organic compounds

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1-(3-Chlorobenzyl)-5-iodoindoline-2,3dione

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 150 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.006 Å; R factor = 0.039; wR factor = 0.104; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.7.

In the title compound, $C_{15}H_9$ CIINO₂, which possesses anticonvulsant activity, the iodoindoline ring system is essentially planar (maximum deviation 1.245 Å) and is oriented with respect to the 3-chlorobenzyl ring at a dihedral angle of 76.59 (3)°. In the crystal, there is a π - π contact between iodoindoline ring systems [centroid–centroid distance = 3.8188 (4) Å].

Related literature

For general background, see: Hibino & Choshi (2002); Somei & Yamada (2003); Popp (1977); Popp (1984). For related structures, see: Chakraborty & Talapatra (1985); Chakraborty *et al.* (1985); Codding *et al.* (1984); De (1992); De & Kitagawa (1991*a,b*); Itai *et al.* (1978). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987);



Experimental

Crystal data $C_{15}H_9CIINO_2$ $M_r = 397.58$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

a = 8.1241 (6) Å b = 11.7930 (8) Å c = 14.7001 (2) Å $\beta = 90.751 (3)^{\circ}$ $V = 1408.23 (14) Å^{3}$ Z = 4Mo K α radiation

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius KappaCCD areadetector diffractometer Absorption correction: integration (Coppens, 1970) $T_{min} = 0.473, T_{max} = 0.837$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$ $wR(F^2) = 0.104$ S = 1.113203 reflections $\mu = 2.46 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 150 (1) K $0.37 \times 0.30 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$

12236 measured reflections 3203 independent reflections 2570 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.051$

181 parameters H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{max} = 1.43$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.79$ e Å⁻³

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: *COLLECT* and *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *COLLECT* and *DENZO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2560).

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1-(3-Chlorobenzyl)-5-iodoindoline-2,3-dione

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Comment

Indolinones are a class of heterocyclic compounds found in many natural products and in a number of marketed drugs (Hibino & Choshi, 2002; Somei & Yamada, 2003). They have diverse chemical structures and complex physiological and pharmacological actions. The search for potential drugs and their mechanism of action has been difficult because of their complexity. These compounds contain both oxoindole and dioxolane moieties which have independently been seen in other anticonvulsants (Popp, 1977, 1984). The title compound, a chloro analogue, was found to be most potent in the MES test. Since no common target site has yet been established, X-ray analysis was undertaken to search structural information which may help in the understanding of the mechanism of action at the molecular level.

In the title compound (Fig. 1), the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. Rings A (N1/C1-C3/C8), B (C3-C8) and C (C10-C15) are, of course, planar and the dihedral angles between them are A/B = 0.83 (3)°, A/C = 77.05 (3)° and B/C = 76.22 (3)°. The C2-C3 [1.463 (5) Å] bond is slightly shorter but closely similar to the values found in other indoline nuclei (Itai *et al.*, 1978; Chakraborty & Talapatra, 1985; Chakraborty *et al.*, 1985; De & Kitagawa, 1991a,b; De, 1992). The lone pair of electrons on N1 atom is involved in conjugation with the carbonyl group. This is also indicated by the slight lengthening of the C1=O1 [1.208 (5) Å] bond and the concomitant shortening of the N1-C1 [1.364 (5) Å] and N1-C8 [1.407 (5) Å] single bonds (Codding *et al.*, 1984).

In the crystal structure, the π - π contact between the iodoindoline rings, Cg2—Cg2ⁱ [symmetry code: (i) 1 - x, -y, -z, where Cg2 is centroid of the ring B (C3-C8)] may stabilize the structure, with centroid-centroid distance of 3.8188 (4) Å.

Experimental

A mixture of 5-iodoisatin (1.8 g, 10 mmol) and 3-chlorobenzyl chloride (1.6 g, 10 mmol) was refluxed in DMF (50 ml) in the precense of potassium carbonate for 6 h. DMF was removed from the reaction mixture by distillation. Ice cold water (20 ml) was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (3×20 ml). The extract was dried and evaporated to yield the crude solid, which was recrystallized from methanol (yield; 74%; m.p. 411-412 K).

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with C-H = 0.93 and 0.97 Å for aromatic and methylene H, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

Fig. 2. The formation of the title compound.

