

*Supplementary material***LAC SURVEY**

Link: <https://forms.gle/wnERH13ncFrD7yHj8>



## ENCUESTA: IMPLEMENTACIÓN FARMACOGENÓMICA EN AMÉRICA LATINA

Esta encuesta tiene por objeto evaluar los impedimentos, políticos, administrativos, sociales o clínicos existentes en la región Latinoamericana para la implementación de pruebas y protocolos farmacogenómicos, así mismo analizar qué pares gen/fármaco consideran de relevancia para ser implementado en sus respectivos países.



edfarmaciaucr@gmail.com (no se comparten) [Cambiar cuenta](#)



\*Obligatorio

Nombre \*

Tu respuesta

País: \*

Tu respuesta

Profesión: \*

Tu respuesta

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Correo electrónico: \*

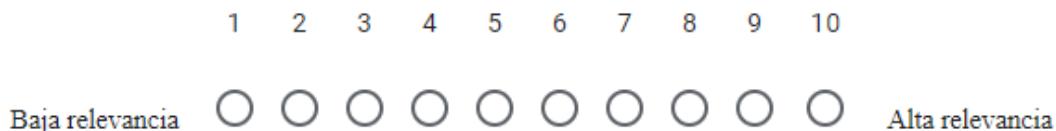
Tu respuesta

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A. Considerando la relevancia la implementación de guías y ensayos farmacogenéticos/farmacogenómicos en Latinoamérica categorice en escala de 1 (baja relevancia) a 10 (alta relevancia), la relevancia de las siguientes barreras como impedimentos para implementación de la farmacogenómica en el ejercicio clínico.

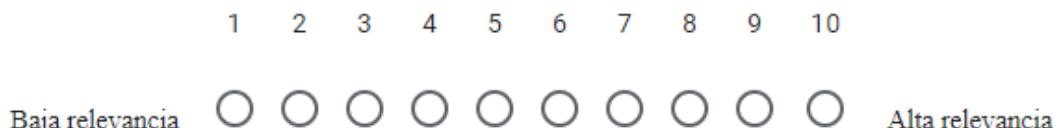
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1. Reticencia de los clínicos a usar marcadores farmacogenéticos \*

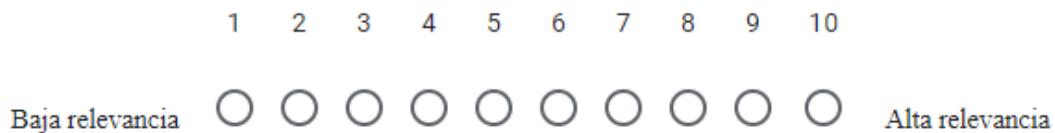


2. Falta de clara información acerca de variantes genéticas que tengan relevancia \* funcional en la farmacoterapia

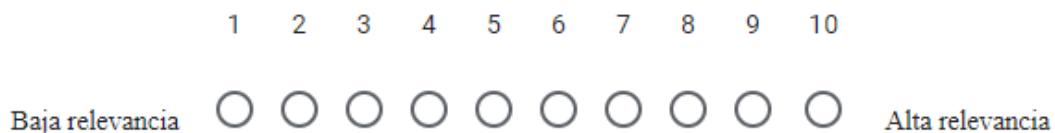
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3. Ausencia de instituciones o normas regulatorias que faciliten el uso de pruebas farmacogenéticas/farmacogenómicas \*



4. Insuficiente caracterización de la variabilidad farmacogenética en \* Latinoamérica



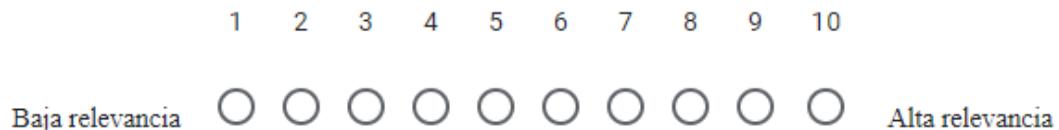
5. Insuficiente uso de medios electrónicos para obtener información de \* pacientes



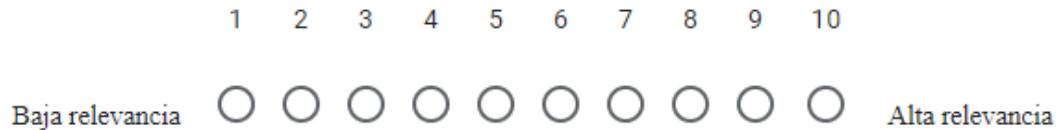
6. Falta de promoción de la farmacogenómica en los sistemas de salud \*



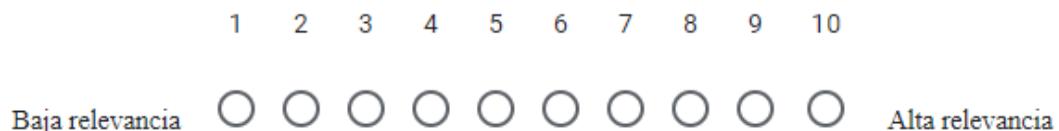
7. Insuficiente preocupación de los clínicos en la farmacogenómica \*



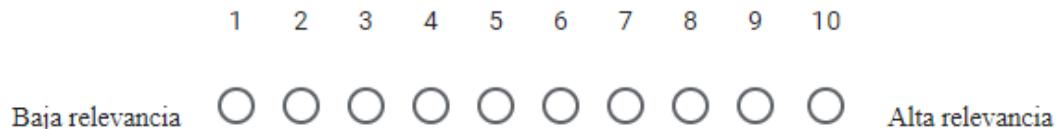
8. Necesidad de guías, procesos y protocolos de aplicación clínica de la \* farmacogenética/farmacogenómica.



