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Crystal structure of [(2S,3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylbutan-2-yl]pyrrolidinium chloride

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In the title molecular salt, $C_{14}H_{22}NO^+ \cdot Cl^-$, the pyrrolidinium ring adopts a twisted conformation about one of the N-C bonds. It is oriented at a dihedral angle of $42.0 (1)^{\circ}$ with respect to the benzene ring. The torsion angle for the central $N-C-C-C_{ar}$ (ar = aromatic) linkage is 163.74 (15)°. In the crystal, the components are linked via N-H···Cl and O- $H \cdot \cdot \cdot Cl$ hydrogen bonds, forming zigzig chains along the *b*-axis direction. These chains are connected along the c axis by very weak $C-H \cdots \pi$ interactions, forming a two-dimensional supramolecular network.

Keywords: crystal structure; salt; pyrrolidinium chloride; ionic liquids; hydrogen bonding.

CCDC reference: 1423292

1. Related literature

For background to pyrrolidinium-based ionic liquids, see: Henderson et al. (2006).



2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data $C_{14}H_{22}NO^+ \cdot Cl^-$

 $M_r = 255.78$

2.2. Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\min} = 0.940, \ T_{\max} = 0.960$

2.3. Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$
$wR(F^2) = 0.107$
S = 1.02
3163 reflections
160 parameters
H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement

 $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Z = 4

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.24 \times 0.21 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$

6666 measured reflections

3163 independent reflections

2750 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\mu = 0.26 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 293 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.024$

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1235 Friedel pairs Absolute structure parameter: -0.01(7)

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg is the centroid of the C1-C6 benzene ring.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$\overline{N1-H1\cdots Cl1^{i}}$ $O1-H1A\cdots Cl1^{ii}$	0.89 (2) 0.82	2.24 (2) 2.28	3.0804 (19) 3.0456 (14)	158.0 (2) 156
$C3-H3\cdots Cg^{iii}$	0.93	2.93	3.630 (3)	133

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 2, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{3}{2}$; (ii) x, y + 1, z; (iii) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2002); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2002); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97 and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7497).

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supporting information

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Crystal structure of [(2*S*,3*R*)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylbutan-2-yl]pyrrolidinium chloride

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S1. Chemical context

Pyrrolidinium-based ionic liquids have been a subject of intense investigation recently (Henderson *et al.*, 2006), whereby with understanding of the fundamental molecular-level interactions, a desired product with predicted physico-chemical properites could be designed. Additionally, a particular emphasis has been placed on whether hydrogen bonding occurs between the cation and a potential electron-pair donor (hydrogen bond acceptor) and its influence on the ionic liquids' overall properties. Against this background, and in order to obtain detailed information on molecular conformations in the solid state, X-ray studies of the title compound (I) have been carried out.

S2. Structural commentary

Fig. 1. shows a displacement ellipsoid plot of (I), with the atom numbering scheme. In the cation, the pyrrolidinium ring adopts a twist conformation, with twist about the N1—C11 bond; the puckering parameters, $q_2 = 0.361$ (2) Å and $\varphi_2 = 202.4$ (5)°, and asymmetry parameters $\Delta C_2[N1$ —C11] = 4.8.0 (3) Å. The pyrrolidinium ring is oriented at an angle 42.0 (1)° from the mean plane of the benzene ring.

S3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal, cations and anions are linked via N1—H1…Cl1 and O1—H1A…Cl1 hydrogen bonds, forming a onedimensional zig zig chain along the b-axis direction. These chains are stacked along the c-axis by C—H… π interactions, between benzene H atom and the benzene ring of an adjacene molecule, with a C3—H3…Cgⁱⁱⁱ, forming a twodimensional supramolecular network. (Table 1 and Fig. 2; Cg is centroid of C1–C6 benzene ring. Symmetry code: (iii) -1/2+x,3/2-y,1-z>).

S4. Synthesis and crystallization

In a round bottomed flask, a stirred solution of (S)-pyrrolidinylnorephedrone was reacted with methylmagnesium bromide in THF medium over a period of 3 h. The completion of the reaction was monitored by thin layer chromatographic analysis. Further the crude mass was quenched with dil HCl and extracted with ethyl acetate under reduced vacuum. The resulting compound was recrystallised from EtOH/H₂O (4:1) solution as colourless blocks in good yield (86%).