1-(3-Chlorobenzyl)-5-iodoindoline-2,3-dione

Crystal data	
C ₁₅ H ₉ ClINO ₂	$F_{000} = 768$
$M_r = 397.58$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.875 \ {\rm Mg \ m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Melting point: 411(1) K
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 8.1241 (6) Å	Cell parameters from 12323 reflections
<i>b</i> = 11.7930 (8) Å	$\theta = 1-27.5^{\circ}$
c = 14.7001 (2) Å	$\mu = 2.46 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 90.751 \ (3)^{\circ}$	T = 150 (1) K
$V = 1408.23 (14) \text{ Å}^3$	Plate, colorless
Z = 4	$0.37 \times 0.30 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer	3203 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2570 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.051$
Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^{\circ}$
T = 150(1) K	$\theta_{\min} = 2.2^{\circ}$
ϕ and ω scans	$h = -10 \rightarrow 9$
Absorption correction: integration (Coppens, 1970)	$k = -15 \rightarrow 14$
$T_{\min} = 0.473, T_{\max} = 0.837$	$l = -17 \rightarrow 19$
12236 measured reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	H-atom parameters constrained

$wR(F^2) = 0.104$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0373P)^2 + 3.1264P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.11	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
3203 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 1.43 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
181 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.79 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

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Fractional	atomic	coordinates	and isotro	onic or e	auivalent	isotropic	displacement	narameters	(A^{-})	1
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	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
I1	0.21126 (4)	-0.00688 (3)	-0.168370 (19)	0.04622 (13)
C11	0.0801 (2)	0.12211 (13)	0.61991 (8)	0.0713 (5)
N1	0.3994 (4)	0.1400 (3)	0.2264 (2)	0.0304 (7)
01	0.5622 (4)	0.2894 (3)	0.2730 (2)	0.0454 (8)
O2	0.5749 (4)	0.3308 (3)	0.0755 (2)	0.0472 (8)
C1	0.4945 (5)	0.2340 (3)	0.2144 (3)	0.0331 (8)
C2	0.5037 (5)	0.2528 (3)	0.1103 (3)	0.0330 (8)
C3	0.4080 (5)	0.1602 (3)	0.0698 (3)	0.0286 (8)
C4	0.3728 (5)	0.1328 (3)	-0.0195 (3)	0.0305 (8)
H4	0.4138	0.1759	-0.0670	0.037*
C5	0.2736 (5)	0.0393 (3)	-0.0354 (3)	0.0311 (8)
C6	0.2127 (5)	-0.0241 (3)	0.0360 (3)	0.0360 (9)
Н6	0.1452	-0.0860	0.0235	0.043*
C7	0.2493 (5)	0.0025 (3)	0.1261 (3)	0.0333 (8)
H7	0.2090	-0.0406	0.1739	0.040*
C8	0.3475 (4)	0.0955 (3)	0.1419 (2)	0.0261 (7)
С9	0.3778 (5)	0.0850 (4)	0.3135 (3)	0.0354 (9)
H9A	0.4725	0.1016	0.3521	0.043*
H9B	0.3743	0.0036	0.3042	0.043*
C10	0.2237 (5)	0.1204 (3)	0.3623 (3)	0.0339 (8)
C11	0.2173 (6)	0.1038 (4)	0.4557 (3)	0.0385 (9)
H11	0.3057	0.0708	0.4866	0.046*
C12	0.0790 (7)	0.1355 (4)	0.5020 (3)	0.0434 (11)
C13	-0.0563 (7)	0.1805 (4)	0.4584 (4)	0.0528 (13)
H13	-0.1491	0.2010	0.4910	0.063*