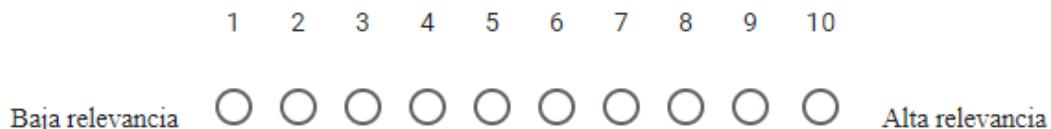
9. Necesidad de demostración de la validez clínica y utilidad de los test \* farmacogenéticos/farmacogenómicos



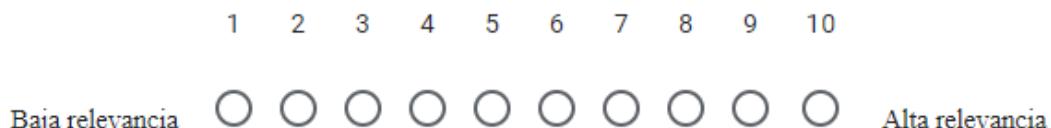
10. Necesidad de implementación de ensayos gene/fármaco \*



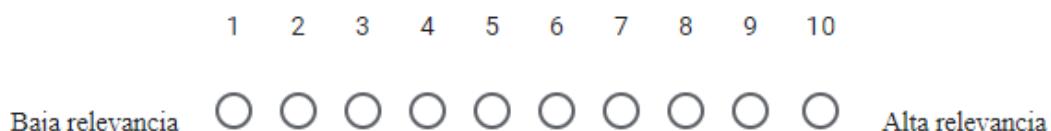
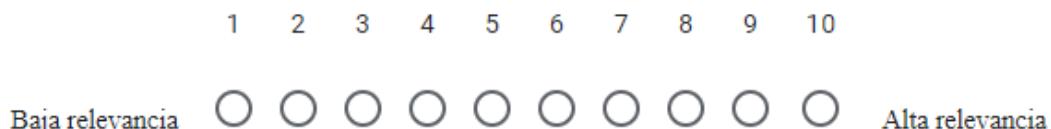
## 11. Preocupación acerca de los costos \*



## 12. Falta de estudios farmacogenómicos de costo-efectividad en la región \*



## 13. Fragmentación de los sistemas de salud \*

14. Implicancias éticas, legales y sociales para la implementación de la \*  
farmacogenómica

**B.** Considerando la relevancia del uso de los siguientes fármacos y la evidencia existente que usted conozca, categorice en escala de 1 a 5 la importancia de la implementación de determinaciones farmacogenómicas (variantes) de los genes involucrados. Considere que el listado se encuentra en el orden GEN-Fármaco(s). Para su apoyo se le adjunta links de acceso a CPIC y PharmGKB.

(<https://cpicpgx.org/guidelines/> ; <https://www.pharmgkb.org> )

Categorice según las siguientes opciones: 1 (Muy poca importancia), 2 (Poca importancia), 3 (Moderada importancia), 4 (Importante) y 5 (Muy importante) \*

	1	2	3	4	5
1. CFTR-Ivacaftor	<input type="radio"/>				
2. CYP2B6-Efavirenz	<input type="radio"/>				
3. CYP2C19-Clopidogrel	<input type="radio"/>				
4. CYP2C19-Inhibidores de bomba de protones (prazoles)	<input type="radio"/>				
5. CYP2C19-voriconazol	<input type="radio"/>				
6. CYP2C9-Anti-inflamatorios no esteroidales (NSAIDs)	<input type="radio"/>				
7. CYP2C9-fenitoína/fosfenitoína	<input type="radio"/>				
8. HLA-B-fenitoína/fosfenitoína	<input type="radio"/>				

9. CYP2C9-Cumarinas (warfarina, acenocumarol, fenprocumon)	<input type="radio"/>				
10. VKORC1-Cumarinas (warfarina, acenocumarol, fenprocumon)	<input type="radio"/>				
11. CYP4F2-Cumarinas (warfarina, acenocumarol, fenprocumon)	<input type="radio"/>				
12. CYP2D6-Atomoxetina	<input type="radio"/>				
13. CYP2D6- Ondasentrón/topisentrón	<input type="radio"/>				
14. CYP2D6-tamoxifeno	<input type="radio"/>				
15. CYP2D6- Inhibidores de la recaptación de Serotonina (citalopram, escitalopram)	<input type="radio"/>				
16. CYP2C19- Inhibidores de la recaptación de Serotonina (fluvoxamina, paroxetina, sertralina)	<input type="radio"/>				
17. CYP2D6- Antidepresivos tricíclicos (amitriptilina, clomipramina, desipramina)	<input type="radio"/>				
18. CYP2C19- Antidepresivos tricíclicos (doxepina, imipramina, nortriptilina, trimipramina).	<input type="radio"/>				
19. CYP2D6-Opioides	<input type="radio"/>				

