99.4 (3) | C3-N4-H4B | 120.00 |
| $\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 102.1 (2) | H4A-N4-H4B | 120.00 |
| $\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 105.9 (3) | C4-N5-H5A | 120.00 |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 179.4 (8) | C4-N5-H5B | 120.00 |
| S2-C2-N2 | 178.4 (8) | H5A-N5-H5B | 120.00 |
| S4-C3-N3 | 123.5 (6) | C4-N6-H6A | 120.00 |
| S4-C3-N4 | 117.4 (6) | C4-N6-H6B | 120.00 |
| N3-C3-N4 | 119.1 (7) | H6A-N6-H6B | 120.00 |
| $\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | -145.2 (3) | S2-Hg1-S3-C4 | -26.2 (3) |
| $\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Cl}$ | -51.7 (3) | $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | -55.8 (3) |
| $\mathrm{S} 4-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 124.0 (3) | $\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | -146.1 (3) |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$ | -56.6 (3) | $\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 6$ | -53.0 (7) |
| $\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$ | -144.0 (3) | $\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 5$ | 129.8 (5) |
| $\mathrm{S} 4-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 42.8 (3) | $\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4$ | -139.9 (6) |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Hg} 1-\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | -116.2 (3) | Hg1-S4-C3-N3 | 42.8 (8) |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 3 — \mathrm{H} 3 B \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1$ | 0.86 | 2.55 | $3.404(7)$ | 174 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 3 — \mathrm{H} 3 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.86 | 2.37 | $3.103(10)$ | 143 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.86 | 2.17 | $2.952(10)$ | 151 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4 — \mathrm{H} 4 B \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 0.86 | 2.56 | $3.085(11)$ | 121 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 5 — \mathrm{H} 5 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | 0.86 | 2.26 | $3.025(10)$ | 149 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 5 — \mathrm{H} 5 A \cdots \mathrm{~S} 4^{\text {iv }}$ | 0.86 | 2.80 | $3.384(7)$ | 126 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 5 — \mathrm{H} 5 B \cdots \mathrm{~N} 2^{\mathrm{v}}$ | 0.86 | 2.21 | $3.025(10)$ | 158 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 6 — \mathrm{H} 6 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\text {iii }}$ | 0.86 | 2.25 | $3.019(10)$ | 149 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 6 — \mathrm{H} 6 B \cdots \mathrm{~S} 2^{\text {vi }}$ | 0.86 | 2.56 | $3.419(8)$ | 172 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y-1 / 2, z$; (ii) $x,-y+3 / 2, z+1 / 2$; (iii) $x-1, y, z$; (iv) $-x,-y+2, z-1 / 2$; (v) $x,-y+5 / 2, z-1 / 2$; (vi) $-x, y-1 / 2, z$.

