

CORRECTION

Correction: Predictors of post-COVID symptoms in Egyptian patients: Drugs used in COVID-19 treatment are incriminated

The *PLOS ONE* Staff

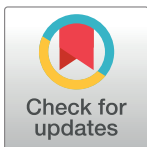
There are errors in the author affiliations. The publisher apologizes for the errors. The correct affiliations are as follows:

Ahmed Samir Abdelhafiz¹, Asmaa Ali^{2,6}, Ayman Mohamed Maaly³, Mohamed Anwar Mahgoub⁴, Hany Hassan Ziady⁵, Eman Anwar Sultan⁵

1 Department of Clinical Pathology, National Cancer Institute, Cairo University, Cairo, Egypt, **2** Department of Pulmonary Medicine, Abbassia Chest Hospital, MOH, Cairo, Egypt, **3** Department of Anaesthesia and Surgical Intensive Care, Faculty of Medicine, Alexandria University, Alexandria, Egypt, **4** Department of Microbiology, High Institute of Public Health, Alexandria University, Alexandria, Egypt, **5** Department of Community Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Alexandria University, Alexandria, Egypt, **6** Department of Laboratory Medicine, School of Medicine, Jiangsu University, Zhenjiang, China

Reference

1. Abdelhafiz AS, Ali A, Maaly AM, Mahgoub MA, Ziady HH, Sultan EA (2022) Predictors of post-COVID symptoms in Egyptian patients: Drugs used in COVID-19 treatment are incriminated. *PLoS ONE* 17(3): e0266175. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0266175> PMID: 35358268



OPEN ACCESS

Citation: The *PLOS ONE* Staff (2022) Correction: Predictors of post-COVID symptoms in Egyptian patients: Drugs used in COVID-19 treatment are incriminated. *PLoS ONE* 17(7): e0271154. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0271154>

Published: July 5, 2022

Copyright: © 2022 The PLOS ONE Staff. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.