20. OPRM1-Opioides	<input type="radio"/>				
21. COMT-Opioides	<input type="radio"/>				
22. CYP3A5-Tacrolimus	<input type="radio"/>				
23. DPYD-Fluoropirimidinas (5-Fluorouracilo, capecitabina, tegafur)	<input type="radio"/>				
24. G6PD-rasburicasa	<input type="radio"/>				
25. HLA- Carbamazepina/oxcarbazepina	<input type="radio"/>				
26. HLA-B-Abacavir	<input type="radio"/>				
27. HLA-B-Allopurinol	<input type="radio"/>				
28. IFNL3-peginterferón	<input type="radio"/>				
29. MT-RNR1- aminoglicósidos	<input type="radio"/>				
30. RYR1-Enflurano o derivados	<input type="radio"/>				
31. CACNA1S- Enflurano o derivados	<input type="radio"/>				
32. SLCO1B1-Estatinas	<input type="radio"/>				
33. ABCG2-Estatinas	<input type="radio"/>				

34. CYP2C9-Estatinas	<input type="radio"/>				
35. TPMT-Tiopurinas (azatioprina, mercaptopurinas, tioguanina)	<input type="radio"/>				
36. NUDT15- Tiopurinas (azatioprina, mercaptopurinas, tioguanina)	<input type="radio"/>				
37. UGT1A1-Atazanavir	<input type="radio"/>				

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#### PARES NO-CPIC \*

	1	2	3	4	5
1. CYP2C19- Drospirenona	<input type="radio"/>				
2. CYP2C19- Etinilestradiol	<input type="radio"/>				
3. CYP3A4- Benzodiazepinas	<input type="radio"/>				
4. CYP2D6- Benzodiazepinas	<input type="radio"/>				
5. CYP2D6- aripiprazol	<input type="radio"/>				
6. CYP2D6- carvedilol	<input type="radio"/>				

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7. CYP2D6- venlafaxina	<input type="radio"/>				
8. CYP2D6- risperidona	<input type="radio"/>				
9. CYP1A2- clozapina/olanzapina	<input type="radio"/>				
10. CYP3A4- Haloperidol	<input type="radio"/>				
11. GSTs-cisplatino	<input type="radio"/>				

Mencione algún otro par gen-droga que usted considere relevante, donde exista evidencia científica.