supplementary materials

C14	-0.0506 (6)	0.1953 (4)	0.3650 (3)	0.0449 (11)
H14	-0.1422	0.2232	0.3337	0.054*
C15	0.0905 (5)	0.1688 (3)	0.3183 (3)	0.0363 (9)
H15	0.0956	0.1836	0.2563	0.044*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
I1	0.03707 (18)	0.0640 (2)	0.03741 (18)	0.01182 (13)	-0.00630 (12)	-0.01648 (13)
Cl1	0.1128 (13)	0.0684 (9)	0.0331 (6)	-0.0229 (8)	0.0206 (7)	-0.0073 (6)
N1	0.0271 (17)	0.0358 (17)	0.0284 (16)	-0.0010 (13)	0.0047 (12)	-0.0009 (13)
01	0.0425 (18)	0.0493 (18)	0.0443 (17)	-0.0059 (14)	-0.0025 (14)	-0.0135 (14)
O2	0.0465 (19)	0.0435 (17)	0.0519 (19)	-0.0149 (14)	0.0100 (15)	0.0029 (14)
C1	0.029 (2)	0.035 (2)	0.0356 (19)	0.0031 (16)	0.0049 (15)	-0.0059 (16)
C2	0.027 (2)	0.0309 (19)	0.041 (2)	-0.0003 (15)	0.0081 (16)	-0.0015 (16)
C3	0.0227 (18)	0.0307 (18)	0.0325 (19)	0.0017 (14)	0.0062 (14)	0.0007 (15)
C4	0.027 (2)	0.0349 (19)	0.0302 (18)	0.0065 (15)	0.0041 (15)	-0.0003 (15)
C5	0.027 (2)	0.0361 (19)	0.0299 (18)	0.0080 (16)	0.0000 (15)	-0.0064 (16)
C6	0.030 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.045 (2)	-0.0015 (16)	-0.0017 (17)	-0.0033 (17)
C7	0.029 (2)	0.0333 (19)	0.038 (2)	-0.0004 (16)	0.0059 (16)	0.0052 (16)
C8	0.0222 (18)	0.0304 (17)	0.0260 (16)	0.0047 (14)	0.0038 (13)	0.0000 (14)
C9	0.034 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.0275 (18)	0.0062 (18)	0.0030 (16)	0.0041 (17)
C10	0.038 (2)	0.0315 (19)	0.0318 (19)	-0.0012 (16)	0.0048 (16)	0.0026 (15)
C11	0.048 (3)	0.037 (2)	0.031 (2)	-0.0049 (19)	0.0024 (18)	-0.0002 (17)
C12	0.065 (3)	0.037 (2)	0.029 (2)	-0.013 (2)	0.0120 (19)	-0.0039 (17)
C13	0.054 (3)	0.042 (2)	0.063 (3)	-0.009 (2)	0.026 (2)	-0.013 (2)
C14	0.038 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.051 (3)	0.0084 (19)	0.009 (2)	0.002 (2)
C15	0.038 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0306 (19)	0.0019 (18)	0.0019 (16)	0.0027 (17)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

I1—C5	2.086 (4)	C7—C8	1.374 (5)
Cl1—C12	1.740 (4)	С7—Н7	0.9301
N1—C1	1.364 (5)	C9—C10	1.510 (6)
N1—C8	1.407 (5)	С9—Н9А	0.9700
N1—C9	1.448 (5)	С9—Н9В	0.9701
O1—C1	1.208 (5)	C11—C10	1.388 (6)
O2—C2	1.204 (5)	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—C2	1.550 (6)	C12—C13	1.372 (8)
C2—C3	1.463 (5)	C12—C11	1.373 (7)
C3—C8	1.401 (5)	C13—C14	1.386 (7)
C4—C3	1.378 (5)	С13—Н13	0.9299
C4—H4	0.9299	C14—H14	0.9300
C5—C4	1.384 (6)	C15—C10	1.377 (6)
C5—C6	1.384 (6)	C15—C14	1.379 (6)
С6—Н6	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9299
С7—С6	1.390 (6)		
C1—N1—C8	110.7 (3)	C3—C8—N1	111.1 (3)

C1—N1—C9	123.6 (3)	N1	114.0 (3)
C8—N1—C9	125.1 (3)	N1—C9—H9A	108.8
O1—C1—N1	126.9 (4)	С10—С9—Н9А	108.8
O1—C1—C2	126.8 (4)	N1—C9—H9B	108.8
N1—C1—C2	106.2 (3)	С10—С9—Н9В	108.5
O2—C2—C3	130.8 (4)	Н9А—С9—Н9В	107.6
O2—C2—C1	124.0 (4)	C15-C10-C11	118.9 (4)
C3—C2—C1	105.2 (3)	C15—C10—C9	122.9 (4)
C4—C3—C8	121.5 (4)	C11—C10—C9	118.2 (4)
C4—C3—C2	131.7 (4)	C12—C11—C10	119.5 (4)
C8—C3—C2	106.8 (3)	C12-C11-H11	120.2
C3—C4—C5	117.4 (4)	C10—C11—H11	120.3
C3—C4—H4	121.1	C13—C12—C11	122.0 (4)
С5—С4—Н4	121.5	C13—C12—Cl1	119.6 (4)
C4—C5—C6	121.0 (4)	C11—C12—Cl1	118.4 (4)
C4—C5—I1	120.0 (3)	C12—C13—C14	118.3 (4)
C6—C5—I1	119.0 (3)	С12—С13—Н13	120.7
C5—C6—C7	121.7 (4)	C14—C13—H13	121.0
С5—С6—Н6	119.3	C15—C14—C13	120.2 (5)
С7—С6—Н6	119.0	C15-C14-H14	119.9
C8—C7—C6	117.3 (4)	C13-C14-H14	119.9
С8—С7—Н7	121.2	C10-C15-C14	120.9 (4)
С6—С7—Н7	121.5	C10—C15—H15	119.5
C7—C8—C3	121.0 (3)	C14—C15—H15	119.6
C7—C8—N1	127.9 (3)		





12

Fig. 2





3-chlorobenzyl chloride



1-(3-chlorobenzyl)-5-iodoindoline-2,3-dione