

Fig. 1 A complete illustration of the pairwise relationship limitation type "Lack of context for a general concept". Top left (a): Each of three major sites (β -helix of PHFs, β -helix of SFs, and C-shaped cavity of SFs) is connected to a general concept binding sites with an is-a relation. binding sites is an object determined by a tool electron cryo-microscopy. Top right (b): One limitation of "Use of a method" (Details in Section ??) is removed with nested relationships. A nested entity of binding sites of APN-1607 in the Alzheimer fold is used as an object determined by a tool electron cryo-microscopy. Bottom (c): An ideal complex graph that further removes a limitation of "Lack of context for a general concept". A general concept binding sites and its contexts for three major sites are reified as an entity.

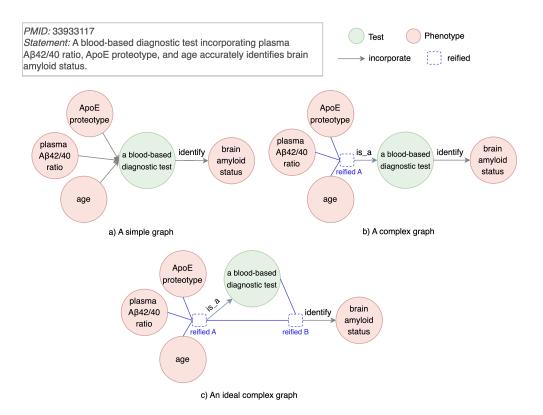


Fig. 2 A complete illustration of a paiwise relationship limitation type "More than two entities interacting together". Top left (a): Each of three biomarkers (plasma $A\beta42/40$ ratio, ApoE proteotype, and age) is connected to a general concept a blood-based diagnostic test with a relation of incorporate a blood-based diagnostic test is a subject that identifies brain amyloid status. Top right (b): One limitation of "More than two entities interacting together" is removed with a hypergraph. Three biomarkers are reified as an entity (denoted as reified A). A reified biomarker is linked with a general concept a blood-based diagnostic test with a relation of is_a. Bottom (c): An ideal complex graph that further removes a limitation of "Lack of context for a general concept" (Details in Section ??). reified A that consists of three biomarkers, as well as a general concept a blood-based diagnostic test are reified as another entity (denoted as reified B). reified B is used as a subject that identifies brain amyloid status.

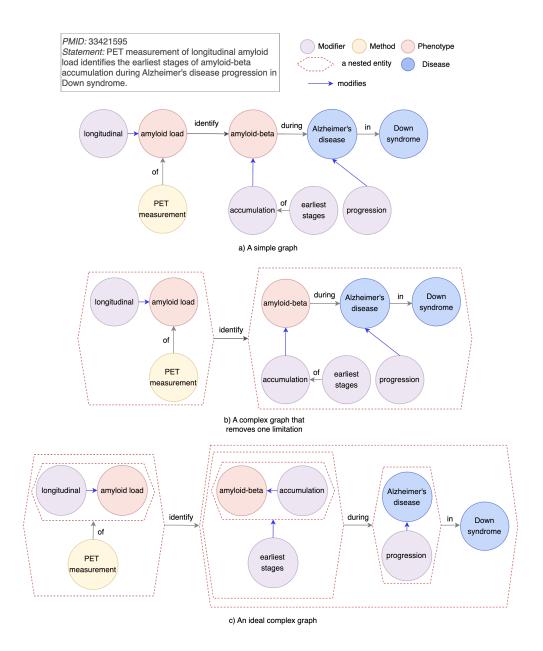


Fig. 3 A complete illustration of the pairwise relationship limitation type "Mechanism/process from a modified entity"". Top (a): A set of pairwise relationships between modifiers (longitudinal, accumulation, progression, and earliest stages) and corresponding entities (amyloid load, amyloid-beta, Alzheimer's disease, and earliest stages of amyloid-beta accumulation). amyloid load is used as a subject to identify an object amyloid-beta. Middle (b): One limitation of "A specific context as a constraint" (Details in Section ??) is removed with nested relationships. PET measurement of longitudinal amyloid load is grouped as a subject to identify a grouped object the earliest stages of amyloid-beta accumulation during Alzheimer's disease progression in Down syndrome. Bottom (c): Modifiers and corresponding entities grouped together as processes (longitudinal amyloid load, amyloid-beta accumulation, Alzheimer's disease progression, and earliest stages of amyloid-beta accumulation).