Tu respuesta

**Enviar**

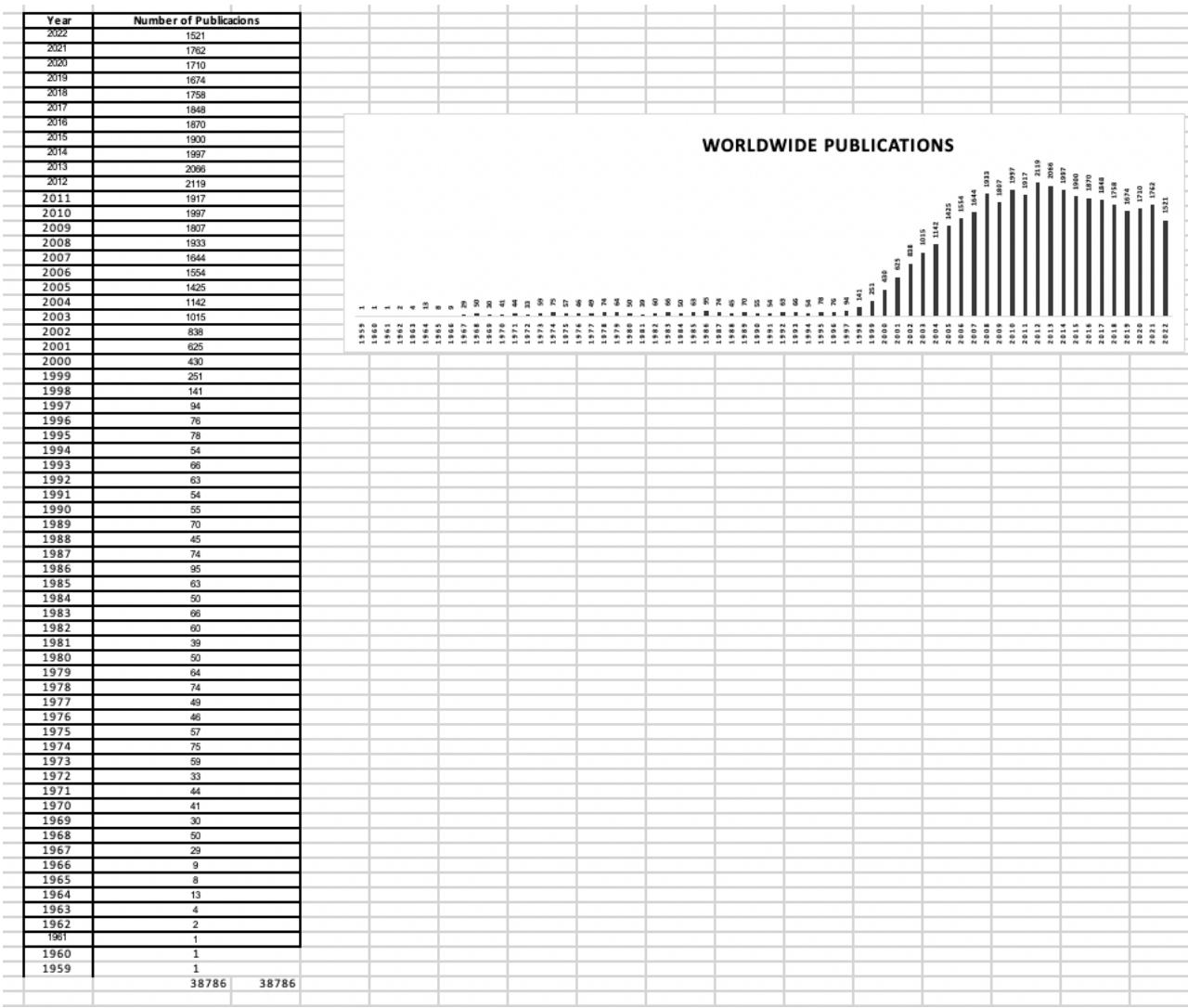
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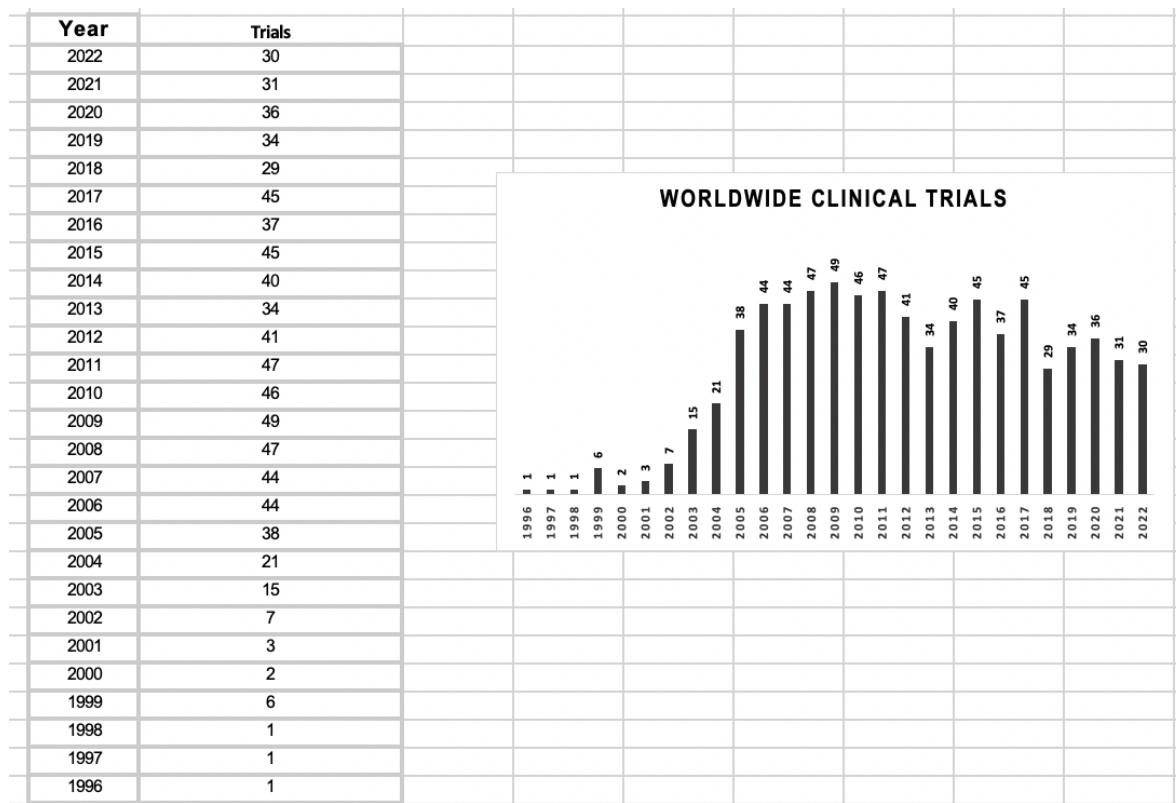
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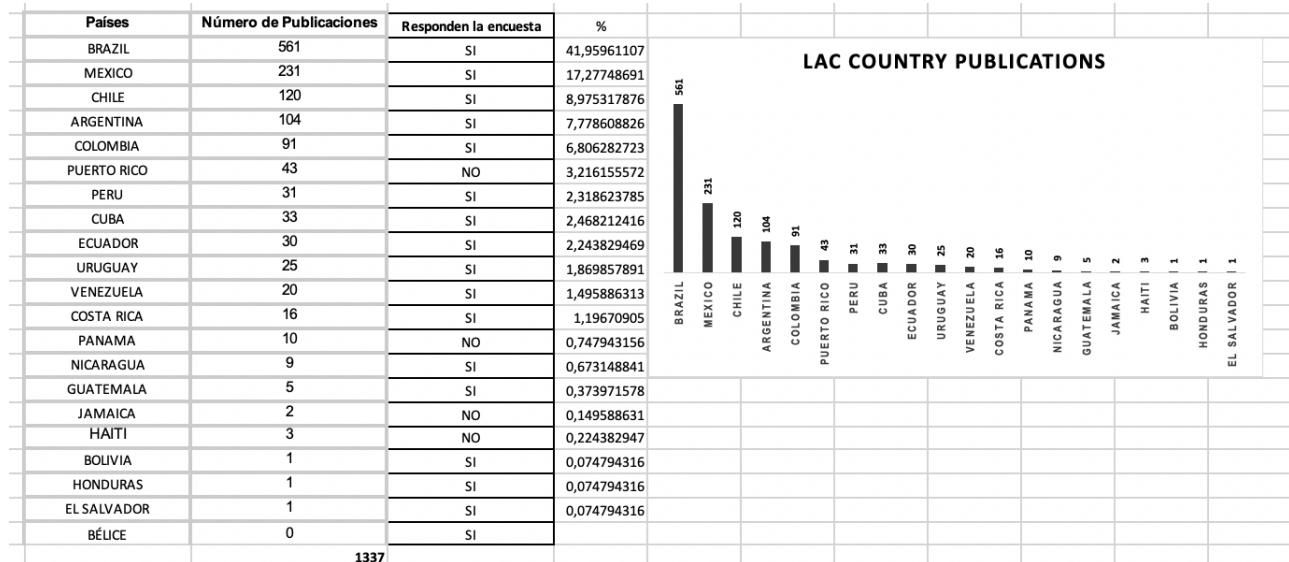
## PGX WORLDWIDE PUBLICATIONS (1959-2022)



