

POSTER PRESENTATION

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A topological approach to synaptic connectivity and spatial memory

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From 24th Annual Computational Neuroscience Meeting: CNS*2015
Prague, Czech Republic. 18-23 July 2015

In the hippocampus, a network of place cells generates a cognitive map of space, in which each cell is responsive to a particular area of the environment – its place field. The peak response of each cell and the size of each place field have considerable variability. Experimental evidence suggests that place cells encode a topological map of space that serves as a basis of spatial memory and spatial awareness. Using a computational model based on Persistent Homology Theory we demonstrate that if the parameters of the place cells spiking activity fall inside of the physiological range, the network correctly encodes the topological features of the environment. We next introduce parameters of synaptic connectivity into the model and demonstrate that failures in synapses that detect coincident neuronal activity lead to spatial learning deficiencies similar to the ones that are observed in rodent models of neurodegenerative diseases. Moreover, we show that these learning deficiencies may be mitigated by increasing the number of active cells and/or by increasing their firing rate, suggesting the existence of a compensatory mechanism inherent to the cognitive map.

Acknowledgements

Work is supported by the NSF grant NSF 1422438.

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Published: 18 December 2015

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doi:10.1186/1471-2202-16-S1-P44

Cite this article as: Milton et al.: A topological approach to synaptic connectivity and spatial memory. *BMC Neuroscience* 2015 16(Suppl 1):P44.

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