S5. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. N-bound H atom was located in a difference Fourier map and freely refined. All other H atoms were positioned geometrically and constrained to ride on their parent atom with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å and with U_{iso} (H)=1.5 U_{eq} for methyl H atoms and 1.2 U_{eq} (C) for other H atoms. Owing to poor agreement, the reflection (-3 2 4) was omitted from the final cycles of refinement.



Figure 1

Molecular structure of the title compound showing displacement ellipsoids at the 30% probability level.



Figure 2

Part of the crystal structure showing intermolecular N—H···Cl, O—H···Cl and C—H··· π interactions, forming a two dimensional supramolecular network. Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding are omitted for clarity. Cg is the centroid of C1–C6 benzene ring.

[(25,3R)-3-Hydroxy-3-phenylbutan-2-yl]pyrrolidinium chloride

Crystal data	
$C_{14}H_{22}NO^+ \cdot Cl^-$	F(000) = 552
$M_r = 255.78$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.201 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab	Cell parameters from 3836 reflections
a = 7.3912 (14) Å	$\theta = 3.7 - 29.2^{\circ}$
b = 9.7002 (17) Å	$\mu = 0.26 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 19.727 (4) Å	T = 293 K
V = 1414.4 (4) Å ³	Block, colourless
Z = 4	$0.24 \times 0.21 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

6666 measured reflections 3163 independent reflections
2750 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$R_{\rm int} = 0.024$
$\theta_{\rm max} = 29.2^{\circ}, \theta_{\rm min} = 3.7^{\circ}$
$h = -9 \longrightarrow 8$
$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
$l = -25 \rightarrow 26$
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0569P)^2 + 0.1443P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.16 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1235 Friedel
pairs
Absolute structure parameter: -0.01 (7)

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
C1	0.7420 (2)	0.74116 (19)	0.62918 (9)	0.0356 (4)	
C2	0.6667 (3)	0.8068 (2)	0.57376 (10)	0.0478 (5)	
H2	0.6323	0.8988	0.5772	0.057*	
C3	0.6418 (4)	0.7369 (3)	0.51298 (12)	0.0596 (6)	
Н3	0.5911	0.7826	0.4762	0.071*	
C4	0.6913 (4)	0.6009 (3)	0.50673 (12)	0.0623 (6)	
H4	0.6728	0.5542	0.4661	0.075*	
C5	0.7685 (3)	0.5345 (2)	0.56109 (13)	0.0568 (6)	
Н5	0.8043	0.4430	0.5570	0.068*	
C6	0.7931 (3)	0.6034 (2)	0.62179 (11)	0.0440 (4)	
H6	0.8446	0.5571	0.6583	0.053*	
C7	0.7703 (2)	0.81613 (18)	0.69701 (9)	0.0345 (4)	
C8	0.9719 (3)	0.8127 (3)	0.71443 (10)	0.0490 (5)	
H8A	1.0408	0.8444	0.6762	0.074*	
H8B	1.0069	0.7200	0.7253	0.074*	