### PGX-RELATED CLINICAL TRIALS WORLDWIDE (1996-2022)

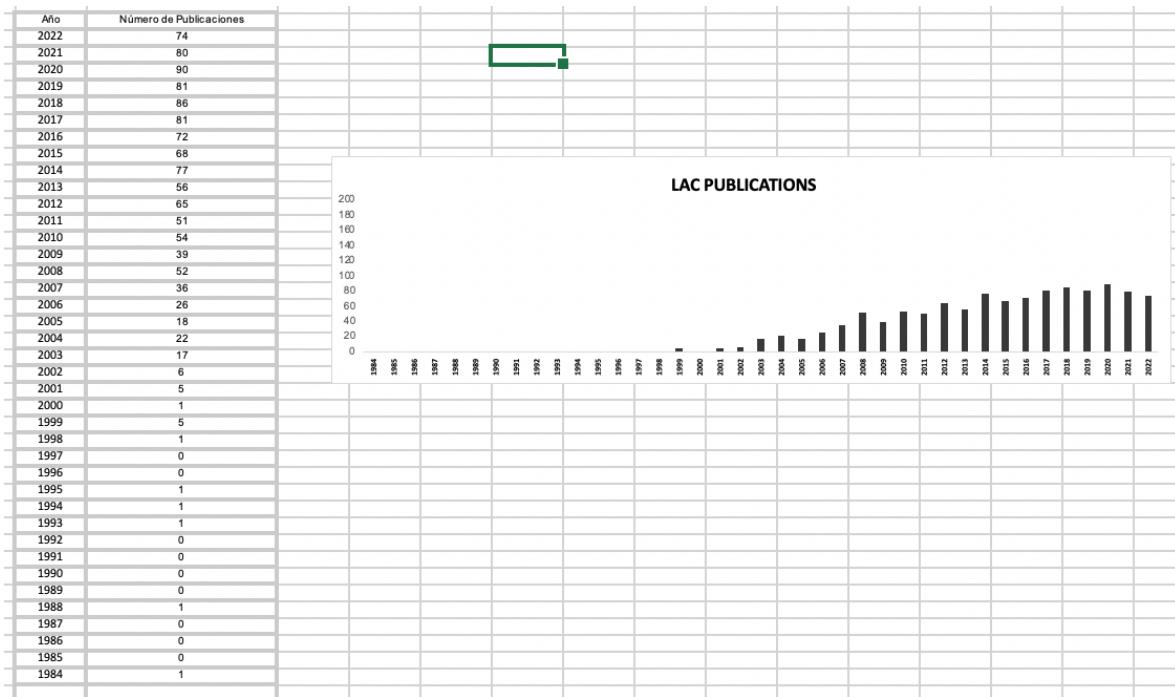


### PGX LAC PUBLICATIONS BY COUNTRY

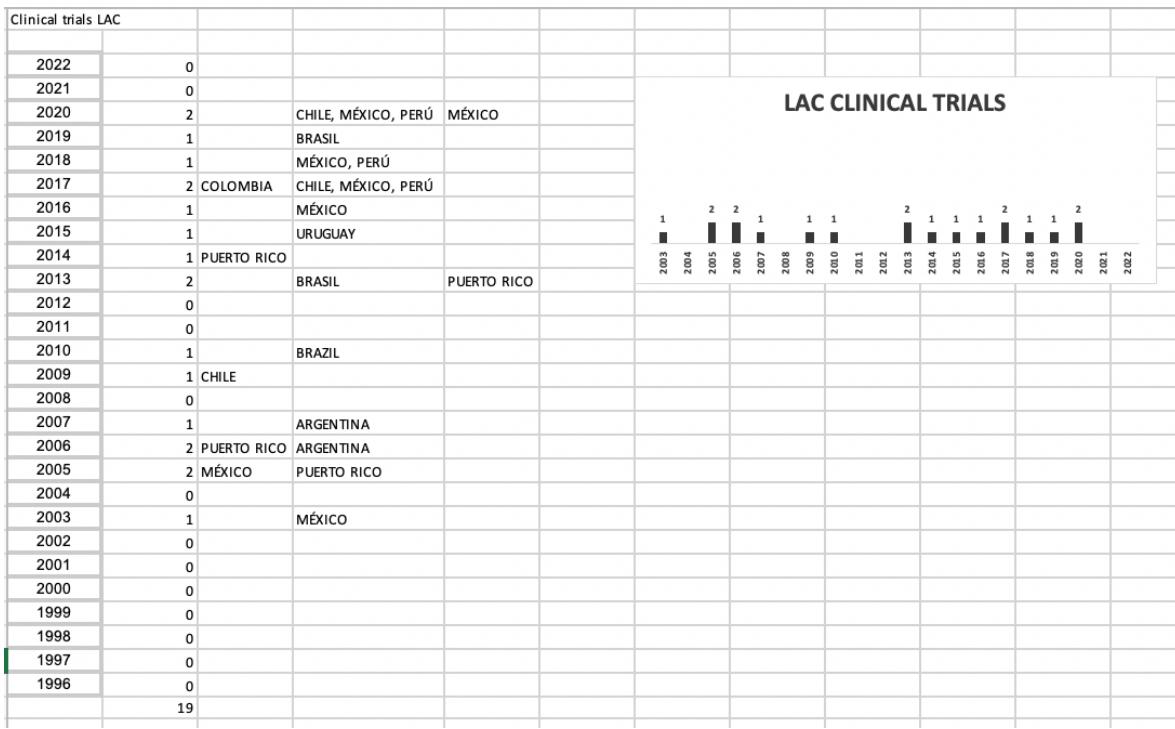


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## PGX LAC PUBLICATIONS BY YEAR (1984-2022)



