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## Endoscopic endonasal resection of skull base chordoma: case series and review of literature

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## **Abstract:**

**Background:** Skull base chordoma is a rare tumor with slow and progressive growth. Significance of this tumor is it's difficult to access location in skull base. This is the reason for various proposed techniques for resection of the tumor. Endoscopic endonasal technique is a minimally invasive approach that gives surgeons opportunity of total resection of tumor and low morbidity. Total resection of the tumor is the main determining factor of prognosis.

**Methods:** In this article we retrospectively studied 18 patients with pathological diagnosis of skull base chordoma treated in Amiralam hospital, Loghman-Hakim hospital and Day general hospital, Tehran, Iran, between 2005 and 2012. All patients underwent endoscopic endonasal surgery. Thirteen patients were primary cases but 3 and 2 cases were referred respectively after radiation failure and recurrence after craniotomy. Mean follow-up time was 23 months.

Difficulty in swallowing and speech, diplopia and nasal obstruction was common presenting symptoms.

**Results:** Gross tumor resection was feasible in 13 cases. Subtotal resection was done in 5 cases. During follow-up, 1 case died from disease and tumor recurred in other 8 cases. Nine patients are disease free. Eight recurrences and 1 mortality were in cases that underwent subtotal resection or referred to us after radiation failure. The major operative complication was a case of pneumocephalus.

**Conclusions:** Endoscopic endonasal resection of skull base chordoma is a low morbidity approach, advisable in most cases. We think that total resection is the best surgical strategy. We recommend postoperative radiation in all patients.

## Key words:

Endoscopic, Endonasal, Skull base, Chordoma

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