H8C	0.9946	0.8715	0.7527	0.074*
C9	0.6487 (3)	0.74346 (18)	0.75061 (9)	0.0333 (4)
H9	0.6670	0.6440	0.7451	0.040*
C10	0.4494 (3)	0.7716 (2)	0.73699 (10)	0.0461 (5)
H10A	0.3768	0.7182	0.7676	0.069*
H10B	0.4209	0.7464	0.6912	0.069*
H10C	0.4248	0.8678	0.7436	0.069*
C11	0.6819 (3)	0.9254 (2)	0.84700 (11)	0.0505 (5)
H11A	0.7778	0.9828	0.8289	0.061*
H11B	0.5659	0.9641	0.8341	0.061*
C12	0.6971 (4)	0.9122 (3)	0.92291 (12)	0.0723 (8)
H12A	0.8227	0.9160	0.9370	0.087*
H12B	0.6310	0.9855	0.9454	0.087*
C13	0.6170 (6)	0.7756 (3)	0.93918 (14)	0.0910 (11)
H13A	0.6936	0.7271	0.9712	0.109*
H13B	0.4988	0.7878	0.9597	0.109*
C14	0.6001 (3)	0.6945 (3)	0.87578 (10)	0.0612 (6)
H14A	0.4741	0.6830	0.8633	0.073*
H14B	0.6547	0.6041	0.8810	0.073*
N1	0.7001 (2)	0.77830 (17)	0.82284 (7)	0.0369 (4)
01	0.7091 (2)	0.95487 (12)	0.69491 (7)	0.0457 (4)
H1A	0.7648	0.9970	0.6655	0.069*
C11	0.93476 (8)	0.17271 (6)	0.62270 (3)	0.05642 (18)
H1	0.817 (3)	0.761 (2)	0.8290 (9)	0.034 (5)*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0296 (9)	0.0393 (9)	0.0378 (9)	0.0004 (7)	0.0036 (7)	0.0035 (7)
C2	0.0494 (12)	0.0502 (12)	0.0439 (10)	0.0079 (10)	-0.0003 (9)	0.0068 (9)
C3	0.0524 (14)	0.0828 (16)	0.0434 (12)	0.0025 (13)	-0.0078 (10)	0.0065 (11)
C4	0.0620 (16)	0.0770 (16)	0.0479 (13)	-0.0072 (14)	0.0016 (11)	-0.0190 (11)
C5	0.0570 (15)	0.0475 (12)	0.0660 (15)	0.0006 (11)	0.0101 (11)	-0.0127 (10)
C6	0.0413 (10)	0.0425 (10)	0.0483 (11)	0.0046 (8)	0.0023 (9)	0.0038 (9)
C7	0.0318 (9)	0.0340 (8)	0.0378 (9)	0.0009 (8)	0.0036 (7)	0.0037 (7)
C8	0.0312 (10)	0.0675 (14)	0.0485 (11)	-0.0083 (10)	0.0034 (8)	0.0011 (10)
C9	0.0328 (9)	0.0311 (8)	0.0360 (9)	-0.0024 (7)	0.0002 (7)	0.0031 (7)
C10	0.0324 (10)	0.0557 (12)	0.0503 (11)	-0.0086 (9)	0.0016 (9)	0.0070 (9)
C11	0.0484 (13)	0.0465 (11)	0.0566 (12)	0.0007 (10)	0.0044 (10)	-0.0112 (9)
C12	0.0666 (17)	0.095 (2)	0.0550 (14)	0.0253 (16)	-0.0025 (13)	-0.0263 (14)
C13	0.133 (3)	0.092 (2)	0.0482 (14)	0.025 (2)	0.0297 (16)	0.0091 (13)
C14	0.0536 (14)	0.0890 (18)	0.0411 (11)	-0.0199 (12)	0.0026 (10)	0.0173 (12)
N1	0.0311 (9)	0.0417 (8)	0.0379 (8)	-0.0014 (7)	0.0042 (7)	0.0009 (6)
01	0.0526 (9)	0.0307 (6)	0.0538 (8)	-0.0013 (6)	0.0164 (7)	0.0050 (6)
Cl1	0.0548 (3)	0.0642 (3)	0.0503 (3)	-0.0250 (3)	-0.0023(3)	0.0119 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C2	1.382 (3)	С9—Н9	0.9800	
C1—C6	1.396 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9600	
C1—C7	1.537 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9600	
C2—C3	1.390 (3)	C10—H10C	0.9600	
С2—Н2	0.9300	C11—C12	1.507 (3)	
C3—C4	1.375 (4)	C11—N1	1.511 (3)	
С3—Н3	0.9300	C11—H11A	0.9700	
C4—C5	1.375 (4)	C11—H11B	0.9700	
C4—H4	0.9300	C12—C13	1.486 (4)	
C5—C6	1.383 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9700	
С5—Н5	0.9300	C12—H12B	0.9700	
С6—Н6	0.9300	C13—C14	1.483 (4)	
C7—O1	1.420 (2)	C13—H13A	0.9700	
С7—С8	1.530 (3)	C13—H13B	0.9700	
С7—С9	1.557 (2)	C14—N1	1.516 (3)	
C8—H8A	0.9600	C14—H14A	0.9700	
C8—H8B	0.9600	C14—H14B	0.9700	
C8—H8C	0.9600	N1—H1	0.89 (2)	
C9—N1	1.513 (2)	O1—H1A	0.8200	
C9—C10	1.522 (3)			
C2—C1—C6	117.9 (2)	C9—C10—H10B	109.5	
C2—C1—C7	121.70 (17)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5	
C6—C1—C7	120.44 (18)	C9—C10—H10C	109.5	
C1—C2—C3	120.7 (2)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5	
C1—C2—H2	119.6	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5	
С3—С2—Н2	119.6	C12—C11—N1	103.1 (2)	
C4—C3—C2	120.7 (2)	C12-C11-H11A	111.2	
С4—С3—Н3	119.6	N1-C11-H11A	111.2	
С2—С3—Н3	119.6	C12-C11-H11B	111.2	
C3—C4—C5	119.3 (2)	N1-C11-H11B	111.2	
C3—C4—H4	120.3	H11A—C11—H11B	109.1	
С5—С4—Н4	120.3	C13—C12—C11	105.1 (2)	
C4—C5—C6	120.3 (2)	C13—C12—H12A	110.7	
С4—С5—Н5	119.9	C11—C12—H12A	110.7	
С6—С5—Н5	119.9	C13—C12—H12B	110.7	
C5—C6—C1	121.1 (2)	C11—C12—H12B	110.7	
С5—С6—Н6	119.4	H12A—C12—H12B	108.8	
С1—С6—Н6	119.4	C14—C13—C12	108.9 (2)	
O1—C7—C8	109.73 (17)	C14—C13—H13A	109.9	
O1—C7—C1	112.29 (15)	C12—C13—H13A	109.9	
C8—C7—C1	108.54 (16)	C14—C13—H13B	109.9	
O1—C7—C9	105.37 (14)	C12—C13—H13B	109.9	
С8—С7—С9	113.58 (16)	H13A—C13—H13B	108.3	
С1—С7—С9	107.36 (15)	C13—C14—N1	104.8 (2)	
С7—С8—Н8А	109.5	C13—C14—H14A	110.8	