## LAC CLINICAL TRIALS (2003-2022)



**LAC PGx Courses: Links:**

1. <https://www.fq.edu.uy/?q=es/node/1269>
2. [https://www.favaloro.edu.ar/informacion/bioFARG\\_curso-de-farmacogenomica/](https://www.favaloro.edu.ar/informacion/bioFARG_curso-de-farmacogenomica/)
3. <https://www.fcq.unc.edu.ar/node/128>
4. <https://www.infobioquimica.com/new/2020/08/12/entrevista-con-el-dr-german-perez-argentina-curso-virtual-de-farmacogenomica-en-oncologia/>
5. [https://www.portaleducacao.com.br/curso-online-farmacia-farmacogenetica/p?utm\\_term=&utm\\_campaign=2022\\_abr\\_mai\\_conv\\_purch\\_vds\\_portal-educacao\\_play-estudante-ongoing&utm\\_source=adwords&utm\\_medium=ppc&hsa\\_acc=2284317825&hsa\\_cam=17076386131&hsa\\_grp=&hsa\\_ad=&hsa\\_src=x&hsa\\_tgt=&hsa\\_kw=&hsa\\_mt=&hsa\\_net=adwords&hsa\\_ver=3&gclid=CjwKCAjwiOCgBhAgEiwAjv5whNfjrf-qXQghcc1TrIJ-Np3mJVFMiumgp8gO4YiHOAABSGQfVgnhoC53MQAvD\\_BwE](https://www.portaleducacao.com.br/curso-online-farmacia-farmacogenetica/p?utm_term=&utm_campaign=2022_abr_mai_conv_purch_vds_portal-educacao_play-estudante-ongoing&utm_source=adwords&utm_medium=ppc&hsa_acc=2284317825&hsa_cam=17076386131&hsa_grp=&hsa_ad=&hsa_src=x&hsa_tgt=&hsa_kw=&hsa_mt=&hsa_net=adwords&hsa_ver=3&gclid=CjwKCAjwiOCgBhAgEiwAjv5whNfjrf-qXQghcc1TrIJ-Np3mJVFMiumgp8gO4YiHOAABSGQfVgnhoC53MQAvD_BwE)
6. <https://www.galileo.edu/fabiq/carrera/maestria-biologia-molecular/pensum/>
7. <https://cursalud.cl/producto/curso-de-farmacogenetica-y-farmacogenomica-e-learning/>
8. <https://www.uv.mx/mlcat/files/2019/06/Farmacogenomica.pdf>
9. [https://www.inmegen.gob.mx/media/filer\\_public/d6/82/d68282c4-28f7-4fe1-aa70-e38e5c45077d/33\\_edc\\_farma\\_facebook.jpg](https://www.inmegen.gob.mx/media/filer_public/d6/82/d68282c4-28f7-4fe1-aa70-e38e5c45077d/33_edc_farma_facebook.jpg)

## STATISTICS

	Average (2014)	Standard deviation + (2014)	Average (2022)	Standard deviation + (2022)	p-value *
Reluctance of clinicians to use pharmacogenetic markers	20	6.748466258	1.35528221	106	5.575471698 <b>0.0042</b>
Lack of clear information about genetic variants that will have functional relevance in pharmacotherapy	20	7.141104294	1.116564417	106	7.056603774 <b>0.8173</b>
Absence of institutions or regulatory norms that facilitate the use of pharmacogenetic/pharmacogenomic tests	20	8.45398773	1.18404908	106	8.849056604 <b>0.2240</b>
Insufficient characterization of pharmacogenetic variability in Latin American populations	20	8.141104294	1.153374233	106	8.075471698 <b>0.8397</b>
Insufficient use of electronic records information on patient	20	7.797546012	1.030674847	106	7.311320755 <b>0.1497</b>
Healthcare systems do not promote pharmacogenomics use	20	7.748466258	1.190797546	106	8.858490566 <b>0.0257</b>
Insufficient concern about pharmacogenomics among clinicians	20	8.465632515	0.932515337	106	2.403052965 <b>0.0003</b>
Need for clear guidelines, processes and protocols for the clinical application of pharmacogenetics/pharmacogenomics in IAC	20	8.748466258	0.914110429	106	9.056603774 <b>0.2508</b>
Need for demonstration of clinical validity and utility of pharmacogenetic/pharmacogenomic tests	20	6.889570552	1.122699387	106	8.556603774 <b>&lt;0.0001</b>
Need for implementation of gene/drug trials	20	7.423312883	0.993865031	106	8.745283019 <b>&lt;0.0001</b>
Concerns about test costs	20	7.484662577	1.104294479	106	8.481132075 <b>0.0021</b>
Lack of cost-effectiveness pharmacogenomics studies in the region	20	**	**	106	8.96264151 <b>1.5487233</b>
Fragmentation of healthcare systems	20	8.325153374	1.073619632	106	8.103773585 <b>0.5010</b>
Ethical, legal and social implications for the implementation of pharmacogenomics	20	6.049079755	1.214723926	106	7.58490566 <b>0.0001</b>
N (year 2014) = 20				N (year 2022) = 106	

