

Correction: Enzymatic lipid oxidation by eosinophils propagates coagulation, hemostasis, and thrombotic disease

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The authors regret that an error appeared in their original version of Fig. 4. Some of the PE and PS species listed on the x axis of Fig. 4 B were incorrect. The corrected figure and corresponding legend appear below.

The online HTML and PDF versions of this paper have been corrected. The error remains only in the print version.

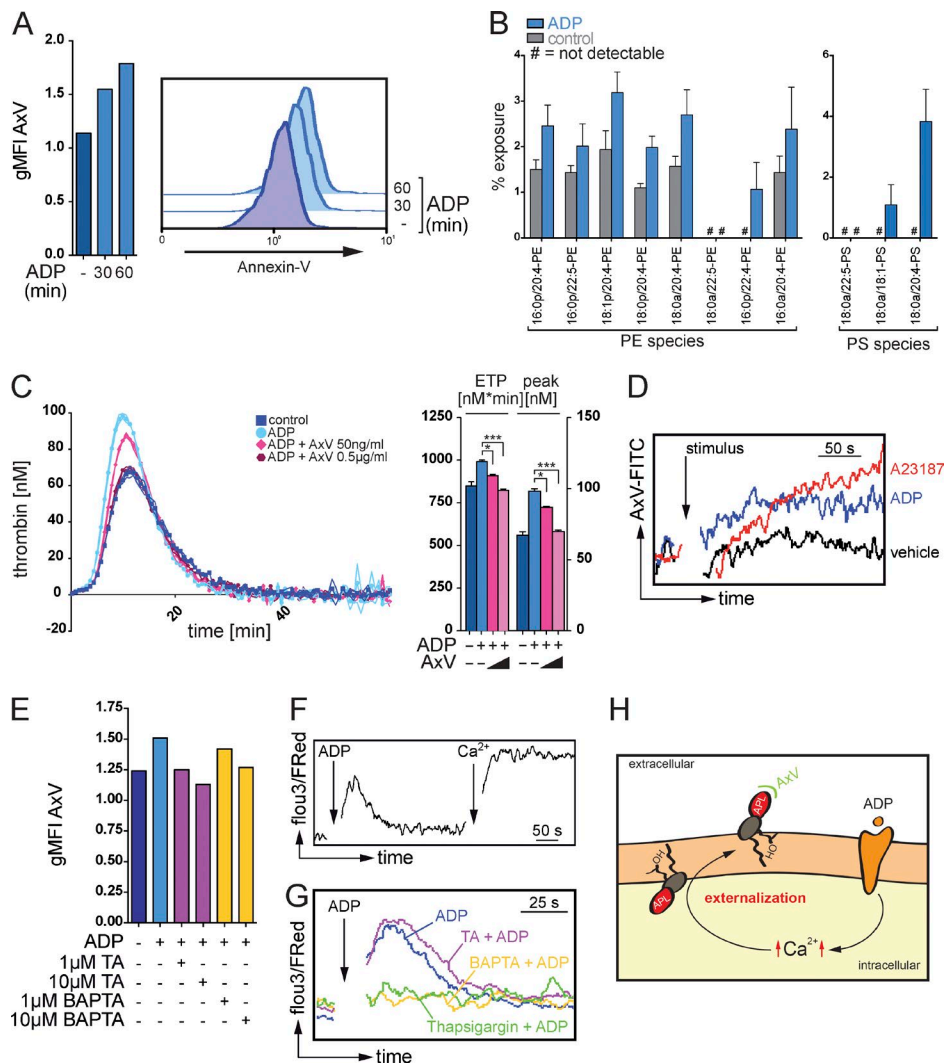


Figure 4. **Ca²⁺-dependent exposure of aminophospholipids by eosinophils promote thrombin generation.** (A) Flow cytometry analysis of the binding of annexin V (AxV) to aminophospholipids on the surface of resting or ADP-stimulated mouse eosinophils. Histograms show representative annexin V stainings, and bar graphs show mean geometric fluorescence intensities (gMFI). (B) LC/MS/MS-based quantification of the exposure of the aminophospholipids PE and PS in mouse eosinophils in response to ADP stimulation. (C, left) Calibrated thrombin generation assays with resting or ADP-stimulated mouse eosinophils in the presence of annexin V. (Right) Bar graphs show endogenous thrombin potential (ETP; nM*min) and peak of thrombin generation (peak; nM). (D) Flow cytometry analysis of annexin V binding on mouse eosinophils over time in the presence of calcium ionophore A23187, ADP, or vehicle. (E) Flow cytometry analysis of annexin V binding on mouse eosinophils in the presence of tannic acid (TA) or intracellular Ca²⁺-chelator BAPTA/AM. Bar graphs show geometric mean fluorescence intensity. (F) Flow cytometry-based analysis of intracellular Ca²⁺ signaling, indicated by Fluo3/FuraRed ratio, over time in a Ca²⁺-free environment. Where indicated (arrow and Ca²⁺), CaCl₂ at a final concentration of 1 mM was added. (G) Flow cytometry-based analysis of intracellular Ca²⁺ signaling, indicated by Fluo3/FuraRed ratio, over time in a Ca²⁺-free environment. (H) Postulated mechanism of a sequential generation and Ca²⁺-dependent externalization of aminophospholipids (APL) at the surface of eosinophils. OH indicates hydroxyl group. Data are representative of at least three independent experiments. Error bars represent SEM. *, P < 0.05; ***, P < 0.001.