C7—C8—H8B	109.5	N1	110.8
H8A—C8—H8B	109.5	C13—C14—H14B	110.8
С7—С8—Н8С	109.5	N1-C14-H14B	110.8
H8A—C8—H8C	109.5	H14A—C14—H14B	108.9
H8B—C8—H8C	109.5	C11—N1—C9	119.07 (15)
N1—C9—C10	111.66 (16)	C11—N1—C14	104.25 (17)
N1—C9—C7	113.19 (15)	C9—N1—C14	114.00 (15)
C10—C9—C7	110.96 (15)	C11—N1—H1	102.7 (13)
N1—C9—H9	106.9	C9—N1—H1	109.3 (12)
С10—С9—Н9	106.9	C14—N1—H1	106.2 (13)
С7—С9—Н9	106.9	C7—O1—H1A	109.5
С9—С10—Н10А	109.5		
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.5 (3)	C1C7C9N1	163.74 (15)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-179.8 (2)	O1—C7—C9—C10	50.1 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.1 (4)	C8—C7—C9—C10	170.19 (18)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.9 (4)	C1C7C9C10	-69.8 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.1 (4)	N1-C11-C12-C13	-32.0 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.5 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	14.7 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.3 (3)	C12—C13—C14—N1	8.7 (3)
C7—C1—C6—C5	180.00 (19)	C12—C11—N1—C9	165.87 (19)
C2-C1-C7-O1	0.7 (2)	C12—C11—N1—C14	37.5 (2)
C6—C1—C7—O1	-179.62 (17)	C10-C9-N1-C11	-62.2 (2)
C2—C1—C7—C8	-120.8 (2)	C7—C9—N1—C11	63.9 (2)
C6—C1—C7—C8	58.9 (2)	C10-C9-N1-C14	61.6 (2)
C2—C1—C7—C9	116.06 (19)	C7—C9—N1—C14	-172.33 (17)
C6—C1—C7—C9	-64.3 (2)	C13—C14—N1—C11	-28.6 (3)
O1—C7—C9—N1	-76.39 (18)	C13—C14—N1—C9	-160.0 (2)
C8—C7—C9—N1	43.7 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg is the centroid of the C1–C6 benzene ring.

D—H···A	D—H	Н…А	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N1—H1···Cl1 ⁱ	0.89 (2)	2.24 (2)	3.0804 (19)	158.0 (2)
O1—H1A···Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.82	2.28	3.0456 (14)	156
C3—H3···· <i>Cg</i> ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.93	3.630 (3)	133

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+2, y+1/2, -z+3/2; (ii) x, y+1, z; (iii) x-1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1.