\* Two-sample student test with unequal variances

\* Empty data: Not requested in 2014

### Reluctance of clinicians to use pharmacogenetic markers

```
-- Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-- 
--          Obs     Mean   Std. err.   Std. dev. [95% conf. interval]
-- 
--        x    20  6,04908  ,2716205  1,214724  5,480571  6,617588
--        y   106  7,584906  ,2419849  2,491387  7,105094  8,064717
-- 
-- Combined   126  7,341124  ,2137286  2,399097  6,918128  7,764119
-- 
-- diff      -1,535826  ,3637779                 -2,264891  -,806761
-- 
-- diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                                t =  -4,2219
-- H0: diff = 0                               Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom =  54,8741
-- 
-- Ha: diff < 0           Ha: diff != 0           Ha: diff > 0
-- Pr(T < t) = 0,0000      Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,0001      Pr(T > t) = 1,0000
-- 
-- . ttesti 20 6.748466258 1.355828221 106 5.575471698 2.522085732, une
```

Lack of clear information about genetic variants that will have functional relevance in pharmacotherapy

```
-- Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-- 
--          Obs     Mean   Std. err.   Std. dev. [95% conf. interval]
-- 
--        x    20  6,748466  ,3031724  1,355828  6,113919  7,383013
--        y   106  5,575472  ,2449666  2,522086  5,089748  6,061195
-- 
-- Combined   126  5,761661  ,2146941  2,409936  5,336755  6,186568
-- 
-- diff      1,172995  ,3897719                 ,3893859  1,956603
-- 
-- diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                                t =  3,0094
-- H0: diff = 0                               Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom =  48,1913
-- 
-- Ha: diff < 0           Ha: diff != 0           Ha: diff > 0
-- Pr(T < t) = 0,9979      Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,0042      Pr(T > t) = 0,0021
-- 
-- . ttesti 20 7.141104294 1.116564417106 106 7.056603774 2.731928287, une
```

Absence of institutions or regulatory norms that facilitate the use of pharmacogenetic/pharmacogenomic tests

```
-- Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-- 
--          Obs     Mean   Std. err.   Std. dev. [95% conf. interval]
-- 
--        x    20  7,141104  ,2496714  1,116564  6,618536  7,663673
--        y   106  7,056604  ,2653483  2,731928  6,530467  7,58274
-- 
-- Combined   126  7,070017  ,226424  2,541603  6,621895  7,518138
-- 
-- diff      ,0845005  ,3643426                 -,6421576  ,8111586
-- 
-- diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                                t =  0,2319
-- H0: diff = 0                               Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom =  70,0017
-- 
-- Ha: diff < 0           Ha: diff != 0           Ha: diff > 0
-- Pr(T < t) = 0,5914      Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,8173      Pr(T > t) = 0,4086
-- 
-- . ttesti 20 8.45398773 1.18404908 106 8.849056604 1.845418795, une
```

## Insufficient characterization of pharmacogenetic variability in Latin American populations

```
- Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-- Obs      Mean   Std. err.   Std. dev. [95% conf. interval]
-- x        20     8,453988 ,2647614  1,184049  7,899836  9,00814
-- y       106     8,849057 ,1792429  1,845419  8,493651  9,204462
-- Combined 126     8,786347 ,1567221  1,759201  8,476175  9,09652
-- diff      -,.3950689 ,319729          -1,04182 ,2516824
-- diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                                t = -1,2356
-- H0: diff = 0                                         Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom = 38,9279
-- Ha: diff < 0                                     Ha: diff != 0           Ha: diff > 0
-- Pr(T < t) = 0,1120          Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,2240          Pr(T > t) = 0,8880
-- . ttesti 20 8.141104294 1.153374233 106 8.075471698 1.993790901, une
```

## Insufficient use of electronic records information on patient

```
- Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-- Obs      Mean   Std. err.   Std. dev. [95% conf. interval]
-- x        20     8,141104 ,2579023  1,153374  7,601309  8,6809
-- y       106     8,075472 ,1936541  1,993791  7,691491  8,459452
-- Combined 126     8,08589 ,1676625  1,882007  7,754065  8,417715
-- diff      ,0656326 ,3225144          -,5843784 ,7156436
-- diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                                t = 0,2035
-- H0: diff = 0                                         Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom = 43,9378
-- Ha: diff < 0                                     Ha: diff != 0           Ha: diff > 0
-- Pr(T < t) = 0,5802          Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,8397          Pr(T > t) = 0,4198
-- . ttesti 20 7.797546012 1.030674847 106 7.311320755 2.485628052, une
```

## Healthcare systems do not promote pharmacogenomics use

```
- Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-- Obs      Mean   Std. err.   Std. dev. [95% conf. interval]
-- x        20     7,797546 ,2304659  1,030675  7,315175  8,279917
-- y       106     7,311321 ,2414255  2,485628  6,832619  7,790023
-- Combined 126     7,388499 ,2066955  2,320151  6,979423  7,797575
-- diff      ,4862253 ,3337676          -,1796876 1,152138
-- diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                                t = 1,4568
-- H0: diff = 0                                         Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom = 68,6262
-- Ha: diff < 0                                     Ha: diff != 0           Ha: diff > 0
-- Pr(T < t) = 0,9251          Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,1497          Pr(T > t) = 0,0749
-- . ttesti 20 7.748466258 1.90797546 106 8.858490566 2.063001416, une
```

## Insufficient concern about pharmacogenomics among clinicians

```
Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-----
```

