

# Draft Genome Sequences of Four *Dickeya dianthicola* and Four *Dickeya solani* Strains

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## Dickeya dianthicola and "Dickeya solani" are currently the dominant bacterial pathogens of potatoes in Europe. Here, we present the draft genome sequences of four strains of each pathogen.

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E (previously *Erwinia chrysanthemi*) cause disease worldwide in a wide range of plant species, including crops (1). The *Dickeya* genus is currently considered to comprise 5 species: *Dickeya dianthicola, Dickeya dadantii, Dickeya zeae, Dickeya chrysanthemi*, and *Dickeya paradisiaca* (2, 3). *D. dianthicola*, although causing disease worldwide on a range of crops and ornamentals, has had great impact on potato production in Europe from the early 1970s onward (1). In addition to the five assigned *Dickeya* species, several isolates were identified that formed distinct clades, e.g., DUC-1 (also referred to as group 1, clade IV), DUC-2, DUC-3, SLC-1, and SLC-2, which may represent previously unidentified species. Since 2004, DUC-1, for which the name "*Dickeya solani*" has been proposed, has been identified across Europe as causing disease in potatoes, and it was also isolated recently from hyacinth (4–8).

Currently, there are four complete sequenced *Dickeya* strains deposited in GenBank, one each from *D. paradisiaca*, *D. zeae*, *D. chrysanthemi*, and *D. dadantii*, as well as a draft *D. zeae* strain. Here, we announce draft genome sequences of the following eight strains from previously unsequenced *Dickeya* species: *D. dianthicola* NCPPB 453<sup>T</sup>, a type strain from *Dianthus*; NCPPB 3534, from potato in the Netherlands; IPO 980, from potato in the Netherlands; LMG 25864, from potato in Belgium; and *D. solani* strain IPO 2222 from potato in the Netherlands; MK10, from potato in Israel; MK16, from river water in the United Kingdom; and LMG 25865, from potato in Belgium. Six strains were sequenced using 454 pyrosequencing (Roche, Branford, CT): IPO 2222, MK10, MK16, NCPPB 453<sup>T</sup>, NCPPB 3534, and IPO 980. Three strains were sequenced using Illumina GAIIx: LMG 25864, LMG 25865, and NCPPB 3534. Three strains were assembled *de novo* using 454 Life Sciences Newbler v2.5.3 (IPO 2222, NCPPB 453<sup>T</sup>, and IPO 980); strain LMG25865 was assembled by reference mapping to the IPO 2222 assembly using CLC bio assembly module, strain NCPPB 3534 was assembled as a hybrid of 454 and Illumina reads using MIRA, strains MK10 and MK16 were assembled as a meta-assembly of Newbler *de novo* and reference-guided assemblies to the IPO 2222 assembly, and the LMG 25864 strain was assembled as a meta-assembly of CLC and Velvet *de novo* assemblies.

Sequences were annotated using a combination of Prodigal and RAST gene callers, BLAST searches using query sequences known to be missed by those packages, and tRNAScan-SE. A total of 4,571 (for strain LMG 25864), 4,477 (strain LMG 25865), 4,642 (strain NCPPB 3534), 4,365 (strain NCPPB 453<sup>T</sup>), 4,516 (strain IPO 980), 4,519 (strain MK10), 4,401 (strain MK16), and 4,471 (strain IPO 2222) genes were determined.

A detailed comparative genomic analysis of the eight draft sequences will follow in a future publication.

**Nucleotide sequence accession numbers.** The draft sequences of these eight *Dickeya* strains are available in GenBank under the accession no. AONU00000000 (IPO 2222), AOOP00000000 (MK10), AOOQ00000000 (MK16), AOOB00000000 (NCPPB

TABLE 1	Statistics	for	the e	eight	draft	Dickeya	genomes
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Species Strain		Accession no.	No. of contigs	No. of assembled bases	N <sub>50</sub>
D. dianthicola	LMG 25864, GBBC 2039	AOOM0000000	237	4,767,435	35,250
D. dianthicola	NCPPB 3534	AOOK0000000	52	4,832,425	213,434
D. dianthicola	NCPPB $453^{T}$	AOOB0000000	47	4,668,129	235,227
D. dianthicola	IPO 980	AOOS0000000	63	4,825,313	181,825
D. solani	LMG 25865, GBBC 2040	AONX0000000	224	4,812,070	40,901
D. solani	MK10	AOOP0000000	39	4,930,219	295,556
D. solani	MK16	AOOQ0000000	23	4,867,774	485,700
D. solani	IPO 2222	AONU00000000	91	4,857,348	99,673

453<sup>T</sup>), AOOK0000000 (NCPPB 3534), AOOS0000000 (IPO 980), AOOM0000000 (LMG 25864), and AONX0000000 (LMG 25865). See Table 1 for statistics for the eight draft *Dickeya* genomes.

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