	Obs	Mean	Std. err.	Std. dev.	[95% conf. interval]
x	20	7,748466	,4266363	1,907975	6,855506 8,641426
y	106	8,858491	,2003764	2,063001	8,461181 9,2558
Combined	126	8,682296	,1846104	2,072247	8,316929 9,047663
diff		-1,110024	,4713483		-2,075445 -1,1446036

```
diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                                t = -2,3550
H0: diff = 0                                              Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom = 28,0597

Ha: diff < 0                                              Ha: diff != 0                               Ha: diff > 0
Pr(T < t) = 0,0129                                         Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,0257                         Pr(T > t) = 0,9871

. ttesti 20 8.496932515 0.932515337 106 7.301886792 2.403052865, une
```

Need for clear guidelines, processes and protocols for the clinical application of pharmacogenetics/pharmacogenomics in LAC

```
Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-----
```

	Obs	Mean	Std. err.	Std. dev.	[95% conf. interval]
x	20	8,496933	,2085168	,9325153	8,060502 8,933363
y	106	7,301887	,2334051	2,403053	6,839088 7,764686
Combined	126	7,491577	,2026633	2,27489	7,090481 7,892672
diff		1,195046	,3129811		,5715696 1,818522

```
diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                                t = 3,8183
H0: diff = 0                                              Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom = 75,1052

Ha: diff < 0                                              Ha: diff != 0                               Ha: diff > 0
Pr(T < t) = 0,9999                                         Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,0003                         Pr(T > t) = 0,0001

. ttesti 20 8.748466258 0.914110429 106 9.056603774 1.73934957, une
```

Need for demonstration of clinical validity and utility of pharmacogenetic/pharmacogenomic tests

```
Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-----
```

	Obs	Mean	Std. err.	Std. dev.	[95% conf. interval]
x	20	8,748466	,2044013	,9141104	8,320649 9,176283
y	106	9,056604	,1689406	1,73935	8,721626 9,391582
Combined	126	9,007693	,1458711	1,637399	8,718996 9,29639
diff		-,3081375	,2651807		-,840866 ,2245909

```
diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                                t = -1,1620
H0: diff = 0                                              Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom = 49,6341

Ha: diff < 0                                              Ha: diff != 0                               Ha: diff > 0
Pr(T < t) = 0,1254                                         Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,2508                         Pr(T > t) = 0,8746

. ttesti 20 6.889570552 1.122699387 106 8.556603774 1.867415778, une
```

## Need for implementation of gene/drug trials

```

- Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-
-          Obs      Mean   Std. err.   Std. dev. [95% conf. interval]
-
-          x       20    6,889571 ,2510432  1,122699  6,364131  7,41501
-          y      106    8,556604 ,1813795  1,867416  8,196962  8,916246
-
- Combined    126    8,291995 ,166546   1,869474  7,96238   8,621611
-
- diff        -1,667033 ,3097115           -2,29208  -1,041986
-
- diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                         t = -5,3825
- H0: diff = 0                                     Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom = 41,9455
-
- Ha: diff < 0                                     Ha: diff != 0                           Ha: diff > 0
- Pr(T < t) = 0,0000     Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,0000     Pr(T > t) = 1,0000
-
- . ttesti 20 7.423312883 0.993865031 106 8.745283019 1.621647139, une
-
```

## Concerns about test costs

```

- Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-
-          Obs      Mean   Std. err.   Std. dev. [95% conf. interval]
-
-          x       20    7,423313 ,222235  ,993865  6,95817  7,888456
-          y      106    8,745283 ,1575083  1,621647  8,432973  9,057593
-
- Combined    126    8,535446 ,1434926  1,6107   8,251457  8,819436
-
- diff        -1,32197 ,2723917           -1,872072  -,771868
-
- diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                         t = -4,8532
- H0: diff = 0                                     Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom = 41,01
-
- Ha: diff < 0                                     Ha: diff != 0                           Ha: diff > 0
- Pr(T < t) = 0,0000     Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,0000     Pr(T > t) = 1,0000
-
- . ttesti 20 7.484662577 1.104294479 106 8.481132075 1.837343486, une
-
```

## Fragmentation of healthcare systems

```

- Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-
-          Obs      Mean   Std. err.   Std. dev. [95% conf. interval]
-
-          x       20    7,484663 ,2469278  1,104294  6,967837  8,001488
-          y      106    8,481132 ,1784586  1,837343  8,127282  8,834982
-
- Combined    126    8,322962 ,1582321  1,776151  8,009801  8,636123
-
- diff        -,9964695 ,304665           -1,611326  -,3816133
-
- diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                         t = -3,2707
- H0: diff = 0                                     Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom = 41,9602
-
- Ha: diff < 0                                     Ha: diff != 0                           Ha: diff > 0
- Pr(T < t) = 0,0011     Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,0021     Pr(T > t) = 0,9989
-
- . ttesti 20 8.325153374 1.073619632 106 8.103773585 2.284228515, une
-
```

## Ethical, legal and social implications for the implementation of pharmacogenomics

```

-- Two-sample t test with unequal variances
-- 
--          Obs     Mean   Std. err.   Std. dev. [95% conf. interval]
-- 
--        x    20  8,325153 ,2400686  1,07362  7,822684  8,827623
--        y   106  8,103774 ,2218639  2,284229  7,663858  8,543689
-- 
-- Combined  126  8,138913 ,1903353  2,136509  7,762216  8,51561
-- 
-- diff      ,2213798 ,3268892           -,4330327 ,8757923
-- 
-- diff = mean(x) - mean(y)                      t =  0,6772
-- H0: diff = 0          Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom =  57,699
-- 
-- Ha: diff < 0          Ha: diff != 0          Ha: diff > 0
-- Pr(T < t) = 0,7495    Pr(|T| > |t|) = 0,5010    Pr(T > t) = 0,2505
-- 
-- . ttesti 20 6.049079755 1.214723926 106 7.58490566 2.49138678, une

```